Spring

Overview

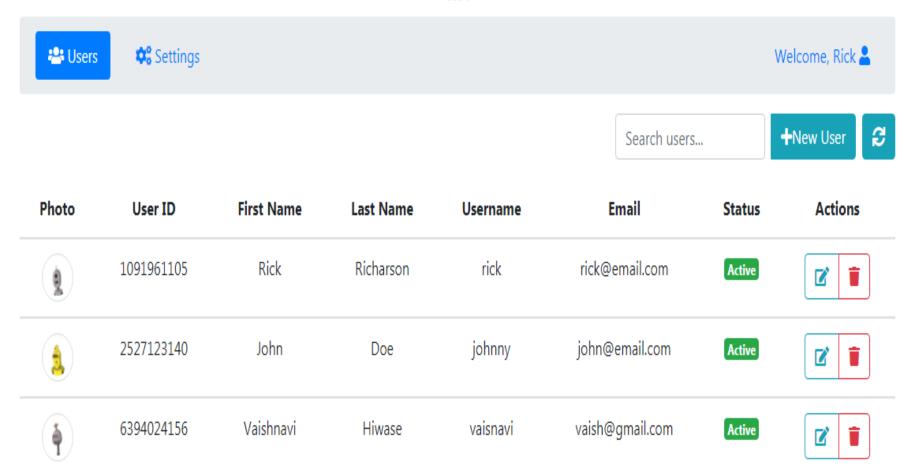
- 1. Introduction to Web Service?
- 2. Restful Web Services with Spring Boot
- 3. Spring Boot Programming & Basics
- 4. Spring Data JPA

What is Web Service?

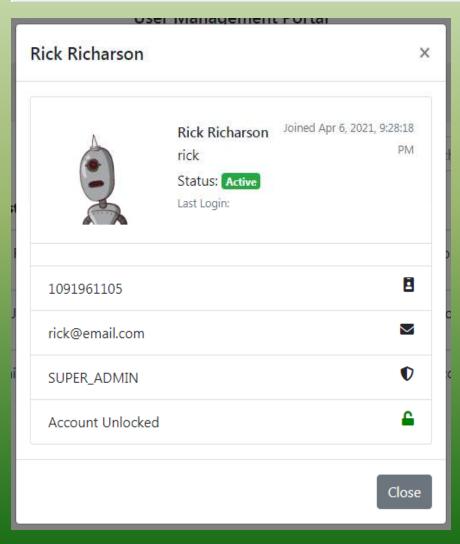
A service which is delivered over the web/internet

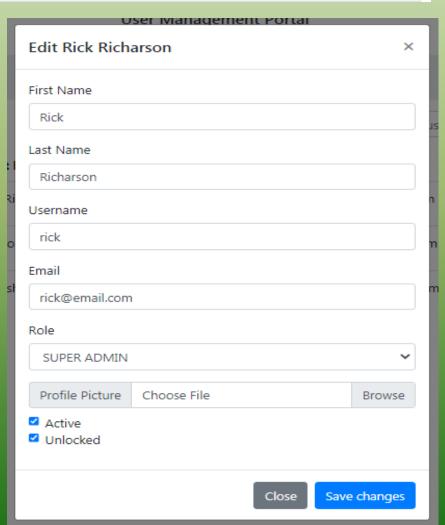
User Management Portal

Users

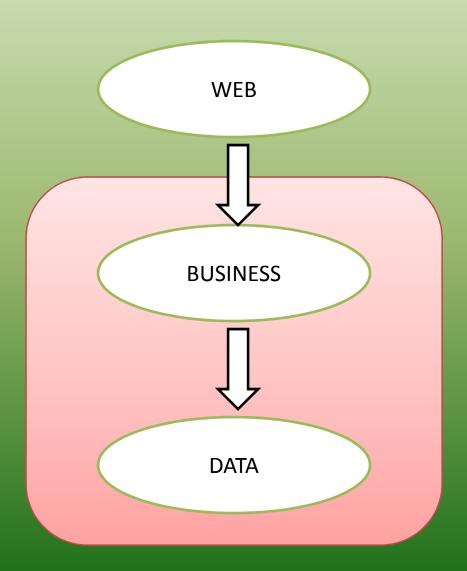








Application Layers

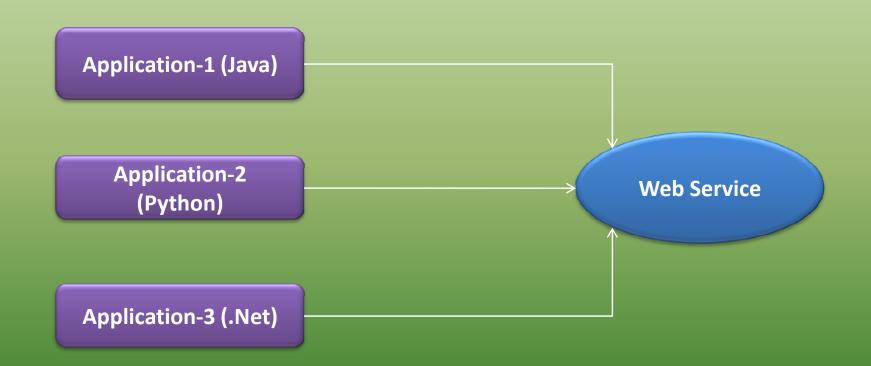


Web Service – W3C Definition

A web service is a software system designed to support interoperable machine-to-machine interaction over a network

- 1. Design for Machine to machine (or application to application) interaction.
- 2. It should be Interoperable (Not platform dependent)
- 3. Should allow communication over network

Web Service



Web Service

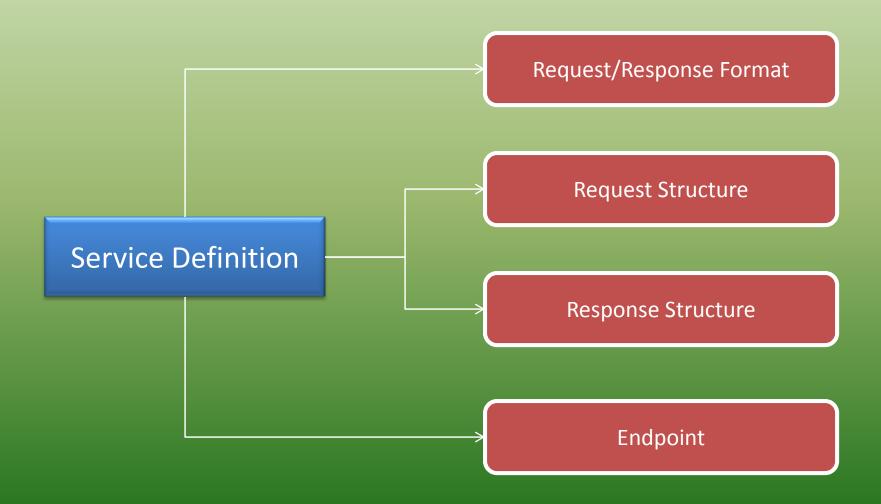


Request / Response Formats

- 1. XML (Extensible Markup Language)
- 2. JSON (Java Script Object Notation)

```
- <Parts>
 - <Part>
     <Id>4478</Id>
     <Part_Name>1000 Ohm Resistor</Part_Name>
     <Total_Available>25000</Total_Available>
     <Price>0.01</Price>
   </Part>
 - <Part>
     <Id>3328</Id>
     <Part Name>15000 Ohm Resistor</Part Name>
     <Total Available>75000</Total Available>
     <Price>0.02</Price>
   </Part>
 - <Part>
     <Id>4725</Id>
     <Part Name>555 Timer IC</Part Name>
     <Total Available>1500</Total Available>
     <Price>0.25</Price>
   </Part>
 </Parts>
```

Web Service



Web Services Group

SOAP Base Web Services (XML)

Restful Web Services (Architectural approach)

SOAP Based Web Services

- Simple Object Access Protocol
- No longer used this abbreviation, now its simple SOAP
- SOAP defines specifics way of building web services
- SOAP used XML based request formats (XML request and response)

SOAP Structure

SOAP-ENV: Envelope

SOAP-ENV: Header

Header is optional

SOAP-ENV: Body

SOAP Structure

```
POST http://www.webservicex.com/globalweather.asmx HTTP/1.1
Host: www.webservicex.com
Content-Length: 341
Content-Type: application/soap+xml
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<soap:Envelope xmlns:soap="http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope">
  <soap:Header></soap:Header>
  <soap:Body>
    <ns1:GetWeather xmlns:ns1='http://www.webserviceX.NET'>
       <ns1:CityName>Montreal</ns1:CityName>
       <ns1:CountryName>Canada</ns1:CountryName>
    </ns1:GetWeather>
  </soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>
```

SOAP Structure

- Format
 - SOAP XML Request
 - SOAP XML Response
- Transport
 - SOAP over MQ
 - SOAP over HTTP
- Service Definition
 - WSDL (Web Service Description Language)

SOAP - WSDL

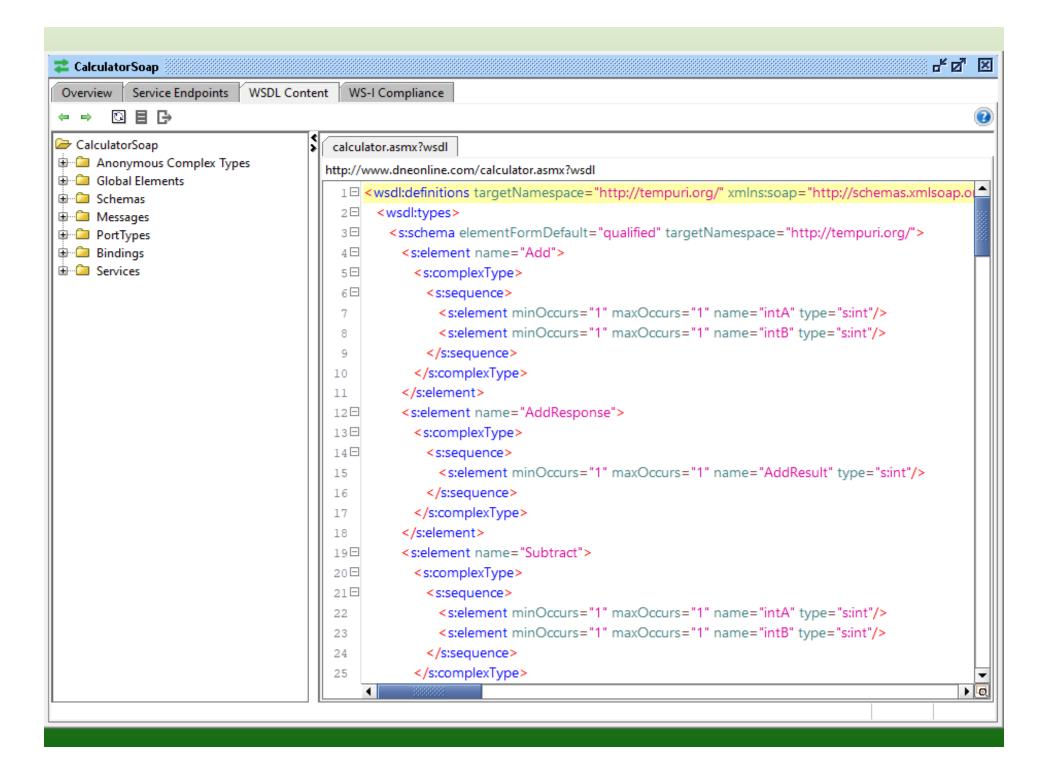
Endpoint

All Operations

Request Structure

Response Structure

WSDL



- REpresentational State Transfer
- Use only HTTP (Hyper Text Transfer Protocol)
- Browser sends HTTP Request & get HTTP Response back
- HTTP Methods (GET, PUT, POST, DELETE)
- HTTP Response Code (200, 404 ...)

- Resource is anything that you want to exposed through your application
- For example User or Task is resource in User Management Application
- We assign URI's to each resource
 - /user/John
 - /user/John/task
 - /user/John/task/101

- Resource can use any representation
 - XML
 - HTML
 - JSON
- Example
 - Create a User : POST /users
 - Delete a User : DELETE /users/101
 - Get all Users : GET /users
 - Get one User : GET /users/101

- Data Exchange Format
 - No restrictions on data format
 - JSON is popular
- Transport
 - HTTP only
- Service Definition
 - No standards as SOAP
 - WADL (Web Application Definition Language)
 - Swagger

SOAP vs REST

SOAP	REST
Format based on XML	Architectural approach
Data Exchange : XML only	Data Exchange : Can be anything (XML, JSON etc)
Service Definition : WSDL	Service Definition : No standards defined (WADL but not widely used)
Transport : HTTP, MQ	Transport : HTTP only
Ease of Implementation : Difficult to implement. Requires to follow WSDL	Ease of Implementation: Easy to implement. No need to follow any WSDL

QUESTIONS?