1	IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
2	x
3	EDWARD F. MARACICH, ET AL., :
4	Petitioners : No. 12-25
5	v. :
6	MICHAEL EUGENE SPEARS, ET AL. :
7	x
8	Washington, D.C.
9	Wednesday, January 9, 2013
10	
11	The above-entitled matter came on for oral
12	argument before the Supreme Court of the United States
13	at 11:16 a.m.
14	APPEARANCES:
15	JOSEPH R. GUERRA, ESQ., Washington, D.C.; on behalf of
16	Petitioners.
17	PAUL D. CLEMENT, ESQ., Washington, D.C.; on behalf of
18	Respondents.
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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(11:16 a.m.)
3	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: We will hear
4	argument next in Case 12-25, Maracich v. Spears.
5	Mr. Guerra?
6	ORAL ARGUMENT OF JOSEPH R. GUERRA
7	ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONERS
8	MR. GUERRA: Mr. Chief Justice, and may it
9	please the Court:
10	The DPPA requires express consent when personal
11	information in the DMV databases is used for bulk
12	solicitation. The express consent requirement is
13	Congress's considered response to one of the core
14	problems that the DPPA targets, and the litigation
15	exception creates no exception for lawyers.
16	In fact, when Congress intended to create an
17	explicit exception
18	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Does it create an
19	exception for research? Let's assume that a university
20	wanted to do a research project, and it needs subjects.
21	I get solicited for it all the time.
22	Does this exception apply to them, too?
23	MR. GUERRA: Our view, Your Honor, as we
24	indicated in our reply brief, is it would not because we
25	believe (b)(12)'s consent requirement governs commercial

- 1 bulk use of DMV information, which is clear from the
- 2 fact that it's focusing on marketing and solicitation
- 3 and also from the history behind the statute, which is
- 4 very much aimed at use of DMV information --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: It says, "surveys," not
- 6 just marketing or solicitations.
- 7 MR. GUERRA: Yes, it does, Justice
- 8 Sotomayor.
- 10 commercial component, but there appears to be a
- 11 noncommercial component as well.
- MR. GUERRA: We -- we think, Justice
- 13 Sotomayor, that this statute is sensibly construed to --
- 14 under the noscitur a sociis principle that we are
- 15 relying on elsewhere in our argument with respect to
- (b)(4). That that same principle applies to the three
- 17 things that -- that the bulk solicitation -- the bulk
- 18 use provision governs and, particularly, when you look
- 19 at the history underlying the statute which was very
- 20 much aimed at use of the information for direct
- 21 marketing.
- 22 And so -- as I was saying, Congress made
- 23 clear --
- 24 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Does that apply to the
- 25 States, too, when they want to market against drunk

- 1 driving, they want to market against -- for their health
- 2 insurance processes versus private processes for State
- 3 drug provided --
- 4 MR. GUERRA: Justice Sotomayor, I believe
- 5 what your first question sounded -- your first example
- 6 sounded like it was a noncommercial use. I think that
- 7 in the -- in the case where the State is acting as a
- 8 commercial entity, the same rules we would -- we would
- 9 apply with respect to lawyer solicitation would apply
- 10 there.
- 11 And the reason I say that -- and the reason
- 12 I think it's so clear that Congress intended that really
- 13 lies in the language of Subsection (b)(2) because,
- 14 there, Congress made clear that it understood that these
- 15 provisions are not wholly independent permissions and,
- 16 in fact, that the consent requirement governs all
- 17 commercial bulk use, absent an explicit exception.
- 18 And, if you take a look, it's in the second
- 19 page of the addendum to our opening brief. And it says
- 20 that, "Personal information may be used in connection
- 21 with matters of motor vehicle market research activity,
- 22 including survey research."
- 23 Congress included the survey research clause
- 24 because a commercial bulk survey using personal
- information would otherwise be governed by (b)(12)'s

1	consent	requirement,	and	so	Congress	had	to	make	clear
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- 2 that it was creating an exception for one industry to
- 3 engage in this one particular type of bulk use.
- 4 And the reason we know that the survey
- 5 research clause means that is because, under
- 6 Respondent's interpretation, it has no affect
- 7 whatsoever. If -- if, as they say, each of these
- 8 clauses is wholly independent and sufficient to
- 9 authorize whatever it covers, a phrase covering "in
- 10 connection with matters of motor vehicle market research
- 11 activities" would, in and of itself, cover the subset of
- 12 motor vehicle market research survey research.
- So to give that clause any effect, you must
- 14 understand that it's overriding the express consent
- 15 requirement of (b)(12) and -- such that you now have to,
- 16 when you look at the other provisions that might
- 17 authorize bulk commercial use, find a comparably
- 18 explicit authorization, and you can't find that in
- 19 (b)(4). (B)(4) says nothing about solicitation, much
- 20 less bulk solicitation. And --
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: It says, "anticipation of
- 22 litigation in connection" --
- MR. GUERRA: Yes.
- 24 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Not only ongoing
- 25 litigation, but it can be used in connection with

- 1 anticipation of litigation.
- 2 MR. GUERRA: Yes, Justice Ginsburg. But my
- 3 point is that, in (b)(2), you find an explicit
- 4 authorization for survey research, which is one of the
- 5 very three topics covered in (b)(12) itself. When you
- 6 look at (b)(4), you don't see anything about
- 7 solicitation, which is the kind of explicit override
- 8 that (b)(2) indicates Congress wanted or -- or is
- 9 necessary in order to conclude that another subsection
- overrides (b)(12)'s express consent requirement.
- 11 JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. -- Mr. Guerra, I have to
- 12 admit that, given what a mess this statute is, those
- 13 three words don't quite do it for me. So, I mean,
- 14 the -- the argument against you, right, is -- as to
- using (b)(12) to define (b)(4), is that, look, this is
- 16 just a list of exceptions to a general prohibition, and
- 17 no one is more general or specific than any other, and
- 18 all you have to do is fit within one of them. And it
- 19 doesn't matter whether you don't fit within two of them,
- 20 if you don't fit within one of them.
- 21 So then the question would be: Are you
- 22 covered by (b)(4) or not? If not, are you covered by
- 23 (b)(12) or not?
- 24 MR. GUERRA: Well, Justice Kagan, with
- 25 respect, number one, I don't think you can so readily

	1	dismiss	the		the	inter	pretive	import	of	those	thre
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- words because they don't have any function other than to
- override the express consent requirement in (b)(12).
- 4 And, if there is no need -- if (b)(12) doesn't apply to
- 5 any other subsection, there is no need to be overriding
- 6 it in (b)(2).
- 7 But we don't rely solely on that -- the
- 8 force of those three words. It's also the case that
- 9 (b)(2) -- excuse me, (b)(12) is one of the core
- 10 provisions of the statute, in the sense that it's aimed
- 11 at one of the fundamental problems that prompted passage
- of the Act in the first place, which was DMVs collecting
- information, then making it available to direct
- 14 marketers.
- 15 And so you are in a situation where you've
- 16 got a core restriction aimed at a core problem this
- 17 Statute
- is designed to -- to resolve, but -- whereas (b)(4) is
- 19 one of the few subsections that authorize access to the
- 20 most sensitive information that Congress -- excuse me,
- 21 that DMVs were -- were collecting.
- 22 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: It's kind of hard to
- argue, when you have (b)s (1) through (14), that (b)(12)
- is the core provision. Usually, it's -- it's 1 of 14
- 25 items in a list.
- MR. GUERRA: Mr. Chief Justice, what I mean

1	by that is that we know it's it's core in the sense
2	that it's aimed at one of the core problems that
3	Congress was addressing. And (b)(4), by contrast, is
4	one of the few provisions in which Congress authorized
5	access to the most sensitive information DMVs collect,
6	such as medical and disability status and Social
7	Security numbers.
8	And we submit it's simply implausible to
9	think that a Congress concerned with undue
10	public/private access to DMV information would, in the
11	same statute, grant lawyers the right a unique right,
12	to use that highly sensitive information in order to
13	engage in bulk solicitation.
14	And, in fact, the legislative record here is
15	devoid of any evidence that Congress was aware that
16	lawyers ever made use of DMV information for
17	solicitation, much less that or that they
18	contemplated it, much less that Congress made a
19	conscious decision to allow them to
20	JUSTICE GINSBURG: Do you recognize that you
21	could use (b)(4) to identify class members?
22	MR. GUERRA: We do, Your Honor. And and
23	that's that is because that is not a solicitation.
24	That class notice is advising people who are not aware
25	that there is pending litigation that could affect their

1 rights. 2. JUSTICE GINSBURG: So -- so if it's -- if 3 it's a solicitation, suppose this information was a -- the 4 recent automobile purchaser was asked: Did you buy a 5 car recently? Were you charged this additional fee? Period. That would be okay? 6 7 MR. GUERRA: Your Honor, yes. It would be 8 okay -- well, let me just say if -- if the person --JUSTICE GINSBURG: That would come under 9 10 (b)(4)? 11 MR. GUERRA: Justice Ginsburg, if I may just 12 qualify my answer, yes, if you were investigating claims 13 on behalf of a potential client. I don't think -- I 14 don't think people can just go down to the DMV and answer questions of personal interests to themselves --15 or lawyers, for that matter. But that is an instance in 16 17 which you are simply engaging in investigation, assuming 18 that you are investigating a possible lawsuit, and not a 19 circumstance in which you are engaging in solicitation. 20 And that is a fundamental difference. 21 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well, aren't we going to 22 be told the whole essence of the class action is you 23 have to see if there is an injury that goes beyond some particular clients that you know. And isn't this --24

isn't this investigation in anticipation?

1	MR. GUERRA: Your Honor Justice Kennedy,
2	if they had limited their activities to conducting an
3	investigation, to determine the scope of a potential
4	claim, we would have no quarrel with that.
5	JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well, the anticipation is,
6	are are you willing to join the class?
7	MR. GUERRA: But that
8	JUSTICE KENNEDY: Isn't that critical?
9	MR. GUERRA: No no, Justice Kennedy, I
10	don't think so. And I think the point of (b)(4) is it's
11	focused on proceedings, not on lawyers. And it's
12	asking its basic goal is to ensure that tribunals can
13	do their job.
14	JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well, I do think you are
15	helped somewhat by the the chronological progression
16	here, is it including the service of process, which
17	means the case has already started, and then
18	investigation in anticipation of the litigation that
19	follows the service of process.
20	So it it is true that there is a
21	chronological aspect. In order, it seems to me, for the
22	Respondents to prevail, they have to say that
23	investigation in anticipation of litigation also
24	precedes service of process.
25	MR. GUERRA: They would, and I think they do

1	make that argument, Justice Kennedy. My point is that
2	the focus of $(b)(4)$ is on the tribunals, in ensuring
3	that they have they can have the information, that
4	they can do their job, which is to make and enforce
5	judgments. Lawyers get information under (b)(4) when
6	they act as officers of these tribunals, not for their
7	own commercial benefit. When
8	JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. Guerra, where do you get
9	that from, in $(b)(4)$, this focus on tribunals, rather
10	than lawyers? Because you know, the the
11	investigation is done by lawyers, right? And that's a
12	critical part of $(b)(4)$, so where where does that
13	come from in the statute?
14	MR. GUERRA: It comes from the phrase "for
15	use in connection with any civil, criminal,
16	administrative or arbitral proceeding in any Federal,

- 17 State, or local court or agency." And -18 JUSTICE KAGAN: But then it includes things
- 19 that are clearly done by lawyers.
- MR. GUERRA: Right. My point is that
 lawyers get access when they act as officers of those
 tribunals, not for their own commercial self-interests.
 And an investigation in anticipation of litigation is an
 obligation that all lawyers have, to ensure that they
 have a well-founded factual basis for bringing a lawsuit

- 1 in the first instance. 2. JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well, are -- are you 3 saying that the study must be either a solicitation or 4 an investigation? It can't be both? Why can't it be 5 both? MR. GUERRA: Because, Justice Kennedy, the 6 7 DM -- the DPPA is designed to -- it was aiming at a fundamental problem of private individuals obtaining DMV 8 information for commercial solicitation purposes. And 9 10 Congress, we know, wanted to stop that in the absence 11 of consent. So -- by the same token, they wanted to 12 make sure that they weren't intruding on the information 13 that courts and other tribunals need to do their jobs. 14 And so the -- the distinction is you can engage in an investigation because that's acting as an 15 officer of the court, in order to help the court 16 17 ultimately render its judgment. 18 JUSTICE GINSBURG: That's why -- would 19 you -- I want to make sure I understood your prior 20 answer. You said, I thought, that it would have been
- okay to get the information from the bureau and then ask, did you buy a car recently? Did you have this additional charge? Now, suppose -- you said that was all right?
- MR. GUERRA: That -- Justice Ginsburg, I

1	apologize if I am not making myself clear enough. The
2	vital distinction is between investigative activity to
3	ensure that you have a well-founded basis to file a
4	lawsuit, versus solicitation
5	JUSTICE GINSBURG: Well, isn't that
6	wasn't that crystal-clear here? Because the dealers
7	were saying, you can't go forward unless you have a
8	plaintiff to match every dealer. You're trying to bring
9	a representative action, but your list of plaintiffs,
10	none of them bought from Dealer Z. So we are
11	investigating to see if we can have a representative
12	action with a line-up of plaintiffs, each of whom has
13	purchased from a list of defendants.
14	MR. GUERRA: Justice Ginsburg, determining
15	that there are there are enough plaintiffs to justify

- that there are -- there are enough plaintiffs to justify
 a class or group action is the -- the investigative
 activity, but, when you go on to invite them -- and the
 Fourth Circuit ruled that these letters were
 solicitations, and that ruling is not before this Court
 at this point --
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: Well, suppose we had -
 what -- it was limited to did you buy the car, did you

 pay the fee? And then somebody who --
- MR. GUERRA: Justice Ginsburg -- I'm sorry
 to interrupt, but something distracted my -- I couldn't

- 1 hear the beginning of your question.
- 2 JUSTICE GINSBURG: We -- we have just those
- 3 questions, no -- are you interested in joining a
- 4 lawsuit, please call us. But somebody who receives this
- 5 notice, it just asks, did you buy a car, did you pay the
- 6 charge, then calls the lawyer's office and says, tell me
- 7 something about this letter that you told me -- that
- 8 you -- you sent to me.
- 9 And how does the lawyer answer?
- 10 MR. GUERRA: If the lawyer answers by asking
- investigative questions, when did you buy the car, were
- 12 you charged these fees, were -- were you advised, were
- they prominently displayed, all of which is in gathering
- information for the lawsuit, then the lawyer is engaging
- in permissible investigative prefiling activity --
- 16 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: If the lawyer had said
- more -- did you buy a car, did you get charged the fee,
- 18 we're investigating this to determine whether this is --
- 19 violates the law -- is that okay?
- 20 MR. GUERRA: It still is, Your -- Your
- 21 Honor. The critical line --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So the only -- the only
- thing that's bad is to say, come call us for a
- 24 consultation?
- 25 MR. GUERRA: If you were interested in

Т	participating as in this proceeding. And
2	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So what's the difference
3	between that and how you answered Justice Ginsburg, when
4	she said class notice would be okay?
5	MR. GUERRA: Because class notice is not a
6	proposal of a of a relation a commercial
7	transaction. It is noticed
8	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Wait a minute. It's
9	joining the class or opting out.
10	MR. GUERRA: Correct.
11	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: And, when you join the
12	class, you have a commercial relationship with the
13	lawyer no different than being a named plaintiff.
14	MR. GUERRA: But the function of class
15	notice is not to enable class lawyers to solicit
16	clients. It is to enable courts to render binding
17	judgments and to satisfy due process requirements, so
18	that people unaware of a litigation do not have their
19	rights forfeited. That is fundamentally different
20	than than soliciting clients.
21	And I realize that
22	JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. Guerra, that
23	distinction I understand that you are deriving some
24	of it from (b)(12), but if I just just assume with
25	me that (b)(12) has nothing to do with anything, and you

1	were just limited to $(b)(4)$, can you find that
2	distinction in (b)(4)?
3	MR. GUERRA: Your Honor, I think the point
4	here is that, if you look at the conduct that is
5	specified in the three examples, it is all activity that
6	lawyers would be engaging in as officers of a court.
7	And this Court has repeatedly recognized that there is a
8	fundamental difference between lawyers acting in their
9	own commercial capacities, as opposed to officers of a
10	court.
11	And
12	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: How how is
13	somebody conducting an investigation in anticipation of
14	litigation it hasn't started yet acting as an
15	officer of the court?
16	MR. GUERRA: Because they're discharging
17	their responsibility to ensure that they bring
18	well-founded claims and don't file suits without I
19	mean, under Rule 11, you have to have a well-founded
20	factual basis for the allegations in the complaint.
21	So you need to do
22	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, that just
23	seems to me to be saying a lawyer is always acting

MR. GUERRA: Mr. Chief Justice, with

as an officer of the court.

24

Τ	respect
2	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: When you're
3	preparing a discovery request, when you're
4	anything anything that the officer functions
5	MR. GUERRA: I think most times, when you
6	are in engaging in litigation or pre-filing an
7	investigation, that would be true, and that's that
8	would be all protected under $(b)(4)$. The difference
9	is there is a there is a distinction. This Court
10	has recognized that lawyers have multiple capacities.
11	They wear three hats. They are they represent
12	clients, they're officers of courts, and they're
13	commercial actors
14	JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. Guerra, don't you
15	think I mean, I understand the distinction. The
16	lawyer as commercial actor versus lawyer as officer of
17	the court. But, boy, it's hard to get that from the
18	words here. I mean, that that seems like the kind of
19	old-time legislative interpretation, where we just
20	figured out the statute that we hoped Congress would
21	have written, as opposed to the statute that it did.
22	I mean, tell me where that distinction is in
23	this in this provision.
24	MR. GUERRA: Well, Justice Kagan, for one
25	thing I think that even if you decide that (b)(12) is

Τ.	not governing (b) (b)(4), it's still part of the
2	statute. And it still demonstrates that Congress was
3	concerned about people using DMV information in order to
4	engage in commercial activity.
5	And so the question then is, here's $(b)(4)$,
6	which says, we're authorizing use of information for use
7	in tribunals. There's no mention of lawyers here. And
8	so the question is and this provision authorizes use
9	of the most sensitive information that that DMVs
10	collect.
11	So the question you have to ask yourself is:
12	In light of (b)(12) and the fact that we know Congress
13	was trying to stop use of DMV information for
14	non-consensual solicitations, is it reasonable to think
15	that this clause authorizes lawyers to use disability
16	status and medical information in order to go find and
17	solicit clients?
18	And I submit it is not, particularly if you
19	take the same broad reading that the Respondents argue
20	for, the "in connection with" language, and you apply
21	that to $(b)(6)$ and $(b)(10)$, then you have these truly
22	incongruous results, where this Court in Condon
23	recognized that insurers were one of the purchasers of
24	the information that DMVs were selling and using it to
25	direct market, and yet, in connection with underwriting,

1 we've demonstrated that would mean that that is an 2 activity in connection with the business of insurance. JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well, I -- I understand 3 4 your argument about (12), but I -- I do think that you 5 ought to assume we might interpret this statute, so that each of these is independent, and you have to 6 7 concentrate on (4). You keep going back to (12), when 8 we're talking about (4). If you talk about (4) for a minute, it seems 9 10 to me that you might give away too much because the 11 statute says, "including service of process," which 12 means the suit has to begin and then investigation in 13 anticipation of the litigation that will follow after 14 that suit has come in. 15 But you seem to give that away. You seem to 16 think that investigation in anticipation of litigation 17 can be before the suit is filed. You -- you seem to 18 concede that. 19 MR. GUERRA: Justice Kennedy --20 JUSTICE KENNEDY: I don't know why you 21 concede that. 2.2 MR. GUERRA: I guess I -- I've never 23 understood that -- after service of process, it's still

in anticipation of litigation. It's been my

understanding that service of process --

24

1	JUSTICE GINSBURG: It doesn't necessarily
2	follow
3	MR. GUERRA: It initiates
4	JUSTICE GINSBURG: that they they are
5	describing only what goes on in the court. If you just
6	took the phrase "investigation in anticipation of
7	litigation, " "in anticipation of " sounds like before
8	litigation begins.
9	MR. GUERRA: I am not disputing that,
-0	Justice Ginsburg. My point is, though, even the the
L1	(b)(6) and (b)(10) examples I just gave,
_2	Justice Kennedy, don't it's not a reliance on (b)(12)
13	anymore. It's just demonstrating why it's implausible
4	to think that the phrase "in connection with" should be
_5	read so literally that it authorizes anything that can
. 6	be shown to have a connection with the subject matter.
L 7	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: You you said earlier,
8	and it set me to thinking, that why would in
9	anticipation of litigation permit access to all of this
20	very personal information? And I don't know that, yes,
21	it does permit access, but only in anticipation of
22	litigation. So you have to prove, before you get things
23	like Social Security number, driver anything else
24	all they asked for was name and addresses, I understand.
25	MR GUERRA: Justice Sotomayor that's true

- in this case, but if you -- if you read before, the way
- 2 Respondents are asking you to read it, there's no
- 3 limitation in the statute that says you can specify --
- 4 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Well, yes, there is.
- 5 There is a limitation that you're actually going to use
- 6 it in relationship to the litigation, number one. And
- 7 the States are obligated to ensure that what they
- 8 release is actually covered by one of these exceptions.
- 9 MR. GUERRA: If you interpret (b)(4) to
- 10 authorize access by lawyers in connection -- based on
- 11 the theory that they are -- it's in connection with some
- 12 litigation, they will have access --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But they have to explain
- 14 why.
- 15 MR. GUERRA: You -- the -- the request in
- 16 this case simply said, "pursuant to (b)(4) of the
- 17 statute."
- 18 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: No, no, no. As I read,
- 19 the first one is: We want to see if there is a pattern
- of overcharging; give us the names and addresses of
- 21 people who have recently bought a car. That seems, to
- me, pretty specific as to what they want and why they
- 23 need it. And I think it's pretty easy for the State to
- 24 say this fits.
- 25 MR. GUERRA: Justice Sotomayor, two points:

- 1 The four requests that followed after the first two said
- 2 nothing of the sort, and the State gave me information.
- 3 It just said pursuant to the subsection that we're
- 4 talking about right now.
- 5 In addition, there is no reason why lawyers
- 6 couldn't go in and say, I would like to identify -- I am
- 7 investigating whether people have claims for a
- 8 disability claims or -- or based on their medical
- 9 status, and I would like information of that ilk from --
- 10 from the DMV. (B)(4) authorizes those -- that -- the
- 11 provision of that information. And it doesn't say that
- there has to be some heightened showing by -- by the
- lawyers in order to obtain it. So --
- 14 JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. Guerra, suppose I am a
- 15 lawyer, and I want to bring a toxic tort case, and I am
- 16 really -- I am looking for witnesses who have the same
- 17 kind of symptoms as my client had. And so I put out a
- 18 letter saying -- you know, have you have been exposed
- 19 and -- and tell me about it, so that I can find out if
- 20 you are a good witness, and -- you know, if you have, I
- 21 would also like to represent you. Would -- would that
- 22 count?
- MR. GUERRA: Two points, Justice Kagan. The
- 24 first is that you have highlighted why this is such a
- 25 unique loophole for one very discrete class of lawyers.

1	Most toxic tort lawyers cannot go to a DMV and say, I
2	need the names and address of people.
3	JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, I guess what I was
4	suggesting was that, if I was just asking for witnesses,
5	you would have to say that that was included by (b)(4);
6	is that right?
7	MR. GUERRA: I do. I do acknowledge that.
8	JUSTICE KAGAN: So, now, the court the
9	lawyer is saying, in addition to your help as a witness,
10	if you have the same symptoms you know, you can join
11	the suit.
12	MR. GUERRA: And I think that that's an
13	improper use. The Congress did not create this
14	authorization to go down to get the most sensitive
15	information in order to enable lawyers to find clients
16	more easily than they might otherwise find them. And so
17	investigation in anticipation of litigation is one use
18	that Congress authorized, and, as I have suggested, it's
19	a use that helps a lawyer discharge his or her
20	responsibility to a court.

- 21 Asking somebody --
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: I don't know why this

 case doesn't fit that description because the -- the

 position that the dealers were taking was you can't -
 you ought to maintain a representative action. The

- 1 State has such an animal, it's not quite a class action,
- 2 representative action. To qualify, the group must be
- 3 numerous.
- 4 So how am I going to find out if it's
- 5 numerous, without asking these questions?
- 6 MR. GUERRA: You -- you can ask every
- question up to, "Would you like to be a plaintiff in the
- 8 lawsuit, and that would be fine. That's the dividing
- 9 line.
- 10 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Might that get the lawyer
- into some difficulty with the Bar Association? They'll
- 12 look at this and say, look, we told you, if you are --
- if you are seeking clients, then you have to put
- 14 advertising material. And a letter like that would tip
- 15 the recipient off to something is going on, I should
- 16 find out about it, and maybe I should join it.
- 17 MR. GUERRA: Justice Ginsburg, I think that
- 18 the -- the fact that that might trigger an obligation to
- 19 make a disclosure is not dispositive of whether it's a
- 20 solicitation. It would still be an objective factual
- 21 inquiry. And, if there were no indications in the
- 22 letter that someone is being invited to join a lawsuit,
- then it would be permissible investigation.
- I would like to point out, though, in terms
- of why they needed this information, these lawyers filed

1	suits initially against dozens and, later, against
2	hundreds of defendants, where they had no client with
3	any claim against that defendant. Then they went to the
4	DMV, and they found over 30,000 names and addresses and
5	sent out what the Fourth Circuit determined were
6	solicitations, in order to get clients in the claims
7	they had already improperly asserted.
8	They did not need that information to
9	indicate the interest of the named plaintiffs they
10	already had. Those people had standing to sue
11	JUSTICE GINSBURG: But then there is a whole
12	string of defendants who were doing the same thing
13	the same allegedly unlawful practice, they couldn't
14	reach without getting additional plaintiffs.
15	MR. GUERRA: But their their clients have
16	no interest or need to reach those other dealerships.
17	They have a claim against the dealers with whom they
18	dealt
19	JUSTICE GINSBURG: But their client is a
20	is a group. This this is not an individual action
21	MR. GUERRA: That's true, Justice Ginsburg.
22	JUSTICE GINSBURG: The statute says sue for
23	the benefit of the whole.
24	MR. GUERRA: And and the South Carolina
25	State court said that each named individual could sue

1	for the benefit of everyone who dealt with the same
2	dealer that that plaintiff dealt with, so there is no
3	inconsistency. And, of course, even if they want to try
4	to affect the conduct of the of the dealerships, with
5	whom their clients never dealt with, they could still
6	get declaratory relief.
7	I would like to reserve the balance of my
8	time.
9	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, counsel.
L O	Mr. Clement?
1	ORAL ARGUMENT OF PAUL D. CLEMENT
_2	ON BEHALF OF THE RESPONDENTS
13	MR. CLEMENT: Mr. Chief Justice, and may it
_4	please the Court:
.5	The DPPA is an unusual statute. It directly
L 6	regulates the State's use of their own databases and
L 7	imposes massive civil liability and criminal penalties
_8	for violations. It regulates it in a relatively
_9	distinct way, which is it makes disclosures
20	presumptively unlawful, but then has 14 permissible use
21	provisions for which the State may, but does not must,
22	may disclose the information.
23	The scope of those 14 permissible use
24	provisions then becomes quite important for determining
25	whether or not a statute that was originally designed

1	primarily	to	regulate	the	commercial	sale	οf	DMV
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- 2 information becomes intrusive into matters of
- 3 traditional State regulation or imposes massive
- 4 liability without the requisite clarity.
- Now, I would have thought that it was fairly
- 6 clear that, but for a resort to the specific controls to
- 7 the general canon, that all of the activity at issue
- 8 here comes comfortably within the language of (b)(4)
- 9 because, if you look at that language, it is remarkably
- 10 broad. Congress uses the word "any" three times. It
- 11 uses "in connection with," which I think we all know is
- 12 a term of breadth. And then it uses "including" and
- uses illustrative examples.
- 14 And I think the only thing that really
- 15 brings these examples together is Congress seems to be
- 16 covering the litigation process from cradle to grave.
- 17 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: One thing we also
- 18 know about the "in connection with" language is that we
- 19 have said, it can't really mean "in connection with," as
- 20 broadly as that -- the Morales case, I guess, it has to
- 21 have a more narrow meaning. Otherwise, everything would
- 22 be covered.
- MR. CLEMENT: Mr. Chief Justice, that's
- 24 exactly right. But the whole reason it has to have
- some limit is because it's presumptively quite broad.

Т	And if I mean, for those who look at legislative
2	history, the evolution of this provision, as it it
3	was changed twice in the legislative process.
4	And it started out that Congress was going
5	to have a permissible use just for use in litigation
6	involving motor vehicles. Then they dropped "motor
7	vehicles" and just said, "use in litigation." And then,
8	in the final iteration, they said, "use in connection
9	with litigation." So, clearly, they were trying to
10	broaden it.
11	Now, I I would be the first to admit that
12	there has to be some limit, and we certainly wouldn't
13	say, for example, that if lawyers you know, decide in
14	this case, well you know, we got this DMV information
15	for perfectly legitimate purposes involved in a
16	litigation, but, now, we are sitting on a gold mine, so
17	we should try to sell sell these same people floor
18	mats or wiper blades or something. I mean, of course,
19	they can't do that. So there are limits, but I think
20	JUSTICE BREYER: Can they do this: Can
21	can Lawyer Smith say you know, there are some
22	products in this State that I really suspect are not
23	being properly made, and I have probably a tort suit;
24	and the damages are awfully small; I would like to get
25	10 or 20,000 plaintiffs. I wonder if there is anybody

1	interested?	,

- 2 And then what he does is -- I have to write
- 3 them a letter, and I know where I can get the names and
- 4 addresses, from the DMV.
- 5 So he goes to the DMV and says, I would like
- 6 the names of everybody who -- I'd like all your names
- 7 and addresses, and I intend to write them all and send
- 8 them a letter and say, I suspect there is some fishy
- 9 business going on here in the dress manufacturers; would
- 10 you like to tell me about what happened? Is that
- 11 possible? Can they do that?
- 12 MR. CLEMENT: It may or may not, depending
- on where you draw the line.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Well, what do you --
- 15 MR. CLEMENT: But can I say something before
- 16 we talk about that? You know, if they are really trying
- to go after the dress manufacturers --
- JUSTICE BREYER: Yes.
- 19 MR. CLEMENT: -- they can go to the phone
- 20 book, they can go to the title records office, there is
- 21 lots of places they can go, if what they want is just
- 22 general information about people. And the only State
- 23 database that Congress has seen fit to regulate is DMV
- databases.
- 25 JUSTICE BREYER: Well, maybe they -- maybe

- 1 this is all passe. Maybe -- perhaps they could get this
- 2 information elsewhere, but I guess we have to deal with
- 3 this statute --
- 4 MR. CLEMENT: But, Justice Breyer, that's
- 5 part of the reason I'm pointing --
- 6 JUSTICE BREYER: So maybe what they want is
- 7 they want the names of all the people who've ever had a
- 8 car -- you know, because they think there's something
- 9 special about a car, and they think that's going to be
- 10 connected. But you see what I'm driving at.
- MR. CLEMENT: I --
- 12 JUSTICE BREYER: You have no lawsuit, but
- you are going to get one if you can, and you have
- grounds for thinking that there is some suspicious
- 15 defendants, and what you are looking for is plaintiffs.
- 16 That's all.
- MR. CLEMENT: Sure. And --
- JUSTICE BREYER: All you are looking for is
- 19 plaintiffs. Now, can you, under this statute, go and
- 20 get the information, where all you are looking for is
- 21 plaintiffs for your lawsuit? So far, you know how many
- 22 plaintiffs you have? None.
- MR. CLEMENT: I think, actually, the best
- answer, at the end of the day, is it depends on whether
- 25 you are focused on a specific transaction, occurrence,

1 defect, so I think you might ultimately --2. JUSTICE BREYER: All right. Is your answer 3 what I have in my mind -- I'm just repeating the same 4 question. I will do that -- I have some reason for 5 thinking there are a whole bunch of defendants here who 6 have done something wrong. All I am lacking is a 7 plaintiff, and what I want to do is get the names of potential plaintiffs. It's the same question. 8 9 asked that three times. Either you can, in your view, 10 get it under this lawsuit, or you cannot. 11 MR. CLEMENT: I would say the best answer is 12 that you can. If you don't like that answer and you 13 want to draw the line in a different place --14 JUSTICE BREYER: No, no. I'm not liking or 15 All I want to know is -dislikina. MR. CLEMENT: Well, here -- here's the 16 17 thing -- is I think there is a couple of places you 18 could draw the line, and I think there is a line drawing 19 question any time you have language like "in connection 20 with." The first would be, okay, I'm lawyers, and I 21 want to get clients for litigation. 2.2 You could say, well, that's enough of an "in 23 connection" requirement, so you can use that. I would say that that's probably on the other side of the line, 24

but you could just say that's close enough.

1	The other place you could draw the line is
2	when you have a specific transaction, occurrence,
3	defect, so that there be would be a difference. If I
4	if I get this information and send people letters and
5	say, I see you bought a new car in the last two years
6	you know, there is a lemon law in this State
7	JUSTICE BREYER: Wait, wait. Now, that's
8	your now, that's the line. As to some of these
9	defendants, what he's saying is, these lawyers had no
10	client that my defendant hurt, none.
11	MR. CLEMENT: Well
12	JUSTICE BREYER: And as to some of these,
13	but not all the requests, all they were doing was they
14	were looking for somebody who bought a car from me. And
15	the reason they want that is to ask them what the
16	practice was, so they can get a plaintiff to do what the
17	complaint is about. So it's at least two or one or
18	two of the requests are like that.
19	MR. CLEMENT: No, they are not in the
20	following sense, Justice Breyer okay. Just to
21	understand kind of the chronology here, no request
22	FOIA request is made at all here until my clients have
23	been approached by individuals who are complaining,
24	okay? No letter goes out until the litigation is
25	actually filed. Now, they want to say

1	JUSTICE BREYER: Okay. So, now, repeat to
2	me I've got your point.
3	MR. CLEMENT: Okay.
4	JUSTICE BREYER: You have don't have to
5	prove it to me. All what I'm trying to get at is the
б	statement that I could write in an opinion that will
7	draw the boundary of this provision south of well,
8	the lawyer can go out when he has reason to believe that
9	a defendant has done something wrong and, to use a
10	pejorative, troll for clients.
11	MR. CLEMENT: Right.
12	JUSTICE BREYER: I want it south of that,
13	and, now, you will tell me the words I can use that will
14	both help your client because they will cover this case,
15	but will also be south of that. What are
16	JUSTICE SCALIA: What is what is south?
17	I don't have a compass here.
18	(Laughter.)
19	JUSTICE BREYER: South means south means
20	it does not you can't just go and troll for clients,
21	simply because you think a defendant has done something
22	wrong, and you have no client.
23	MR. CLEMENT: If you want to draw the line
24	south of the trolling line, then I think what you would

say is this is an easy case because no communication

- 1 took place until my clients had a client. And then they
- want to say, well, wait a second, your clients didn't
- 3 have a beef with the other dealers.
- 4 That's wrong. At all times in this suit,
- 5 they had a conspiracy claim against those other dealers.
- 6 So, even as to the individuals they already represented,
- 7 they had a beef with those dealers.
- 8 JUSTICE KENNEDY: I want -- I want to
- 9 interrupt just -- just one moment. I may have misheard,
- 10 or you may have misspoke. I thought you said that no
- 11 requests were sent until the suit was filed, but the
- 12 request was -- the first FOIA request was June 23rd,
- 2005; the second FOIA request was August 24, 2006; and
- this Herron suit was filed August 29, 2006.
- 15 MR. CLEMENT: Justice Kennedy --
- 16 JUSTICE KENNEDY: So letters were sent
- 17 before the suit was filed.
- 18 MR. CLEMENT: A FOIA request was made before
- 19 the suit was filed. No letter to a potential
- 20 witness/client was sent until after it was filed.
- 21 JUSTICE KENNEDY: But the -- yes, but the
- FOIA suit was made before the suit was filed.
- MR. CLEMENT: Sure. And the FOIA -- the two
- 24 FOIA requests that were made beforehand were
- 25 specifically noted that they were in anticipation of

1	litigation, and they were investigating, as Justice
2	Ginsburg suggested, as they needed to under State law,
3	whether this was a widespread practice. And
4	JUSTICE GINSBURG: Suppose you you said
5	that you had a few people came and complained to the
6	lawyers, and then the lawyers wanted to see how
7	widespread this was. Suppose the lawyer herself bought
8	a car recently, and she got this administrative fee.
9	And, now, she has no clients have approached her, but
10	she would like to find out how many similarly situated
11	people there are, so she can get one of these
12	representative actions going.
13	Could on that basis, would it be
14	permissible to use would that come under the
15	litigation exception?
16	MR. CLEMENT: I think it would,
17	Justice Ginsburg, because I think that, when you are
18	trying to figure out where to draw the line, you look to
19	the words in the statute, which you know that
20	"investigation in anticipation of litigation" is
21	covered, and I would think that would fit comfortably
22	within "investigation in anticipation of litigation."
23	And the
24	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: It would be it
25	would be a very poor lawyer who couldn't figure out how

- 1 to write this -- the letter he's going to send out in a
- 2 way that it could not be said to be investigation, as
- 3 opposed to solicitation.
- 4 If you have a problem with the windshield
- 5 wipers, you just send a letter saying, there is this big
- 6 problem with windshield wipers. I am a lawyer, I'm
- 7 representing -- or I hope to represent, or I will
- 8 represent a group of people who have this problem, and I
- 9 think we will recover some damages. Would you like to
- 10 be a witness in that case?
- 11 That is in anticipation of litigation, but
- it's also, quite plainly, an effort to solicit clients,
- 13 not just witnesses.
- MR. CLEMENT: I couldn't agree more,
- 15 Mr. Chief Justice, which is why the line can't really be
- 16 between investigation in anticipation of litigation and
- 17 solicitation in anticipation of litigation because that
- is too thin a line to make a \$200 million difference.
- 19 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: So where -- where is
- 20 the line?
- 21 MR. CLEMENT: The line is whether or not it
- is in anticipation of litigation or in connection with
- 23 litigation --
- 24 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: No, that's the
- 25 words -- that's the words of the statute. I'm trying to

- 1 figure out what they mean. If you think there is some
- 2 type of solicitation that the statute was meant to
- 3 prohibit, how do you draw a line that prohibits that,
- 4 but allows the sort of thing that you want to do?
- 5 MR. CLEMENT: I think the way you do is you
- 6 would basically say that, when they are saying, "in
- 7 anticipation of litigation, "they mean in anticipation
- 8 of a particular litigation, particular problem, and so
- 9 it's different --
- 10 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: That doesn't have to
- 11 be filed in court, that may just be --
- 12 MR. CLEMENT: Oh, absolutely not. I mean,
- it seems to me --
- 14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: -- residing in the
- brain of any lawyer who's looking for work.
- 16 MR. CLEMENT: No. They are -- they are
- 17 concerned about a particular thing, and I think the "in
- anticipation of litigation" language, I mean, that's not
- 19 the only time you have ever seen it before --
- 20 JUSTICE SCALIA: It's not just that
- 21 language. It's "investigation in anticipation of
- litigation." If I understand you correctly, you are
- 23 saying investigation includes solicitation.
- MR. CLEMENT: It --
- 25 JUSTICE SCALIA: Isn't that your position?

1	MR. CLEMENT: I think it is, though I guess
2	my point would be, even if you can identify some
3	solicitation that is not investigation, as long as it's
4	in connection with litigation, it's in $(b)(4)$, and then
5	I think
б	JUSTICE BREYER: Okay. So you are saying
7	that really this is a the way the statute works is it
8	says nobody can solicit, but for lawyers. And that's
9	not that makes more sense than you might think
10	because this was not a statute that was meant to
11	interfere with solicitation rules; it was meant to
12	interfere with commercial selling.
13	And and that's what this is about, and
14	there is a requirement, the requirement as to the
15	lawyer, in good faith, has to believe that, if he finds
16	a client, there's a case.
L7	MR. CLEMENT: I agree with everything,
18	except the first thing you said
19	JUSTICE BREYER: All right.
20	MR. CLEMENT: which is that this is a
21	prohibition on solicitation. If you look at the
22	structure of the statute, it says, presumptively, you
23	can't use this for anything. And then there are 14
24	permissions. And some of the permissions, like (b)(4),
25	are unconditional. If you come within (b)(4), you get

- 1 to use it. 2. Now, when you get to the end of the statute, 3 which is -- I respectfully suggest is not where you put 4 the core provisions, it's where you put the less favored 5 provisions -- then you have, in (b)(12), a conditional permission that you can use it, but only if you get 6 7 consent. 8 Now, the thrust of their position is, if you 9 are in one of the unconditional permissions, but you 10 also are, presumptively, in one of the conditional 11 permissions, somehow, that condition from (b)(12) hops over to (b)(12) -- (b)(4) and says --12 JUSTICE SCALIA: I don't -- I don't think 13 14 that is fair. I think their position is, to harmonize 15 (b)(4) and (b)(12), you have to interpret investigation, 16 not to include solicitation, because, otherwise, you 17 have a conflict, that (b)(12) prohibits solicitation, 18 unless you have the consent; whereas, (b)(4), which 19 says, "investigation," does not require consent. 20 Now, the two exist in perfect harmony if 21 investigation does not include solicitation, but 22 there -- there is a discrepancy between the two if it
- MR. CLEMENT: No, you don't. There is no

this is an exception from (b)(12).

23

24

does include solicitation. And you have to say, well,

- 1 discrepancy. A conditional -- like you get a green
- light for use in litigation. You get a yellow light for
- 3 solicitation. If you have solicitation in connection
- 4 with litigation, you're covered by both, you take the
- 5 green light, there is no conflict.
- 6 And the premise for your discussion was we
- 7 have to harmonize. I would take issue with that. If
- 8 you look at these 14 exemptions, there is tons of
- 9 overlap in them. Congress is not telling you that each
- 10 of these 14 exceptions has an exclusive area, and you
- 11 have to find out which field is preempted by (1), (2),
- 12 (3), (4), (5), (6), (7). If you look at (b)(1) and
- (b)(4), there is complete overlap.
- One of the things I would take issue with is
- my brother said that, well, (b)(4) is about the
- tribunal. No, it's not. (B)(1) is principally about
- the tribunal. (B)(1) is the provision that talks about
- 18 government actors and their functions, and it
- 19 specifically talks about torts.
- JUSTICE ALITO: (B)(4) is about -- (b)(4) is
- 21 about very sensitive information. You're talking about
- 22 people's Social Security numbers. You're talking about
- whether the person has a disability that they may not
- 24 want to disclose to the general public -- a person has
- 25 Parkinson's or -- or epilepsy or is diabetic.

1	And so you're just you're saying lawyers,
2	they they get all that stuff. Nobody else can, but
3	lawyers are a privileged class, and they get it.
4	MR. CLEMENT: Justice Alito, it is important
5	to recognize lawyers presumptively get it under Federal
6	law, but Federal law is only a floor. And so let's take
7	Social Security numbers, please, because, sure, as to
8	(b)(4) and $(b)(1)$ and two other provisions, Congress
9	says, presumptively, you can get Social Security
10	numbers.
11	You know what you know what State the
12	State of South Carolina says? You never get Social
13	Security numbers, unless you have a court order. They
14	put that right in their State FOIA law. And so that is
15	just another example of how this is a Federal floor.
16	States can release this information. They don't have
17	to.
18	And, to Justice Breyer's point, it makes
19	sense that you would distinguish between an attorney who
20	is subject to the Bar discipline, is subject to
21	oversight and solicitation process, and treat that
22	solicitation differently from a solicitation by a direct
23	marketer, which is what (b)(12) is clearly aimed at, not
24	the practice of law.
25	JUSTICE BREYER: The difficulty that

- 1 Justice Alito brings out is -- I see your
- 2 interpretation, and I hope the other side will give me
- 3 some line because they have the same problem -- you
- 4 know, but in reverse. What is the line?
- 5 But your way, it doesn't become that much of
- 6 a privacy statute. It's sort of a misnomer. It's a --
- 7 it's a statute that is designed to prevent the
- 8 commercial use of your -- of this personal information.
- 9 It's not really a privacy statute.
- 10 MR. CLEMENT: It's certainly not an
- 11 all-purpose privacy statute. I do think that's fair.
- 12 And the principal thing that they were concerned about,
- of course, is that you could look at somebody's license
- 14 plate and indiscriminately go down, pay a fee, and get
- 15 their home address.
- 16 Now, the one thing we know from (b)(4) is,
- if a lawyer wants to do that exact thing, to serve
- 18 process, the lawyer gets to do it. You can get
- somebody's license plate, go to the DMV, get an address,
- and serve process. And they specifically preserve that.
- 21 So we know, as to the core of the statute, they treated
- lawyers differently.
- They were also concerned with direct
- 24 marketers taking this information and using it to market
- 25 people, but I don't think you'd lump lawyer solicitation

Т	In anticipation of fittigation, which may put some finite					
2	on it, together with that.					
3	JUSTICE KENNEDY: But in anticipation of					
4	litigation does come after service of process, and an					
5	additional way to harmonize this statute with (12) is to					
6	say that, after the suit has been filed, then in					
7	anticipation of the litigation that that suit will					
8	engender, then you may get the information. But you					
9	didn't do that.					
10	MR. CLEMENT: There's two problems with that					
11	way of looking at the statute, I think I would					
12	respectfully suggest, Justice Kennedy. One is we are					
13	talking about items on an inclusive list, so even if you					
14	took your premise that that the anticipation of					
15	litigation in that list somehow is anticipation post					
16	service of process which I want to come back to					
17	even if you took that position, they are just things on					
18	an inclusive list. And so it wouldn't stop you from					
19	saying that the ultimate test here is whether it's in					
20	connection with litigation.					
21	But I guess I would go back to that and say					
22	I've never once thought that investigation in					
23	anticipation of litigation was something that would take					
24	place after service of process. I thought I mean					
25	JUSTICE KENNEDY: That's the way the					

- 1 statute's written. 2. MR. CLEMENT: Yeah, but I don't think that 3 that was an intentional thing on the Court's part, that 4 we're going to name these and we're going to name them 5 in chronological order. If they tried to do it, I think they got it wrong. 6 7 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Mr. Clement, I'm not 8 sure I'm satisfied with the answer you gave to Justice Scalia. He said, look, we've got to harmonize; 9 10 instead of general-specific, solicitation of clients is 11 different than investigation, and we just say they're mutually exclusive. It is a little bit of a general and 12 13 specific. And that's proven by (b)(2) because, when 14 (b)(2) wants to permit solicitation, it expressly says 15 it, and they didn't expressly say, "solicitation," in 16 (4). 17 That's, I think, your adversary's main 18 argument. And I'm -- I'm still not sure I'm comfortable 19 with the answer you're giving. You're saying they're 20 independent, but why are they necessarily conflicting? 21 MR. CLEMENT: Last word "conflicting"?
- or -- or conflicting or overlapping.

 MR. CLEMENT: I think -
 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I guess it's why are

2.2

JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: "Conflicting," exactly,

1 they necessarily overlapping? 2 MR. CLEMENT: I think they are necessarily 3 overlapping, and I guess I would point to several 4 things. First of all, the language in (b)(2), I don't 5 think helps them nearly as much as they do. I think that language in there about survey research, like much 6 7 language in many statutes, maybe avoids the marketers -or the -- the motor vehicle marketers from having to be 8 here in a lawsuit because it removes all doubt about it. 9 10 But I think they would be covered, even without those 11 words. 12 But the point is -- you may say, well, 13 that's horrible, that's superfluous. But, no, if you 14 look at the way the statute operates generally, there's lots of overlap. So this isn't a context where you want 15 16 to make sure that there is no overlap and everyone 17 operates independently. 18 I pointed to (b)(1) and (b)(4). They both 19 cover courts and litigation. If this Court uses DMV 20 information in its opinion, it's covered by (b)(1), it's 21 covered by (b)(4). 2.2 Or look at (b)(3). (B)(3) is a provision 23 that says, generally, companies can use DMV information

24

25

to verify somebody's identity. And then it specifically

says, and if somebody lies to you about their identity,

- 1 you can pursue legal remedies.
- Okay. When you're pursuing that legal
- 3 remedy pursuant to (b)(3), you're also doing things in
- 4 connection with litigation pursuant to --
- 5 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, that's --
- 6 well, that's right. I understand your point, that this
- is -- they're not separate categories, and there's no
- 8 overlap. But the word is "harmonizing," and the problem
- 9 is we have to give some limiting construction to "in
- 10 connection with."
- 11 And it seems to me that, if you are involved
- 12 in that endeavor, it does make sense to see how what
- you're going to cover under the "in connection with"
- relates to what's exempt under the other provisions.
- 15 MR. CLEMENT: But, as we've discussed,
- 16 Mr. Chief Justice, if you -- if you are saying you are
- not going to apply the specific controls the general,
- 18 but you may be using a junior varsity version of it to
- 19 harmonize the statute --
- 20 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Exactly.
- 21 MR. CLEMENT: -- as -- as we suggested in
- 22 our colloquy, I think the line between solicitation in
- anticipation of litigation and investigation in
- 24 anticipation is far too thin a line to
- 25 make a \$200 million difference.

1	And if I could direct the Court to page 93					
2	of the Joint Appendix because that will show you just an					
3	example of the postcard that is attached to these					
4	letters. And the postcard does ask specifically, as					
5	Justice Ginsburg was suggesting again, this is at 93					
6	of the Joint Appendix it asks people to fill out					
7	their name, address, the dealership they bought the car					
8	from, the type of car, and then the administrative fee					
9	or processing fee that was charged.					
10	Now, I think it's common ground between the					
11	parties that we get to ask about that administrative or					
12	processing fee because that is investigation in					
13	anticipation of the of the litigation. As I					
14	understand where my clients arguably made a \$200 million					
15	mistake is by adding the line "I'm interested" "I am					
16	interested in participating" signature, that crosses the					
17	line into solicitation.					
18	JUSTICE BREYER: Well, the reason the					
19	reason that would be so I agree with you, that it's					
20	very hard to figure out what the line is here between					
21	the investigation and solicitation.					
22	But that's where the solicitation thing					
23	comes into play because what it the words that go the					
24	other way, in my mind, that cut against you, is that					
25	this card could have asked for Social Security numbers,					

- 1 I guess.
- 2 MR. CLEMENT: Not under South Carolina law,
- 3 it absolutely couldn't.
- 4 JUSTICE BREYER: Not under South Carolina
- 5 law. All right. But then, under another State, under
- 6 this statute, they could. Now, that's helpful, that
- 7 answer.
- 8 But if -- when I think of asking for Social
- 9 Security numbers, I -- the words -- exaggerated, but
- 10 they go through my mind -- are "identity theft run
- 11 wild."
- MR. CLEMENT: Absolutely.
- JUSTICE BREYER: And, if that is a
- 14 concern -- if that is a concern, then, by reading this
- 15 as a solicitation -- you know, the pure case -- and
- 16 throwing the other exception to cover it, you force the
- 17 State to focus on it.
- 18 And the State then has to decide whether
- 19 they are going to permit or not permit the solicitor,
- 20 who -- you see, might -- might include the lawyer here,
- 21 to ask for the Social Security number, and better to
- have them focus on that decision. That's the connection
- that I see between the two.
- 24 MR. CLEMENT: But, Justice Breyer, let me
- 25 try to help you this way, which, is first of all, every

- 1 State in the country is focused on identity theft. And
- 2 the only circumstances in which I can imagine a State
- 3 ever giving Social Security numbers to a lawyer is if
- 4 there case was -- you know, these car dealers are
- 5 putting the Social Security numbers on the forms and we
- 6 are --
- 7 JUSTICE BREYER: Okay. So are we -- do we
- 8 know -- by the way, that is helpful because do we know
- 9 under how many States' law the DMV would be forbidden to
- 10 give Social Security numbers?
- 11 MR. CLEMENT: I don't know that offhand. I
- can get that to you in a supplemental letter. I just
- know South Carolina, it says, right in their FOIA
- 14 statute, you can't get that information. And, like I
- said, the only situation -- it's kind of --
- 16 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Is there a Federal law
- 17 to that effect?
- 18 MR. CLEMENT: What's that?
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: There may be a Federal
- law to that effect.
- MR. CLEMENT: Right.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: A separate one.
- MR. CLEMENT: And it may be -- it may be
- 24 lawyers -- it may be the lawyers want to enforce that
- 25 Federal law against the dealers. And in enforcing that

- 1 Federal law against the dealers, they might ask for the
- 2 information. It's the same kind of thing.
- 3 The only circumstances in which I could
- 4 imagine a State would ever give a lawyer disability
- 5 information is if they were bringing an ADA suit. If
- 6 they were bringing an ADA suit against a dealer, you
- 7 might actually want them --
- 8 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, if they are --
- 9 if they were thinking they might bring an ADA suit --
- 10 MR. CLEMENT: Fair point --
- 11 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Your position does
- create a special -- the point your friend makes -- it
- does create a special exemption from a solicitation bar
- 14 for lawyers. Lawyers can solicitate -- you know, Acme
- 15 Products can't.
- 16 MR. CLEMENT: Well, sure, but they can --
- they can solicit for their legal services in connection
- 18 with litigation. And that, I think, is different --
- 19 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: In connection with
- 20 something they hope might someday become litigation,
- 21 depending upon the answers they get.
- MR. CLEMENT: Well, again, if you're going
- 23 to draw a line -- there's two things here -- you know,
- there's -- there's an impulse to draw a line with "in
- 25 connection with, and, at some point, you will have to.

- 1 But I don't think solicitation provides the line because
- 2 the --
- JUSTICE KAGAN: Can I ask about your line,
- 4 Mr. Clement?
- 5 MR. CLEMENT: Sure.
- 6 JUSTICE KAGAN: Let me just see if I
- 7 understand it, and I'll give you two things --
- 8 MR. CLEMENT: Sure.
- 9 JUSTICE KAGAN: -- and I think one falls on
- 10 one side of your line --
- MR. CLEMENT: Yeah.
- 12 JUSTICE KAGAN: -- and the other falls on
- the other, but this is just to clarify where your line
- 14 is.
- One is -- you know, I'm a lawyer, have you
- 16 ever been in a car accident lately? If you have,
- 17 contact me, and I would love to represent you. That --
- 18 the other is, I'm a lawyer, I think that there's a -- a
- 19 real -- I'm -- I'm bringing a lawsuit about these red
- 20 light cameras and saying that they're unlawful, and
- 21 would you like to join me in that litigation?
- 22 Am I right to think that the first falls on
- one side of the line, it's not enough, there's no
- litigation there; and the seconds falls on the other
- 25 side, according to you?

1	MR. CLEMENT: I think that's right, Justice
2	Kagan. And I just want to emphasize that my my
3	clients fall on the other side of even yet another line,
4	which is they already had clients before they asked DMV
5	anything.
6	JUSTICE KAGAN: But your line
7	JUSTICE SCALIA: They're north of that line,
8	right?
9	(Laughter.)
10	JUSTICE KAGAN: is a contemplated
11	litigation.
12	MR. CLEMENT: Yes.
13	JUSTICE KAGAN: A specific contemplated
14	litigation.
15	MR. CLEMENT: Exactly. Or to put you
16	know, to give just another sort of example, this seems
17	to be what clearly surely should be covered is, okay, I
18	understand there's a defect with the particular make and
19	model of a car. I've used the DMV records, consistent
20	with State law, to get access to the fact that you've
21	bought one of these cars; do you want to join the suit?
22	I don't think there's anything nefarious
23	with that. There's certainly nothing
24	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Would you want to
25	start the suit? It doesn't matter in your position.

1	MR. CLEMENT: Yeah, that's that's not my
2	case because this these people came to us before we
3	did anything. But I don't think there's anything wrong
4	with that, Your Honor. And, yes, you might say it's
5	solicitation, but I don't think, if you look at these
6	provisions, that you would interpret them that way when
7	they're all permissive uses. And
8	JUSTICE ALITO: Well, if Congress wanted to
9	draw the line between possible you know, some unknown
10	lawsuit and an actual lawsuit that's in the mind of the
11	lawyer, why did it use the term "litigation," when it
12	had already used earlier, in the same subsection,
13	"proceeding," civil, criminal, administrative, or
14	arbitral proceeding?
15	MR. CLEMENT: Well, Justice Alito, I think
16	when it uses "in anticipation of litigation," it
17	actually wants to cover activity that takes place before
18	there's an actual proceeding. And what I was going to
19	say is you know, that language doesn't come out of
20	the ether. I mean, that's the language you use in
21	attorney work product.
22	And, as I understand it I've looked into
23	this a little bit, the basic rule there is you
24	distinguish between litigation in the abstract and the
25	point at which you've identified a particular

- 1 transaction, occurrence, defect. And, at that point, if
- 2 you're doing something, it's in -- it's in anticipation
- 3 of litigation.
- The one other point I haven't yet made,
- which is, to the extent you're going to resort to the
- 6 specific controls of the general, I think it is worth
- 7 noting that this would be the first time, that I'm aware
- 8 of, that the Court would ever have applied that canon to
- 9 impose this kind of massive civil liability and even
- 10 potentially criminal liability.
- JUSTICE SCALIA: I don't know which is
- 12 specific and which is general. I mean, that's the
- 13 problem I have with that.
- MR. CLEMENT: I agree, and I think that's
- 15 the best reason why the canon doesn't work. These are
- 16 equally specific. And, in the case of an overlap
- 17 between the two that you have here -- and you have in
- 18 (b)(1) and (b)(4) and (b)(3) and (b)(4) -- you just say,
- okay, Congress thought it was okay, and you just call it
- 20 a day.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: But what you say,
- 22 Mr. Clement, that you and your varsity version of the --
- 23 which is stronger than the other one is --
- MR. CLEMENT: Paradoxically.
- 25 JUSTICE KAGAN: -- is something like, if

- 1 (b)(4) is hard, we have to draw a line someplace, we can
- look to (b)(12) as expressing some kind of concern that
- 3 we can use to draw that line.
- 4 MR. CLEMENT: Yeah. And the reason I think
- 5 that --
- JUSTICE KAGAN: It's not a conflict, we
- 7 don't have to -- you know, it's not inconsistent, it's
- 8 just this is an expression of what Congress was thinking
- 9 about, we're going to use it as a clue.
- 10 MR. CLEMENT: Right. But the line-drawing
- 11 problem is really drawing the line about "in connection
- 12 with." The line-drawing problem -- drawing the line
- 13 between solicitation in anticipation of litigation and
- 14 investigation in -- in anticipation of litigation just
- doesn't work. They're two sides of the same coin.
- 16 As Justice Ginsburg pointed out, if my
- 17 clients had sent a letter that nobody objects to, that
- 18 says, we're bringing a lawsuit, we think you may have
- 19 been charged the same kind of fee, I think what the
- 20 State Bar would have said -- the natural next question
- 21 for anybody getting that letter is, will you represent
- 22 me? And precisely because of that, we want you -- we
- 23 want to treat this like it's solicitation, and we want
- to add these additional bells and whistles.
- 25 And part of the irony here is, I think, the

- 1 things that make our letter look most like it's
- 2 advertisement or solicitation are the things that are
- 3 required by the State Bar.
- 4 And, keep in mind, that's another reason why
- 5 treating attorney solicitation differently from general
- 6 solicitation makes perfect sense because they're subject
- 7 to --
- 8 JUSTICE SCALIA: I don't understand what
- 9 you're saying. You're saying the State Bar requirements
- 10 would have required you to say, are you interested in
- joining the lawsuit?
- MR. CLEMENT: Well, and -- they would --
- it's so natural that somebody will say, can I join your
- 14 lawsuit --
- 15 JUSTICE SCALIA: Yes.
- 16 MR. CLEMENT: -- that they would require all
- 17 the language that says, you have alternatives, other
- 18 people can -- can -- can hire you.
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well, that's because --
- 20 that's because the State is allowing solicitation, and
- 21 it puts certain conditions on what your solicitation --
- MR. CLEMENT: Exactly.
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: You point to page 94, you
- say, oh, it's just the last line, the whole thrust of
- 25 the letter was solicitation. You have to be fair about

- 1 that. 2 MR. CLEMENT: Exactly. 3 JUSTICE KENNEDY: You have to be fair about 4 that. 5 MR. CLEMENT: And, Justice Scalia, the last thing you can infer from the statute is that Congress 6 7 wanted, for the first time ever, get in the business of 8 managing attorney solicitation, a subject they'd always 9 left to the States. And --10 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Counsel, I just want to, 11 before you leave, because -- in response to 12 Justice Kagan, I think you've changed positions a little 13 bit. You started by saying there were three ways to 14 draw a line. Getting clients is okay; getting clients is okay if you get a specific treatment, occurrence, or 15 16 defect. And you didn't mention what the third was. 17 So what's your preferred reading? 18 MR. CLEMENT: My -- my preferred reading is 19 that transaction, occurrence, defect -- which I took her 20 red light camera to be an example of a particular identified defect. But I do want to emphasize, before I 21 2.2 sit down -- it's the last thing I'll emphasize, that my
- 25 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, counsel.

a specific defect before anything happened.

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24

case is a little bit better because we had a client and

1	Mr. Guerra, you have four minutes remaining.					
2	REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF JOSEPH R. GUERRA					
3	ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONERS					
4	MR. GUERRA: Thank you.					
5	First of all, I'd just like to point out					
6	that the consequence of Respondent's argument is that					
7	is they gave the example of going to get the license					
8	plate and then getting the name and address to serve					
9	process.					
10	But, on their theory, you can also go down					
11	and you can witness an accident on the side of the					
12	road, you can go down to DMV, get the name and					
13	license use the license plate to get the name and					
14	address and send a solicitation letter. And that is					
15	trolling.					
16	And I think everybody as I understand it,					
L7	the line seems to be everybody wants it somewhere south					
18	of trolling. And yet					
19	JUSTICE BREYER: Well, why don't you give us					
20	the line that's north?					
21	(Laughter.)					
22	MR. GUERRA: My line my line					
23	JUSTICE SCALIA: North of trolling?					
24	JUSTICE BREYER: No, not north of trolling,					
25	but you understand the point What's your line?					

1	MR. GUERRA: Our line is solicitation,					
2	Justice Breyer, and there are two ways to get that.					
3	There is the we I submit, is the strong textual					
4	evidence in (b)(2), that Congress did, in fact,					
5	understand that the consent requirement governs all bulk					
6	solicitation or surveys or marketing, and it had to give					
7	an explicit override in (b)(2) because, otherwise,					
8	(b)(12) would have restricted the ability to do					
9	nonconsent					
10	JUSTICE BREYER: In the middle of the in					
11	the middle of the class action, several of the clients,					
12	the only ones who brought who bought the cars					
13	which there is loads of evidence they're defective, from					
14	Dealer Smith, died, and they want to see if they can					
15	find three others, so they don't have to dismiss them					
16	from the class, they're almost certain and has loads					
17	of evidence there is the you know, the harm caused by					
18	the defendant. They are missing a client. They died.					
19	And so can they get it then?					
20	MR. GUERRA: I'm not sure I understand the					
21	question.					
22	JUSTICE BREYER: Can they go to the board					
23	and say, look, Dealer Smith here we're in the middle					
24	of the case, we're finished with discovery. We're					
25	just he just died and					

1	MR. GUERRA: Are you talking about
2	JUSTICE BREYER: we want to find three
3	others, and I'm sure there's loads of evidence here that
4	there were a hundred thousand others, who bought this
5	defective thing from this defendant, we want to find out
6	the names and addresses. Can they get it or not?
7	MR. GUERRA: For purposes of soliciting new
8	class representatives, I think not.
9	JUSTICE BREYER: Not.
L O	MR. GUERRA: And I think and there are
1	loads of ways to find class representatives without
2	going to DMVs. And, in fact, that's what most class
_3	action lawyers have to do, is advertise in one fashion
4	or another. So that's not, to my mind, in Congress's
_5	conclusion.
_6	But I would just point out that, according
_7	to Respondents, the phrase "survey research" is
_8	surplusage, and this Court says that's you're not
9	supposed to reach that conclusion, if you can avoid it,
20	and you can avoid it by understanding it to be the
21	meaning the meaning its effect is to override the
22	consent requirement, so that that you can do
23	commercial bulk surveys in (b)(2), which would otherwise
24	require consent as a as a consequence of (b)(12).
25	And then there is the so-called "junior

1	varsity" harmonization basis for reaching solicitation.
2	And I would point out that Respondents are saying, it
3	can't be that you that some certain statements in
4	a letter means you crossed the line into solicitation
5	and that that has all kinds of massive civil liability
6	consequences.
7	Congress used the word "solicitation" in
8	this statute. Congress meant to draw some kind of line
9	around solicitation. Now, admittedly, we're saying that
10	the harmonization means that that's the same line you
11	would draw in $(b)(4)$. But it's not inconceivable to
12	think that Congress was was drawing a line at
13	solicitation and that liability would flow, depending
14	upon whether somebody crossed it or not.
15	JUSTICE KAGAN: But, Mr. Guerra, it didn't
16	draw the line at solicitation in $(b)(4)$, and the
17	advantage of Mr. Clement's argument is that the line
18	that he sets up actually has a textual basis in (b)(4)
19	because it focuses on words like "what is a litigation,"
20	and "what is a proceeding," and "are we there yet." And
21	that seems to be what the language of (b)(4) indicates.
22	MR. GUERRA: Your Honor, our point is
23	sort of, if you step back, and you and this is the
24	question for the harmonization purpose: (b)(4) covers
25	solicitation only because of the indeterminacy of the

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1	phrase "in connection with." Without that language,
2	there's no basis for saying (b)(4) is authorizing
3	lawyers' solicitations. So it is, I would submit, at
4	the periphery of the authorization that (b)(4) provides.
5	(B)(12) solicitation is at the core of what
6	that provision is about and that the the mass
7	marketing of using DMV information is one of the
8	fundamental problems Congress was addressing.
9	And I just think it's implausible to
10	conclude that the at the periphery concept in
11	(b)(4) should take precedence over the core function of
12	(b)(12).
13	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, counsel.
14	The case is submitted.
15	(Whereupon, at 12:17 p.m., the case in the
16	above-entitled matter was submitted.)
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