

# Collections

QUIZ

# QUESTION 1

In The following code:

```
ArrayList al=new ArrayList();
```

Which of the following statements are true.

A Generates compiletime error in 1.5 java version

B Warns a type unsafe.

C It does not generate any warning or error in 1.4 version

D all the above

## Question 2

In the code:

```
ArrayList<int> al=new ArrayList<int>();  
    al.add(12);  
    System.out.println(12);
```

- a) prints 12
- b) compile time error
- c) when <int> is removed compiles fine
- d) b and c are right

# Question 3

```
ArrayList al=new ArrayList();
```

```
    al.add(12);
```

```
    al.add(4.5);
```

```
    al.add("hello");
```

```
String o1=al.get(3); //line1
```

```
System.out.println(o1); //line2
```

- A Complains that dissimilar elements cannot be added
- B Compilation error in line1
- C Prints hello in line2
- D Gives IndexOutOfBoundsException

# Question 4

```
ArrayList al=new ArrayList();
```

```
    al.add(12);
```

```
    al.add(4.5);
```

```
    al.add("hello");
```

```
Object o1=al.get(3); //line1
```

```
System.out.println(o1); //line2
```

- A Complains that dissimilar elements cannot be added
- B Compilation error in line1
- C Prints hello in line2
- D Gives IndexOutOfBoundsException

# Question 5

```
ArrayList<Number> al=new
```

```
    ArrayList<Number>();
```

```
        al.add(12);
```

```
        al.add(4.5);
```

```
        al.add("hello");
```

what is the effect of the above code.

# Question 6

Which of the following interfaces stores elements in insertion order

A List

B Set

C Map

D SortedSet

# Question 7

Which of the following classes stores elements with an index.

A ArrayList

B LinkedList

C Vector

D All the above



# Question 8

Which of the following interfaces do not have a get method

- A Map
- B List
- C Set
- D Collection

## Question 9

```
List<Integer> l1=new ArrayList<Integer>();
```

```
l1.add(1); l1.add(2);l1.add(3);
```

```
l1.remove(1);
```

```
System.out.println(l1);
```

*//what is the output*

# Question 10

```
Set<Integer> l1=new HashSet<Integer>();
```

```
l1.add(1); l1.add(2);l1.add(3);
```

```
l1.remove(1);
```

```
System.out.println(l1);
```

//What is the output

# Question 10

```
Set<Integer> l1=new HashSet<Integer>();
```

```
l1.add(1); l1.add(2);l1.add(3);
```

```
l1.remove(1);
```

```
System.out.println(l1);
```

//What is the output

# Question 10

```
Set<Integer> l1=new HashSet<Integer>();
```

```
l1.add(1); l1.add(2);l1.add(3);
```

```
l1.remove(1);
```

```
System.out.println(l1);
```

//What is the output

# Question 11

```
Set<Integer> l1=new HashSet<Integer>();
```

```
l1.add(1); l1.add(2);l1.add(3);
```

```
l1.remove(5);
```

```
System.out.println(l1);
```

//What is the output

# Question 11

```
Set<Integer> l1=new HashSet<Integer>();
```

```
l1.add(1); l1.add(2);l1.add(3);
```

```
l1.remove(5);
```

```
System.out.println(l1);
```

//What is the output

# Question 11

```
Set<Integer> l1=new HashSet<Integer>();
```

```
l1.add(1); l1.add(2);l1.add(3);
```

```
l1.remove(5);
```

```
System.out.println(l1);
```

//What is the output



# Question 12

```
List<Integer> l1=new ArrayList<Integer>();
```

```
l1.add(1); l1.add(2);l1.add(3);
```

```
l1.remove(3);
```

```
System.out.println(l1);
```

# Question 13

Which of the following statements generate compilation errors.

A `List<Number> al=new ArrayList<Integer>();`

B `List<Number> al=new ArrayList<Integer>();`

C `ArrayList<Number> a3=new ArrayList<Number>();`

D `ArrayList<Number> a4=new ArrayList<Integer>();`

E `ArrayList<? extends Number> a4=new  
ArrayList<Integer>();`

# Question 14

Which of the following are not valid?

1. **ArrayList<? extends Integer> a4=new ArrayList<Integer>();**  
a4.add(12);
- 2 **ArrayList<? super Integer> a4=new ArrayList<Integer>();**  
a4.add(12);
- 3 **ArrayList<Integer> a4=new ArrayList<Integer>();**  
a4.add(4);  
a4.add(5);  
**ArrayList<? extends Integer> a5=a4;**  
a5.add(56);  
a5.remove(1);

# Question 15

Comparator interface declares a method

- 
- A `compare(T o1,T o2)`
  - B `compare(T obj)`
  - C both
  - D none

# Question 16

Comparable interface declares a method

- 
- A compareTo(T o1,T o2)
  - B compareTo(T obj)
  - C both
  - D none

# Question 17

Which of the following implementation classes store key,value pairs.

- A ArrayList
- B Vector
- C Map
- D HashMap

# Question 18

Which of the following have synchronized methods.

1 HashSet

2 Vector

3 HashTable

A 1 & 2

B 1,2,3

C 2 & 3

D only 1

# Question 19

Which of the following statements regarding Hashtable are true?

- A accepts duplicate keys
- B accepts duplicate Values
- C accepts null keys
- D accepts null values.



## Question 20

What is the effect of the following code?

```
Hashtable<String,String> ht=new  
    Hashtable<String,String>();  
ht.put("abc",null);  
ht.put("abc","xyz");  
System.out.println(ht);
```

# Question 21

What is the output of the following code?

```
Hashtable<String,String> ht=new  
Hashtable<String,String>();
```

```
ht.put("abc","null");
```

```
ht.put("abc","xyz");
```

```
System.out.println(ht);
```

- A      abc null*
- B      abc xyz*
- C      exception*
- D      abc null*  
*abc xyz*

## Question 22

What is the effect of the code?

```
Hashtable<String,String> ht=new  
Hashtable<String,String>();  
ht.put(null,"abc");  
ht.put("abc","xyz");  
System.out.println(ht);
```

## Question 23

Which of the following ways cannot be used to print the elements of hashset.

A Single `System.out.println(hashsetobject);`

B `for(int i=0;i<hs.size();i++) { }`

C foreach loop

D using Iterator

## Question 24

```
HashMap<String,String> ht=new  
    HashMap<String,String>();
```

```
ht.put(null,"abc");
```

```
ht.put("abc","xyz");
```

```
System.out.println(ht);
```

- A      null abc*
- B      compilation error*
- C      exception*
- D      null abc  
         abc xyz*

## Question 25

Stack class extends from \_\_\_\_\_ class

A AbstractList

B Vector

C ArrayList

D LinkedList

# Question 26

```
12. TreeSet map = new TreeSet();  
13. map.add("one");  
14. map.add("two");  
15. map.add("three");  
16. map.add("four");  
17. map.add("one");  
18. Iterator it = map.iterator();  
19. while (it.hasNext() ) {  
20. System.out.print( it.next() + " " );  
21. }
```

what is the result?

- A. one two three four
- B. four three two one
- C. four one three two
- D. one two three four one
- E. one four three two one
- F. The print order is not guaranteed

## Question 27

Which collection class allows you to access its elements by associating a key with an element's

value, and provides synchronization?

- A. `java.util.SortedMap`
- B. `java.util.TreeMap`
- C. `java.util.TreeSet`
- D. `java.util.HashMap`
- E. `java.util.Hashtable`



## Question 28

Which of these is correct to sort an array of Strings (myNames[])

A Arrays.sort(myNames);

B Collections.sort(myNames);

C Both can be used

D A separate logic has to be written

## Question 29

Which of the following methods of Queue interface retrieves but does not remove the head element.

A peek() -- returns null when q is empty

B element() -- throws NoSuchElementException when Q is empty

C both

D none

## Question 30

Which method retrieves and removes the head of this queue, or null if this queue is empty.

A `remove()`

B `poll()`

C `offer()`

D `none`

# Question 31

When userdefined objects have to be stored in a TreeSet or a TreeMap which of the following interfaces have to be implemented.

- A Comparable
- B Comparator
- C Either A or B
- D Both A and B

# Question 32

When userdefined objects have to be stored in a TreeSet or a TreeMap what exception is thrown if Comparable or Comparator interfaces are not implemented