Web Dev Code Tricks You Should Know



Smooth scrolling

You can use the CSS scroll-behavior property to create a smooth scrolling effect when a user clicks on a link that points to an anchor on the same page.

```
CSS
```

```
html {
   scroll-behavior: smooth;
}
```

Contenteditable attribute

This attribute allows you to make an element editable by the user, like a text input. You can use this to create rich-text editors or other interactive elements.

HTMI

```
<div contenteditable="true">
  This text can be edited by the user.
</div>
```

CSS calc Function

It is a CSS function that allows you to perform simple arithmetic calculations within CSS. It can be used with different units and can simplify the process of responsive design.

CSS

```
/* Subtract 20 pixels from 100% viewport height */
height: calc(100vh - 20px);
/* Add 10 pixels to 2 ems */
padding: calc(2em + 10px);
```

Prevent User from Pasting

This code snippet will prevent the user from pasting text into an input field. It can be useful for inputs that require specific formatting or don't allow user-generated content.

```
JS
```

```
input.addEventListener('paste', (e) ⇒ {
    e.preventDefault();
});
```

Scroll-snap

This CSS property allows you to create scroll snap points that snap the viewport to specific positions when scrolling, making it easier to navigate long pages or galleries.

CSS

```
.gallery {
   scroll-snap-type: x mandatory;
}
.item {
   scroll-snap-align: center;
}
```

Placeholder color

You can use the ::placeholder pseudoelement to style the placeholder text in an input field, allowing you to customize the look and feel of your forms.

CSS

```
input::placeholder {
  color: #95BFE9;
}
```

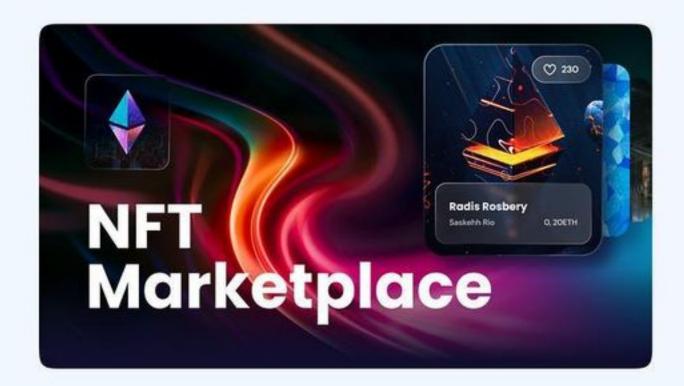


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