# Part 1 - Stack, Heap, Boxing, Unboxing, Array, ArrayList, Generics, Threading

- Question 1:- Explain difference between .NET and C#?
- Question 2:-.NET Framework vs.NET Core vs.NET 5.0
- Question 3:- What is IL (Intermediate Language) Code?
- Question 4:- What is the use of JIT (Just in time compiler)?
- Question 5:- Is it possible to view IL code?
- Question 6:- What is the benefit of compiling in to IL code?
- Question 7:- Does .NET support multiple programming languages?
- Question 8:- What is CLR (Common Language Runtime)?
- Question 9:- What is managed and unmanaged code?
- Question 10: Explain the importance of Garbage collector?
- Question 11:- Can garbage collector claim unmanaged objects?
- Question 12:- What is the importance of CTS?
- Question 13:- Explain CLS?
- Question 14:- Difference between Stack vs Heap?
- Question 15:- What are Value types & Reference types?
- Question 16:- Explain boxing and unboxing?
- Question 17: What is consequence of boxing and unboxing?
- Question 18:- Explain casting, implicit casting and explicit casting?
- Question 19:- What can happen during explicit casting?
- Question 20:- Differentiate between Array and ArrayList?
- Question 21:- Whose performance is better array or arraylist?
- Question 22:- What are generic collections?
- Question 23:- What are threads (Multithreading)?
- Question 24:- How are threads different from TPL?
- Question 25:- How do we handle exceptions in C#(try/catch)?
- Question 26:- What is the need of finally?
- Question 27:- Why do we need the out keyword?
- Question 28:- What is the need of Delegates?
- Question 29:- What are events?
- Question 30:- What's the difference between Abstract class and interface?

#### Part 2 - Questions on Delegates, Event and Delegates vs Events.

- Question 31: What is a delegate and How to create a delegate?
- Question 32: Where have you used delegates?
- Question 33: What is a Multicast delegates?
- Question 34:-What is a Event?
- Question 35:- How to create a event?
- Question 36: Delegate vs Events.

# Part 3 - OOP, Abstraction, Encapsulation, Inheritance, Overriding & overloading.

- Question 37:- Why do we need OOP?
- Question 38 :- What are the important pillars of OOPs ?
- Question 39:- What is a class and object?
- Question 40: Abstraction vs Encapsulation?
- Question 41:- Explain Inheritance?
- Question 42:- Explain virtual keyword?
- Question 43:- What is overriding?

Question 44:- Explain overloading?

Question 45:- Overloading vs Overriding?

### Part 4 - Polymorphism, Static vs Dynamic polymorphism and operator overloading.

Question 46:- What is polymorphism?

Question 47:- Can polymorphism work with out inheritance?

Question 48:- Explain static vs dynamic polymorphism?

Question 49:- Explain operator overloading?

#### Part 5 - Tricky Questions around Abstract classes and Interfaces.

Question 50: Why do we need Abstract classes?

Question 51: - Are Abstract methods virtual?

Question 52: Can we create a instance of Abstract classes?

Question 53: Is it compulsory to implement Abstract methods?

Question 54: Why simple base class replace Abstract class?

Question 55: Explain interfaces and why do we need it?

Question 56: Can we write logic in interface?

Question 57: Can we define methods as private in interface?

Question 58: If i want to change interface what's the best practice?

Question 59: Explain Multiple inheritance in Interface?

Question 60 :- Explain Interface Segregation principle?

Question 61: Can we create instance of interface?

Question 62: Can we do Multiple inheritance with Abstract classes?

# Part 6 - Answering the most asked Question "Abstract classes vs Interface".

Question 63:- Difference between Abstract Class & Interfaces?

#### Part 7 - Questions around constructors & parent child constructor.

Question 64:- Why do we need constructors?

Question 65: In parent child which constructor fires first?

Question 66: How are initializers executed?

Question 67: How are static constructors executed in Parent child?

Question 68: When does static constructor fires?

#### Part 8 - Questions around Shadowing, Sealed, Nested classes and partial classes.

Question 69:- What is Shadowing?

Question 70: - Explain method hiding?

Question 71:- Shadowing vs Overriding?

Question 72:- When do we need Shadowing?

Question 73:- Explain Sealed Classes?

Question 74:- Can we create instance of sealed classes?

Question 75:- What are nested classes and when to use them?

Question 76:- Can Nested class access outer class variables?

Question 77: Can we have public, protected access modifiers in nested class?

Question 78:- Explain Partial classes?

Question 79 :- In What scenarios do we use partial classes?

#### Part 9 - Questions Around SOLID principles, Dependency injection (DI) and IOC

Question 80 :- What is SOLID?

Question 81:- What is the full form of SOLID?

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Question 82:- What is the goal of SOLID?
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Question 83:- Explain SRP with A example?

Question 84:- What is the benefit of SRP?

Question 85:- Explain OCP with a example?

Question 86:- What is the benefit of OCP?

Question 87:- Can you explain LISKOV Principle and it's violation?

Question 88:- How can we fix LISKOV Problem?

Question 89: - Explain Interface Segregation Principle?

Question 90:- Is there a connection between LISKOV and ISP?

Question 91:- Define dependency inversion?

Question 92:- What is higher level module and lower level module?

Question 93:- How does dependency inversion benefit, show with an example?

Question 94:- Will only Dependency inversion solve decoupling problem?

Question 95:- Why do developers move object creation outside high lever module?

Question 96: - Explain IOC (Inversion of Control)?

Question 97: - Explain Dependency Injection with an example?

Question 98: - Is SOLID, IOC and DI design pattern or Principle?

Question 99: - Is only SOLID Enough for good code/ architecture?

#### Part 10- Explain & Differentiate Composition, Aggregation and Association in C#.

Question 100: - What are the different types of "USING/HAS A" relationship?

Question 101:- What is a composition relationship?

Question 102:- Explain Aggregation?

Question 103:- Explain Association?

Question 104: - Differentiate between Composition vs Aggregation vs Association?

Question 105: - UML Symbols for Composition, Aggregation and Association

#### Part 11 - Crack questions on Stack, Heap, Boxing, Unboxing, Value & reference types

Question 106:- Explain stack and Heap?

Question 107:- Where are stack and heap stored?

Question 108:- What goes on stack and what goes on heap?

Question 109:- How is the stack memory address arranged?

Question 110 :- How is stack memory deallocated LIFO or FIFO ?

Question 111:- How are primitive and objects stored in memory?

Question 112:- Can primitive data types be stored in heap?

Question 113:- Explain value types and reference types?

Question 114:- Explain byval and byref?

Question 115:- Differentiate between copy byvalue and copy byref?

Question 116:- What is boxing and unboxing?

Question 117:- Is boxing unboxing good or bad?

Question 118:- Can we avoid boxing and unboxing?

Question 119: What effect does boxing and unboxing have on performance?

Question 120: - Are string allocated on stack or heap?

Question 121:- How many stack and heaps are created for an application?

Question 122:- How are stack and heap memory deallocated?

Question 123:- Who clears the heap memory?

Question 124:- Where is structure allocated Stack or Heap?

Question 125:- Are structures copy byval or copy byref?

Question 126:- Can structures get created on Heap?

# Part 12 - What is Garbage collector, Managed vs UnManaged code, Dispose Pattern, Memory Leaks, weak VS strong references?

Question 127: - Explain Garbage collector (GC)?

Question 128:- How does Garbage collector know when to clean the objects?

Question 129: - Is there a way we can see this Heap memory?

Question 130:- Does Garbage collector clean primitive types?

Question 131: - Managed vs UnManaged code/objects/resources?

Question 132:- Can garbage collector clean unmanaged code?

Question 133:- Explain Generations ?

Question 134:- What is GC0,GC1, and GC2?

Question 135:- Why do we need Generations?

Question 136:- Which is the best place to clean unmanaged objects?

Question 137:- How does GC behave when we have a destructor?

Question 138:- What do you think about empty destructor?

Question 139:- Explain the Dispose Pattern?

Question 140: - Finalize vs Destructor?

Question 141:- What is the use of using keyword?

Question 142:- Can you force Garbage collector?

Question 143:- Is it a good practice to force GC?

Question 144:- How can we detect a memory issues?

Question 145:- How can we know the exact source of memory issues?

Question 146:- What is a memory leak?

Question 147: - Can .NET Application have memory leak as we have GC?

Question 148:- How to detect memory leaks in .NET applications?

Question 149:- Explain weak and strong references?

Question 150:- When will you use weak references?

# Lesson 13:- Questions around Design Pattern Basics, Types, Singleton Pattern, Prototype, Template and Adapter.

Question 151:- What are design patterns?

Question 152:- Which are the different types of design patterns?

Question 153: - Explain structural, Behavioral and Creational design pattern?

Question 154:- Explain Singleton Pattern and the use of the same?

Question 155:- How did you implement singleton pattern?

Question 156:- Can we use Static class rather than using a private constructor?

Question 157:- Static vs Singleton pattern?

Question 158:- How did you implement thread safety in Singleton?

Question 159:- What is double null check in Singleton?

Question 160:- Can Singleton pattern code be made easy with Lazy keyword?

Question 161:- Can we rid of this double null check code?

### Lesson 14:- Repository Pattern and Unit of Work Design Pattern Interview Questions.

Question 162:- What is the use of repository pattern?

Question 163:- Is Dal (Data access Layer) and Repository same?

Question 164:- What is Generic repository pattern?

Question 165:- Is abstraction the only benefit of Repository?

Question 166:- How to implement transaction in repository?

- Question 167:- What is Unit of work design pattern?
- Question 168:- Do we need repository pattern as EF does almost the same work?
- Question 169:- Did you do unit testing with Repository?
- Question 170:- How does repository pattern make unit testing easy?
- Question 171:- How can we do mock testing with Repository?

#### Lesson 15:- Most asked Factory Pattern, DI and IOC Interview Questions.

- Question 172: What is Factory pattern and how does it benefit?
- Question 173: How does centralizing object creation helps in loose coupling?
- Question 174:- What is IOC and DI?
- Question 175:- DI vs IOC?
- Question 176:- What is a service locator?
- Question 177:- Service Locator vs DI?
- Question 178: Which is good to use Service Locator or DI?
- Question 179: Can not we use a simple class rather than interface for DI?
- Question 180 :- Is DI a Factory Pattern?
- Question 181: So If you just centralize object creation is it Factory pattern?
- Question 182: Static DI and Dynamic DI?
- Question 183: In which scenarios to use Static DI vs Dynamic DI?

#### **Lesson 16:- The Real Factory and Abstract Factory Patterns.**

- Question 184:- The real Factory pattern?
- Question 185: Factory Method vs Factory pattern?
- Question 186: How are new behaviors created in FP?
- Question 187: What is Abstract Factory Pattern?
- Question 188: Does Abstract Factory Pattern use FP inside?
- Question 189: Explain Simple Factory Pattern?
- Question 190: Simple Factory vs Factory (Factory Method) vs Abstract Factory?
- Question 191: How to remove IF conditions from Simple Factory?