WatchMI-Pressure Touch, Twist and Pan Gesture Input on Unmodified Smartwatches

[Summary]:

We present WatchMI: Watch Movement Input that enhances touch interaction on a smart-watch to support continuous pressure touch, twist, pan gestures and their combinations. Our novel approach relies on software that analyzes, in real-time, the data from a built-in Inertial Measurement Unit (IMU) in order to determine with great ac-curacy and different levels of granularity the actions performed by the user, without requiring additional hardware or modi-fication of the watch.



Figure 1. The three main techniques proposed in our paper: (a) Omni-direction pressure touch (b) Bi-direction twist and (c) Omni-direction panning,

[Apparatus]:

We prototype our system using the Android Wear SDK for an unmodified LG Urbane smartwatch, which mounts an IMU with sensor fusion composed by an Invensense M651 6-axis accelerometer and gyroscope, and by an Asahi Kasei AK8963 3-axis compass sensor.

The IMU senses any changes in acceleration or orien-tation, which can be caused by any hand motion, we use the touch event as a trigger, and stop measuring the value when the user lifts the fingers from the screen. This is simple but very effective: if no touch is detected, the changes in IMU values are discarded, preventing us interpreting accidental motions such as hand waving or gesturing. In addition, we can turn off IMU sensing when it is not necessary, thus reducing battery consumption.

[Experiments]:

Procedure:

We designed a user study to assess the usability of the three bespoke input interfaces - pressure, twist and pan input. To characterize the performance of each condition, we modified the three interfaces and collected measures for input entry times and errors (Figure 2). The input for each interface was discretized in 24 selectable regions.

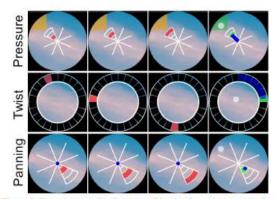


Figure 2. Experiment tasks, from top: 3 levels of pressure targets along the radius (in 8 directions), middle: 3 levels of twist (nearest 4, medium 4, farthest 4 targets in both directions) and bottom: 3 levels of panning targets along the radius (in 8 directions).

Discussion: Discussion and Findings

[Usability analysis]:

To illustrate the potential and immediate feasibility of our ap-proach, we developed 7 applications (Figure 4 and Figure 5) to showcase these 3 interaction techniques - a) Continuous map navigation b) Alarm clock c) Music player d) Pan gesture recognition e) Text entry f) File explorer and g) Controlling remote devices.

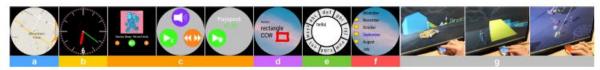


Figure 4. Screenshots of the applications. From left to right: (a) map, (b) alarm clock, (c) music player, (d) gesture recognizer, (e) text entry, (f) file explorer, and (g) controlling remote device and game character.

[Conclusion]:

In this work, we designed and implemented three techniques for augmenting normal touch input on a smartwatch, which lead to many potential use cases. Our techniques use only the signal from integrated IMU to infer the action and its magni-tude. Thus, it can already work on most of the smartwatch in the market, perhaps via a simple software update. Our user study showed that our techniques are immediately feasible, with users' input accuracies in excess of 98.4%.

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