Statistical Inference Course Project

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Part 2: Basic Inferential Data Analysis Instructions

Now in the second portion of the project, we're going to analyze the ToothGrowth data in the R datasets package. 1. Load the ToothGrowth data and perform some basic exploratory data analysis

```
library(datasets)
data(ToothGrowth)
library(ggplot2)
str(ToothGrowth)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 60 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ len : num 4.2 11.5 7.3 5.8 6.4 10 11.2 11.2 5.2 7 ...
## $ supp: Factor w/ 2 levels "OJ","VC": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ dose: num 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 ...
```

```
head(ToothGrowth)
```

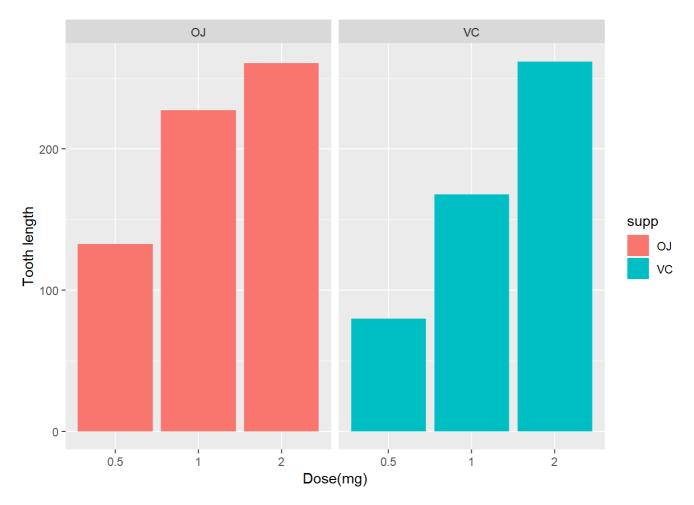
```
## len supp dose
## 1 4.2 VC 0.5
## 2 11.5 VC 0.5
## 3 7.3 VC 0.5
## 4 5.8 VC 0.5
## 5 6.4 VC 0.5
## 6 10.0 VC 0.5
```

2. Provide a basic summary of the data.

```
summary(ToothGrowth)
```

```
##
                                dose
                   supp
##
  Min.
          : 4.20
                   OJ:30
                           Min.
                                  :0.500
##
   1st Qu.:13.07
                   VC:30
                           1st Qu.:0.500
## Median :19.25
                           Median :1.000
   Mean :18.81
                           Mean :1.167
##
   3rd Qu.:25.27
                           3rd Qu.:2.000
## Max.
        :33.90
                           Max.
                                 :2.000
```

```
ggplot(data=ToothGrowth, aes(x=as.factor(dose), y=len, fill=supp)) +
   geom_bar(stat="identity") +
   facet_grid(. ~ supp) +
   xlab("Dose(mg)") +
   ylab("Tooth length")
```



3. Use confidence intervals and/or hypothesis tests to compare tooth growth by supp and dose. (Only use the techniques from class, even if there's other approaches worth considering)

```
hypoth1 <- t.test(len ~ supp, data = ToothGrowth)
hypoth1$conf.int</pre>
```

```
## [1] -0.1710156 7.5710156
## attr(,"conf.level")
## [1] 0.95
```

hypoth1\$p.value

```
## [1] 0.06063451
```

```
hypoth2<-t.test(len ~ supp, data = subset(ToothGrowth, dose == 0.5))
hypoth2$conf.int</pre>
```

```
## [1] 1.719057 8.780943
## attr(,"conf.level")
## [1] 0.95
```

```
hypoth2$p.value
```

```
## [1] 0.006358607
```

```
hypoth3<-t.test(len ~ supp, data = subset(ToothGrowth, dose == 1))
hypoth3$conf.int

## [1] 2.802148 9.057852
## attr(,"conf.level")
## [1] 0.95

hypoth3$p.value

## [1] 0.001038376

hypoth4<-t.test(len ~ supp, data = subset(ToothGrowth, dose == 2))
hypoth4$conf.int

## [1] -3.79807 3.63807
## attr(,"conf.level")
## [1] 0.95

hypoth4$p.value

## [1] 0.9638516</pre>
```

Conclusions

OJ ensures more tooth growth than VC for dosages 0.5 & 1.0. OJ and VC givesthe same amount of tooth growth for dose amount 2.0 mg/day. For the entire trail we cannot conclude OJ is more effective that VC for all scenarios.