Tag	Description	Syntax
	Declaration defining the HTML version.	html
<html></html>	The root element that wraps the entire HTML document.	<html> </html>
<head></head>	Contains metadata about the HTML document.	<head> </head>
<title></td><td>Sets the title of the HTML document.</td><td><title> </title>		
<body></body>	Contains the content of the HTML document.	<body> </body>
<h1> <h6></h6></h1>	Heading tags for defining headings (h1 is the largest).	<h1> </h1>
	Defines a paragraph.	
<a>	Creates a hyperlink.	
	Embeds an image.	<img <br="" src="url"/> alt="description">
	Defines an unordered list.	
<0 >	Defines an ordered list.	
<	Represents a list item within an ordered or unordered list.	
<div></div>	A container for grouping other HTML elements.	<div> </div>
	An inline container often used for applying styles to text.	
	Represents a line break.	
<hr/>	Represents a horizontal rule or line.	<hr/>

<form></form>	Wraps form elements for user input.	<form> </form>
<input/>	Defines an input field within a form.	<input/>
<textarea></td><td>Defines a multiline text input field.</td><td><textarea>
</textarea>		
<select></select>	Creates a dropdown list.	<select> </select>
	Represents strong importance, typically displayed as bold.	
	Represents emphasized text, typically displayed as italics.	
<u></u>	Represents underlined text (though not recommended for general use).	<u> </u>
<s></s>	Represents strikethrough text.	<s> </s>
<nav></nav>	Represents a navigation menu.	<nav> </nav>
<audio></audio>	Embeds audio content.	<audio> </audio>
<video></video>	Embeds video content.	<video> </video>
	Defines a table.	
	Represents a table row.	
	Represents a table header cell.	
	Represents a table data cell.	
<label></label>	Associates a label with a form control.	<label> </label>
<button></button>	Defines a clickable button.	<button> </button>

<option></option>	Represents an option in a dropdown list.	<option> </option>
<meta/>	Provides metadata about the HTML document, such as character set.	<meta charset="utf-8"/>
<header></header>	Represents the header of a document or section.	<header> </header>
<footer></footer>	Represents the footer of a document or section.	<footer> </footer>
<section></section>	Represents a generic section of a document.	<section> </section>
<article></article>	Represents an article or piece of content.	<article> </article>
<abbr></abbr>	Represents an abbreviation or acronym.	<abbr title="Abbreviation"> </abbr
<code></code>	Represents a single line of code.	<code> </code>
<pre></pre>	Represents preformatted text, preserving both spaces and line breaks.	<pre> </pre>
<a>	Anchor element for creating hyperlinks.	<a> (Anchor element)
Tag	Description	Syntax
<blookquote></blookquote>	Represents a block of text that is a quotation from another source.	
<cite></cite>	Represents the title of a creative work, such as a book or movie.	<cite> </cite>
<code></code>	Represents a piece of computer code.	<code> </code>
	Represents emphasized text, typically displayed in italics.	
<iframe></iframe>	Embeds an inline frame for displaying external content.	<iframe <br="" src="url">frameborder="0">e></iframe>

<kbd></kbd>	Represents user input, typically keyboard input.	<kbd> </kbd>
<mark></mark>	Represents text that is marked or highlighted.	<mark> </mark>
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	Represents the progress of a task, such as the completion of a form.	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
<q></q>	Represents a short inline quotation.	<q> </q>
<small></small>	Represents smaller text, often used for disclaimers or fine print.	<small> </small>
	Represents strong importance, typically displayed as bold.	
	Represents subscript text.	
	Represents superscript text.	
<time></time>	Represents a specific period in time.	<time datetime="YYYY-
MM-DD"> </time>
<var></var>	Represents the name of a variable in programming or mathematics.	<var> </var>
<wbr/>	Represents a word break opportunity, allowing for a line break where needed.	<wbr/>
Tag	Description	Syntax
<address></address>	Represents contact information for the author or owner of a document.	<address> </address>
<bdo></bdo>	Overrides the current text direction (useful for languages like Arabic or Hebrew).	<bdo dir="rtl"> </bdo>
<canvas></canvas>	Provides a space in which JavaScript can be used to draw graphics.	<canvas <br="" width="200">height="100"></canvas>
<caption></caption>	Represents the title of a table.	<caption> </caption>

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<colgroup></colgroup>	Specifies a group of one or more columns in a table for formatting.	<colgroup> <col span="2"> </col </colgroup>
<datalist></datalist>	Defines a list of pre-defined options for an <input/> element.	<input list="datalistID"/> <datalist id="datalistID"> <option value=""> </option></datalist>
<details></details>	Represents a disclosure widget from which the user can obtain additional information or controls.	<details> <summary> </summary> </details>
<fieldset></fieldset>	Groups related elements within a form and provides a legend for the group.	<fieldset> <legend> </legend> </fieldset>
<figure></figure>	Represents any content that is referenced from the main content, usually with a caption.	<figure> <img <br="" src=""/>alt=""> <figcaption> </figcaption> </figure>
<figcaption></figcaption>	Represents a caption or legend for a <figure> element.</figure>	<figcaption> </figcaption>
<header></header>	Represents the header of a section or page.	<header> </header>
<mark></mark>	Represents text that has been highlighted or marked.	<mark> </mark>
<meter></meter>	Represents a scalar measurement within a known range.	<meter <br="" value="50">min="0" max="100">50%></meter>
<nav></nav>	Represents a navigation menu.	<nav> </nav>
<noscript></noscript>	Provides alternate content to be displayed if a script is not supported or enabled.	<noscript> </noscript>
<output></output>	Represents the result of a calculation or user action.	<pre><output for="formID"> </output></pre>
<rp></rp>	Provides parentheses around the text in a ruby annotation.	<rp> (</rp> <rt> text</rt> <rp>)</rp>

<rt></rt>	Represents the text of a ruby annotation.	<rt>text</rt>
<ruby></ruby>	Represents a ruby annotation, used for pronunciation or translation.	<ruby> <rb>text</rb> <rp>(</rp> <rt>annotation</rt> <rp>)</rp> </ruby>
<section></section>	Represents a section in a document.	<section> </section>
<source/>	Specifies multiple media resources for media elements like <audio> and <video>.</video></audio>	<video> <source src="movie.mp4" type="video/mp4"> </source </video>
<summary></summary>	Represents a summary, caption, or legend for a <details> element.</details>	<details> <summary> </summary> </details>
<template></template>	Defines a template that can be cloned to produce copies of the enclosed content.	<template> </template>
<time></time>	Represents a specific period in time.	<time datetime="2023-
01-01">January 1, 2023</time>
<track/>	Specifies text tracks for media elements.	<track src="subtitles_en.vtt" kind="subtitles" srclang="en" label="English"></track
<wbr/>	Represents a word break opportunity, allowing for a line break where needed.	<wbr/>
Tag	Description	Syntax
<abbr></abbr>	Represents an abbreviation or acronym, with an optional title attribute for providing the full meaning.	<abbr title="Abbreviation"> </abbr
<area/>	Defines an area inside an image map, often used for creating clickable regions.	<map name="map1"><area shape="rect" coords="34,44,270,350"</area </map

		href="page.html">>
<bdi></bdi>	Isolates a part of the text that might be formatted in a different direction from the surrounding text.	<bdi> </bdi>
<bdo></bdo>	Overrides the current text direction, useful for languages like Arabic or Hebrew.	<bdo dir="rtl"> </bdo>
<col/>	Specifies column properties for each column within a <colgroup> element.</colgroup>	<col <br="" span="2"/> style="background-color: yellow;">
<datalist></datalist>	Provides a list of predefined options to be suggested to the user.	<input id="browser" list="browsers" name="browser"/> <datalist id="browsers"><option value="Chrome"><option value="Firefox"><option value="Safari"></option></option></option></datalist>
	Represents deleted text, typically displayed with a strikethrough.	
<dfn></dfn>	Represents the defining instance of a term, often with a title attribute for additional information.	<dfn title="Definition"> </dfn>
<dialog></dialog>	Defines a dialog or popup box, often used for modal dialogs.	<dialog open="">This is a dialog window</dialog>
<fieldset></fieldset>	Groups related elements within a form and provides a legend for the group.	<fieldset><legend> </legend> </fieldset>
<figcaption></figcaption>	Represents a caption or legend for a <figure> element.</figure>	<figure><figcaption>Cap tion text</figcaption></figure>
<footer></footer>	Represents the footer of a section or page.	<footer> </footer>
<header></header>	Represents the header of a section or page.	<header> </header>

<ins></ins>	Represents inserted text, typically displayed with an underline.	<ins> </ins>
<kbd></kbd>	Represents user input, often for keyboard input.	<kbd> </kbd>
<main></main>	Represents the main content of the document.	<main> </main>
<map></map>	Defines an image map, often used with <area/> elements to create clickable regions.	<map name="map1"><area shape="rect" coords="34,44,270,350" href="page.html"></area </map >
<mark></mark>	Represents text that is marked or highlighted.	<mark> </mark>
<nav></nav>	Represents a navigation menu.	<nav> </nav>
<output></output>	Represents the result of a calculation or user action.	<output for="calculation"> </output
<picture></picture>	Provides multiple sources for an image based on different conditions.	<pre><picture><source media="(min-width: 800px)" srcset="image.jpg"/></picture></pre>
<ruby></ruby>	Represents a ruby annotation, used for pronunciation or translation.	<ruby><rb>text</rb><rp>(</rp><rt>annotation<!-- rt--><rp>)</rp></rt></ruby>
<samp></samp>	Represents sample output from a program or computer code.	<samp> </samp>
<small></small>	Represents smaller text, often used for disclaimers or fine print.	<small> </small>
	Represents strong importance, typically displayed as bold.	
	Represents subscript text.	
	Represents superscript text.	

<template></template>	Defines a template that can be cloned to produce copies of the enclosed content.	<template> </template>
<time></time>	Represents a specific period in time.	<time datetime="2023-
01-01">January 1, 2023</time>
<var></var>	Represents the name of a variable in programming or mathematics.	<var> </var>
<wbr/>	Represents a word break opportunity, allowing for a line break where needed.	<wbr/>
Tag	Description	Syntax
<bdi></bdi>	Isolates a part of the text that might be formatted in a different direction from the surrounding text.	<bdi> </bdi>
<bdo></bdo>	Overrides the current text direction, useful for languages like Arabic or Hebrew.	<bdo dir="rtl"> </bdo>
<blookquote></blookquote>	Represents a block of text that is a quotation from another source.	 /blockquote>
<canvas></canvas>	Provides a space in which JavaScript can be used to draw graphics.	<canvas <br="" width="200">height="100"></canvas>
<caption></caption>	Represents the title of a table.	<caption> </caption>
<cite></cite>	Represents the title of a creative work, such as a book or movie.	<cite> </cite>
<code></code>	Represents a piece of computer code.	<code> </code>
<col/>	Specifies column properties for each column within a <colgroup> element.</colgroup>	<col <br="" span="2"/> style="background-color: yellow;">
<colgroup></colgroup>	Specifies a group of one or more columns in a table for formatting.	<colgroup> <col span="2"> </col </colgroup>

		The population of
<data></data>	Associates a piece of content with a machine- readable value.	<pre>City is 123,456.</pre>
<details></details>	Represents a disclosure widget from which the user can obtain additional information or controls.	<details open><summary>More Info</summary>Details here.</details
<figcaption></figcaption>	Represents a caption or legend for a <figure> element.</figure>	<figcaption> </figcaption>
<figure></figure>	Represents any content that is referenced from the main content, usually with a caption.	<figure> <img <br="" src=""/>alt=""> <figcaption> </figcaption> </figure>
<mark></mark>	Represents text that has been highlighted or marked.	<mark> </mark>
<menu></menu>	Represents a list of commands, often used for context menus.	<menu type="context"><menuite m label="Item 1" onclick="doSomething()"> </menuite </menu
<nav></nav>	Represents a navigation menu.	<nav> </nav>
<output></output>	Represents the result of a calculation or user action.	<output for="formID"> </output>
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	Represents the progress of a task, such as the completion of a form.	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
<ruby></ruby>	Represents a ruby annotation, used for pronunciation or translation.	<ruby> <rb>text</rb> <rp>(</rp> <rt>annotation</rt> <rp>)</rp> </ruby>
<samp></samp>	Represents sample output from a program or computer code.	<samp> </samp>
<small></small>	Represents smaller text, often used for disclaimers or fine print.	<small> </small>

<source/>	Specifies multiple media resources for media elements like <audio> and <video>.</video></audio>	<video> <source src="movie.mp4" type="video/mp4"> </source </video>
	An inline container often used for applying styles to text.	<pre> </pre>
	Represents strong importance, typically displayed as bold.	
	Represents subscript text.	
<summary></summary>	Represents a summary, caption, or legend for a <details> element.</details>	<details><summary> </summary>Details here.</details>
	Represents superscript text.	
<time></time>	Represents a specific period in time.	<time datetime="2023-
01-01">January 1, 2023</time>
<track/>	Specifies text tracks for media elements.	<track src="subtitles_en.vtt" kind="subtitles" srclang="en" label="English"></track
<var></var>	Represents the name of a variable in programming or mathematics.	<var> </var>
<wbr/>	Represents a word break opportunity, allowing for a line break where needed.	<wbr/>
Tag	Description	Syntax
<abbr></abbr>	Represents an abbreviation or acronym, with an optional title attribute for providing the full meaning.	<abbr title="Abbreviation"> </abbr
<address></address>	Represents contact information for the author or owner of a document.	<address> </address>

<article></article>	Represents an independent piece of content that could be distributed and reused.	<article> </article>
<aside></aside>	Represents content that is tangentially related to the content around it, such as a sidebar.	<aside> </aside>
<bdi></bdi>	Isolates a part of the text that might be formatted in a different direction from the surrounding text.	<bdi> </bdi>
<bdo></bdo>	Overrides the current text direction, useful for languages like Arabic or Hebrew.	<bdo dir="rtl"> </bdo>
<blookquote></blookquote>	Represents a block of text that is a quotation from another source.	<blookquote> </blookquote>
<button></button>	Represents a clickable button, often used in forms.	<button type="button">Click me</button>
<canvas></canvas>	Provides a space in which JavaScript can be used to draw graphics.	<canvas <br="" width="200">height="100"></canvas>
<cite></cite>	Represents the title of a creative work, such as a book or movie.	<cite> </cite>
<code></code>	Represents a piece of computer code.	<code> </code>
<colgroup></colgroup>	Specifies a group of one or more columns in a table for formatting.	<colgroup> <col span="2"> </col </colgroup>
<datalist></datalist>	Provides a list of predefined options to be suggested to the user.	<input id="browser" list="browsers" name="browser"/> <datalist id="browsers"><option value="Chrome"><option value="Firefox"><option value="Safari"></option></option></option></datalist>
<details></details>	Represents a disclosure widget from which the user can obtain additional information or controls.	<details open><summary>More Info</summary>Details here.</details

	Penrocents the defining instance of a term often	<dfn title="Definition"></dfn>
<dfn></dfn>	Represents the defining instance of a term, often with a title attribute for additional information.	
<dialog></dialog>	Defines a dialog or popup box, often used for modal dialogs.	<dialog open="">This is a dialog window</dialog>
<figcaption></figcaption>	Represents a caption or legend for a <figure> element.</figure>	<figcaption> </figcaption>
<figure></figure>	Represents any content that is referenced from the main content, usually with a caption.	<figure> <img <br="" src=""/>alt=""> <figcaption> </figcaption> </figure>
<footer></footer>	Represents the footer of a section or page.	<footer> </footer>
<header></header>	Represents the header of a section or page.	<header> </header>
<hgroup></hgroup>	Groups a set of <h1> to <h6> elements when they are part of a multi-level heading.</h6></h1>	<hgroup><h1>Heading</h1><h1><h2>Subheading</h2></h1></hgroup>
<ins></ins>	Represents inserted text, typically displayed with an underline.	<ins> </ins>
<kbd></kbd>	Represents user input, often for keyboard input.	<kbd> </kbd>
<label></label>	Represents a label for an <input/> , <select>, or <textarea> element.</td><td><label for="username">Usernam e:</label><input type="text" id="username" name="username"></td></tr><tr><td><legend></td><td>Represents a caption or title for the content of a <fieldset>.</td><td><fieldset><legend>
</legend> </fieldset></td></tr><tr><td><main></td><td>Represents the main content of the document.</td><td><main> </main></td></tr><tr><td><mark></td><td>Represents text that has been highlighted or marked.</td><td><mark> </mark></td></tr><tr><td><meter></td><td>Represents a scalar measurement within a known range.</td><td><meter value="50"
max="100">50%</meter
></td></tr></tbody></table></textarea></select>	

<nav></nav>	Represents a navigation menu.	<nav> </nav>
<noscript></noscript>	Provides alternate content to be displayed if a script is not supported or enabled.	<noscript> </noscript>
<object></object>	Represents an external resource, such as an image, video, or plugin.	<object data="example.mp3" height="200" type="audio/mp3" width="300">Your browser does not support the audio element.</object>
<optgroup></optgroup>	Groups related <option> elements within a <select> dropdown.</select></option>	<select name="cars"><optgroup label="European Cars"><option value="volvo">Volvo</option></optgroup></select>
<output></output>	Represents the result of a calculation or user action.	<output for="calculation"> </output
<picture></picture>	Provides multiple sources for an image based on different conditions.	<pre><picture><source media="(min-width: 800px)" srcset="image.jpg"/></picture></pre>
<pre></pre>	Represents preformatted text, preserving both spaces and line breaks.	<pre> </pre>
<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>	Represents the progress of a task, such as the completion of a form.	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>
<	Represents a short inline quotation.	<q> </q>
<rp></rp>	Provides parentheses around the text in a ruby annotation.	<rp>(</rp> <rt>text</rt>)
<rt></rt>	Represents the text of a ruby annotation.	<rt>text</rt>

	T	
<ruby></ruby>	Represents a ruby annotation, used for pronunciation or translation.	<ruby><rb>text</rb><rp>(</rp><rt>annotation<!-- rt--><rp>)</rp>/rp></rt></ruby>
<samp></samp>	Represents sample output from a program or computer code.	<samp> </samp>
<section></section>	Represents a section in a document.	<section> </section>
<select></select>	Represents a dropdown list.	<select name="cars"><option value="volvo">Volvo</option></select>
<small></small>	Represents smaller text, often used for disclaimers or fine print.	<small> </small>
<source/>	Specifies multiple media resources for media elements like <audio> and <video>.</video></audio>	<video><source src="movie.mp4" type="video/mp4">o></source </video>
	Represents strong importance, typically displayed as bold.	
	Represents subscript text.	
<summary></summary>	Represents a summary, caption, or legend for a <details> element.</details>	<details><summary> </summary>Details here.</details>
	Represents superscript text.	
<svg></svg>	Embeds Scalable Vector Graphics (SVG) into the document.	<svg <br="" width="100">height="100"> </svg>
<template></template>	Defines a template that can be cloned to produce copies of the enclosed content.	<template> </template>
<textarea></td><td>Represents a multiline text input field.</td><td><textarea rows="4"
cols="50">
</textarea>		

<time></time>	Represents a specific period in time.	<time datetime="2023-
01-01">January 1, 2023</time>
<track/>	Specifies text tracks for media elements.	<track src="subtitles_en.vtt" kind="subtitles" srclang="en" label="English"></track
<u></u>	Represents underlined text (though not recommended for general use).	<u> </u>
<var></var>	Represents the name of a variable in programming or mathematics.	<var> </var>
<video></video>	Embeds video content.	<video controls="" height="240" width="320"><source src="movie.mp4" type="video/mp4"/>Your browser does not support the video tag.</video>
<wbr/>	Represents a word break opportunity, allowing for a line break where needed.	<wbr/>