Haptic Numbers Three Haptic Representation Models for Numbers on a Touch Screen Phone

[Summary]:

In this study we compared three haptic representation models with two representation rates for the numbers used in the phone number keypad layout.

[Important] There is some research regarding which parameters can be used for creating recognizable haptic stimuli. In the recognition of tactile stimuli the best parameters were rhythm, spatial location [3] and waveform modulation [4][6] as compared to speed of the moving stimulus [6], amplitude [4][6], duration [6], and frequency [4]. Amplitude was the best parameter for representing size [2].

[Apparatus]:

Nokia 5800 Express

[Three representation models]:

There were three representation models for the numbers. These representation models were based on Arabic numbers, Roman numbers and the Location of the number key in the keypad grid.

[Two Velocity]:

Two demonstration speeds were tested: the basic pause time between pulses was 100 milliseconds fast, and the basic pause time was 200 milliseconds slow.

[Experiment Design]:

Detail in 2.4 Procedure

[Conclusion]:

Our results support the earlier research where it has been shown that existing literal coding, like Braille [10] can be represented with haptics. Also, our results support the results reported earlier that in the recognition of tactile stimuli, rhythm [3] and waveform modulation [4][6] would be good parameters.