select empno,ename, sa1J 'BELOW 1500' "SAL" from emp where sal < 1500; (OR)

117

B)select empno,ename,sal,job,

case

when sal = 1500 then 'ON TARGET'

when sal < 1500 then 'BELOW 1500'

when sal > 1500 then 'JUST SALARY'

else 'nothing'

end "REVISED SALARY"

from emp;

132) Write a query which return the day of the week for any date entered in format `DD-MM-YY'.

A) select to\_char(to datec& s','dd-mm-yyr),1day1) from dual ;

133) Write a query to calculate the length of service of any employee with the company, use DEFINE to avoid repetitive typing of functions.

1. DEFINE service = ((months\_between(sysdate,hiredate))/12)
2. Select empno,ename,&service from emp where ename = *'&.* name';

134) Give a string of format `NN/NN', verify that the first and last two characters are numbers and that the middle character is'/'. Print the expression 'YES' if valid, 'NO' if not valid. Use the following values to test your solution. `12/34',"01/1a', '99/98'.

A)

135) Emps hired on or before 15th of any month are paid on the last Friday of that month those hired after 15th are paid on the first Friday of the following month. Print a list of emps their hire date and the first pay date. Sort on hire date.

A) select ename,hiredate,next\_day(last\_day(hiredate),PRIDAY1)-7 from emp where to\_char(hiredate,TDD') <=15

union

select ename,hiredate,nextday(last\_day(hiredate),'FRIDAY) from emp where to\_char(hiredate,'DD') > 15;

136) Count the no. of characters with out considering spaces for each name. A) select length(replace(ename,",null)) from emp;

137) Find out the emps who are getting decimal value in their Sal without using like operator.

A) select \* from emp where instr(sal,'.',1,1) > 0;