1	IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
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3	J. MCINTYRE MACHINERY, LTD., :
4	Petitioner : No. 09-1343
5	v. :
6	ROBERT NICASTRO, ET UX. :
7	x
8	Washington, D.C.
9	Tuesday, January 11, 2011
10	
11	The above-entitled matter came on for oral
12	argument before the Supreme Court of the United States
13	at 10:13 a.m.
14	APPEARANCES:
15	ARTHUR F. FERGENSON, ESQ., Ellicott City, Maryland; on
16	behalf of Petitioner.
17	ALEXANDER W. ROSS, JR., ESQ., Marlton, New Jersey; on
18	behalf of Respondents.
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1 PROCEEDINGS 2 (10:13 a.m.) 3 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: We'll hear argument 4 first this morning in Case 09-1343, J. McIntyre 5 Machinery, Ltd. v. Nicastro. 6 Mr. Fergenson. 7 ORAL ARGUMENT OF ARTHUR F. FERGENSON 8 ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONER 9 MR. FERGENSON: Mr. Chief Justice, and may 10 it please the Court: 11 Because J. McIntyre did not direct any 12 activity at residents of New Jersey either itself or by directing its distributor MMA to do so and had no 13 14 awareness or knowledge that the distributor took the 15 action that it did toward New Jersey, New Jersey lacked 16 adjudicative jurisdiction. 17 JUSTICE SCALIA: When you say "its 18 distributor," was this distributor at all controlled by 19 the defendant? 20 MR. FERGENSON: No, Your Honor. It was not. 21 And both under Ohio law, Wells v. Komatsu America, and 22 under the Restatement (Second) Agency, section 1(1), the right to control is essential to ascribe actions to 23 24 create an agency, and it's on a per-purpose basis.

- 1 to it as the company that distributed its product,
- 2 rather than calling it "its distributor."
- 3 MR. FERGENSON: Very good, Your Honor.
- 4 JUSTICE SCALIA: It's loaded, it seems to
- 5 me.
- 6 MR. FERGENSON: Very good, Your Honor.
- 7 JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. Fergenson, in your
- 8 question presented to this Court, you ask whether
- 9 there's personal jurisdiction -- and I'm quoting here --
- 10 "solely because the manufacturer targets the United
- 11 States market for the sale of its product."
- 12 So I'm taking from that, that you
- 13 acknowledge that this manufacturer, McIntyre, a British
- 14 manufacturer, targeted the United States market for the
- 15 sale of its product. That's correct, yes?
- MR. FERGENSON: Your Honor, that's what the
- 17 New Jersey Supreme Court held, and that's how we
- 18 fashioned the --
- 19 JUSTICE KAGAN: That's your question
- 20 presented.
- MR. FERGENSON: -- the test.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: Did this -- well, I'll just
- 23 ask you, then: Did this manufacturer target the United
- 24 States market? Did it want to sell its products in the
- 25 United States?

- 1 MR. FERGENSON: Yes, Your Honor.
- 2 JUSTICE KAGAN: Okay. So what does that
- 3 mean, exactly, Mr. Fergenson? Because the United States
- 4 is the United States. It's made up of 50 States. So I
- 5 assume that what that means is the manufacturer wanted
- 6 to sell its products in each of the 50 States. Is that
- 7 right?
- 8 MR. FERGENSON: No, Your Honor.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: It only wanted to sell its
- 10 product in a few States?
- 11 MR. FERGENSON: No, Your Honor. It wanted
- 12 to sell its product anywhere that the distributor could
- 13 find. The distributor was the market manager.
- 14 JUSTICE KAGAN: Right. Anywhere. So if the
- 15 distributor came up with California, that was great. If
- 16 the distributor came up with a customer in New Jersey,
- 17 that was great. As many as possible, more the better,
- 18 all over the United States. Is that right?
- MR. FERGENSON: As many as possible,
- 20 wherever the -- the distributor could find a customer,
- 21 yes, Your Honor.
- 22 JUSTICE KAGAN: Exactly. So you targeted
- 23 New Jersey no less than you targeted California or New
- 24 York or Illinois or Massachusetts or anything else.
- MR. FERGENSON: Well --

- 1 JUSTICE KAGAN: You targeted the entire
- 2 United States. Why shouldn't there be jurisdiction in
- 3 each of the States you targeted?
- 4 MR. FERGENSON: Well, Your Honor, because,
- 5 first, this Court's jurisprudence looks to a direct act,
- 6 from World-Wide Volkswagen and even before, as it
- 7 brought forward Hanson. As this Court has applied
- 8 World-Wide Volkswagen, Burger King and Justice
- 9 O'Connor's concurrence in Asahi and the other
- 10 occurrence -- concurrence, Justice Brennan's concurrence
- 11 in Asahi, look toward a specific State --
- JUSTICE SCALIA: Mr. Fergenson, I suppose
- 13 you could say the same thing about any United States
- 14 manufacturer --
- MR. FERGENSON: Yes.
- 16 JUSTICE SCALIA: -- who would desire to sell
- 17 his product in any of the States that would buy it.
- MR. FERGENSON: Yes, Your Honor.
- 19 JUSTICE SCALIA: And to say that this
- 20 foreign manufacturer is therefore suable in any State
- 21 would mean that any American manufacturer is suable in
- 22 any State, which --
- MR. FERGENSON: Yes, Your Honor.
- JUSTICE SCALIA: -- none of our cases hold.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, suable in any State
 Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 where the incident arises. This is not general
- 2 jurisdiction. This is specific jurisdiction. So the
- 3 question is, when you target the entire United States
- 4 and each of the 50 States within that and an accident
- 5 occurs within one of those States, are you subject to
- 6 jurisdiction in that State for that accident, for a
- 7 claim based on that accident? Not generally, but just
- 8 for a claim based on that accident.
- 9 Didn't even Justice O'Connor -- you
- 10 referenced the Asahi opinions, but Justice O'Connor said
- 11 as long as there's purposeful availment, there is
- 12 specific jurisdiction, and there is purposeful availment
- when there's an active effort to target a market.
- 14 MR. FERGENSON: Well, Your Honor, in Burger
- 15 King, in Hanson, in World-Wide Volkswagen, the
- 16 purposeful availment is defined as conducting activities
- 17 within the forum State. The -- this Court, through
- 18 those opinions, foreseeability, clear notice, reasonably
- 19 anticipate -- all converge.
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: In all of those cases,
- 21 there was a forum in the United States where someone
- 22 injured in the United States could sue. Your
- 23 proposition is that a company can deliberately send its
- 24 products, wants to exploit a U.S. market. But I take it
- 25 that there is no place in the United States, because New Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 Jersey is no different than California or any other
- 2 place -- is it your position that there is no forum in
- 3 which McIntyre can be sued, even though it set up this
- 4 distribution arrangement for the very purpose of having
- 5 its machines in as many locations in the United States
- 6 as it could? Is there a forum in the United States
- 7 where it could be sued?
- 8 MR. FERGENSON: Yes, Your Honor.
- 9 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Which one?
- 10 MR. FERGENSON: Ohio. It could have been
- 11 proceeded against in Ohio.
- 12 JUSTICE GINSBURG: It could be reached in
- 13 Ohio. Now, does that make a whole lot of sense? Is it
- 14 any more convenient for McIntyre to come to Ohio than
- 15 New Jersey? It's a lot less convenient for
- 16 Mr. Nicastro, who had his fingers removed by this
- 17 machine.
- 18 But you -- you are conceding that there is a
- 19 forum where this British company can be sued on a tort
- 20 that occurred in New Jersey. Explain to me why, since
- 21 there is a forum in the United States, the logical one
- 22 isn't New Jersey rather than Ohio.
- 23 MR. FERGENSON: Well, Your Honor, first, the
- 24 issue of convenience, choice of law, conflict of law, as
- 25 a determinative factor was rejected by this Court -- Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 JUSTICE GINSBURG: I'm asking you --
- 2 MR. FERGENSON: What?
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: -- the question: Where
- 4 can it be sued? Well, something happened in New Jersey.
- 5 The machine, allegedly defective machine, caused a harm
- 6 there. What happened in Ohio? What basis for specific
- 7 jurisdiction is there in Ohio? There was no tort in
- 8 Ohio.
- 9 MR. FERGENSON: Well, Your Honor, under Ohio
- 10 law, the -- there can be an assignment. There was no
- 11 written contract between MMA and J. McIntyre. There can
- 12 be an assignment in return for a release of a common law
- 13 indemnification right.
- 14 JUSTICE GINSBURG: I don't understand.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: Yes, but, Mr. Fergenson,
- 16 just picking up where Justice Ginsburg left off, Ohio is
- 17 a perfectly good place for jurisdiction over a claim
- 18 between the British manufacturer and its distributor in
- 19 Ohio. Any kind of contract claim, a claim based on the
- 20 agreement between the two -- Ohio is the appropriate
- 21 place for jurisdiction. But Ohio does not seem the
- 22 appropriate place for jurisdiction -- and again, we're
- 23 talking about specific jurisdiction, not general -- as
- 24 to a claim based on an accident that occurred in New
- 25 Jersey.

- 1 The entire idea of specific jurisdiction is
- 2 that you need a relationship between the defendant and
- 3 the forum and the claim. And here the claim arose in
- 4 New Jersey and was in fact not related to Ohio.
- 5 MR. FERGENSON: Well, Your Honor, Ohio
- 6 explicitly provides, and they -- it's arisen in statute
- 7 of limitation cases, and it goes back to Travelers
- 8 Indemnity v. Trowbridge, that an action under both
- 9 express and common law indemnity arises under contract.
- So, upon the assignment -- and there need
- 11 not be a judgment under Ohio law; that's Fort Defiance
- 12 Construction v. Village of Grover Hill -- there can be
- an assignment of a common law indemnity under strict
- 14 product liability.
- 15 JUSTICE GINSBURG: What kind of common law
- 16 indemnity are we dealing with here? Where does
- 17 Mr. Nicastro sue? He hasn't got any assignment, any
- 18 indemnity. Mr. Nicastro is injured in the United States
- 19 by a machine manufactured in England, and he wants to
- 20 sue, understandably, in the United States. Why are we
- 21 talking about assignments, indemnity? That has nothing
- 22 to do with Mr. Nicastro.
- 23 MR. FERGENSON: Yes, Your Honor, it does.
- 24 Mr. Nicastro had an action under strict product
- 25 liability. I want to come back to more fully answer the Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 why question that you asked: Why is it just and right
- 2 that he go -- that he to Ohio?
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: No, I would just like to
- 4 know first -- you said there is jurisdiction in Ohio and
- 5 not in New Jersey. In New Jersey, it's the place where
- 6 the accident occurred; and in Ohio, there's nothing but
- 7 the relationship between the distributor -- there's a
- 8 contract between the distributor and McIntyre. So why
- 9 does Ohio have jurisdiction over this New Jersey tort?
- 10 MR. FERGENSON: Ohio has New Jersey --
- 11 jurisdiction. There -- as Your Honor noticed, there are
- 12 three places that Mr. Nicastro, in looking over this,
- 13 could have chosen: United Kingdom, which he is now in,
- 14 in filing a claim in the liquidation proceedings; Ohio;
- 15 and New Jersey. The accident occurred in New Jersey.
- 16 That's a forum non conveniens issue that's -- -
- 17 JUSTICE GINSBURG: It's a forum what?
- 18 MR. FERGENSON: That's a convenience issue,
- 19 a forum non conveniens issue. And Justice Brennan was
- 20 clear before Burger King that that's what he wanted to
- 21 see the law go in the direction of. He was clear about
- 22 that.
- 23 Ohio, however, in looking at International
- 24 Shoe, going back to International Shoe, which talks
- about the relationship between the defendant and the Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 forum State --
- 2 JUSTICE GINSBURG: And the claim in suit.
- 3 That's very important.
- 4 MR. FERGENSON: And -- and the cause of
- 5 action, yes. There -- the one place where both the
- 6 distributor, who would upon suit and then a claim over
- 7 under product, strict product liability, would disappear
- 8 -- that's why you could get an assignment -- the
- 9 distributor is in Ohio, and so too is the contract
- 10 relationship.
- 11 JUSTICE GINSBURG: I still don't -- I don't
- 12 follow how Mr. Nicastro gets involved with assignment,
- 13 indemnity. Mr. Nicastro has a claim against -- well, he
- 14 sued them both, but the distributor is now bankrupt.
- 15 And he says, well, this is specific jurisdiction;
- 16 specific jurisdiction, as International Shoe teaches, is
- 17 where the claim arose. International Shoe, it arose in
- 18 the State of Washington because that's where the shoe --
- 19 the people who were promoting sale of International
- 20 Shoe's -- International Shoe's shoes worked every day.
- 21 So it was a claim relating to a tax owed by
- 22 International Shoe based on the events that occurred in
- 23 California. It was not all-purpose jurisdiction.
- 24 And your suggestion that Ohio somehow is a
- 25 proper forum for Mr. Nicastro's tort claim, I really Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 don't follow that.
- 2 MR. FERGENSON: It -- Your Honor, it is.
- 3 Mr. Nicastro could have contacted MMA, and stated I have
- 4 a strict product liability action, or the trustee in
- 5 bankruptcy. The statute of limitations was 2 years in
- 6 both cases. Ohio would have applied New Jersey strict
- 7 liability law.
- 8 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Your answer to Justice
- 9 Ginsburg -- I don't want to make your argument for you,
- 10 but it seems to me rather strange. All of a sudden
- 11 you're talking about how Ohio law will help you out. I
- 12 thought the question was, from the standpoint of the
- defendant at least, whether the defendant purposefully
- 14 availed itself of the forum. And you would say the
- 15 defendant here purposefully availed itself of Ohio by
- 16 choosing an Ohio distributor. But you don't make that
- 17 argument. You're talking about a contract, an
- 18 indemnity, which seems to me another step. That's
- 19 choice of law and applicable law.
- MR. FERGENSON: I agree, Your Honor; it is
- 21 choice of law. And --
- 22 JUSTICE SCALIA: Also, I don't think it's
- 23 worth your time, because frankly it doesn't make a whole
- 24 lot of difference to me whether they can sue in Ohio or
- 25 not. You really think that that's --

- 1 MR. FERGENSON: And, Your Honor --
- 2 JUSTICE SCALIA: What about in the United
- 3 States? Would the United States have jurisdiction?
- 4 MR. FERGENSON: No, because --
- 5 JUSTICE SCALIA: The United States would
- 6 not? They surely targeted the United States.
- 7 MR. FERGENSON: Well, Your Honor, in the --
- 8 in Justice O'Connor's footnote on national contacts in
- 9 Asahi, which was not disputed and I think essentially
- 10 accepted by Justice Brennan -- in that footnote, it
- 11 states that national contacts is for the national
- 12 sovereign to decide.
- 13 JUSTICE SCALIA: That's right. But if the
- 14 national sovereign, the United States, provided by
- 15 statute that Federal district courts would have
- 16 jurisdiction over any -- any tort suit by a person
- 17 injured by a foreign manufacturer that targeted the
- 18 United States, would that be proper?
- 19 MR. FERGENSON: This Court has not evaluated
- 20 under the Fifth Amendment what circumstances it may be,
- 21 and this is speculation, how Congress would establish
- 22 it. It may be that Congress --
- 23 JUSTICE SCALIA: Of course. It's a
- 24 hypothetical.
- MR. FERGENSON: Yes, sir. Yes, sir.

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- 1 JUSTICE SCALIA: Hypotheticals are always
- 2 speculation.
- 3 MR. FERGENSON: I think that --
- 4 JUSTICE SCALIA: How do you speculate about
- 5 that?
- 6 MR. FERGENSON: Yes. Your Honor, I think
- 7 that, without Klaxon and with a reasonable choice of
- 8 venue, Congress could establish a uniform system to
- 9 bring -- to bring foreign defendants into this country.
- 10 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Would you say the same
- 11 thing if, hypothetically, since we're engaging in a
- 12 hypothetical, the distributor were in France -- machine
- 13 manufactured in England, distributor is in France, and
- 14 the distributor then selects the United States and then
- 15 the same facts, New Jersey? United States would be an
- 16 appropriate jurisdiction under the Due Process Clause,
- 17 but not New Jersey?
- 18 MR. FERGENSON: I think that, with that one
- 19 step --
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: Assuming the statute that
- 21 Justice Scalia hypothesizes.
- 22 MR. FERGENSON: Yes, Your Honor. I think
- 23 that, with that one step beyond --
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: It's a little odd that the
- 25 States, which have residual sovereignty, which are not Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 limited sovereigns, would not have jurisdiction, but the
- 2 United States, which is a limited sovereignty other than
- 3 in the foreign affairs area, which may be relevant here,
- 4 does have jurisdiction. That seems backwards.
- 5 MR. FERGENSON: Well, Your Honor, I think
- 6 that if one looks at this as part of the Congress's
- 7 power to control, let's say, imports, then as a
- 8 condition -- and this is what the proposed Foreign
- 9 Manufacturers Legal Accountability Act looks for.
- 10 JUSTICE SCALIA: Well, Congress has power to
- 11 control the jurisdiction of Federal courts, and Congress
- 12 says Federal courts have jurisdiction over this matter.
- MR. FERGENSON: Yes, Your Honor.
- 14 JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. Fergenson, could I try
- 15 another hypothetical?
- 16 JUSTICE KENNEDY: But the question is why
- 17 the State can't make the same choice that the Congress
- 18 does. The State lacks foreign affairs power, to be
- 19 sure. Is that the only distinction? That doesn't sound
- 20 to me like due process. What we're talking about is a
- 21 source of authority, not fairness to the defendant.
- MR. FERGENSON: Well, Your Honor, I think --
- 23 and I go to two words in particular in Burger King, one
- 24 taken from Hanson, which is "essential": It is
- 25 essential in each case that there be a purposeful Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 availment of the privilege of conducting activities
- 2 within the forum. And then the other --
- JUSTICE KAGAN: But, Mr. Fergenson, the
- 4 question is whether seeking to serve a market -- and
- 5 here you're seeking to serve a market in each of the 50
- 6 States -- is purposeful availment. So let me -- let me
- 7 just try a different hypothetical.
- 8 Suppose you had the same arrangement with
- 9 your distributor in Ohio, but the arrangement was not to
- 10 serve the entire United States market. Instead, the
- 11 arrangement was to serve only five States in the
- 12 Midwest. That's what you wanted, your client wanted,
- 13 the market to be. So it was going to be Ohio and
- 14 Indiana and Illinois and Michigan and Iowa, all right?
- 15 So now a machine blows up in Illinois. Is there
- 16 jurisdiction in Illinois?
- MR. FERGENSON: Yes, Your Honor.
- 18 JUSTICE KAGAN: There is jurisdiction in
- 19 Illinois, even though your relationship with your
- 20 distributor was in Ohio. But there's jurisdiction in
- 21 Illinois because the machine blew up there and you were
- 22 seeking to serve the market; that's right?
- MR. FERGENSON: Because there was a
- 24 direction of the distributor to go into the State where
- 25 the accident occurred.

- 1 JUSTICE KAGAN: Okay. Now we have -- now we
- 2 say this is working very well. Let's get another nine
- 3 distributors on board. We'll give each of them five
- 4 States, all right? Now, if I understand you correctly,
- 5 now you're liable all over the United States because
- 6 you've had this relationship with 10 different
- 7 distributors, each of whom are going to serve 5 States.
- 8 So there's personal jurisdiction in any State where a
- 9 machine blows up.
- 10 MR. FERGENSON: If the -- yes, Your Honor,
- if the States are assigned by name.
- 12 JUSTICE KAGAN: And now I say: Let's forget
- 13 these 10 distributors. Who needs 10 distributors? I'll
- 14 just have one distributor.
- Why is there any difference?
- MR. FERGENSON: Because that distributor --
- 17 unless that distributor is told you must go -- like a
- 18 traveling salesperson, you must go into each State, you
- 19 must personally go into each State -- that's purposeful
- 20 availment.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. Fergenson, with respect,
- 22 this distributor was told to sell as many products as it
- 23 could in as many States as it could.
- MR. FERGENSON: No, it was not, Your Honor.
- 25 It was not told to do anything more than to sell Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 products, not in as many --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Excuse me, counselor --
- 3 counselor, going back to --
- 4 MR. FERGENSON: Yes, Your Honor.
- 6 Justice Scalia asked you whether there was legal
- 7 control, and you said no. But there was coordination,
- 8 wasn't there? Isn't -- doesn't the record show that the
- 9 English company traveled to the trade shows with the
- 10 American company? Wasn't your president, your English
- 11 president, present at the Las Vegas show in which this
- 12 New Jersey company first saw the machine? Is that
- 13 correct?
- MR. FERGENSON: Yes.
- 15 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I know there's a --
- 16 MR. FERGENSON: Yes, Your Honor.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: All right. And you
- 18 approved all marketing efforts. You had to approve --
- 19 according to the findings of the court below, you
- 20 approved all the marketing materials that the American
- 21 company --
- MR. FERGENSON: No, Your Honor. There is a
- 23 letter that's undated that speaks about we have
- 24 advertised under your direction and per your
- 25 suggestions.

- 1 That letter also states that we've spent
- 2 \$350,000 and we performed the -- we performed repairs
- 3 and warranty service without seeking reimbursement from
- 4 you, and that's consistent with the distant relationship
- 5 here.
- 6 Your Honor, we asked for the names of the
- 7 customers. We didn't get it. We didn't get -- we
- 8 didn't drop-ship. And that would obviously have been a
- 9 lot less expensive in cost rather than shipping it to
- 10 Ohio. They were the market maker. They controlled the
- 11 relationships with the individual customers.
- 12 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Then why was your number
- and name both printed on the machine and in the warranty
- 14 book? The American -- obviously, some customers had to
- 15 be reaching out you to because all the materials they
- 16 received directed them to the English company, not to
- 17 the American company.
- 18 MR. FERGENSON: And, Your Honor, the record
- 19 shows that we were sued in Kentucky, we were sued in
- 20 Massachusetts. The Kentucky dispute was settled -- was
- 21 resolved by dismissal under the statute of limitations,
- 22 but --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I think you've begged my
- 24 question.
- MR. FERGENSON: I'm sorry, Your Honor.

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- 3 MR. FERGENSON: Yes, Your Honor.
- 4 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: -- with the America
- 5 company?
- 6 MR. FERGENSON: Yes, Your Honor.
- 7 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: You did make suggestions
- 8 with respect to advertising? At least with -- at least
- 9 the once, but they did?
- 10 MR. FERGENSON: The -- the company that
- 11 distributed the products stated in a letter that we
- 12 conformed our advertising to what you suggested.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Okay. And you don't
- 14 believe that coordinating your actions with the
- 15 distributor and appointing that distributor to
- 16 distribute products wherever it can is not enough for
- 17 you to reasonably believe -- know that you're going to
- 18 be dragged into a State where that product has been
- 19 sold --
- MR. FERGENSON: That's correct, Your Honor.
- 21 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: -- and has caused
- 22 injury?
- 23 MR. FERGENSON: That's correct, Your Honor.
- 24 And I would ask Your Honor to look at
- 25 Professor Kurland's University of Chicago Law Review Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 article in 1958, very influential, and to look at
- 2 footnote 99, in which Professor Kurland quotes, all
- 3 quotes, from this Court's transcript of record in
- 4 International Shoe. And in international Shoe, the
- 5 salespeople were controlled by International Shoe.
- 6 JUSTICE BREYER: Right. Can I ask you --
- 7 MR. FERGENSON: Yes, Your Honor.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Now, first, the word
- 9 "distributor" hurts you, so I'm going to take that out,
- 10 and I imagine a hypothetical -- I know your case differs
- 11 from that, but I'm going to ask them how it differs, not
- 12 you, okay?
- Now, a person walks into a shop in either
- 14 West Virginia or the country of India where they make
- 15 pots. They're very nice pots made, actually, in West
- 16 Virginia. And the potter makes several thousand a year,
- 17 and this individual says: Mr. Potter, I want to sell
- 18 your pots; send me a thousand each year. Where are you
- 19 going to sell them? Everywhere. Great.
- Okay? That's it. Now, suppose that the law
- 21 were, as it could be perhaps, that it is sufficient for
- 22 jurisdiction throughout the United States that the
- 23 distributor or independent buyer said good, I'm selling
- 24 them everywhere I can. And two or three end up in New
- 25 Mexico, but it doesn't matter where they end up.

- 1 Suppose that was sufficient to find jurisdiction.
- 2 You've prepared for this case. I want to
- 3 know in your opinion, if that were the rule -- that's
- 4 all that's necessary -- what cases in this Court in your
- 5 opinion would that conflict with? I mean, I'm thinking
- 6 of the facts. I'm not thinking of statements of law or
- 7 whatever, but you can bring those in, too. I want to
- 8 write those down because I want to read those cases, and
- 9 you know them better than me.
- 10 MR. FERGENSON: Your Honor, I believe that
- 11 the -- that the principles of law as stated, because
- 12 they're law and they're applied in each case, it could
- 13 -- which you apply to the facts, I believe that the
- 14 rejection of the convenience test by this Court in
- 15 World-Wide Volkswagen, Savchuk, and in Shaffer, where
- 16 Justice Brennan posited that there be a convenience
- 17 test, that those --
- 18 JUSTICE BREYER: I don't know what a
- 19 convenience test is. Assume I'm very ignorant, which
- 20 isn't too far from the truth. I would like you to tell
- 21 me, are there any cases which we would actually be
- 22 conflicting with were we to say all that's necessary to
- 23 assert jurisdiction in every State is that a buyer walks
- 24 into a shop where the manufacturer of pots makes pots
- 25 and tells the potter I'm going to sell everywhere I can,
 Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 and the potter says good, okay. Now -- and he buys the
- 2 pots.
- Now, if that were the rule, can you find a
- 4 case that that actually conflicts with?
- 5 MR. FERGENSON: I believe that that
- 6 conflicts, Your Honor, with Asahi.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Asahi, okay.
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: Asahi -- Asahi,
- 9 Mr. Fergenson, was a litigation between a Japanese
- 10 component part manufacturer and a Taiwanese finished
- 11 product manufacturer. What -- how in the world could
- 12 you compare that case, which really has nothing at all
- 13 to do with the United States? It's -- it's a Japanese
- 14 valve manufacturer sells the valve to a tire maker in
- 15 Taiwan, and there should be -- that suit should go
- 16 forward in the United States?
- 17 I can see it going forward in -- in Japan,
- 18 but it has no connection with the United States. And
- 19 how can you possibly compare that with this case where
- 20 somebody was injured by a machine that malfunctions,
- 21 allegedly?
- There was something very interesting you
- 23 said in your brief. And you said the U.K., which you --
- 24 you say -- now you've added Ohio, but you said U.K.
- 25 would be the place for Mr. Nicastro to go. It provides
 Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 a trusted legal system.
- What would be your answer if the
- 3 manufacturer, same arrangement with a distributor, sell
- 4 anyplace in the United States you can, is from China?
- 5 Would you give the same answer?
- 6 MR. FERGENSON: Your Honor, I would have to
- 7 look at -- and -- and the answer would not be, off the
- 8 cuff, the same. It would not be flatly the same.
- 9 There's been a recent decision by Judge Chasanow on
- 10 melamine in which Chasanow applied the availability law
- 11 that this Court has set forth in Piper and Gulf Oil
- 12 and -- and the other cases that follow, and determined
- 13 that China was an available forum for the plaintiffs
- 14 suing for the harm to their children from tainted milk.
- 15 JUSTICE GINSBURG: You -- you made a point
- 16 about the trusted legal system. Well, let's say it was
- 17 Russia, Mexico -- you may pick any one. The machine is
- 18 manufactured in one of those countries where it's not so
- 19 certain that there's a trusted legal system.
- MR. FERGENSON: That's correct, Your Honor.
- 21 And so under Piper, Gulf Oil -- and I can't remember the
- 22 name of the other case that Judge Chasanow relied
- 23 upon -- they are difficult cases, and the ability of the
- 24 court to determine whether the other forum is available
- 25 is quite cabined. And they are difficult, Your Honor.

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- 1 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Those that -- the --2 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Perhaps you'd like 3 to reserve some of your time for rebuttal, counsel. 4 MR. FERGENSON: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you. 5 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you. 6 Mr. Ross. 7 ORAL ARGUMENT OF ALEXANDER W. ROSS, JR., 8 ON BEHALF OF THE RESPONDENTS 9 MR. ROSS: Mr. Chief Justice, and may it 10 please the Court: 11 "All we wish to do is sell our products in 12 the States and get paid." That's what the British manufacturer said. 13 14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: What if he said we 15 want to do that, but we don't like New Jersey, so don't 16 sell our products in New Jersey, and the Ohio company 17 nonetheless does so? Can you get them -- can you hale 18 them into court in New Jersey? 19 MR. ROSS: I would say under those circumstances, yes, because the purpose that -- this 20 21 particular manufacturer purposefully availed themselves of the entire U.S. market. 2.2 23 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: But he said: But I 24 have no intention of selling in New Jersey; I'm afraid I

25

- 1 there. He is not entering the stream of commerce in the
- 2 United States. He's entering a stream of commerce that
- 3 detours around New Jersey.
- 4 MR. ROSS: So every State with the exception
- of New Jersey -- is that the hypothetical, Your Honor?
- 6 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Yes.
- 7 MR. ROSS: Then I would say under those
- 8 circumstances, yes, New Jersey would be excluded.
- 9 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Oh, it would be
- 10 excluded?
- 11 MR. ROSS: Yes. If the manufacturer --
- 12 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: So it depends on the
- 13 intent of the manufacturer?
- 14 MR. ROSS: I think it's the intent and the
- 15 additional conduct of the manufacturer, Your Honor. I
- 16 think, as Justice O'Connor said in the Asahi case -- she
- 17 gave several examples. I think we'd meet all those
- 18 examples under the circumstances of this case.
- 19 JUSTICE SCALIA: What if a manufacturer
- 20 tells a distributor: You have international
- 21 distribution authority; you can sell my machine anywhere
- 22 in the world, sell as many as you can anywhere in the
- 23 world -- that would include the United States, right?
- MR. ROSS: That is correct, Your Honor.
- JUSTICE SCALIA: And, therefore, it would
 Alderson Reporting Company

- include New Jersey?
- 2 MR. ROSS: Under those circumstances, of
- 3 course, which are different from our case, it would seem
- 4 to me --
- 5 JUSTICE SCALIA: I know; it's a
- 6 hypothetical.
- 7 MR. ROSS: Of course, of course. But the
- 8 fact of the matter is if the manufacturer purposefully
- 9 availed itself of -- of the market which would include
- 10 the world and had a distributor for the entire world and
- 11 did --
- 12 JUSTICE SCALIA: It would include New
- 13 Jersey.
- MR. ROSS: Yes, it would.
- 15 JUSTICE SCALIA: Purposeful availment of the
- 16 government of New Jersey?
- 17 MR. ROSS: I would say the manufacturer has
- 18 to take some additional conduct.
- 19 JUSTICE SCALIA: I mean, availment doesn't
- 20 mean much if that's all it means.
- 21 MR. ROSS: Well, if --
- JUSTICE SCALIA: You tell somebody
- 23 distribute in the world and you are availing yourself of
- 24 the government of New Jersey?
- MR. ROSS: If there is purposeful availment Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 and additional conduct, Your Honor. In this case,
- 2 that's what we have here.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Additional conduct?
- 4 MR. ROSS: Correct.
- JUSTICE BREYER: What I have written down in
- 6 my notes, which you can add to --
- 7 MR. ROSS: Sure.
- JUSTICE BREYER: -- is that there are three
- 9 things that happened. One -- it's the equivalent of the
- 10 potter. One thing that happened, we have to take it as,
- 11 I think, an independent company, whether you want to
- 12 call them a distributor or not. I didn't see a
- 13 difference there. An independent company goes to a firm
- 14 somewhere in the world and says: I will buy your
- 15 product and sell it in the United States. And the quy
- 16 says good. And that's true whether it's a woman's
- 17 cooperative in southern India or whether it's the
- 18 biggest company in the world, okay? That's the first
- 19 thing.
- The second thing is that an executive of
- 21 that company went to seven trade shows in the United
- 22 States.
- 23 And the third thing is that two, three, or
- 24 four machines ended up in New Jersey.
- Now, is there anything other than that? And Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 there's a lot of rhetoric, and there are all kinds of
- 2 characterizations, but when I looked for facts, I found
- 3 those three, and I want to be sure I have them all.
- 4 MR. ROSS: You do, Your Honor.
- 5 JUSTICE BREYER: I do. Now, then my
- 6 question following from that, if I have those are the
- 7 three facts, what worries me is the exact opposite of
- 8 what the New -- the New Jersey Supreme Court said. It
- 9 said in worldwide markets this is a good thing. I think
- 10 I worry about it, because I'm worried about the woman's
- 11 cooperative in India, I'm worried about the Chinese
- 12 development, I'm worried about development everywhere.
- 13 We have a lot of small businesses. And I'd worry --
- 14 now, maybe the worry is legally irrelevant -- but I'd
- 15 worry about a rule of law that subjects every small
- 16 business in every developing company -- in every
- developing country to have to be aware of the law in 50
- 18 States simply because they agreed to sell to an
- 19 independent company who is going to sell to America,
- 20 plus your two factors.
- 21 And really the third is none, because if it
- hadn't ended up somewhere, there'd have been no
- 23 accident.
- MR. ROSS: I would say --
- JUSTICE BREYER: Now, that's my basic

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- 1 concern here.
- 2 MR. ROSS: I would say in -- in response to
- 3 your hypothetical question, that because there was
- 4 purposeful availment where they came to the United
- 5 States, attended trade shows in an effort to sell their
- 6 product to anyone who would come to that trade show
- 7 throughout the United States, and those sales were in
- 8 fact consummated, then in that case I think that the
- 9 manufacturer has done more than just intend to sell.
- 10 They have taken certain positive steps.
- 11 JUSTICE BREYER: Yes. Okay, but you see
- 12 what my -- my problem is a sort of policy problem that
- 13 may be irrelevant, but I -- I don't see how the world's
- 14 going to work or develop if in fact every small business
- 15 everywhere in the world has to know, you know, the law
- of every 50 States and hire lawyers and come here,
- 17 rather than making the accident victim go there.
- 18 Now, it's tough on the accident victim, but
- 19 the other is also tough. So -- so that's -- that's sort
- 20 of the -- I'm sketching out my concerns here. You --
- 21 MR. ROSS: I understand.
- JUSTICE BREYER: All right.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: What is --
- JUSTICE BREYER: What would you say?
- 25 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Maybe you could Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 respond to Justice Breyer's --
- JUSTICE BREYER: Yes.
- 3 MR. ROSS: In -- in my judgment, it's not
- 4 enough to just have intent; it's not enough just to send
- 5 the product out on -- adrift on the stream of commerce.
- 6 There has to be some additional conduct, some concrete
- 7 steps taken. And I believe --
- JUSTICE BREYER: Trade shows.
- 9 MR. ROSS: -- in your hypothetical,
- 10 attending the trade shows, perhaps hiring a distributor,
- 11 selling the products --
- 12 JUSTICE BREYER: Well, that's the same as
- 13 the first; that's a sale to the entity.
- 14 MR. ROSS: That's right. So I think those
- 15 are the additional concrete steps that were taken in
- 16 your hypothetical.
- 17 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Mr. Ross --
- 18 JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. Ross, do you think if
- 19 there's a small business in the United States that sells
- 20 a product and that actively seeks to serve a foreign
- 21 market -- maybe it's Great Britain, maybe it's China --
- 22 and that product blows up in that foreign country --
- 23 Great Britain, China -- do you think that the
- 24 manufacturer, the American manufacturer, is subject to
- 25 jurisdiction there?

- 1 MR. ROSS: Yes. If they actively seek the
- 2 market there, they have purposefully availed themselves,
- 3 they have taken --
- 4 JUSTICE KAGAN: All -- all over the world
- 5 this is true; is that right?
- 6 MR. ROSS: Yes. Yes, Your Honor.
- 7 JUSTICE GINSBURG: And it is a
- 8 jurisdictional rule that civil law systems have always
- 9 had.
- 10 MR. ROSS: That's correct, Your Honor. I
- 11 believe --
- 12 JUSTICE SCALIA: But -- and I assume that if
- we do this to a company in England, any country in the
- 14 world, and we say that this satisfies due process, we
- 15 would have to honor a judgment from Bangladesh based
- 16 upon -- against an American company, based upon a
- 17 similarly modest degree of -- of availment, right?
- 18 MR. ROSS: Well, Your Honor, it depends on
- 19 the extent of the availment, I would say, under those
- 20 circumstances.
- 21 JUSTICE SCALIA: Just as -- just as modest
- 22 as what you propose here, or as extensive. I don't mean
- 23 to demean the degree of it here.
- MR. ROSS: It seems to me -- if there's --
- JUSTICE SCALIA: But the same kind of Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 contact in India, which has different -- different
- 2 States in India. And -- strike Bangladesh. Make it
- 3 Madras, okay?
- 4 MR. ROSS: All right.
- 5 JUSTICE SCALIA: And we would have to honor
- 6 a judgment by a court of Madras against an American
- 7 manufacturer who had as little contact with Madras as
- 8 exists here.
- 9 MR. ROSS: I would say under -- yes.
- 10 JUSTICE SCALIA: We would have to?
- 11 MR. ROSS: Yes, I would say.
- JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. Ross, we do that now;
- 13 isn't that right?
- 14 MR. ROSS: That's correct, Your Honor.
- 15 JUSTICE BREYER: We do? We do? So if
- 16 someone goes into a shop in West Virginia and buys a
- 17 thousand pots and says I'm going to sell them in Madras,
- 18 or I might sell them anywhere in the world --
- MR. ROSS: That's a slightly --
- 20 JUSTICE BREYER: -- and then that
- 21 manufacturer, that potter in West Virginia, now has to
- 22 go to wherever he ends up -- wherever that pot ends up?
- MR. ROSS: That's a slightly different
- 24 scenario in my judgment, Your Honor --
- JUSTICE BREYER: Ah. Ah. Ah. Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 MR. ROSS: -- because the distributor came
- 2 to the manufacturer. In this case, the manufacturer
- 3 from Britain hired --
- 4 JUSTICE BREYER: We turn it on that? We
- 5 turn it on whether the independent buyer -- the
- 6 independent buyer walked into the shop or whether the
- 7 seller found that there was an independent buyer? Is
- 8 that what this case should turn on?
- 9 I mean, I'm nervous. I see a lot of rather
- 10 deep issues here, and I -- that's what are making me
- 11 nervous.
- 12 MR. ROSS: I understand, Your Honor.
- 13 JUSTICE BREYER: I want to --
- MR. ROSS: I understand that.
- 15 JUSTICE BREYER: You've thought about it
- 16 more than I. So --
- 17 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Can we go back to Justice
- 18 Scalia's question? I mean, the United States has been
- 19 telling the rest of the world: We do recognize and
- 20 enforce your judgments --
- 21 MR. ROSS: I think --
- 22 JUSTICE GINSBURG: -- if there is a -- a
- 23 proper jurisdictional basis.
- MR. ROSS: That's correct, Your Honor.
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: We do, and we would like
 Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 you to recognize ours. And we don't get that
- 2 reciprocity, but we still are trying to get it.
- 3 MR. ROSS: That's correct.
- 4 JUSTICE GINSBURG: But the United States has
- 5 taken a very neighborly view about recognizing and
- 6 enforcing foreign judgments.
- 7 MR. ROSS: Yes, Your Honor. I --
- JUSTICE SCALIA: That's true when there's a
- 9 proper jurisdictional basis, which is what we're talking
- 10 about here: What does the United States mean when it
- 11 says there is a proper jurisdictional basis? Is all
- 12 that the court in Madras needs what existed here in
- order to hold an -- an American manufacturer liable?
- 14 That's -- that's a little scary.
- 15 MR. ROSS: Well, Your Honor, if the
- 16 corporation, the manufacturer, is purposefully availing
- 17 itself of the Madras market and hires a distributor to
- 18 go to Madras and to sell its products, then indeed I
- 19 don't see why a court in Madras would not have -- and
- 20 the product explodes or causes some horrific --
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So it really, to you --
- 22 are you saying that Justice Breyer's hypothetical
- 23 creates jurisdiction, that the mere sale to a
- 24 distributor anywhere creates jurisdiction, wherever that
- 25 distributor is marketing the manufacturer's product?

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- I thought because, in the hypothetical he
- 2 created, it was they were availing themselves of the
- 3 U.S. market because they were marketing. They went to
- 4 seven trade shows. They did merely -- they did
- 5 something more than the sale. So where's your -- what's
- 6 your position?
- 7 MR. ROSS: My position is exactly what Your
- 8 Honor has just stated. They have to do something more
- 9 than just sell. There has to be purposeful availment.
- 10 There has to be some concrete action, attending trade
- 11 shows, designing the product for the market.
- 12 JUSTICE ALITO: What -- what difference does
- 13 attending some trade shows in the United States mean --
- 14 make? Suppose they're -- they didn't attend any trade
- 15 shows. They just have a Web site that provides a
- 16 description of the product.
- 17 MR. ROSS: I think --
- JUSTICE ALITO: Would there be no
- 19 jurisdiction then?
- MR. ROSS: Well, it depends on the Web site.
- 21 But in my judgment, attending trade shows is a large
- 22 factor that is unique in this case. As I pointed out in
- 23 our briefs, they were -- they didn't just attend a trade
- 24 show; they attended trade shows throughout the United
- 25 States to sell this product.

- 1 JUSTICE ALITO: But not in New Jersey.
- 2 MR. ROSS: Not in the State of New Jersey,
- 3 but a lot of other places.
- 4 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Where did the New Jersey
- 5 company that bought this machine find out about it?
- 6 MR. ROSS: Well, Mr. Curcio, who was
- 7 Mr. Nicastro's employer, went to one of these
- 8 conventions, trade shows, in Las Vegas, where he saw the
- 9 machine. And at that trade show the British
- 10 manufacturer shared a booth with the -- its American
- 11 distributor. And that's where Mr. Curcio, Mr.
- 12 Nicastro's employer, saw the machine, and that's why he
- 13 decided to buy it there.
- 14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: What difference does
- 15 it make that they go to a trade show somewhere other
- 16 than New Jersey? We have the notion that they're
- 17 availing themselves of the -- the entire United States
- 18 market. That's -- I'll accept that.
- MR. ROSS: Right.
- 20 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: What does the trade
- 21 show in Nevada add to the jurisdictional ties to New
- 22 Jersey?
- 23 MR. ROSS: The difference for this case,
- 24 precisely this case, is that we feel that under those
- 25 circumstances there may have been minimum contacts, even
 Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 under a traditional sense here.
- 2 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: With Nevada?
- 3 MR. ROSS: With -- no, with New Jersey,
- 4 because the British manufacturer was there. He was in a
- 5 booth. A New Jersey person came to the booth and said
- 6 that's a great machine. There was some kind of
- 7 interaction. The record is unclear as to what it was,
- 8 but the result was the British manufacturer wound up
- 9 selling its product --
- JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. Ross --
- 11 JUSTICE SCALIA: If you interact with
- 12 somebody from New Jersey, you have --
- MR. ROSS: It's more --
- 14 JUSTICE SCALIA: -- committed availment of
- 15 the government of New Jersey?
- MR. ROSS: It's more than that. It's much
- 17 more.
- 18 JUSTICE SCALIA: There are a lot of people
- 19 from New Jersey.
- 20 (Laughter.)
- 21 MR. ROSS: It's more than -- it's more than
- 22 that, Your Honor. It's more than that. It's the
- 23 distributor acting under the direction, guidance, and
- 24 control of the British manufacturer, and there are
- 25 records in the -- in the record, there's plenty of Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 reference to that.
- 2 JUSTICE SCALIA: He didn't tell them --
- JUSTICE KAGAN: And, Mr. Ross, isn't --
- 4 JUSTICE SCALIA: -- to just seek out a
- 5 person from New Jersey.
- 6 MR. ROSS: He was --
- 7 JUSTICE SCALIA: He told them to talk to
- 8 people.
- 9 MR. ROSS: He was prepared to sell to
- 10 anyone. Whether it was from New Jersey or Massachusetts
- 11 or Connecticut, it didn't matter as long as the sale was
- 12 into the United States and the manufacturer got the
- 13 economic benefit of it.
- 14 JUSTICE KAGAN: And, Mr. Ross, isn't the
- 15 point that he was selling by using large convention
- 16 sites in the United States, expecting that people from
- 17 other States would show up to those large convention
- 18 sites?
- 19 I know that Justice Alito doesn't want to
- 20 hear this, but New Jersey doesn't have all that many
- 21 large convention sites like Las Vegas does. Newark --
- 22 (Laughter.)
- JUSTICE KAGAN: Newark is not such a hot
- 24 place, but they're expecting people from Newark to go
- 25 and look at these machines and buy these machines.

- 1 That's the marketing system that's used for these
- 2 massive machines that they're trying to sell nationwide.
- 3 MR. ROSS: That's exactly correct, Your
- 4 Honor, The --
- 5 JUSTICE BREYER: What if --
- 6 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: What if there is no
- 7 scrap metal plant in Montana? Can Montana be a
- 8 jurisdiction in a case like this? You know, a Montana
- 9 worker is over in New Jersey and comes back to his home
- in Montana, and he's been injured. Do they avail
- 11 themselves of the market in Montana when there's no
- 12 market for their products there?
- MR. ROSS: Well, if someone from Montana
- 14 attends one of these trade shows and decides to purchase
- 15 one of these machines, that --
- 16 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: No, no. He's just
- injured by one of the machines somewhere else, but he's
- 18 from Montana. Can he sue in Montana?
- MR. ROSS: Under those circumstances, I
- 20 would say not.
- 21 JUSTICE GINSBURG: The -- the basis would
- 22 only be the plaintiff's residence?
- MR. ROSS: That's correct.
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: But we don't accept that
- 25 as a sufficient basis.

- 1 MR. ROSS: That's correct. That would not
- 2 be enough.
- 3 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, I thought -- I
- 4 thought this was what the case was all about: whether
- 5 this is -- the stream of commerce is sufficient to add a
- 6 basis on top of the plaintiff's residence.
- 7 MR. ROSS: Right.
- 8 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: And I would have
- 9 thought -- to me, that's a significant limitation on
- 10 your theory to say that in areas where you don't expect
- 11 to be haled into court because your machine is not going
- 12 to be used, you can't be.
- MR. ROSS: Well, it seems to me that if
- 14 the -- if the manufacturer has purposefully availed
- 15 itself of the entire United States market, which is
- 16 inclusive of Montana --
- 17 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Yes.
- 18 MR. ROSS: -- and the machine somehow winds
- 19 up in Montana --
- 20 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: No, no. Not the
- 21 machine.
- MR. ROSS: The individual.
- 23 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Yes.
- 24 MR. ROSS: So the individual is in Montana;
- 25 the accident happened somewhere else?

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- 1 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Yes.
- 2 MR. ROSS: Under those circumstances, I
- 3 would say that wherever that machine was sold into,
- 4 whether it was in an adjoining State, and the fellow
- 5 from Montana lived across the border, say --
- 6 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Yes, exactly.
- 7 MR. ROSS: -- I would say that the
- 8 jurisdiction would better be put where the accident
- 9 occurred.
- 10 JUSTICE BREYER: Yes, well --
- 11 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Could it be put
- 12 elsewhere? Could it be put in the other State?
- MR. ROSS: I would say that if the -- if the
- 14 manufacturer has not purposefully availed itself of the
- 15 State of Montana --
- 16 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Right.
- 17 MR. ROSS: -- and has taken no steps --
- 18 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Right.
- 19 MR. ROSS: -- to push into Montana, even
- 20 though it is seeking to sell to the entire United
- 21 States --
- 22 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Yes.
- 23 MR. ROSS: -- I think the better location
- 24 for that lawsuit --
- 25 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, better -- I
 Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 know -- I know you think it's better, but can he be sued
- 2 in Montana?
- What I'm trying to get at, obviously, is
- 4 we're talking about the stream of commerce in the United
- 5 States, but the stream doesn't wash over the United
- 6 States evenly. The manufacturer, as I asked earlier,
- 7 may decide I don't want to sell New Jersey.
- 8 MR. ROSS: Right.
- 9 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: The manufacturer may
- 10 reasonably assume his machines aren't going to be in
- 11 Montana because there's no scrap metal business in
- 12 Montana. So I'm just trying to see if there are
- 13 limitations to your theory about the stream of commerce
- 14 covers everything.
- 15 MR. ROSS: Yes, Your Honor. The answer is
- 16 yes, there are limitations. There are those
- 17 limitations, and I think the best way of -- of stating
- 18 it would be if there is purposeful availment of entering
- 19 a market and you sell the product into that market, you
- 20 take these additional steps plus the intent, plus the
- 21 additional --
- 22 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Right, but the
- 23 market cannot be simply the United States, because you
- 24 carve out New Jersey if the manufacturer does, you carve
- 25 out Montana if --

- 1 MR. ROSS: That is correct.
- 2 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Okay.
- 3 MR. ROSS: That is correct, Your Honor.
- 4 JUSTICE BREYER: But what I'm thinking is
- 5 this -- this area of law has treated States as if
- 6 they're foreign countries, in a certain way analogous
- 7 to. If that -- and I'm trying to -- let me ask: What
- 8 you said at one point, that if an independent company
- 9 comes to a business, however small, in the United States
- 10 and says give us some of your product, we're going to
- 11 sell it everywhere in the world we can, fine. And they
- 12 do.
- A couple go -- get into some very -- Burma
- 14 or whatever, Myanmar. And right now, it's the law that
- 15 consumers in all those countries sue in that country if
- 16 they're hurt. Is that really the law? Is there
- 17 something you can cite me to on that?
- 18 MR. ROSS: Well, there are conventions.
- 19 There's a Brussels convention and a Uganda convention.
- JUSTICE BREYER: And what does it -- what
- 21 does it say?
- 22 MR. ROSS: They basically state, according
- 23 to my understanding, that where the -- where the tort
- 24 occurred to the signatories of that convention, which
- 25 includes the --

- 1 JUSTICE BREYER: Yes, and we're one?
- 2 MR. ROSS: The United Kingdom. Which
- 3 includes the United Kingdom.
- 4 JUSTICE BREYER: And are we one?
- 5 MR. ROSS: That -- then in those cases,
- 6 where the tort occurred there would be jurisdiction over
- 7 the foreign manufacturer. For example, if there's an
- 8 injury in Belgium and the machine is manufactured in
- 9 Britain, someone is hurt in Belgium, according to those
- 10 conventions, then the person in Belgium could sue the
- 11 British company in Belgium.
- 12 JUSTICE BREYER: Did you refer to that? Do
- 13 you have a citation to that in --
- 14 MR. ROSS: They're in our brief. Yes.
- 15 JUSTICE BREYER: -- in your brief?
- MR. ROSS: Yes, Your Honor.
- 17 JUSTICE GINSBURG: It's the EEOC Convention
- 18 on Jurisdiction and Judgments? Because that operates
- 19 only within the Community.
- 20 MR. ROSS: That's correct. The United
- 21 States is not a signatory to that convention. But the
- 22 hypothetical was -- and I tried to answer the
- 23 hypothetical.
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: Does your argument depend
- on whether the manufacturer is the manufacturer of the Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 whole machine as opposed to a component part, like
- 2 Asahi? Suppose there was a little battery or lever that
- 3 was manufactured, I don't know, in France, and it was
- 4 sent over to this English manufacturer, and they were --
- 5 this part is incorporated in many different kinds of
- 6 machines, but the part then -- and then the facts are
- 7 the same: It goes to the Ohio distributor and New
- 8 Jersey, but the part is what causes the injury.
- 9 What results?
- 10 MR. ROSS: I would say no jurisdiction for a
- 11 component manufacturer under those circumstances, unless
- 12 the component manufacturer was deliberately
- 13 manufacturing a product for sale into a State in the
- 14 United States --
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well, it's like Justice
- 16 Breyer's hypothetical. He wants to sell to the entire
- 17 universe if he can.
- 18 MR. ROSS: That's correct, but the
- 19 manufacturer in your hypothetical did not purposefully
- 20 avail itself of the United States market. He simply
- 21 sold a component part.
- 22 And this is, of course, not a component part
- 23 case we have here before us. So he may have known --
- 24 there might have been foreseeability that it was
- 25 possible that.... That's not enough.

- 1 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, what if --
- 2 MR. ROSS: We're not saying that's enough.
- 3 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Let's say he does
- 4 know, it's a component part for something that is sold,
- 5 widely sold, in the United States. Or it's a component
- 6 part of this machine.
- 7 MR. ROSS: Our position is that under those
- 8 circumstances, if the manufacturer did not purposefully
- 9 avail itself of the United States market by hiring a
- 10 distributor --
- 11 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: But why would it
- 12 be --
- MR. ROSS: -- it wouldn't be targeting that
- 14 market.
- 15 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: So you have an
- 16 entirely different test.
- MR. ROSS: As to components. I'm sorry.
- 18 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: You have -- you have
- 19 an entirely different test for a component manufacturer
- 20 than you do for the finished product manufacturer. The
- 21 component manufacturer may well know to a certainty that
- 22 his component is going to be used in a product that's
- 23 sold in the United States.
- Let's say he makes a component for this
- 25 machine.

- 1 MR. ROSS: Right.
- 2 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Why is that
- 3 different? Shouldn't it be the same test?
- 4 MR. ROSS: I think it's different. And
- 5 that's where the limitation of the Due Process Clause, I
- 6 think, comes into play because that manufacturer, making
- 7 a small component, a spring, a small part for a large
- 8 machine like in the Asahi case, he may not -- he may
- 9 have known. It's foreseeable that this product will go
- 10 there, but --
- 11 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: He makes -- let's
- 12 say he makes the 25-inch blade that only goes into this
- 13 machine. That's the only market for it. Does -- no
- 14 difference?
- 15 MR. ROSS: I would say there is a
- 16 difference, because that component --
- 17 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I'm sorry. That was
- 18 poorly phrased. Is it the same test for the machine, or
- 19 is it a different test? Is it your component test?
- 20 MR. ROSS: I think it's -- I think it's the
- 21 same test, but it would come out differently for the
- 22 component manufacturer. That's the way I'd like to --
- JUSTICE KAGAN: And, Mr. Fergenson, isn't
- 24 that what Justice O'Connor said in Asahi, that the
- 25 component manufacturer may have all the knowledge in the Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 world -- for Justice Brennan, that was enough; for
- 2 Justice O'Connor, it was not enough, that knowledge was
- 3 insufficient, that there had to be purposeful availment,
- 4 that there had to be an active decision, a choice to
- 5 seek the market. And -- and I understand that, on your
- 6 view, McIntyre made that choice.
- 7 MR. ROSS: Exactly.
- 8 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: How can there not --
- 9 how can there possibly not be purposeful availment if
- 10 the manufacturer of the 25-inch blade knows it's only
- 11 going to be used in McIntyre's machine and it knows that
- 12 McIntyre is trying to sell its machine in the United
- 13 States?
- 14 MR. ROSS: Because the manufacturer of that
- 15 blade did not specifically target the United States
- 16 market. He --
- 17 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: He put it in a
- 18 product that is only going to be -- that he knows is
- 19 going to be sold in the United States.
- 20 MR. ROSS: But it's not specifically
- 21 designed for them. And that -- that machine is not
- 22 specifically designed for the U.S. market. That
- 23 machine --
- 24 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: You have a
- 25 partnership. One of the partners makes the shell of the Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 machine; the other partner makes the insides of the
- 2 machine. Are they, as individual companies -- are they
- 3 availing themselves of the United States market?
- 4 MR. ROSS: Now, under those circumstances, I
- 5 would think there would be a difference. I think there
- 6 would be a difference because they are combined in
- 7 joining to market into the United States. But if this
- 8 is a -- a manufacturer of blades in Birmingham, England,
- 9 and the manufacturer of blades in Birmingham, England,
- 10 sends it to Nottingham, England, and then something
- 11 happens in New Jersey, and all the facts are the same, I
- 12 would say Birmingham is off the hook.
- 13 JUSTICE SCALIA: Suppose the company in
- 14 Nottingham only sells to the United States. It's the
- 15 only place its machines are -- are marketed.
- 16 MR. ROSS: That would be different then.
- 17 Then there -- there is more than that. There --
- 18 JUSTICE SCALIA: Then the component
- 19 manufacturer would be liable in New Jersey?
- 20 MR. ROSS: Because he is basically
- 21 piggybacking on the actions of the manufacturer.
- 22 JUSTICE BREYER: All right. What about
- 23 today, is there any difference between the trade show --
- 24 and he did show up at seven trade shows. I -- I mean,
- 25 the manufacturer here had a representative at several Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 trade shows, you're right.
- 2 MR. ROSS: Twenty-six.
- JUSTICE BREYER: That's right. Twenty --
- 4 no, well, the record said seven.
- 5 MR. ROSS: There were 26 trade shows.
- 6 JUSTICE BREYER: Is that in the record?
- 7 MR. ROSS: Yes, it is. Joint Appendix 114
- 8 to 117a.
- 9 JUSTICE BREYER: Okay. All right. Is there
- 10 a difference between that, do you think, and -- I just
- 11 read in the paper the other day there's some Ethiopian
- 12 or some foreign country -- it's a very poor country --
- and they're selling goats, and they're sending some to
- 14 the United States for some kind of festival purpose or
- 15 something. Now, he said I have a site on the Internet.
- 16 All right.
- 17 Now, all of these people, however small, I
- 18 mean, many, many will have Internet sites, and some of
- 19 them might have an Internet site that's accessed by
- 20 American buyers, as this man did.
- MR. ROSS: Right.
- JUSTICE BREYER: All right. Is there any
- 23 difference between that and your trade shows?
- 24 MR. ROSS: And if the goat poisons someone
- 25 in the United States and the -- and the person who Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 raised the goat --
- JUSTICE BREYER: Yes.
- 3 MR. ROSS: -- purposefully availed itself --
- 4 JUSTICE BREYER: No, no, don't use the
- 5 characterization. I mean, I'm -- see, I'm trying to
- 6 figure out does this count as purposefully availed?
- 7 MR. ROSS: If -- if they take steps,
- 8 concrete steps, additional conduct, then yes. The
- 9 answer is yes.
- 10 JUSTICE BREYER: Okay. So the answer is
- 11 going to be, in this case, if we say you win --
- MR. ROSS: Sadly, even if --
- 13 JUSTICE BREYER: -- then everyone with a --
- 14 with a -- everyone with an Internet site who also sells
- 15 to a buyer who says anywhere in the world, perhaps -- I
- 16 don't know how far that reaches -- seems pretty filled
- 17 with implications.
- 18 MR. ROSS: Yes, it does. The Internet -- we
- 19 deliberately did not raise the Internet or any Web sites
- 20 in our briefs.
- JUSTICE BREYER: But it's the same, you
- 22 think? It's the same -- I thought it might --
- MR. ROSS: I think if there's purposeful
- 24 availment and if the Internet is being used to market
- 25 specifically into the United States and the product Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 causes harm to someone in the United States --
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: Are there -- there are
- 3 some cases just beginning -- at the beginning stages,
- 4 aren't there, involving sales through the Internet?
- 5 MR. ROSS: Yes. Yes, Your Honor. I believe
- 6 that those cases say if there's an interactive Web site;
- 7 in other words, if the person sitting in the United
- 8 States can press several buttons on its computer and
- 9 interact and make -- consummate the transaction, if you
- 10 will, with the foreign manufacturer, then under those
- 11 circumstances, I believe, the trend of the cases seems
- 12 to be that there would be jurisdiction.
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: But -- but you were cut
- 14 off before you finished your answer. I want to make
- 15 sure I understood it. I -- I make the inference that
- 16 you -- you would say that if there is an advertisement,
- 17 not a sale, just an advertisement on the Internet,
- 18 replacing the trade show, that that is a significant
- 19 availment -- a purposeful availment, and there can be
- 20 jurisdiction in New Jersey. Same factors here --
- 21 somebody who doesn't go to the U.S. trade shows, but he
- does put it on the Internet, the same result?
- 23 MR. ROSS: That was one of the four examples
- 24 that Justice O'Connor gave us in Asahi, advertising
- 25 for --

- 1 JUSTICE KENNEDY: I want to know what your
- 2 position is.
- 3 MR. ROSS: Yes. My position is yes, because
- 4 they are -- they are attempting to sell into the United
- 5 States with advertising. But the trend of the decisions
- 6 has been that it has to be an interactive Web site.
- 7 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Can -- maybe
- 8 everybody knows this except me. Do you -- are Web sites
- 9 targeted to the United States? Don't you -- you can --
- 10 let's say they put it on their Web site in England.
- 11 Can't you -- can't -- can't I access that from here?
- MR. ROSS: Yes, you can.
- 13 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: So they don't even
- 14 have to send the Web site to the United States? They
- 15 just have to have a Web site?
- MR. ROSS: If it's an interactive Web site
- 17 where you can sit in New Jersey, order a product, the
- 18 product is then delivered by the foreign manufacturer
- 19 into New Jersey, and the product then chops off four
- 20 fingers of someone's hand --
- 21 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: So it has to be
- 22 interactive?
- MR. ROSS: Yes, Your Honor.
- 24 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: If it's just -- what
- 25 if it says, here, we're McIntyre -- on a Web site -- we Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 make these machines; give us a call at this number if
- 2 you want to buy one?
- 3 MR. ROSS: Not enough.
- 4 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Not enough?
- 5 MR. ROSS: That's like a billboard. That's
- 6 not enough. That's just a pure advertising; not enough.
- 7 But if the additional steps that I just mentioned are
- 8 taken and a sale occurs --
- 9 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: And this distinction
- 10 is somewhere in the Due Process Clause?
- 11 MR. ROSS: I believe that the Due Process
- 12 Clause requires the additional conduct. The purposeful
- 13 availment, which is what we have in your hypothetical,
- 14 and the actual transaction, the sale, then we have
- 15 jurisdiction.
- 16 JUSTICE KENNEDY: But was the sale here
- 17 negotiated in -- or part of the sale negotiated in
- 18 Nevada or the person just -- the New Jersey manufacturer
- 19 just was interested in the machine and then later
- 20 contacted the Ohio distributor?
- MR. ROSS: In this case, the manufacturer
- 22 said that they own the machines until they're paid for
- 23 in full. The machine was not paid for in full.
- 24 JUSTICE KENNEDY: No, I'm -- I'm trying to
- 25 relate what happened here to the Internet hypothetical.

 Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 I have the --
- 2 MR. ROSS: Right.
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: -- Internet hypothetical
- 4 where there's just an advertisement.
- 5 MR. ROSS: Right.
- 6 JUSTICE KENNEDY: And, at first, I thought
- 7 you were saying that's sufficient. Now you say no,
- 8 because they have to be part of the contract. I'm
- 9 trying to make the Internet equivalent to the trade
- 10 show.
- 11 MR. ROSS: If the Internet Web site is
- 12 interactive, so you can sit in New Jersey, order the
- 13 product, complete the transaction, send money, and in
- 14 response to the money coming, you get a product --
- 15 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Okay. But not just an
- 16 advertisement?
- 17 MR. ROSS: Not just an advertisement.
- 18 JUSTICE KENNEDY: Even though that's the
- 19 cause for the buyer's interest in it and he pursues --
- 20 pursues his -- his transaction after finding out all the
- 21 information on the Internet, but he phones the Ohio
- 22 distributor?
- MR. ROSS: It's not enough, in my judgment,
- 24 if -- under the Internet example that you just gave. If
- 25 there's an interactive Web site where the person in New Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 Jersey can press buttons on his computer and complete
- 2 the transaction with the result that the product comes
- 3 to New Jersey, under those circumstances, I would say
- 4 there is jurisdiction.
- 5 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Complete? He's got
- 6 to complete the transaction?
- 7 MR. ROSS: That's correct.
- 8 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: What if it's --
- 9 MR. ROSS: I don't --
- 10 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: -- you know, punch
- 11 these numbers, and we will send you an application for a
- 12 machine? Is that not enough, because he's got to
- 13 complete the transaction?
- 14 MR. ROSS: I would say, under those
- 15 circumstances, that that's part of what the manufacturer
- 16 requires, but the end result is that the machine winds
- 17 up in New Jersey through this contact between the person
- 18 and the manufacturer. Then I would say that would be
- 19 enough for jurisdiction.
- 20 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: So that if they say
- 21 fill this out, and contact this person, McIntyre,
- 22 whatever, in Ohio, that's where you can get one of our
- 23 machines -- that's enough?
- MR. ROSS: I would say, in that case, they
- 25 have deliberately targeted the entire United States
 Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 market, but they want you to go through their
- 2 distributor, which they have hired --
- 3 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Would their --
- 4 MR. ROSS: -- in Ohio, and he sends it.
- 5 It's the same situation.
- 6 Well, if there's no further questions, I
- 7 would simply like to ask this Court to affirm the
- 8 judgement of the Supreme Court of New Jersey in this
- 9 case.
- 10 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, Mr. Ross.
- MR. ROSS: Thank you.
- 12 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Mr. Fergenson, you
- 13 have 2 minutes remaining.
- 14 REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF ARTHUR F. FERGENSON
- 15 ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONER
- 16 MR. FERGENSON: Thank you, Your Honor.
- 17 Justice Breyer, I would -- in response to
- 18 your concern, I would ask you to look at page 29 of the
- 19 States' amicus brief: "Ignorance of the fact that New
- 20 Jersey is a State within our union, or of the specifics
- 21 of New Jersey products liability law, should not allow
- 22 Petitioner to avoid jurisdiction. Its own lack of
- 23 research prior to embarking on a nationwide marketing
- 24 campaign is no defense." I think that --
- JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. Fergenson -Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Could you answer --
- 2 JUSTICE KAGAN: -- could I ask you a
- 3 question?
- 4 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I'm sorry. Could you --
- 5 just one quick point of clarification.
- 6 MR. FERGENSON: Yes, Your Honor.
- 7 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: It's a point that your
- 8 adversary raised in passing. I'm not quite sure, do you
- 9 sell outright to the American company? Do you ship a
- 10 product and they pay you, or they only pay you when they
- 11 receive the money from their customer? There appears to
- 12 be some suggestion of the latter.
- MR. FERGENSON: And the New Jersey Supreme
- 14 Court said that there was a suggestion that some trades
- 15 could have been by consignment. I believe that that is
- 16 outside of this -- taken out of this case by an
- 17 admission in the brief -- at least for this sale -- in
- 18 the brief in opposition to defendant's motion to
- 19 dismiss, at 19-20, filed October 11th, 2006, where they
- 20 state -- where Respondent states it was sold by us to
- 21 MMA, and it was sold by MMA to Curcio Scrap Metal.
- So, there is no consignment. There's no
- 23 consignment under 9-102, which Ohio has adopted.
- 24 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But that's a different
- 25 question than I asked. There was no consignment on this Alderson Reporting Company

- 1 machine?
- 2 MR. FERGENSON: Yes.
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But you're not claiming
- 4 that there might not be on others?
- 5 MR. FERGENSON: The evidence in the record
- 6 under 9-102, which Ohio has adopted, I think can only be
- 7 reasonably viewed -- and this Court obviously treats it
- 8 as de novo, on a jurisdictional review -- can only be
- 9 viewed as not a consignment because MMA was in the
- 10 business of selling the products to others.
- 11 Let me say that for the -- there was no
- 12 interaction in the record with anyone from New Jersey by
- 13 MMA or by J. McIntyre. It was the booth, and then there
- 14 was an order. And if you look at the invoice, it says
- 15 verbal order. There was an order by the son of the
- 16 owner of Curcio Metal Works, and that's it. The order
- 17 was fulfilled.
- 18 JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. Fergenson, Toyota,
- 19 Honda, Volkswagen -- pick your car company -- sells many
- 20 millions of cars to the United States. They start
- 21 blowing up here. They operate through independent
- 22 distributors only. Can they be subject to jurisdiction
- 23 in any of the States?
- MR. FERGENSON: I think that most
- 25 sophisticated distribution networks -- and this one was Alderson Reporting Company

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1
    not -- I -- the defense takes it as a -- takes on the
 2
     issue of this as a scheme. Most sophisticated
     distribution networks, such as the manufacturers you're
 3
     talking about, there is -- there is recourse to remedies
 4
 5
     throughout the United States, whether against the
 6
     distributor or against the manufacturer.
 7
                 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, counsel.
 8
                 MR. FERGENSON: Thank you.
 9
                 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: The case is
10
     submitted.
11
                 (Whereupon, at 11:13 a.m., the case in the
    above-entitled matter was submitted.)
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