

# MemWalker

**Memwalker** is a simple program, which can be used to dump registers bit meanings.  
Memwalker reads the register values using `/dev/mem`.

Where and why this memwalker is useful:

- It is coded in C language.
- It can be compiled on the embedded platform which is running linux.
- Also, since python compiler is not present always, it is just easy to use this kind of tool.

The MemWalker needs two files:

## a.SOC Register description file:

It contains the register descriptions for the cpu/soc

File structure:

```
SOC_Name
{
    register_name register_address register_bit_size
    {
        BIT_name          BIT_TO    BIT_FROM    defaultval #comment
    }
}
```

Description of bit fields/Comments are marked with a previous '#' and allowed at a start of line, or at end of a line.

Example: (*soc\_ls2088.reg*)

```
LS2088
{
    SEC_MCFGR          0x8180270    32
    JRSTARTR          0x8180288    32
```

```

{
    RSVD          31      16      0      #rsvd
    START_ADDR    15      0      0      #job Ring start
}
SEC_STATUS       0x8180290      32
QMAN_STATS       0x81802A0      32
{
    ENABLED       31      31      0 # 1- enabled, 0 -disabled
    RSVD          30      30      0 # reserved bytes
    EQ_RJ         29      26      f # Enqueue rejections count
    CGR_CNT       25      20      3f # CGR Count
    FIFO_FULL     19      17      7 # FIFO Full count
    EQ_WRED       16      13      f # Enqueue WRED rejections count
    EQ_SUCCESS    12      7      3f # Enqueue SUccess count
    EQ_TD         6      4      7 # Enqueue Tail drop count
    RSVD2         3      2      3 # Reserved
    STATUS        1      0      0 # Status
}
QMAN_FQ_STATUS   0x81802A8      32
BMAN_STATS       0x81802B0      32
{
    B_FREE        31      16      12 # Total free buffers availaible in bpool
    BTOTAL        15      0      13 # total buffers in bpool
}
}

```

## b. Memory to be walked file:

a simple list of registers whose dump needs to be taken and shown with bitwise description.

Structure of file:

```

registername1
registername1
.
.
registernameX

```

where:

registernameX: name of the register defined in the  
SOC Register description file.

Example: (*walk\_these.reg*)

```

QMAN_STATS
BMAN_STATS

```

## How to compile:

Run the following command on any platform running linux:

```
gcc -w memwalker.c -o memwalker
```

## How to run:

```
./memwalker <soc_register_description file> <registers to be checked file>
```

With the above two sample files, Memwalker gives the following output:

```
$ ./memwalker soc_ls2088.reg walk_these.reg
```

```
-----  
QMAN_STATS@0x81802a0 32 bit val: 0x770a691f  
ENABLED (31..31) : 0   # 1- enabled, 0 - disabled  
RSVD (30..30) : 1   # reserved bytes  
EQ_RJ (26..29) : d   # Enqueue rejections count  
CGR_CNT (20..25) : 30  # CGR Count  
FIFO_FULL (17..19) : 5   # FIFO Full count  
EQ_WRED (13..16) : 3   # Enqueue WRED rejections count  
EQ_SUCCESS (7..12) : 12  # Enqueue SUccess count  
EQ_TD (4..6) : 1   # Enqueue Tail drop count  
RSVD2 (2..3) : 3   # Reserved  
STATUS (0..1) : 3   # Status  
-----
```

```
-----  
BMAN_STATS@0x81802b0 32 bit val: 0x770a691f  
B_FREE (16..31) : 770a   # Total free buffers available in bpool  
BTOTAL (0..15) : 691f   # total buffers in bpool
```