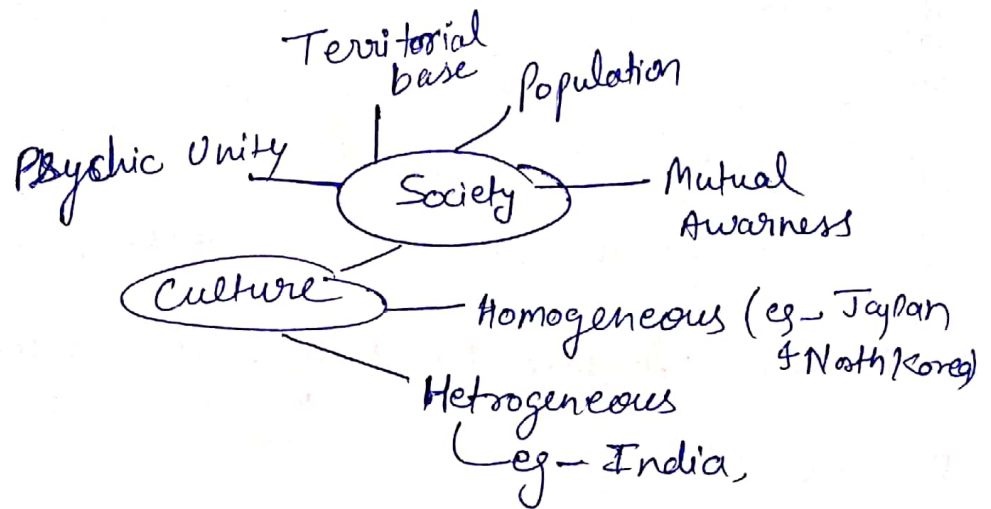
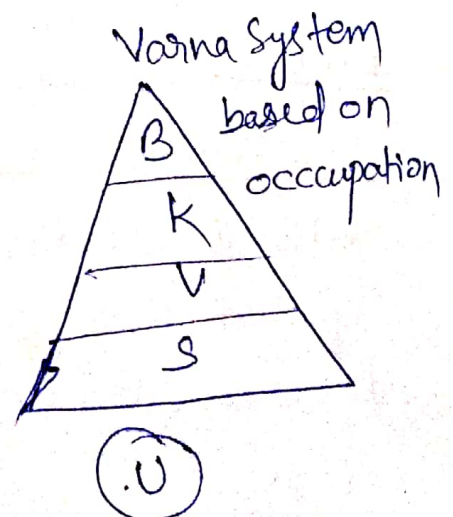


Social Issues by Raza HamidCLASS-1Topic - Salient Features of Indian SocietySalient features of Indian Society

1. Caste
2. family, kinship, Marriage
3. Patriarchy
4. Unity in diversity
5. Balance between Materialism and Spiritualism
6. Traditionalism with Modernity

Caste Characteristics

1. Segmental division of society
2. Hierarchy
3. Hereditary
4. Interactional restrictions
5. Purity and Pollution



(2)

Disfunctions of the Caste

1. Hinders social Programme
2. Stifles economic Progress
3. Leads to political disunity.
4. Creates Untouchability
5. Has given scope for conversion.

Factors affecting the changes in caste system

1. Sanskritization — by M.N. Srinivas
 2. Urbanization
 3. Modernization
 4. Westernization
 5. Democratic decentralization
- 15 Dalits are trying to assert their identities and have managed to capture power in lot of places.

IHDS

The Indian Human Development Survey conducted by National Council of Applied Economic Research (NCAER) reported that 30% of the rural household and 20% of urban household said that they practiced untouchability.

Purity & Pollution

→ Safai Karamchari Andolan

It's an organisation and a movement committed to the total eradication of all scavenging and rehabilitation of all scavengers for dignified occupation. A writ was filed by them in Supreme court saying that there are infringement of our fundamental right.

(Art - 14, 17, 21, 23) {

- Art - 14 - Equality
- Art 17 - Untouchability
- Art 21 — Right to Live
- Art 23 — Forced Labour

}

→ Supreme Court ordered all state to ban manual scavenging, railways to end the practice in time bound manner.

→ 10 Lakh compensation for each death since 1993,

→ Entering sewer lines without safety equipment should be declared a crime even in an emergency situation.

→ Rashtriya Garima Abhiyan (National Dignity Campaign)

→ Daliya Talao Andolan

In 2016 meeting of state seniors with NCSC
the data submitted by them had wild mismatch.

State	Drain Toilets	Manual scavengers
Tamilnadu	→ 15 LK	0
MP	→ 40 K	< 50
CG	→ 4 K	< 50

The Socio Economic Caste Census reported that there are more than 1 Lakh 80 thousand Households that makes a living out of manual scavenging.

Peop.le Union for Democratic Right (PUDR)
(Report)

1. Chronic Accidents - ↓
(Deaths of septic tank workers)

It reported that in the urban policy made for the city by the state, municipal bodies and private companies there is a complete absence of planning for maintenances of sewer, septic tanks and waste disposal system. 2. Health, safety and dignity of sanitization workers Reports.

Large no of toilets have been made which would required periodic emptying. This situation could expand the undignified network of manual scavenging and increase the vulnerability of sanitization workers.

Gaokor

Gond & Madiya are the tribe which are facing this concept.

NGO - SPARSH

According to National commission of women more than 20% of girls leave their schools when they start getting their periods. During menstrual cycle women are deemed unworthy to live with the rest of the society.

Hajiali

Exclusion of women from inner sanctum of Dargah not only violated their fundamental rights to religious freedom but also their rights to equality and non-discrimination.

Shani Shingnapur

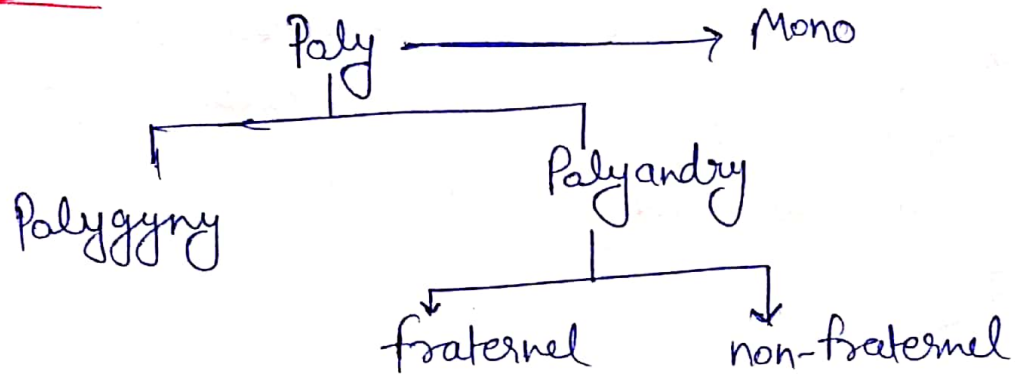
It is the duty of the state government to make sure that Maharashtra Hindu Places of worship (Entry Authorization) Act 1956 was properly enforced.

Sabrimala

Biological reasons should not be considered for the continuation of an age old tradition. This tradition significantly curtails women's right to worship. The social exclusion of women based on menstrual status is a form of untouchability which is prohibited by the constitution.

Demand for temple entry to all classes has long been a part of the larger struggle for social reforms in India. It started with Dalits and now it is for women.

Marriage



Hypergamy / Anulome $\begin{matrix} M \\ F \end{matrix}$

Hypogamy / Pratilome $\begin{matrix} F \\ M \end{matrix}$

Reasons for changes in Marriage system

Widow Remarriage Act - 1856

Special Marriage Act - 1954

Hindu Marriage Act - 1955

→ Increased level of awareness and education

→ Process of partner selection

Joint family

When two families having kinship relationship are living separately but function under common authority it is called as functional joint family.