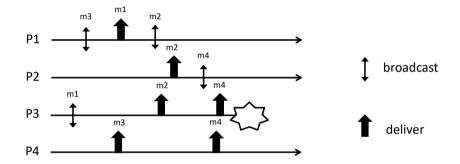
## Distributed Systems 29/01/2020 Exam B

Family NameName		St	Student ID	
Please, tick the appro	priate option:			
Master of Scien	nce in Engineering in Computer Science		Erasmus	
Master of Scien	nce in Artificial Intelligence and Robotics	S	Other	

Ex 1: Provide the specification of a perfect failure detector, describe how it can be implemented and discuss why using fair loss links one it is no longer possible to guarantee its correctness.

Ex 2: Consider the partial execution depicted in the Figure

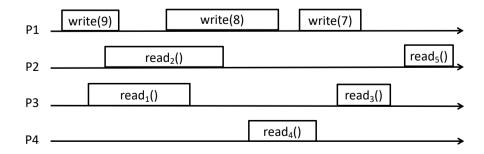


Answer to the following questions:

- 1. Provide ALL the possible delivery sequences that satisfies causal order and TO (UA, SUTO)
- 2. Complete the execution in order to have a run satisfying TO (UA WNUTO), FIFO order Broadcast but not Causal Order Broadcast
- 3. Complete the execution in order to have a run satisfying Regular Reliable Broadcast but not Uniform Reliable Broadcast and not satisfying Total Order.

**NOTE:** In order to solve the exercise, you can only add broadcast, deliveries and failures.

Ex 3: Consider the partial execution depicted in the Figure



Answer to the following questions:

- 1. Define <u>ALL</u> the values that can be returned by read operations (Rx) assuming that the run refers to a regular register.
- 2. Define <u>ALL</u> the values that can be returned by read operations (Rx) assuming that the run refers to an atomic register.
- 3. Assign to each read operations (Rx) a return value that makes the execution linearizable.

## Ex 4: Let us consider the following algorithm

```
upon event \langle frb, \text{Init} \rangle do

lsn := 0;
pending := \emptyset;
next := [1]^N;

upon event \langle frb, \text{Broadcast} \mid m \rangle do

lsn := lsn + 1;
for each p \in \Pi do

trigger \langle Send \mid [\text{DATA}, self, m, lsn] \rangle to p;

upon event \langle \text{Deliver} \mid p, [\text{DATA}, s, m, sn] \rangle do

pending := pending \cup \{(s, m, sn)\};

while exists (s, m', sn') \in pending such that sn' = next[s] do

next[s] := next[s] + 1;
pending := pending \setminus \{(s, m', sn')\};

trigger \langle frb, \text{Deliver} \mid s, m' \rangle;
```

Assuming that messages are sent by using perfect point to point links, for each of the following properties, discuss if it satisfied or not and provide a motivation for your answer:

- *Validity:* If a correct process p broadcasts a message m, then p eventually delivers m.
- *No duplication*: No message is delivered more than once.
- *No creation:* If a process delivers a message m with sender s, then m was previously broadcast by process s.
- *Agreement*: If a message m is delivered by some correct process, then m is eventually delivered by every correct process.
- *FIFO delivery*: If some process broadcasts message m<sub>1</sub> before it broadcasts message m<sub>2</sub>, then no correct process delivers m<sub>2</sub> unless it has already delivered m<sub>1</sub>.

Ex 5: Consider a distributed system constituted by n processes  $\prod = \{p_1, p_2... p_n\}$  with unique identifiers that exchange messages through perfect point-to-point links and are structured through a ring (i.e., each process  $p_i$  can exchange messages only with processes and  $p_{i+1 \pmod{n}}$ ). Processes may crash and each process is equipped with a perfect oracle (having the interface  $new\_next(p)$ ) reporting a new neighbor when the previous one is failing.

Write the pseudo-code of an algorithm implementing a Uniform Reliable Broadcast communication primitive.

According to the Italian law 675 of the 31/12/96, I authorize the instructor of the course to publish on the
web site of the course results of the exams.
Signature: