1	IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
2	x
3	OMNICARE, INC, ET AL., :
4	Petitioners :
5	v. : No. 13-435
6	LABORERS DISTRICT COUNCIL :
7	CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY :
8	PENSION FUND, ET AL. :
9	x
10	Washington, D.C.
11	Monday, November 3, 2014
12	
13	The above-entitled matter came on for oral
14	argument before the Supreme Court of the United States
15	at 11:04 a.m.
16	APPEARANCES:
17	KANNON K. SHANMUGAM, ESQ., Washington, D.C.; on behalf
18	of Petitioners.
19	THOMAS C. GOLDSTEIN, ESQ., Bethesda, Md.; on behalf of
20	Respondents.
21	NICOLE A. SAHARSKY, ESQ., Assistant to the Solicitor
22	General, Department of Justice, Washington, D.C.; on
23	behalf of United States, as amicus curiae, supporting
24	Respondents.
25	

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1 PROCEEDING S

- 2 (11:04 a.m.)
- 3 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: We'll hear argument
- 4 next this morning in Case 13-435, Omnicare, Incorporated
- 5 v. the Laborers District Council Construction Industry
- 6 Pension Fund.
- 7 Mr. Shanmugam.
- 8 ORAL ARGUMENT OF KANNON SHANMUGAM
- 9 ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONERS
- 10 MR. SHANMUGAM: Thank you, Mr. Chief
- 11 Justice, and may it please the Court:
- 12 Like other provisions of the Federal
- 13 Securities laws, Section 11 of the Securities Act
- 14 imposes liability only for untrue or misleading
- 15 statements of material fact. The only fact conveyed by
- 16 a statement of opinion or belief is the fact that the
- 17 speaker held the stated belief.
- 18 As this Court concluded in Virginia
- 19 Bankshares v. Sandberg, a statement of opinion or belief
- 20 can, therefore, be actionable only if the speaker did
- 21 not actually hold the stated belief.
- In the decision under review, the Sixth
- 23 Circuit, alone among the courts of appeals, concluded
- 24 that this Court's reasoning in Virginia Bankshares did
- 25 not apply to a claim under Section 11, even though

- 1 Section 11 contains a materially identical falsity
- 2 requirement to the provision at issue there. Neither
- 3 the Sixth Circuit's interpretation, nor those of
- 4 Respondents or the government, can be reconciled either
- 5 with the plain language of Section 11 or with this
- 6 Court's decision in Virginia Bankshares.
- 7 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: So if I say or the
- 8 company says in a prospectus, we believe that we have
- 9 3.5 million units of inventory in our secret inventory
- 10 warehouse, so long as they say we believe, they can't --
- 11 you know, it turns out they have none, that's all right?
- 12 They're still protected?
- 13 MR. SHANMUGAM: I think that that would
- 14 probably be a statement of opinion, but it is much
- 15 closer to the line between statements of opinion and
- 16 statements of fact. Let me explain --
- 17 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Really, you think
- 18 it's an open question if they say it's a very precise
- 19 number for something that only they know anything about,
- 20 and it's wildly off, you think they're protected or may
- 21 be simply by saying "We believe"?
- 22 MR. SHANMUGAM: Well, I -- I think that --
- 23 the reason why I think it's a close question as to
- 24 whether or not that would be a statement of opinion is
- 25 simply because the second restatement's definition of

- 1 what constitutes a statement of opinion, which we think
- is a useful quide, includes not just statements on
- 3 matters of judgment, like the statements we have at
- 4 issue here, but also statements that express uncertainty
- 5 about factual matters.
- 6 And I think in your hypothetical, Mr. Chief
- 7 Justice, you can view that statement as being the
- 8 equivalent of a factual statement that along the lines
- 9 of, we have approximately 3 million units or widgets in
- 10 our inventory, such that if they had nowhere near that,
- 11 that statement would be an objectively false statement
- 12 of fact and, therefore, actionable.
- 13 JUSTICE BREYER: But suppose it is actually
- 14 disputed, an expert -- expert -- a museum expert on an
- 15 archaeological mission says, it is my opinion that those
- 16 bones in that mountain are of a diplodocus and not a
- 17 Trisopterus. Now, wouldn't you have thought that at
- 18 least he'd looked into it, that at least he'd seen the
- 19 bones? You see, it's absolutely open, it is a matter of
- 20 opinion, but there's some things implied.
- 21 If you had learned later he'd been in a bar
- 22 all night and had never even seen or heard one word
- 23 about what the bones were like, wouldn't you think he
- 24 had issued a misrepresentation?
- 25 MR. SHANMUGAM: So, Justice Breyer, first,

- 1 that would be clearly a statement of opinion --2 JUSTICE BREYER: Yes. MR. SHANMUGAM: -- because it's a statement 3 4 on a matter of judgment. 5 JUSTICE BREYER: Yes. 6 Our view is that where the MR. SHANMUGAM: 7 speaker does not say anything about the basis for its opinion, the only fact that is being conveyed is the 8 9 fact of the speaker's belief. The plaintiff --10 JUSTICE BREYER: Yes. And I just produced 11 an example because I knew that was your view, and what I 12 looked for was an example where your view doesn't seem 13 quite so reasonable. And -- and that was why I said it 14 doesn't seem reasonable there because I think any 1.5 listener would think that the archaeologist had not been 16 spending all night in the bar, but, rather, had at least looked at the bones or done some basic examination. 17 18 MR. SHANMUGAM: And so what I would --JUSTICE BREYER: And that's -- now, that's 19
- MR. SHANMUGAM: Sure.

statement I just made wrong?

- 23 JUSTICE BREYER: It is my opinion it is
- 24 right.

20

21

25 MR. SHANMUGAM: So notwithstanding -- so

the point I want you to address yourself to, why is that

- 1 notwithstanding the fact that it in our view, Justice
- 2 Breyer, there is no implied statement of fact there.
- 3 There may nevertheless be a claim, and that is for the
- 4 simple --
- 5 JUSTICE BREYER: There is an implied
- 6 statement, I think. The implied statement is that he's
- 7 done some work to figure this out.
- 8 MR. SHANMUGAM: Well -- and I think that we
- 9 may end up ultimately getting to the same place because
- 10 let me explain how we think the analysis would work in
- 11 that situation.
- 12 JUSTICE BREYER: Yeah.
- 13 MR. SHANMUGAM: In a situation like that, we
- 14 believe that the ultimate legal inquiry is whether the
- 15 speaker did not possess the stated belief. But a
- 16 plaintiff would be able to come forward with
- 17 allegations, in your hypothetical, that the
- 18 archaeologist spent the evening in the bar, that the
- 19 archaeologist had no basis for his or her opinion, and
- 20 in that circumstance, that would be circumstantial
- 21 evidence that the speaker, in fact, did not possess the
- 22 stated belief that the bones were those of a diplodocus.
- 23 And so --
- 24 JUSTICE GINSBURG: So you're saying that
- 25 this evidence, what we're -- we're talking about, the

- 1 evidence that the speaker didn't believe what he said,
- 2 that could be proved by showing he made no investigation
- 3 at all.
- 4 MR. SHANMUGAM: Yes. That is --
- 5 JUSTICE GINSBURG: So -- so you're saying
- 6 that the -- whether there was any investigation or
- 7 whether it was reasonable will factor into whether the
- 8 belief was honestly held.
- 9 MR. SHANMUGAM: Yes, that is correct.
- 10 And --
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: But why -- and we're
- 12 dealing with a registration statement. Why isn't it, as
- 13 Justice Breyer suggested, implicit that when somebody --
- when an issuer puts something in a registration
- 15 statement, that the issuer has acted with diligence in
- 16 making that statement?
- 17 MR. SHANMUGAM: Well, we don't believe that
- 18 there is any necessary implication from the statement,
- 19 and we think that that is true regardless of whether or
- 20 not it appears in a registration statement because,
- 21 after all, in Section 11, while Congress certainly
- 22 imposed a heightened obligation on issuers and did so by
- 23 relaxing other elements of liability, Congress included
- 24 exactly the same falsity element as it did in a variety
- 25 of other provisions of the Federal securities law --

- 1 laws.
- But, again, our view is that for purposes of
- 3 pleading a claim, a plaintiff is not restricted to
- 4 smoking gun evidence that the speaker did not possess
- 5 the stated belief. And so, again, if a plaintiff is
- 6 able to come forward with allegations that cross the
- 7 pleading threshold of plausibility to suggest that the
- 8 speaker, in fact, did not hold the stated belief, that
- 9 will, in fact, be sufficient.
- 10 JUSTICE ALITO: Well, that may be true, but
- 11 do you deny the fact that there can be situations in
- 12 which a person makes a -- makes a statement of belief
- 13 and believes that to be true, but lacks a reasonable
- 14 basis for stating the belief? There is a difference
- 15 between those two situations, isn't there?
- 16 MR. SHANMUGAM: I think there is a
- 17 difference between those two situations, and I think
- 18 this illustrates an important conceptual distinction. I
- 19 think in a case where a speaker has no basis whatsoever
- 20 for the stated belief, there will be comparatively few
- 21 cases -- and I'm certainly not aware of any case from
- 22 the reported cases in this area -- where the speaker
- 23 held the stated belief but lacked any basis for it
- 24 whatsoever.
- 25 However, I think that the government's

- 1 reasonable basis standard, the position of the Solicitor
- 2 General here, suggests, I think, something more. And,
- 3 quite frankly, it's not entirely clear how much more
- 4 that position would require. It seems to focus on how
- 5 the speaker actually arrived at its opinion, and that
- 6 suggests that the focus may be on the diligence that the
- 7 speaker conducts.
- 8 But our view is that once you start getting
- 9 into a lack of a reasonable belief, you're really
- 10 getting into a matter of opinion. And I really do think
- 11 that however the government's test operates in
- 12 practice -- and, again, I think the government's brief
- 13 provides --
- 14 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: What's wrong with that?
- 15 There's an assumption that there's something wrong with
- 16 that. But if what one wants is honesty in -- in
- 17 securities statements of any kind, wouldn't one want
- 18 boards, issuers, others to have some sort of reasonable
- 19 basis -- I'm borrowing the government's words -- before
- 20 it goes about making predictive -- even predictive
- 21 statements?
- MR. SHANMUGAM: So two points in response to
- 23 that, Justice Sotomayor. First of all, at the risk of
- 24 being glib, we simply don't think that that is the
- 25 statute that Congress enacted. And certainly, if

- 1 Congress had wanted to impose an obligation on issuers
- 2 of essentially providing an implied warranty for any
- 3 statement of opinion that issuers make in their
- 4 registration statements, it could have done so, and
- 5 there are other statutes that impose liability where
- 6 there is an absence of a reasonable basis.
- 7 Let me explain why it's problematic as a
- 8 matter of policy. We believe that a reasonable basis
- 9 standard, that is to say, a standard that goes further
- 10 than the standard that I think Justice Breyer was
- 11 suggesting, that goes beyond simply saying that you have
- 12 to have some basis, but that looks at the reasonableness
- of the basis, opens up issuers to after-the-fact second
- 14 guessing on matters of judgment.
- 15 JUSTICE BREYER: Well, what about saying a
- 16 factual basis?
- 17 MR. SHANMUGAM: I'm sorry?
- 18 JUSTICE BREYER: Factual basis. There has
- 19 to be a factual basis for making --
- 20 MR. SHANMUGAM: Well, again, I think there's
- 21 a meaningful difference. And I think in your
- 22 hypothetical --
- 23 JUSTICE BREYER: No, no. I mean why
- 24 wouldn't that work as the standard? You're worried
- 25 about the standard reasonableness is too open to

- 1 speculation. Okay. What about just saying there has to
- 2 be a factual basis for it?
- 3 MR. SHANMUGAM: Well, as a practical matter,
- 4 I think that where you have no factual basis whatsoever
- 5 and where a plaintiff is able to so allege, that will be
- 6 sufficient to allow the plaintiff to go forward even
- 7 under our legal standard.
- 8 JUSTICE BREYER: The person did have the
- 9 opinion about the diplodocus, it was his opinion. He's
- 10 an archaeologist. He, you know, looks around, sees the
- 11 sky, the mountains. There's some basis. People all the
- 12 time say it's my opinion. Really, they haven't looked
- 13 into it and so forth.
- 14 MR. SHANMUGAM: And as I --
- 15 JUSTICE BREYER: A registration statement,
- 16 you ought to have looked into it.
- 17 MR. SHANMUGAM: And as I indicated earlier,
- 18 Justice Breyer, I'm really not aware of any cases that
- 19 involve that precise fact pattern. And --
- 20 JUSTICE BREYER: I'm sure there are none
- 21 involving the diplodocus. But the -- the --
- 22 MR. SHANMUGAM: Or any other case where the
- 23 speaker has no factual basis for the statement.
- 24 JUSTICE BREYER: Well, don't say no. Say --
- 25 don't say no. You -- you leave it up to the judge or

- 1 the -- depending on the factfinder to say, is there a
- 2 factual basis? And just his opinion is something that
- 3 depends on context, whether something is an opinion. So
- 4 factual basis in support will have, to some extent,
- 5 depend on context.
- 6 MR. SHANMUGAM: And as a practical matter,
- 7 Justice Breyer, I really do think that our legal
- 8 standard takes care of that situation because in a
- 9 situation where the plaintiff is able to make that
- 10 allegation -- and I would note parenthetically that the
- 11 plaintiffs certainly haven't made that allegation
- 12 here -- it would likely be sufficient to surmount the
- 13 pleading for --
- 14 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, Mr. Shanmugam,
- 15 suppose --
- 16 JUSTICE SCALIA: Do you think that --
- 17 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice Scalia.
- 18 JUSTICE SCALIA: Do you think there's a
- 19 difference between a factual basis and a reasonable
- 20 factual basis? I mean, if we adopted a factual basis rule,
- 21 would we accept an unreasonable factual basis?
- 22 MR. SHANMUGAM: Well, I think that really
- 23 depends on what the reasonable basis stated in the
- 24 standard actually means.
- 25 JUSTICE SCALIA: I mean, I think it's --

- 1 it's just the same rule in -- in disguise really.
- 2 MR. SHANMUGAM: Well, I think that in the
- 3 context of legal compliance, if statements of the sort
- 4 that we have at issue here, I think that -- that that
- 5 context in many ways illustrates the potential
- 6 difference.
- 7 So suppose you had an issuer who had two
- 8 separate legal opinions, one suggesting that a
- 9 particular practice was legal and the other one was not.
- 10 Certainly there, I think you would say that the issuer
- 11 has at least some basis, but it may be open to
- 12 after-the-fact determination as to whether or not that
- 13 was a reasonable basis in light of the fact that there
- 14 was a competing opinion.
- 15 Again, it's entirely unclear exactly what
- 16 that standard means, I think, in part because it's a novel standard.
- 17 JUSTICE BREYER: I think Justice Scalia is
- 18 right there, and there would be something like that,
- 19 but -- and so your point is a -- is a good point, that
- 20 it isn't so easy to figure this out exactly what the
- 21 standard is. The alternative, of course, is to issue
- 22 registration statements that have statements in them of
- 23 opinion, very detailed, very fact-based, and where
- 24 people would think some work was being done, and, in
- 25 fact, far less work has been done than anybody would

- 1 think was plausible, and they just float right by
- 2 without attack. Now, isn't the law designed to catch
- 3 those things?
- 4 MR. SHANMUGAM: Well, I would say this,
- 5 Justice Breyer. I mean, again, the statute itself does
- 6 not contain any reasonable basis requirement, and
- 7 nothing in this Court's decision in Virginia Bankshares,
- 8 in our view, suggests such a requirement. So we really
- 9 don't think that there is any support --
- 10 JUSTICE GINSBURG: How do you say that about
- 11 Bankshares, which contains the statement that the
- 12 Government refers to; conclusory opinions in a
- 13 commercial context are reasonably understood to rest on
- 14 a factual basis that justifies them as accurate.
- 15 MR. SHANMUGAM: Yes. And, Justice Ginsburg,
- 16 that's a statement at page 1093 of the Court's opinion
- 17 in Virginia Bankshares, and we think that in context
- 18 that statement stands for the proposition that I've been
- 19 articulating this morning, namely that where a speaker
- 20 makes a statement of opinion and has no basis for that
- 21 statement, that may be relevant in showing disbelief.
- 22 That may be relevant in showing what the Court went on
- 23 to say was legally required, namely both subjective
- 24 disbelief and objective falsity.
- 25 And before the Sixth Circuit's opinion in

- 1 this case, that was the consistent understanding of
- 2 lower courts in construing this Court's opinion in
- 3 Virginia Bankshares, and so we certainly think that
- 4 Virginia Bankshares does not stand for the proposition
- 5 that an issuer -- whenever an issuer makes a statement
- of opinion, somehow includes in that statement an
- 7 implied warranty that the speaker has a reasonable basis
- 8 for that statement.
- 9 JUSTICE KENNEDY: If we adopt your position,
- 10 which I take it to be that lack of reasonable basis
- 11 for a statement can be evidence that the belief was not
- 12 sincerely held, in this case do we still have to remand
- or did I understand you to say that the plaintiffs below
- 14 did not specifically allege that there was no reasonable
- 15 basis at all for the statement?
- 16 MR. SHANMUGAM: So two things. Two things
- 17 on that point, Justice Kennedy. If you adopt our view
- 18 that the legal standard here turns on subjective
- 19 disbelief, which again we believe was the holding of
- 20 this Court in Virginia Bankshares, then the plaintiffs
- 21 here are foreclosed because the plaintiffs disclaimed
- 22 any allegation based on a state of mind, which is to say
- 23 that the plaintiffs in this case, in an effort to
- 24 exclude -- to avoid being subject to the heightened
- 25 pleading standard of Rule 9(b) --

1	JUSTICE GINSBURG: Mr. Shanmugam, I thought
2	that the complaint alleged that the defendants had no
3	that no defendant had a reasonable ground to believe
4	that Omnicare's arrangements were lawful.
5	MR. SHANMUGAM: Yes, and that was going to
6	be my second point, Justice Ginsburg. So just to be
7	clear, there are two paragraphs of the complaint that we
8	think are relevant here. The first is Paragraph 178,
9	which is the paragraph in which the plaintiffs
10	disclaimed any allegation relying on fraud or
11	intentional misconduct. And we think that under our
12	legal standard that forecloses plaintiffs in this case
13	from going forward. I would note that plaintiffs don't
14	really dispute that under our legal standard their claim
15	is foreclosed. They make no effort in their brief to
16	suggest that their claim could nevertheless go forward.
17	Now, if this Court were to adopt the
18	Solicitor General's legal standard and to say that the

- 19 legal standard here is whether or not there was a
- 20 reasonable basis for the opinion, this Court would
- 21 obviously have to vacate and remand because that was not
- 22 the legal standard that the Sixth Circuit applied. We
- 23 think that we would have a very strong argument on
- 24 remand that we should, nevertheless, prevail because the
- 25 plaintiffs in this case have pointed only to the

- 1 conclusory allegation that you identified,
- 2 Justice Ginsburg, and that is the allegation in
- 3 Paragraph 183 that says that none of the defendants had
- 4 a reasonable ground to believe in the statements in the
- 5 registration statement.
- If the inquiry in this case focuses on how
- 7 the speaker arrived at its opinion, this complaint is
- 8 really threadbare in terms of allegations that relate to
- 9 that issue, and so we've -- but that would be an issue
- 10 for the Sixth Circuit on remand.
- 11 JUSTICE ALITO: If the test is subjective as
- 12 you claim, with respect to the issuer, whose subjective
- 13 state of mind should -- must the Court look at? Would
- 14 it be solely the person who signs on behalf of the
- issuer, or would it be everyone else who is required by
- 16 law to sign the registration statement?
- 17 MR. SHANMUGAM: So I think that the inquiry
- 18 would be much the same as the inquiry with regard to
- 19 claims that have a scienter requirement, such as claims
- 20 under Section 10(b). I would note that there is a
- 21 little bit of disagreement in the lower courts about how
- 22 broad the category of individuals at an issuer is, whose
- 23 state of mind is relevant, but the inquiry generally
- 24 focuses on those who either made or approved the
- 25 statement at issue.

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- 2 in a particular registration statement there was a
- 3 statement that said a particular kind of transaction was
- 4 lawful, all right, and the person who makes that
- 5 statement, whoever it is, really believes it. But, in
- 6 fact, that person knows that the Government is breathing
- 7 down his neck, that the Government seems to have a
- 8 different view. That person knows that its competitors
- 9 have a different view. And that person has also
- 10 consulted three lawyers, and two of them have given a
- 11 different view. But he still believes what he believes.
- 12 He believes that the Supreme Court is going to vindicate
- 13 his legal position.
- 14 But the only thing he says is, I think this
- 15 is lawful. Now, why isn't that something where there is
- 16 an omission that makes the statements misleading?
- 17 MR. SHANMUGAM: So we don't think that there
- 18 is an omission under that circumstance because we think
- 19 that the only fact that is being disclosed by the
- 20 statement is the fact of the speaker's belief, and if
- 21 you look at the relevant language on which respondents
- 22 and the Government really focus, it is that language
- 23 concerning omissions. It's not the language concerning
- 24 falsity. And that language focuses time and time again
- 25 on the fact at issue. So it refers to omissions,

- 1 omission to state a material fact. And so what is
- 2 omitted has to be a fact necessary to make the
- 3 statements therein, and I think that's a reference back
- 4 to statements of material fact --
- 5 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, it just says
- 6 statements therein. It doesn't actually say statements
- 7 of material fact or not.
- 8 MR. SHANMUGAM: I think that's most
- 9 naturally a reference back to the language a couple
- 10 volumes earlier about statements of material fact, and I
- 11 think this all just underscores the fact that Congress
- 12 in this provision did not impose a broad affirmative
- 13 duty to speak, nor did it impose liability on untrue or
- 14 misleading statements.
- 15 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, it didn't -- it didn't
- 16 impose an obligation to speak, but once you speak, it
- 17 said that you're -- that you can't make omissions that
- 18 make your speech -- your statements misleading. And I
- 19 guess what I'm saying is, you know, what I've given you
- 20 is a case where this is a judgment call, whether you
- 21 think something is legal or not.
- But what you know -- and after all you're in
- 23 the position to know and all your readers are not in a
- 24 position to know. What you know is that the Government
- 25 seems to disagree, that your competitors seem to

- 1 disagree, and that most of the lawyers seem to disagree.
- 2 And still you're going to put this in your statement and
- 3 say, oh, no problem, that's not misleading.
- 4 MR. SHANMUGAM: Well, in your hypothetical,
- 5 Justice Kagan, you know, I think -- there are two points
- 6 I would make about it. The first is that, again, the
- 7 fact that is being conveyed is the fact of the
- 8 speaker's belief, and that is what makes the statement
- 9 material, which is to say that when you have statements
- 10 of opinion in a registration statement, the reason that
- 11 they are material is precisely because it is
- 12 management's view on a particular question.
- And so when you have a statement of that
- 14 variety, that is the fact that has to be shown to be
- 15 either false or misleading. Obviously if the speaker
- 16 does not possess the stated opinion, the statement is
- 17 false. But we don't believe --
- 18 JUSTICE KAGAN: But don't you think a
- 19 reasonable reader would look at that statement and say
- 20 two things actually: Both, he's done something to try
- 21 to check as to whether the transaction is legal, and he
- 22 doesn't know anything that's very dispositive going the
- 23 other way. And both of those things, I mean, could be
- 24 false.
- MR. SHANMUGAM: I think where a speaker says

- 1 nothing about the basis for the opinion, there are
- 2 obviously a spectrum of potential bases for the opinion
- 3 that the speaker could have, and so, again, we don't
- 4 think that there is any necessary implication about the
- 5 scope of the basis for the opinion.
- Now, again, if it's a case where the speaker
- 7 truly has no basis for the opinion, we believe it will
- 8 be quite possible for a plaintiff to include all
- 9 these underlying allegations about the basis as a way of
- 10 showing subjective disbelief.
- And so what that really leaves you with, we
- would respectfully submit, is the hypothetical situation
- in which a speaker in the face of overwhelming contrary
- 14 evidence and no basis nevertheless adheres to a genuine
- 15 belief, and the question of whether or not liability
- 16 should lie in those circumstances.
- 17 And our view is simply that it is not worth
- 18 the candle to frame the legal standard in a way as to
- 19 cover that entirely hypothetical situation.
- 20 And in part, to get back to
- 21 Justice Sotomayor's question from the beginning of the
- 22 argument, that is because it is important to underscore
- 23 the fact that this is a statute that imposes strict
- 24 liability. And as this Court explained in Pinter versus
- 25 Dahl, when it comes to statutes that impose strict

- 1 liability, issuers really need to have certainty and
- 2 predictability.
- 3 And a legal standard that focuses on
- 4 reasonable basis is going to open up issuers to
- 5 after-the-fact second-guessing by jurors about whether
- 6 or not a particular basis is reasonable.
- 7 JUSTICE KAGAN: But I don't think,
- 8 Mr. Shanmugam, that the fact that the statue has -- is a
- 9 strict liability statute might cut the other way. Why
- 10 is it a strict liability statute? Because Congress had
- 11 some understanding, number one, that it was the issuer
- 12 who knows the facts, not the readers; and number two,
- 13 that it is awfully hard to show subjective intent.
- 14 MR. SHANMUGAM: Well, Congress dealt with
- 15 the context of registration statements precisely by
- 16 relaxing the other elements of liability that of course
- 17 exist under other provisions of the securities laws.
- 18 And what that leaves us with is a statute where this
- 19 falsity element is really the entire ball game because
- 20 elements such as reliance and loss causation are no
- 21 longer affirmative elements of liability.
- 22 And, of course, what that means is not only
- 23 that it is easier for plaintiffs ultimately to prove
- 24 liability but that it is also easier for plaintiffs to plead
- 25 a claim under this provision. And I do think that a

- 1 reasonable basis standard, depending on how that
- 2 standard is framed, could make it very difficult for
- 3 issuers to avoid liability at the pleading stage.
- 4 And as, of course, this Court has recognized
- 5 in the securities context, obtaining resolution of these
- 6 claims on a dispositive motion is often, as a practical
- 7 matter, the only way in which defendants can avoid
- 8 liability because of the pressures of settlement in
- 9 cases of this variety.
- 10 Unless the Court has any further questions,
- 11 I'll reserve the balance of my time.
- 12 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, counsel.
- 13 Mr. Goldstein.
- 14 ORAL ARGUMENT OF THOMAS C. GOLDSTEIN
- 15 ON BEHALF OF THE RESPONDENTS
- MR. GOLDSTEIN: Mr. Chief Justice, and may
- 17 it please the Court:
- 18 The difficult part of this case for the
- 19 other side is that we all know that opinions, and
- 20 Virginia Bankshares makes this point, frequently imply
- 21 facts. The difficult part of this case for our side --
- 22 and it's important for me to confront the hard part of
- 23 the case -- is that sometimes they're just state --
- 24 opinions are just statements of belief. And what you
- 25 have to figure out, I think, is, A, what is the default

- 1 rule that you should be looking at a registration
- 2 statement for; and, B, what is it that the issuer can do
- 3 to make it clear, no, look, this is just our sense of
- 4 the matter?
- 5 They didn't write the registration statement
- 6 in a bar one night. A registration statement is a very
- 7 solemn document, and you know that from a variety of
- 8 things. The first is, as Justice Kagan points out, it is a
- 9 strict liability document.
- 10 Unlike the great majority of the provisions
- of the securities laws, Congress said we don't have to
- 12 prove scienter. Congress said that reliance doesn't
- 13 matter. Congress said that causation is for the other
- 14 side to prove. We know that when Congress wrote that
- 15 statute, it had opinions in mind because Section 11
- 16 refers to opinions.
- There are audit opinions, and with respect
- 18 to an audit opinion, the auditor has to prove that he or
- 19 she engaged in due diligence.
- 20 We know that it had forward-looking
- 21 statements in mind, which are opinions, because it said
- 22 that forward-looking statements the -- that are subject
- 23 to section -- that are subject to the exemption, it is
- 24 the plaintiff that has to prove that they actually knew
- 25 that the forward-looking statement was false.

- 1 JUSTICE ALITO: The Sixth Circuit held that
- 2 once a false statement has been made, a defendant's
- 3 knowledge is not relevant to a strict liability claim.
- 4 Was that correct?
- 5 MR. GOLDSTEIN: It is true with respect to
- 6 the factual representations that are expressed or
- 7 implied. The Sixth Circuit was not confronting, I
- 8 think, an important part of the case because the
- 9 petitioners had not made the argument, what do we do if
- 10 the opinion is hedged? What do we do if, instead of
- 11 just a representation, that -- here is our opinion which
- 12 carries with it the implication about a certain set of
- 13 facts, we instead say, we're uncertain?
- And I think that's an important issue that
- isn't before you, either. But with respect -- it is a
- 16 strict liability statute. If the factual
- 17 representations that are expressed or implied are
- 18 incorrect, then they are liable. And the reason for
- 19 that is that this is not a securities fraud --
- 20 JUSTICE ALITO: Since that's the holding of
- 21 the Sixth Circuit, don't we at a minimum have an
- 22 obligation to vacate and remand? Because they didn't
- 23 hold that their reasonable basis standard was satisfied
- 24 here.
- MR. GOLDSTEIN: Well, Your Honor, the

- 1 judge -- as a purely technical matter, I think that's
- 2 not correct. We don't -- I don't particularly care what
- 3 the last word in your opinion is. What the Sixth
- 4 Circuit did is it remanded to the district court. If
- 5 you refine the rule for applying the -- for applying
- 6 Section 11, I think what you do is affirm and correct
- 7 what you regard as the misapprehension of the Sixth
- 8 Circuit's rule.
- 9 JUSTICE BREYER: But assuming they're wrong
- 10 about this, they said the Section 11 does not require a
- 11 plaintiff to plead a defendant's state of mind, and a
- 12 statement of opinion is actionable when it is ultimately
- 13 found to be false.
- Now, that, I don't think, is what you are
- 15 arguing, what the SG is arguing. The point is that the
- 16 statement, it is my opinion that the warehouse will hold
- 17 up in a 93-mile-an-hour wind for 17 hours as long as the
- 18 windows are closed. And that statement may be false,
- 19 but it may also be true that the issuer before issuing
- 20 the statement performed a variety of tests, in which
- 21 case you would agree, I think, that it is not
- 22 actionable.
- 23 And so -- so it isn't just that it's false,
- 24 it's that there was no reasonable basis for holding it.
- 25 Moreover, whether the issuer has a reasonable basis is a

- 1 fact about the issuer's state of mind. It isn't whether
- 2 there's a reasonable basis in the world. It is about
- 3 whether those people who issued this statement had a
- 4 reasonable basis for issuing it or not. I think that's
- 5 about their state of mind in a sense. But those two
- 6 things, I think, do require reversal.
- 7 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Well, Your Honor, first of
- 8 all, you have described what the Government has
- 9 articulated as the rule, and that is the reasonable
- 10 basis standard. We endorse that test. We have a still
- 11 broader argument that we would win on, even if you --
- 12 that we would win the case even if you disagreed with
- 13 it. And that is this is a strict liability statute.
- 14 If it turns out that the implied factual
- 15 representation, or indeed the express factual
- 16 representation -- that is, that the building will hold
- 17 up -- turns out to be wrong, and the building will fall
- 18 down, even though they did their very best to figure it
- 19 out, this is the hard case, and that is they tried really hard to
- 20 figure out about the building. They had a structural
- 21 engineer take a look at it.
- On our broader reading of the statute,
- 23 Section 11 changes and assigns the risk of error to
- 24 them.
- 25 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Sorry, that doesn't --

- 1 that doesn't make much sense to me. A statement is made
- 2 truly or falsely at the time it's made.
- 3 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Yes.
- 4 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So how can you rely on
- 5 evidence of what happened later?
- 6 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Okay.
- 7 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: We would never have
- 8 closure on a securities action if we were to rely solely
- 9 on the fact that the building fell down 10 years hence.
- 10 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Fair enough. And that is --
- 11 that -- Justice Breyer's hypothetical happened to be
- 12 about what would happen in the future, and that would
- 13 indicate the forward-looking --
- 14 JUSTICE BREYER: No.
- 15 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Can I give you a
- 16 hypothetical that I think will avoid your problem but
- 17 still raises the hard case for us?
- 18 And that is we have a million dollars in
- 19 inventory today on the day of the registration
- 20 statement. So the following -- in our view, we have a
- 21 million dollars in inventory. It's an opinion. It's
- 22 describing what happens today. We know under
- 23 Section 11, which talks about the date the registration
- 24 statement becomes effective, that if the warehouse burns
- down a week later, they're not responsible.

- 1 But what about the case in which the day
- 2 before the registration statement is issued, the
- 3 warehouse burned down, and they had no way of knowing
- 4 it? It was in rural India. Their very best efforts
- 5 wouldn't have disclosed it. Under Section 11, they're
- 6 responsible. What Section 11 does --
- 7 JUSTICE BREYER: No, no, I don't see how
- 8 that could be. They said, in our opinion, we have X
- 9 amount of inventory. And you're starting out by saying,
- 10 well, it is an opinion, but an opinion carries the
- 11 implication that they would have some basis for it. And
- 12 they did have a basis for it. In fact, they had a
- 13 reasonable basis. So how there can the plaintiff
- 14 recover?
- 15 MR. GOLDSTEIN: This is a problem that the
- 16 common law confronted, and it's addressed in the
- 17 restatement first of contracts and of torts in 474 of
- 18 the Restatement of Contracts and in 542 of the
- 19 Restatement of Torts.
- 20 And it says if you get an opinion, if your
- 21 expert archaeologist or if an art appraiser says this is
- 22 a Picasso, you're allowed to rely on the truth of the
- 23 assertion. The reason they say "in our opinion" is not
- 24 to express doubt.
- 25 If you go back and look at the transcript

- 1 today, Mr. Shanmuqam will have said "we believe," "we
- 2 think," or "in our view" 20 times in the first 20
- 3 minutes of this oral argument. He wasn't intending to
- 4 express doubt. He was trying to say, "Look, I have
- 5 looked at this problem. Here is our view of the
- 6 situation as people who are specially involved."
- 7 Sometimes opinions are intended to evoke
- 8 certainty, not uncertainty.
- 9 JUSTICE BREYER: Okay. You've given me
- 10 those times. What about the other times?
- 11 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Okay. And that's, I think,
- 12 the point. And that is, you have to decide which of
- 13 those things is present in a registration statement.
- 14 And our view is that, in a registration statement, you
- 15 are dealing with a circumstance, because it's strict
- 16 liability, it shifts the risk of error to the issuer
- 17 because they're collecting the money for when they
- 18 get --
- 19 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Mr. Goldstein, can I just
- 20 clarify what seems to be your point. You do not take
- 21 the reasonable factual basis. You are saying it's the
- 22 same thing as if we excised "we believe." That you take
- 23 that out, and then you have a statement of fact which is
- 24 false, and then they're responsible. So you're really
- 25 saying there is no such thing as an opinion versus a

- 1 fact, that it's just the same as if they left out "we
- 2 believe."
- 3 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Two things. The first is,
- 4 we do believe in the reasonable basis standard; that is,
- 5 the government has a more modest, what you could call a
- 6 middle ground. We endorse it. We have a more expansive
- 7 reading of the statute as well. So that's point 1.
- 8 Point 2 is we do think absolutely that you
- 9 can have an opinion in a registration statement that
- 10 makes clear it is not something on which you should rely
- on for the ultimate truth. And you could look at some
- 12 of the statements --
- 13 JUSTICE KAGAN: Isn't that exactly what you
- 14 have here? Because if you look at these registration
- 15 statements, you know, we have been looking at one or two
- 16 sentences in a vacuum, but, in fact, if you look at the
- 17 registration statements themselves, they're sort of
- 18 surrounded by reasons to discount the opinion. It says,
- 19 you know, CMS, the government might think differently,
- 20 and if that's so, we're really in bad shape. It says,
- 21 these laws may be interpreted in the future in a manner
- 22 inconsistent with our interpretation. I mean, it seems
- 23 to me that they actually did a pretty good job of
- 24 saying, look, we think this, but there are -- there are
- 25 some problems --

- 1 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Right.
- 2 JUSTICE KAGAN: -- with this and it could go
- 3 the other way.
- 4 MR. GOLDSTEIN: I think this is a really
- 5 important point. I think the critical thing is to
- 6 realize that Mr. Shanmugam doesn't. His view is, even
- 7 if there are no qualifications whatsoever, it is only
- 8 telling you what is in his client's head. So that's
- 9 point 1. And they did not make this argument in the
- 10 district court or the court of appeals here that you
- 11 have to look at the full context of the opinion and see
- 12 whether the party is actually fully hedging.
- Now, point 2 is that there are statements
- 14 that we are relying in our complaint that aren't like
- 15 that. If I could take you to the Joint Appendix to give
- 16 you one good example, and I'll take you to page 192.
- 17 And this is our allegation about therapeutic
- 18 interchange. We allege -- and they settled a bunch of
- 19 cases, including with the government over whether they
- 20 were switching their patients' drugs in order to have an
- 21 arrangement that was more profitable to them but not
- 22 good for the patient. And we allege that therapeutic
- 23 interchange, as implemented by them, was illegal.
- 24 Here is what they said at the top of 192:
- 25 "When required and/or specifically requested by the

- 1 physician or patient, branded drugs are dispensed and
- 2 generic drugs are substituted in accordance with
- 3 applicable State and Federal laws as requested by the
- 4 physician or resident."
- 5 So this is an instance in the registration
- 6 statement where they didn't have any of that hedging.
- 7 They simply said, we are acting legally. And our point
- 8 is that either of two things is implied by that. One is
- 9 that it's legal or at least that no person -- or that a
- 10 person would reasonably conclude that it's legal.
- 11 What we want to do on remand is the
- 12 following: We want to show the actual facts, and we
- 13 want to show that a person would not reasonably conclude
- 14 this activity was legal. To the extent they have hedged
- in the registration statement and said, look, here's a
- 16 vague law, and we know there are vague laws out there,
- 17 we know there are vague regulations, and if the
- 18 registration statement is read to say, look, you could
- 19 read it as A, as B or C, then we're going to have to
- 20 prove that the facts are inconsistent with A, B or C.
- 21 That is to say on the government's
- 22 intermediate view, that the actual facts don't comport
- 23 with a reasonable reading of the statutes and
- 24 regulations that are involved. Remember, that it is
- 25 very hard to understand why Congress would have written

- 1 a statute that says you're going to be strictly liable
- 2 for misrepresentations, and we're going to ignore the
- 3 fact that the reason you state opinions in a
- 4 registration statement is precisely so that people will
- 5 rely on them.
- The whole point of having these in the
- 7 registration statement is to persuade people about the
- 8 state of the company, about the state of what it's
- 9 doing, about its profitability and the like. And if you
- 10 announce a legal rule that says we're going -- so long
- 11 as you put the words "we believe" in front of any of
- 12 those sentences, then what you're going to have is a
- 13 situation in which every single time when Congress is
- 14 trying to make sure that the company speaks truthfully,
- 15 the plaintiff is going to be held to the burden of
- 16 proving what's inside people's heads. And I don't think
- 17 that that is what you would naturally infer from a
- 18 statute like this.
- 19 JUSTICE KAGAN: Could I just make sure I
- 20 understand, Mr. Goldstein? The basis of your argument
- 21 in the text is not the untrue statement of material
- 22 facts language, right? Because I would take it that you
- 23 agree with the government and with Mr. Shanmugam that as
- 24 to that, the only untrue statement in an opinion is
- 25 whether you hold it? But the basis of your view, both

- 1 as to agreeing with the government and also suggesting
- 2 that a further view is the omissions language; is that
- 3 right?
- 4 MR. GOLDSTEIN: That is not quite correct.
- 5 I think that it's a very subtle difference to say, is
- 6 what we're holding them liable for the implied
- 7 statement, which was untrue, or the omission of the fact
- 8 that makes it non-misleading? I'll tell you -- let me
- 9 give what you Virginia Bankshares said about this. It
- 10 spoke -- and this is in the context of Rule 1489, which
- 11 uses the same language as Section 11, and this is on
- 12 page 1092.
- "Such statements are factual," in two
- 14 sentences, "as statements that the directors do act for
- 15 the reasons given or hold the belief stated and as
- 16 statements about the subject matter of the reason or
- 17 belief expressed." And in that example, the Court
- 18 understood the statement, we -- you know, we recommend
- 19 this merger because \$42 is a high price to be an implied
- 20 statement about the nature of the price and whether it
- 21 was high or fair.
- I don't think much matters in the
- 23 characterization of whether it's an implied statement
- 24 or, instead, the failure to include a fact that would
- 25 make it true, but that's how Virginia Bankshares looked

- 1 at the question. -
- 2 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Well, there in that case
- 3 of Virginia Banks, it was a given, it was stipulated or
- 4 proven already by the jury verdict that they didn't
- 5 believe what they said.
- 6 MR. GOLDSTEIN: And I think that's a really
- 7 important thing about Virginia Bankshares. I think the
- 8 most that my friend can try and derive from Virginia
- 9 Bankshares is under that under Section 1489, the Court
- 10 said you can hold someone liable if you have both
- 11 subjective and objective disbelief.
- What they're trying to do is to say that
- 13 that is not just sufficient, but necessary. And that
- 14 is, that you -- Virginia Bankshares stands for the
- 15 proposition that you have to prove subjective disbelief.
- And let me just point you to the language of
- 17 the Court's opinion that I think is completely
- 18 inconsistent with that. There are -- this is going to
- 19 be on page 1095 of the Court's opinion. The first
- 20 sentence is going to be from precisely before what Mr.
- 21 Shanmugam read.
- 22 Under Section 14-A then, "A plaintiff is
- 23 permitted to prove a specific statement of reason
- 24 knowingly false or misleadingly incomplete even when
- 25 stated in conclusory terms," and that is referring to

- 1 the following statement that, "However conclusory the
- 2 director's statements may have been, then it was open to
- 3 attack by garden-variety evidence, allowing respondents
- 4 the opportunity for recovery on the allegation that it
- 5 was misleading to call \$42 high," and the Court said you
- 6 could recover just on that allegation.
- 7 And remember how anomalous it would be to
- 8 say that Virginia Bankshares holds that you must prove
- 9 the state of mind of the speaker. This is a strict
- 10 liability statute. To say you have to prove that the
- 11 person didn't believe the implied fact is to say it's
- 12 not a strict liability statute, it's essentially
- 13 scienter. And why is it, we would ask, that Congress
- 14 would say, we recognize an implied statement in the
- opinion, but we're going to require that you prove that
- 16 they essentially intentionally lied to you. It's just
- 17 contrary to the entire structure and notion of Section
- 18 11, which isn't a fraud statute at all. It is derived
- 19 from principles of common law that said, if you have a
- 20 even negligent misrepresentation, even an innocent
- 21 misrepresentation, you just state the facts wrong.
- Then what you have is effectively
- 23 rescission. And that is, the issuer got the money from
- the person who bought the stock. There was a mistake.
- 25 It went wrong. We're not saying that they're

- 1 intentional liars, but they got the money on the basis
- of an incorrect representation. They get the money
- 3 back. And you can't say that you have a state-of-mind
- 4 requirement when the statute simultaneously says for
- 5 auditors, for the lawyer who has to produce a legal
- 6 opinion with respect to forward-looking statements, then
- 7 you inquire whether -- and it's going to be on the
- 8 defendant to prove that they engaged in due diligence.
- 9 JUSTICE ALITO: Well, if it's not purely
- 10 subjective, if it's the reasonable basis test, what does
- 11 that mean? Mr. Shanmugam says that's very open-ended.
- 12 And I think he has a point. I don't really know what a
- 13 reasonable basis would be in that situation.
- 14 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Well, this is something that
- 15 the common law has employed and utilized for well over a
- 16 hundred years. In this case, we would be required to
- 17 prove, with respect to the hedged legal statements, that
- 18 a reasonable -- or that the legal view of the company is
- 19 consistent with the facts, and that is, you couldn't
- 20 reasonably hold this legal view if you were taking
- 21 kickbacks and you weren't passing the money on to the
- 22 government. There is --
- 23 JUSTICE ALITO: But to what degree must the
- 24 person -- let's just take the CEO who signs on behalf of
- 25 the corporation. To what degree must be conduct an

- 1 investigation to determine whether illegality is going
- 2 on someplace in the company?
- 3 MR. GOLDSTEIN: If you are making -- if you
- 4 go out of your way to say what we're doing is legal,
- 5 then you're going to have to undertake a reasonable
- 6 investigation. I'm not -- let me just say to you --
- 7 JUSTICE ALITO: Well, what does that mean?
- 8 MR. GOLDSTEIN: It means --
- 9 JUSTICE ALITO: Now, I believe it's -- I
- 10 belive -- the CES says, I believe that nobody in this
- 11 company is paying bribes.
- MR. GOLDSTEIN: Yes.
- 13 JUSTICE ALITO: And the CEO says no one
- 14 from -- it's a true statement of belief, and he's
- 15 received information from certain corporate compliance
- 16 officers that no bribes are being paid.
- 17 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Yes.
- 18 JUSTICE ALITO: How much investigation does
- 19 he have to go on, does he have to do? Does he have to
- 20 hire an outside firm to do an investigation to see if
- 21 maybe somebody is paying bribes?
- MR. GOLDSTEIN: It depends on whether he has
- 23 information. The most specific thing that I can help
- 24 you with your opinion in the case is that, remember,
- 25 this due diligence standard exists in the statute. Any

- 1 expert that offers an opinion is going to have to show
- 2 reasonable investigation. Congress didn't write more
- 3 into the statute for the defense because it's very
- 4 contextual.
- 5 If the CEO knew that there had been claims
- 6 in the press, for example, there had been allegations,
- 7 they were facing a qui tam lawsuit, then there would be
- 8 a heightened obligation to investigate.
- 9 My point for you is that Mr. Shanmugam
- 10 thinks none of that's relevant, and that is --
- 11 JUSTICE ALITO: Well, I understand that. He
- 12 says it's purely subjective. You say basically, it's
- 13 the -- state of mind is completely irrelevant. But if
- we're in the middle someplace?
- 15 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Right, and the middle ground
- 16 is that when he makes that statement in the registration
- 17 statement, he is trying to induce me to believe, at the
- 18 very least, I wouldn't say this if I didn't have a
- 19 reasonable basis. We then will have to prove as the
- 20 plaintiffs that there was not a reasonable set of facts
- 21 that could lead them to say this. In his view, even if
- 22 it was completely unreasonable, that is to say the CEO
- 23 heard these rumors and ignored them --
- 24 JUSTICE ALITO: But you're not really
- 25 helping me. But maybe -- all you're saying is

- 1 reasonable, reasonable. I -- I would like
- 2 some more concrete quidance as to what is reasonable.
- 3 MR. GOLDSTEIN: I'm sorry, it's just very
- 4 context-dependent. In your hypothetical, what I would
- 5 say is that if the CEO knows that there's never been an
- 6 allegation about this, his general counsel has said, We
- 7 are complying with the law, I don't think the CEO is
- 8 going to have to do more.
- 9 But, in fact, if the contracts by their
- 10 terms, which is what we allege, involve direct payments
- 11 for increasing market share, if they are paying --
- 12 here -- here's another good example. We have in the
- 13 complaint that their own lawyers told them not to make
- 14 these purchases with respect to nursing homes because it
- 15 would amount to an illegal kickback.
- 16 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Yeah, well, that's
- 17 your -- your case, but I gather your answer to
- 18 Justice Alito is that the CEO doesn't know about
- 19 anything, and his lawyer comes in and says, Nope, I
- 20 don't know about anything, then that cannot be the basis
- 21 for a suit?
- 22 MR. GOLDSTEIN: In your hypothetical in
- 23 which there is no question about the reasonableness, I
- 24 think that they will have an excellent --
- 25 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: No, I'm asking you,

- 1 is it reasonable for --
- 2 MR. GOLDSTEIN: Yes.
- 3 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: -- him to say, I
- 4 don't know anything about any bribes.
- 5 The lawyer comes in, Do you know anything
- 6 about bribes?
- 7 No, I don't know anything about any bribes.
- 8 Is it reasonable for him to say, In our
- 9 opinion, our employees are not giving bribes?
- 10 MR. GOLDSTEIN: If that is true across the
- 11 company, because it's not just the CEO that signs the
- 12 registration statement, then yes.
- 13 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Okay. Thank you.
- Ms. Saharsky.
- 15 ORAL ARGUMENT OF NICOLE SAHARSKY
- 16 ON BEHALF OF UNITED STATES,
- 17 AS AMICUS CURIAE, SUPPORTING RESPONDENTS
- 18 MS. SAHARSKY: Mr. Chief Justice, and may it
- 19 please the Court:
- The parties have offered you two extreme
- 21 positions, and we think that the answer lies in the
- 22 middle. And this is an answer that comes right from the
- 23 language of the statute because it's not the case as
- 24 petitioner suggests that the statute only requires that
- 25 you make statements that are literally accurate. The

- 1 statute says that you have to make statements that are
- 2 both literally accurate and not misleading as to a --
- 3 that there cannot be a material omission.
- 4 And this is a -- this is really a standard
- 5 that makes sense in the context of this particular case
- 6 where we're talking about whether something in a
- 7 registration statement has a reasonable basis.
- 8 And I want to clarify what we mean by
- 9 reasonable basis. We mean a basis that would be
- 10 expected under the circumstances, that a lack of a
- 11 reasonable basis is what makes an omitted fact make the
- 12 statement about the opinion misleading.
- 13 So to answer Justice Alito's question, a
- 14 plaintiff has the burden to come into court and provide
- 15 an omitted fact that should have been put in the
- 16 statement of opinion or provided along with it in order
- 17 to make it not misleading. And that has --
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well, it seem -- it seems
- 19 to me that you're not in the middle, that you're almost
- 20 90 percent with the respondent because you give very
- 21 little weight to the subjective belief component.
- MS. SAHARSKY: We think that the -- you
- 23 could establish liability either way. It's really the
- 24 Court of Appeals kind of addressed two questions, and we
- 25 agree with the Court of Appeals halfway. The first

- 1 question is do you always have to have subjective
- 2 disbelief to recover under Section 11 for an opinion.
- 3 The Court of Appeals correctly said the answer to that
- 4 was no.
- 5 But then to --
- 6 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But you -- I -- are
- 7 you disavowing Virginia Bankers? Virginia Bankers says
- 8 you need two things, you need subjective disbelief
- 9 and/or not quite, but you need an objective fact that's
- 10 not true, meaning you need to prove the falsity of the
- 11 objective fact?
- 12 MS. SAHARSKY: Well, with respect, we don't
- 13 think that the court in Virginia Bankshares held that
- 14 both were required because as you pointed out before the
- 15 jury --
- 16 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: No, you're right. It
- 17 only held that the second was required, so you always
- 18 have to prove that. So what mental state are you saying
- 19 has to be proven? Either they didn't believe what they
- 20 were saying and there was no reasonable, or there was no
- 21 reasonable basis for what they were saying?
- MS. SAHARSKY: That's right. Either they
- 23 didn't believe what they were saying, or there was no
- 24 reasonable basis for what they were saying. And to --
- 25 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: How do we --

- 1 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: You were asking, in
- 2 Justice Kennedy's, you said it was right and wrong, and
- 3 then you got the part out about it being right. What --
- 4 in what way was it wrong?
- 5 MS. SAHARSKY: The way in which the Sixth
- 6 Circuit decision was wrong is because it suggested this
- 7 idea of liability by hindsight, that if there is
- 8 something that you give an opinion on about legality and
- 9 it's later proven or later -- later established to be
- 10 false by a -- untrue by a court, that you could be found
- 11 liable by hindsight, and we think that's not true.
- 12 What matters is the state of mind and the
- 13 basis that you had at the time the registration
- 14 statements were made. And that's actually directly in
- 15 the language of the text of the statute which focuses on
- 16 when the registration statement became effective.
- 17 But just to make clear, and, again, in
- 18 response to Justice Alito's question, this is a
- 19 context-specific inquiry, and the burden is on the
- 20 plaintiff to come forward with an omitted material fact
- 21 that should have been stated. And in the context about
- 22 an opinion, the kinds of things that would be omitted
- 23 material facts that would matter are things that
- 24 undercut a basis that you would expect. So it could be
- 25 a lack of any investigation whatsoever.

- 1 But it could be, as Justice Kagan said, that
- 2 you have been sued. And several courts have held
- 3 against you. Those are the kind of facts.
- 4 JUSTICE ALITO: But this is always going to
- 5 come up after it's been shown that the statement turned
- 6 out -- the statement of belief turned out to be
- 7 incorrect. The registration statements says, We believe
- 8 X. It turns out X is not true.
- 9 So it's not going to be very hard in that
- 10 situation for a plaintiff to allege that the -- that the
- 11 issuer did not make a reasonable investigation because
- 12 if -- if they had done a reasonable investigation, they
- 13 would have discovered that X wasn't true.
- MS. SAHARSKY: Well, with respect, I'm not
- 15 sure that that's true because of the stringent pleading
- 16 standards that are in place. First of all, it's not
- 17 just that they could allege a conclusion under this
- 18 Court's decision in Twombly and Iqbal. It's that you
- 19 have to have facts to support it.
- 20 Also, there are some courts, like the court
- 21 in this case, depending on the allegations, that say
- 22 they need to meet the particularity standard for fraud,
- 23 a claims that sounds like fraud under Section 9(b). So
- there is, in fact, a burden on the plaintiffs.
- 25 And one point that I want to make is that

- 1 this is the kind of inquiry that comes up in omissions
- 2 cases all the time. The question is the plaintiff says,
- 3 and has to say with facts behind it, There's something
- 4 that was omitted that matters.
- 5 And the question ultimately for the finder
- of fact to decide is did it make the statement
- 7 misleading or not, and that is a very context-specific
- 8 discussion. But --
- 9 JUSTICE ALITO: They say, someone pleads
- 10 that -- they said we believe there were no bribes paid,
- 11 and then later it's discovered that lots of bribes were
- 12 being paid off someplace. So they alleged all the
- 13 things that have turned out to be inconsistent with the
- 14 statement of belief, and they say had they sent someone
- 15 there to investigate, they would have found this, they
- 16 would have found that. So how difficult is that going
- 17 to be?
- 18 MS. SAHARSKY: Well, again, I think the
- 19 depends on the case.
- 20 You know, one thing that I would suggest to
- 21 the Court by way of reassurance, is both that the Court
- 22 has addressed a number of omissions cases and asking,
- 23 you know, is the kind of information something that
- 24 should have been included to make the statement not
- 25 misleading, but also that the standard that we're

- 1 talking about, the lack of a basis, has deep roots in
- 2 the common law, it's been the long-standing position of
- 3 the SEC, and there are numerous courts that have used
- 4 this standard, including the Third Circuit's decision in
- 5 the Trump case, the Weiss case that's cited in our
- 6 brief.
- 7 JUSTICE KAGAN: Do you think that there are
- 8 specific omissions in this case?
- 9 MS. SAHARSKY: Well, the case wasn't really
- 10 pleaded the way that we conceive of it in terms of the
- 11 lack of a reasonable basis, so we do think the
- 12 appropriate thing for the Court to do would be to
- 13 provide appropriate instructions to the lower courts,
- 14 send this case back, and potentially allow this case to
- 15 be repleaded because of the fact that we do think there
- 16 was a kernel of this lack of reasonable basis idea in
- 17 two places in the complaint in this case.
- The one is the relatively conclusory
- 19 statement in Section 183 of the complaint that there was
- 20 not a reasonable basis, but then there was also, as
- 21 Mr. Goldstein noted, paragraphs 89 and 90 of the
- 22 complaint, which were specific facts that were alleged
- 23 about the company's attorney saying with respect to one
- 24 of the specific contracts, this contract has all the
- 25 kick -- the hallmarks of a kickback, an illegal kickback,

- 1 and that is the kind of thing that potentially is an
- 2 omission that could be material and could make the other
- 3 statements in the registration statement misleading if
- 4 you don't provide such information.
- 5 JUSTICE ALITO: Well, do you think that
- 6 Twombly in this -- in this context requires the
- 7 plaintiff to allege what kind of investigation was
- 8 conducted before there is discovery?
- 9 MS. SAHARSKY: I think that that would be a
- 10 case-specific determination, but I don't think that that
- 11 under Twombly and Iqbal, that the -- that the plaintiff
- 12 could just come in and give a very generic, a very
- 13 conclusory allegation. That's what the Court said is no
- 14 conclusory allegations.
- But another -- another point I think that
- 16 might be helpful to the Court is that this is really --
- 17 this no reasonable basis standard is really something
- 18 that polices the egregious cases because it has to be
- 19 the case that the plaintiff can come forward with
- 20 information and that the basis that the company had is
- 21 really outside the bounds of reasonableness, and we need
- 22 to have it for egregious cases, for example, if there
- 23 was a company that really did no investigation before
- 24 putting statements like financial statements or
- 25 financial predictions in its --

- 1 JUSTICE BREYER: Well, why wouldn't they
- 2 just say, Look, the statement turned out to be false, we
- 3 don't doubt that he did hold that opinion as his
- 4 opinion, he was sincere, but he had no basis for that
- 5 whatsoever, period. That's what the complaint says.
- 6 Now, how can you avoid discovery on that?
- 7 MS. SAHARSKY: Well, I think the plaintiff
- 8 has the burden to -- to allege specific omitted facts
- 9 that should have been given in the registration --
- 10 JUSTICE BREYER: He never looked into it.
- 11 He had no basis for it. That's trying to prove a
- 12 negative. What are they supposed to allege a negative,
- 13 he didn't go to the law books, didn't go to the library,
- 14 didn't talk to this, didn't talk to that. I mean, it's
- 15 pretty hard to do, isn't it?
- MS. SAHARSKY: Well, I think it depends in
- 17 the context of the entire complaint, whether there's
- 18 sufficient factual matter there or not. But again, what
- 19 I would tell the Court is that this kind of issue, not
- 20 with respect to opinions specifically, but in general,
- 21 arises in omissions cases, and there are many omissions
- 22 cases under Section 11, which is not surprising when you
- 23 think about it because these registration statements are
- 24 so carefully vetted. It's not often the case that you
- 25 find facts that are stated that are actually untrue.

- 1 And that's really the key point that I want
- 2 to make when you are thinking about Petitioner's
- 3 statement, is the SEC does really view this as a problem
- 4 to say that the Petitioner's idea that you can just put
- 5 "we believe" in front of something and then not have any
- 6 need to make an investigation into it or see whether it
- 7 has a basis.
- 8 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Why can't that be
- 9 submitted to the jury? In other words, you can look,
- 10 not to see if in fact it has a reasonable basis, but to
- 11 use the evidence about how unreasonable the basis must
- 12 be to suggest that the belief was not sincere?
- MS. SAHARSKY: Well, Congress made --
- 14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: If someone comes in,
- in Justice Breyer's hypothetical, and there's no basis
- 16 at all and says, "I believe that this," and the evidence
- 17 shows he had no basis at all, a jury can easily
- 18 determine, we don't think he really believed it.
- 19 MS. SAHARSKY: You're right that that's
- 20 probative evidence. But I think the key point is the
- 21 language Congress enacted, that Congress did not limit
- 22 liability to statements that are literally true or
- 23 false. There could be statements that are literally
- 24 true, like he had the belief, but were misleading, and I
- 25 think that that's the situation. There are places where you

- 1 could have something that is subjectively believed, a
- 2 company in litigation, and the company lawyer thinks
- 3 we're going to win this, we can, but they haven't been
- 4 winning it, and they don't disclose the fact that there
- 5 are some serious risks there.
- 6 And that's the kind of thing that really
- 7 shouldn't be put in registration statements without
- 8 qualification.
- 9 JUSTICE KAGAN: Ms. Saharsky, does this
- 10 affect not only the private right of action? I was
- 11 uncertain whether it also affected the SEC's ability to
- 12 stop a registration statement which it thought had a
- 13 misleading statement of opinion. If we come out the way
- 14 Mr. Shanmugam says, is the SEC's ability to do that
- 15 severely compromised?
- 16 MS. SAHARSKY: Yes. The language, the
- 17 operative language, is nearly identical. This is
- 18 between Section 8, which is about the SEC stop orders,
- 19 and Section 11, and the key language is that there has
- 20 to be the misstatement of material fact or the omission
- 21 that makes the -- because the omission is present makes
- 22 this statement not misleading.
- 23 So this is nearly identical language, and
- the SEC has taken the position for many years that in
- 25 fact a lack of a reasonable basis is a serious problem

- 1 even if the person sincerely believes it. Those are the
- 2 cases cited in our brief, and the reason we're here
- 3 today is because it will severely hamper the SEC's authority, as
- 4 well as the authority of private persons to recover, if
- 5 you can just put things in registration statements
- 6 without even having a basis for them.
- 7 Thank you.
- 8 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, counsel.
- 9 Mr. Shanmugam, you have seven minutes
- 10 remaining.
- 11 REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF KANNON K. SHANMUGAM
- 12 ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONERS
- 13 MR. SHANMUGAM: Thank you, Mr. Chief
- 14 Justice.
- This is the rarer case in which none of the
- 16 parties is defending the reasoning of the court of
- 17 appeals below. And just to reiterate, the court of
- 18 appeals in this case held that the falsity requirement
- 19 in Section 11 operates differently because Section 11 is
- 20 a strict liability statute, and that's the reasoning at
- 21 page 47 of the Joint Appendix.
- 22 So the real question before this Court is
- 23 whether to reverse outright, as we submit this Court
- 24 should do, or to vacate and remand for application of a
- 25 somewhat different legal standard such as the reasonable

- 1 basis standard.
- 2 I want to really set out three reasons in
- 3 this rebuttal why we believe that the Court should
- 4 reverse outright.
- 5 First of all, I want to focus on the text of
- 6 the statute. And to go to the colloquy, Justice Kagan,
- 7 that you and I were having, and the similar colloquy
- 8 that you also had with my colleagues at the bar, whether
- 9 or not there is a reasonable basis is not a fact that
- 10 can be said to be omitted, and that is for the precise
- 11 reason that this test is not simply a "some basis"
- 12 standard. This is a reasonable basis standard that
- 13 requires some evaluation of whether the basis is
- 14 sufficient.
- And so that is really a judgment. It is
- 16 really a matter of opinion, and I don't think that it
- 17 can fairly be said to be a fact that is omitted. And
- 18 again, as I suggested earlier --
- 19 JUSTICE KAGAN: But there might be omitted
- 20 facts, such as I didn't check with any of my lawyers, or
- 21 I checked with my lawyers and they told me the opposite.
- 22 I mean, those are facts, and that's the thing that makes
- 23 the statement in the registration statement itself
- 24 misleading.
- 25 MR. SHANMUGAM: And so the only point I

- 1 would add is the point that I think I made in my opening
- 2 argument, which is that the statement of material fact
- 3 here is still the statement of the opinion, and there is
- 4 nothing misleading about that statement as to that
- 5 stated fact. That is to say, either that is the opinion
- 6 of the issuer or it isn't. And I think it was telling
- 7 that Mr. Goldstein in his argument --
- 8 JUSTICE KAGAN: But I think what
- 9 Ms. Saharsky is saying, maybe not Mr. Goldstein, is that
- 10 there's another part of the statute which is omissions,
- 11 and that those omissions of facts -- I didn't check with
- 12 anybody or I checked with everybody and they said the
- 13 exact opposite -- that's the thing that makes my own
- 14 statement misleading, and that's why it fits within the
- 15 statute.
- 16 MR. SHANMUGAM: Right, but it still has to
- 17 be an omission that is, in the words of the statute,
- 18 "necessary to make the statements therein not
- 19 misleading." And again, we think that the statements
- 20 therein are really the statements of material fact.
- 21 Now, Mr. Goldstein made a somewhat different
- 22 textual argument, and I want to address that, too, just
- 23 to kind of lay all of our cards on the table. He argued
- 24 that, in essence, because this concept of due diligence,
- 25 this concept of having a reasonable belief, exists in

- 1 the affirmative defense, that this Court can somehow
- 2 just import that concept into the affirmative falsity
- 3 requirement.
- 4 To me, that really illustrates why this is a
- 5 profoundly atextual view, because in essence what he is
- 6 saying is that, although Congress incorporated a
- 7 reasonableness standard in certain specific contexts
- 8 with regard to defenses for persons other than the
- 9 issuer, you should impose it as an affirmative
- 10 requirement with regard to statements of opinion whoever
- 11 the speaker is.
- And again, we simply don't think that can be
- 13 squared with the text of the statute.
- I would note a couple of further things in
- 15 response to Ms. Saharsky's argument as to the text here.
- 16 First of all, as I said in my opening, if Congress
- 17 wanted to specifically impose liability in the absence
- 18 of a reasonable basis, it certainly could have done so.
- 19 There are statutes outside the securities context that
- 20 use that phrase in order to impose liability.
- 21 But second, to the extent that the SEC views
- 22 this as a massive problem, the SEC certainly could
- 23 promulgate a rule under its authority under Section 19
- 24 of the Securities Act, which allows the SEC to specify
- 25 what should be included in a registration statement.

- 1 And the SEC in fact has somewhat broader power than
- 2 Ms. Saharsky suggests because, while it is true that the
- 3 SEC stop order power under Section 8(d) uses similar
- 4 language, the SEC also has the power to prevent a
- 5 registration statement from going into effect under
- 6 Section 8(b) where that statement is inaccurate or
- 7 incomplete in any respect.
- 8 In our view, that is broader language that
- 9 would give the SEC somewhat more expansive authority if
- 10 it believed that a statement of opinion is objectively
- 11 false.
- 12 With regard to Virginia Bankshares, I would
- 13 just note one thing in response to Justice Sotomayor's
- 14 question, and that is that, as we point out at page 10
- of our reply brief, there was no jury finding in
- 16 Virginia Bankshares on the issue of subjective
- 17 disbelief. This Court was instead characterizing the
- 18 jury's finding precisely because this Court believed
- 19 that what it meant for a statement of this variety to be
- 20 false was for the speaker to have acted with subjective
- 21 disbelief. And again, I would point the Court to what
- 22 we said in our reply brief. We cite the verdict form as
- 23 confirmation of that proposition.
- 24 Third, I want to say just a word about the
- 25 policy considerations here, pro and con a reasonable

- 1 basis standard. As I pointed out earlier, we believe
- 2 that that standard is amorphous, and I don't think that
- 3 anything that's taken place in the intervening half an
- 4 hour has dispelled that proposition.
- 5 Ms. Saharsky says that whether or not a
- 6 basis is reasonable is whether or not the basis is one
- 7 that would be expected under the circumstances, and I
- 8 would respectfully submit that that really doesn't
- 9 provide much more by way of clarity, and it certainly
- 10 would make it very easy for a plaintiff to plead a claim
- 11 under this legal standard because all they would
- 12 presumably have to say is that the basis is not that
- 13 that was expected under the circumstances.
- And as Mr. Goldstein said, this inquiry
- 15 would be very context specific, and again in a context
- 16 where issuers really require predictability and
- 17 certainty, we believe that that is cold comfort.
- There is one other policy consideration,
- 19 however, which I didn't mention earlier that I just want
- 20 to mention very briefly. There are very few statements
- 21 of opinion that are required to be included in
- 22 registration statements. There is the statement of the
- 23 auditor, statement of the lawyer that the issuance of
- 24 these securities is valid. But beyond that, the statute
- 25 and the regulations really do not require very many of

- 1 these statements. And we, therefore, believe that a
- 2 standard -- an amorphous liability standard like the
- 3 reasonable basis standard will really have a chilling
- 4 effect in cases of this variety.
- 5 And I would note, as was illustrated in the
- 6 discussion with Mr. Goldstein, that in this case most of
- 7 the statements at issue were accompanied by cautionary
- 8 language, and I think that the reason why that is so is
- 9 that the reason why companies like Omnicare make
- 10 disclosures like this is precisely to warn about the
- 11 risks of doing business. If you take a look at --
- 12 JUSTICE KENNEDY: What would be your
- 13 position if those qualifying statements that do appear
- 14 just before and just after this belief statement were
- 15 omitted?
- MR. SHANMUGAM: Well, our view would be the
- 17 same in the sense that we certainly think that
- 18 subjective disbelief would still be required, and of
- 19 course we believe that that is the holding of this
- 20 Court's decision in Virginia Bankshares as it has been
- 21 understood.
- 22 But I make the point for a somewhat
- 23 different reason, which is simply to illustrate why
- 24 issuers believe that it is desirable to make statements
- 25 of this variety, and if issuers are subject to liability

1	under an amorphous standard they will simply omit to do
2	so.
3	Thank you.
4	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, counsel.
5	The case is submitted.
6	(Whereupon, at 12:05 p.m., the case in the
7	above-entitled matter was submitted.)
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