Determine the layout initialization process

Determine how layout is compiled.

View\Layout::build = View\Layout\Builder::build - once

- 1. loadLayoutUpdates reads layout xml files and DB updates by current handles, result in updates array
 - event layout load before
- 2. generateLayoutXml joins _updates into XML string, loads XML object, initiailzes elements = []
 - layout.generateXml
 - o no events
- 3. generateLayoutBlocks layout.generateElements
 - event layout generate blocks before
 - readerPool->interpret every reader checks for matching xml node name (attribute, body, head etc.), prepares page structure
 - o generatorPool->process
 - add top-level element as outputElement. default "root"
 - event layout generate blocks after

```
builder.generateLayoutBlocks -> layout.generateElements
readerPool.*interpret* -- schedules
 nodeReaders[type].interpret each element -- Layout\ReaderInterface
 - html, move
 - body - own readerPool.interpret, but without 'body' reader
  head - css,script,link,remove,meta,title,attribute
  - 'container', 'referenceContainer' --> Layout\Reader\Container
  - 'block', 'referenceBlock' --> Layout\Reader\Block
  - uiComponent
 View\Layout\ReaderInterface::interpret -- html, body, head, ui component, reader
pool, container, move, block
View\Layout\GeneratorPool.process -- generates blocks
 buildStructure
 generator[].*process*
 - head, body
  - block - creates blocks, sets layout, event `core layout block create after`,
block 'actions'
  - container - sets tag, id, class, label, display
  - uiComponent - creates wrapper element, prepareComponent recursively etc.
get0utput
renderElement(root)
  - renderNonCachedElement(root) -- hardcoded switch
    - is uiComponent -> toHtml
    - is block -> toHtml
    - is container -> renderElement(child[])
  - event `core layout render element`
```

How would you debug your layout.xml files and verify that the right layout instructions are used?

When XML object is created from string XML updates, this is a good place to examine resuls. View\Layout\Builder.generateLayoutXml or View\Layout.generateXml is a good place to dump structure.

Determine how HTML output is rendered.

First external code calls layout.addOutputElement(name) to register top level elements for output generation. When layout.getOutput is called, it renders each outputElement.

- View\Layout::getOutput
- for every registered _output element
- View\Layout::renderElement

When layout is build initially, it finds top level container and registers it as addOutputElement - default "root".

How does Magento flush output, and what mechanisms exist to access and customize output?

Render response:

- action controller returns ResponseInterface object, e.g. View\Response\Page
- front controller returns this response
- App\Http.launch application renders result, calling response.renderResult
- controller response renders contents and assigns to response.body
- App\Http event controller_front_send_response_before allows to modify response before returning
- App\Bootstrap object gets response object from App\Http
- response.sendResponse Zend implementation send headers, send content

Customize:

- 1. modify any response in event controller front send response before
- 2. View\Element\AbstractBlock::toHtml event view_block_abstract_to_html_after

Determine module layout XML schema.

Module layouts:

- module/view/base/layout/
- module/view/frontend/layout/
- module/view/adminhtml/layout/

layout_generic.xsd

Generic layout - useful for returning Ajax response. Doesn't have body, head, css etc., only pure structure:

```
<layout xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"</pre>
xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="urn:magento:framework:View/Layout/etc/layout_generic.xsd">
 <container
   name="" as="" after="" before="" label=""
    output=""
   htmlTag="" htmlClass="" htmlId=""
 <referenceContainer
   name="" label=""
   htmlTag="" htmlClass="" htmlId=""
   display="true/false"
   remove="true/false"
  />
 <blook
   class="" name="" as="" template="" before="" after="" group=""
   acl="" aclResource="" ifconfig=""
   output="" cacheable="bool" ttl="int"
  />
 <referenceBlock name="" template="" display="" remove="" />
 <update handle="name" />
 <move element="" destination="" as="" after="" before="" />
   component="" name="" as="" before="" after="" group=""
   aclResource="" ifconfig=""
   output="" cacheable="" ttl=""
 />
</config>
```

page_configuration.xsd

Same as layout plus:

- top level layout selection
- structure is wrapped in body node
- additional nodes html attribute, head title, attribute and scripts

```
<page</pre>
 layout="1column"
 label=""
 design abstraction="custom / page layout"
 xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
xsi:noNamespaceSchemaLocation="urn:magento:framework:View/Layout/etc/page configuration.xsd"
 <html>
   <attribute name="" value="" />
  </html>
  <head>
   <title>Title</title>
   <css src defer ie condition charset hreflang media rel rev sizes target type src type />
   <link src defer ie condition charset hreflang media rel rev sizes target type src type</pre>
/>
   <meta content charset http-equiv name scheme />
   <script src defer ie_condition async charset type src_type />
   <remove src=""/>
   <attribute name="" value="" />
 </head>
 <update handle=""/>
   <attribute name="" value="" />
   <!-- container/block structure same as in generic layout -->
 </body>
</page>
```

layouts.xml - declare available page layouts

- <module_dir>/view//layouts.xml
- <theme_dir>/_/layouts.xml
- base:
 - o empty
- frontend:
 - o 1column extends empty
 - o 2columns-left extends 1column
 - o 2columns-right same as 2columns-left
 - o 3columns same as 2columns-left
- adminhtml:
 - admin-empty
 - o admin-1column
 - o admin-2columns-left

page_layout.xsd

Only containers

layout result.renderResult:

- layout.getOutput
- layout.build
- View\Layout\Builder.build:
 - loadLayoutUpdates
 - generateLayoutXml
 - o generateLayoutBlocks
- · create result page adds default handles
- page builder.build
- all normal layout XML is collected and is about to create blocks
- custom step before generating layout blocks

page result.renderResult:

• View\Result\PageFactory.create

- View\Result\Page::addDefaultHandle default , \$fullActionName
- View\Page\Config.publicBuild = build
- View\Page\Builder.build extends View\Layout\Builder, custom readPageLayout on step generateLayoutBlocks
 - (inherit) loadLayoutUpdates
 - o (inherit) generateLayoutXml
 - o generateLayoutBlocks additionally readPageLayout
 - right before creating actual blocks, reads and merges page layout xml files
 - new instance of View\Model\Layout\Merge::load handles = '1column' uses subDir 'page_layout'
 - interprets found page nodes schedules blocks. page layout instructions (root page template) are interpreted before others
 - original generateLayoutBlocks *interprets*, then runs *generators*
- check View\Page\Config.pageLayout, e.g. "1column"
- adds default body classes \$fullActionName , page-layout-\$layout
- renders block 'head.additional', 'require.js'
- assigns vars 'requireJs', 'headContent', 'headAdditional', 'htmlAttributes', 'headAttributes', 'bodyAttributes', 'loaderIcon'
- layout.getOutput already built
- renderPage
 - o result.template defined via app/etc/di.xml
 - o include Magento_Theme::root.phtml

In your custom controller don't forget to add entity-specific IDs:

\$page->addPageLayoutHandles(['id' => \$category->getId()]);

- adds handle | \$fullActionName_\$param_\$value | like | catalog_category_view_id_17
- informs full page cache of entity specific page
 \Magento\Framework\View\EntitySpecificHandlesList::addHandle
 - \Magento\PageCache\Model\Layout\MergePlugin::beforeValidateUpdate entity-specific layout handles must not contain TTL
 - e.g. catalog_category_view_id_15.xml: ... will throw error
 - \Magento\PageCache\Observer\ProcessLayoutRenderElement::_wrapEsi exclude entityspecific handles from ESI URL

- loadLayoutUpdates
- generateLayoutXml
- · generateLayoutBlocks

View\Page\Builder.build

- extend generateLayoutBlocks
- readPageLayout

File Collector

- View\File\CollectorInterface
- View\File\Collector\Decorator\ModuleDependency Decorator that sorts view files according to dependencies between modules they belong to
- View\File\Collector\Decorator\ModuleOutput Decorator that filters out view files that belong to modules, output of which is prohibited
- View\File\Collector\Base Source of base files introduced by modules

Collector\Base - Source of base files introduced by modules

view/base/, view/{\$area}/

Collector\Override\Base - Source of view files that explicitly override base files introduced by modules

• theme/{\$namespace}_{\$module}/

Collector\Theme - Source of view files introduced by a theme

• theme/

Collector\Override\ThemeModular - Source of view files that explicitly override modular files of ancestor themes

• theme/{\$namespace}_{\$module}/{\$themeVendor}/{\$themeName}/

Collector\Library - Source of base layout files introduced by modules

- lib_web/
- each inherited theme[]: theme/web/

How do you add new elements to the pages introduced by a given module?

```
<block class="module\block\class" template="new module template" ... />
```

Demonstrate the ability to use layout fallback for customizations and debugging.

- View\Element\Template::getTemplateFile
- View\Element\Template\File\Resolver::getTemplateFileName(template, [module, area]) just caches in memory
- View\FileSystem::getTemplateFileName detects module by Module_Name::template.phtml, adds default params

- View\Asset\Repository::updateDesignParams adds default missing params [object themeModel, locale]
- View\Design\FileResolution\Fallback\TemplateFile.getFile(area,) minify html
- View\Design\FileResolution\Fallback\File.getFile calls resolver type='file'
- View\Design\FileResolution\Fallback\Resolver\Simple.resolve
- View\Design\Fallback\RulePool.getRule by type: file, locale file, template file

File fallback rule:

- when missing 'module name':
 - <theme dir>
- when set 'module_name':
 - <theme dir>/<module name>/templates
 - <module dir>/view//templates
 - <module_dir>/view/base/templates
- View\Design\FileResolution\Fallback\Resolver\Simple::resolveFile(fileRule)
- · search file in each directory

How do you identify which exact layout.xml file is processed in a given scope?

How does Magento treat layout XML files with the same names in different modules?

They are merged in module sequence order. Additionally, modules marked as "disable module output" are skipped (though deprecated).

View\File\Collector\Decorator\ModuleDependency - Decorator that sorts view files according to dependencies between modules they belong to

View\File\Collector\Decorator\ModuleOutput - Decorator that filters out view files that belong to modules, output of which is prohibited

View\File\Collector\Base - Source of base files introduced by modules

Identify the differences between admin and frontend scopes.

- customized layout builder and page builders automatically init messages block
- custom parent \Magento\Backend\Block\AbstractBlock
 - o auto inject AuthorizationInterface
- custom parent \Magento\Backend\Block\Template:
 - available some properties authorization, mathRandom, backendSession, formKey, class nameBuilder
 - event adminhtml_block_html_before fired only when non-cached render. To compare, event view_block_abstract_to_html_after fires even when block loaded from cache
- customized "block" layout reader (runs interpret) reads "acl" block attribute

- customzied "block" layout generator default block "class=Magento\Backend\Block\Template"
- controller result object with additional methods:
 - setActiveMenu
 - addBreadcrumb
 - o addContent(block) moves to 'content'
 - addLeft(block)
 - ∘ addJs
 - o moveBlockToContainer

What differences exist for layout initialization for the admin scope?

Custom layout and page builders - automatically initializes message block from message manager: \Magento\Backend\Model\View\Page\Builder:

- afterGenerateBlock called in the end of generateLayoutBlocks, the end of generation layout ->initMessages()
- getBlock('messages') or create new one
- addMessages from Message\ManagerInterface
- addStorageType('default')