Linux Basic Commands

1. Is

List Directory Content

2. cd

Change Current Directory

3. mkdir

Create a Directory / Folder **Example -** mkdir <directory / folder name>

4. touch

Create a File Example - touch <file name>

5. nano

Nano is a Preinstalled Text Editor, where you edit any type of file like - txt, html, css, js, php, py and many more.

Example - nano <file name>

6. echo

This command is used to display a text or a string to the standard output or a file. **Example -** echo <write text>

7. clear

clear the terminal screen

8. pwd

Print Working Directory

9. cat

Show content of file **Example -** cat <file name>

10. apt

Apt is package manager for Debian based Systems. it is used to install new software packages, remove available software packages, upgrade existing software packages.

Example - apt install <package name> apt remove <package name> apt update <package name> apt upgrade <package name>

11. help

Help of any Command

Example - Is <--help or -h>

Cd <--help or -h> etc.

12. git

Clone any github repository **Example -** git clone <repository name>

13. rmdir

Remove Empty Directory / Folder **Example -** rmdir <directory name>

Note: if the directory is not empty then rmdir is not working, so remove this type of dir. rm -r <directory name>

14. exit

Exit Terminal

15. Free

Show Free Space of your System

16. cp

Copy Directories and Files from One Directory to another **Example -** cp <directory_name path_another_folder>

17. mv

Move / Cut Directories and Files from One to another Directory **Example -** mv <directory_name path_another_folder>

18. &&

Use this command you can run two or more commands back to back **Example -** cd Desktop && mkdir Directory_name

19. | (Pipe Command)

Use this command you can run two or more commands simultaneously **Example -** Is | mkdir <Directory_name>

20. grep

Use this command you can Search any File and Directory name as Plain Text **Example -** Is | grep <search_file and folder name>

21. > / >>

Using this command you can create and write a file directly without using touch command

Example - echo InfoSquad > info.txt

Example - echo We are InfoSquad >> info.txt