1	IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES
2	x
3	KEN L. SALAZAR, SECRETARY :
4	OF THE INTERIOR, ET AL., :
5	Petitioners :
6	v. : No. 08-472
7	FRANK BUONO. :
8	x
9	Washington, D.C.
10	Wednesday, October 7, 2009
11	
12	The above-entitled matter came on for oral
13	argument before the Supreme Court of the United States
14	at 10:04 a.m.
15	APPEARANCES:
16	GEN. ELENA KAGAN, ESQ., Solicitor General, Department of
17	Justice, Washington, D.C.; on behalf of the
18	Petitioners.
19	PETER J. ELIASBERG, ESQ., Los Angeles, Cal.; on behalf
20	of the Respondent.
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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(10:04 a.m.)
3	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: We will hear
4	argument first today in Case 08-472, Salazar v. Buono.
5	General Kagan.
6	ORAL ARGUMENT OF GEN. ELENA KAGAN
7	ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONERS
8	GENERAL KAGAN: Mr. Chief Justice, and may
9	it please the Court:
10	The Establishment Clause does not prohibit
11	the sensible action Congress took in enacting Section
12	8121 and thereby divesting the Federal Government of the
13	property at issue in this case.
14	The district court gave Congress two basic
15	options when it found the Sunrise Rock War Memorial
16	unconstitutional. First, Congress could accede to
17	permanently removing the memorial, ending the dispute,
18	but also doing away with a memorial that for 75 years
19	had commemorated America's fallen soldiers and had
20	acquired deep meaning for the veterans in the community.
21	Or, second, Congress
22	JUSTICE GINSBURG: General Kagan, just as a
23	factual matter, is there any other national memorial
24	that consists of a solitary cross, just that one symbol
25	and no other?

- 1 GENERAL KAGAN: I don't believe that there
- 2 is, Justice Ginsburg. There are national memorials that
- 3 have some religious content to them. There is, for
- 4 example, a statue of a Catholic priest holding a very
- 5 large cross, but most national memorials are -- are not
- 6 religious. Some are.
- 7 The -- the -- you know, I think that it
- 8 would even be possible, for example, to make a church or
- 9 a synagogue a national memorial. If -- if Dr. King's
- 10 church were selected as a national memorial because of
- 11 -- in order to honor Dr. King, I think that would be
- 12 permissible. If --
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: Well, I was just curious
- 14 as a factual matter whether this lone cross, if -- if
- 15 there was any other memorial like that, and your answer
- 16 is no, but there could be other religiously oriented
- 17 memorials?
- 18 GENERAL KAGAN: Yes, and there is at least
- one religiously oriented memorial that I know of, which
- 20 is a priest holding a cross.
- 21 JUSTICE ALITO: What are the practical
- 22 consequences of something being designated as a national
- 23 memorial?
- 24 GENERAL KAGAN: Very little, Justice Alito.
- 25 In fact, it has no consequences in terms of the

- 1 government's supervision of the land. National
- 2 memorials can be on private land or on public land. If
- 3 they are on private land, nothing goes along with the
- 4 designation by way of more extensive regulation or
- 5 supervision by the National Park Service.
- 6 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Is the -- is the private
- 7 property owner who has this designation free to destroy
- 8 it after it's been designated a national memorial?
- 9 GENERAL KAGAN: Yes, Justice Ginsburg. The
- 10 Veterans of Foreign Wars here could in fact take down
- 11 this memorial once it is transferred to them, if the
- 12 Court allows that transfer.
- 13 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Could they then
- 14 substitute whatever other memorial they chose?
- 15 GENERAL KAGAN: The --
- 16 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Or would there have to be
- 17 some government approval?
- 18 GENERAL KAGAN: No, no, no. The
- 19 reversionary clause which is at issue, which is a part
- 20 of the transfer legislation, says that the VFW will have
- 21 to put up a veterans memorial, but the content of that
- 22 veterans memorial is entirely up to the VFW.
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: But it wouldn't
- 24 automatically require acquire a national memorial
- 25 status, would it, when the government hasn't seen it,

- hasn't -- I thought that to get national memorial
- 2 status, the government has to approve what you put up.
- GENERAL KAGAN: Yes, that's correct. If the
- 4 VFW took down this memorial and substituted a different
- 5 memorial, that memorial would not at that point have
- 6 national memorial status.
- 7 There is a little bit of a dispute as to
- 8 whether the -- the VFW could in fact take down the
- 9 memorial or whether it's designation as a national
- 10 memorial would prevent them from doing that. I think
- 11 it's quite clear, if you look at the statute, that the
- 12 Section 1369, which is what the Respondents point to,
- 13 would not prevent the VFW from taking down this
- 14 memorial, if it so wanted to, because 1369 applies only
- 15 to national memorials which are on public property. If
- 16 the transfer were to take place, of course, it would not
- 17 be on public property, or it would not be under the
- 18 supervision, in any way, of the Federal Government.
- 19 So --
- 20 JUSTICE SCALIA: General Kagan, before you
- 21 go -- go on with your argument, you presented it as --
- 22 as though the issue before us is the -- the conveying of
- 23 the land. But is it?
- What this was was simply an affirmation of
- 25 the prior injunction. The court of appeals said the

- 1 prior injunction had not been mooted by the -- by the
- 2 transfer of the land. So isn't really the issue whether
- 3 that -- that prior injunction, when the land did indeed
- 4 belong to the government, whether that prior injunction
- 5 was valid?
- 6 GENERAL KAGAN: Well, there is a question in
- 7 this case whether the prior injunction was valid and was
- 8 the display itself a violation of the Establishment
- 9 Clause.
- 10 JUSTICE SCALIA: Right.
- 11 GENERAL KAGAN: But the government argued
- 12 below that that question had been mooted out because of
- 13 the passage of the transfer legislation.
- 14 JUSTICE SCALIA: But didn't the court of
- 15 appeals say no?
- 16 GENERAL KAGAN: The court of appeals did say
- 17 no, but it remands the government --
- 18 JUSTICE SCALIA: So -- so what we have
- 19 before us is the court of appeals' affirmation of the
- 20 prior injunction, which applied to a cross on public
- 21 land.
- 22 GENERAL KAGAN: Well, I think what you have
- 23 before you, there were of course two stages in this
- 24 litigation, and the first stage declared the display
- 25 unconstitutional, and then the second stage declared the

- 1 transfer as well unconstitutional or at least a
- 2 violation of the prior injunction.
- JUSTICE SCALIA: Of course, if I -- if I
- 4 thought the display wasn't unconstitutional, the
- 5 transfer would a fortiori not --
- 6 GENERAL KAGAN: Well, that is correct. We
- 7 do think that the issue before the Court now is the
- 8 congressional legislation which has been passed, which
- 9 is the transfer legislation, that that has essentially
- 10 changed the situation on the ground, so that no longer
- 11 is the question whether the display from the -- whether
- 12 the display by the government would be constitutional,
- 13 but only whether the government has the ability to
- 14 transfer this property and -- and to give up all
- 15 supervision, all control over it.
- So that the message --
- JUSTICE BREYER: I don't see why that's the
- 18 issue before us. Look, procedurally this is a little
- 19 boring, but it seems pretty well established in the law.
- 20 I read a case called Toledo Scale and then there are a
- 21 bunch of cases on jurisdiction, which I'm not going to
- 22 name them because I'm sure you looked at them, but
- 23 Travelers Indemnity, et cetera. And it seems to me they
- 24 make absolutely clear that once a litigant, you and the
- 25 others, have had an opportunity to raise a matter and

- 1 now the case is over, done, but for an injunction that
- 2 stays in, all those issues that they previously raised
- 3 or could have raised are gone; that the only question
- 4 left is whether the government has complied with the
- 5 injunction.
- 6 So I read the injunction. The injunction
- 7 says the government is enjoined from permitting the
- 8 display of the Latin cross, period. Once this law takes
- 9 effect and you follow it, you are violating that
- 10 injunction. You don't need nine proceedings to see
- 11 that. You are violating it.
- 12 Now, if you don't like the injunction
- 13 because you think the statute has so changed the
- 14 circumstances there is no need for it, there is a
- 15 remedy. You go back to the district court and you say:
- 16 Judge, change the injunction. But you haven't done
- 17 that. And therefore, the only question before us is
- 18 whether the Ninth Circuit is right in saying when you
- 19 carry the statute into effect, you are violating this
- 20 injunction, which I think no one could say you aren't.
- 21 Now, now, that -- that's a very technical
- 22 boring issue. I don't know why we heard this issue, but
- 23 I don't see how we could reach any other issue in this
- 24 case.
- 25 GENERAL KAGAN: Justice Breyer, I think we

- 1 are in perfect compliance with the injunction and have
- 2 been since the day it was issued. Now, in fact there
- 3 were two injunctions issued. As I said, there were two
- 4 stages of this litigation. The first stage ended in an
- 5 injunction that said do not display the war memorial.
- 6 In compliance with that injunction, the next day the war
- 7 memorial was covered. So we were in compliance from
- 8 the -- from the moment that the decision issued.
- 9 Now then, Respondents went back to the
- 10 district court and asked for additional relief, because
- 11 what -- during the first court of appeals hearing,
- 12 Congress had passed this transfer statute. And so the
- 13 Respondents went back and said: In addition to the
- 14 injunction that you previously gave us, we essentially
- 15 need a new injunction and that injunction will be to
- 16 stop the transfer.
- JUSTICE BREYER: But that's not what I'm
- 18 talking about.
- 19 JUSTICE GINSBURG: I thought the Respondents
- 20 asked to have the injunction enforced. It is typical,
- 21 you get an injunction -- and I'm glad that the
- 22 government has recognized that that was indeed a final
- 23 decision because you appealed it to the Ninth Circuit
- 24 under 1291 as a final decision. Then the question is,
- 25 are you complying with the injunction. One side says,

- 1 the winner -- who by the way has unquestioned standing
- 2 to enforce the injunction that is now final that that
- 3 party obtained -- the winner says: Court, please
- 4 enforce the injunction. They are not asking for a new
- 5 injunction. They say this injunction, as Justice Breyer
- 6 just explained, says, do not permit the cross. The
- 7 party comes in and says: Here's my injunction; court,
- 8 all I want you to do is enforce it.
- 9 GENERAL KAGAN: Justice Ginsburg, this is
- 10 much more than an enforcement action.
- 11 JUSTICE BREYER: We are talking about the
- 12 first. We are talking about the first injunction. The
- 13 first injunction says that the government may not permit
- 14 display. You've covered it up, so you are not
- 15 permitting display. You are in compliance.
- 16 GENERAL KAGAN: That is correct.
- JUSTICE BREYER: But what the plaintiff here
- 18 said is that when you comply with this statute, you will
- 19 not be in compliance, because you will turn it over to
- 20 the VFW that will uncover it, so you will have permitted
- 21 it to be displayed. Now, that I can see is an issue
- 22 before us. But I don't see any other issue before us.
- 23 GENERAL KAGAN: Justice Breyer, again, the
- 24 Respondents had to go back to the district court in
- 25 order not just to enforce the injunction, which said

- 1 don't display the statue, but to get additional relief,
- 2 which was don't transfer the statue. If the transfer
- 3 had taken place, it would no longer have been the
- 4 government's property, the government would not have
- 5 permitted or not permitted the display because it wasn't
- 6 the government's property to permit or not to permit the
- 7 display.
- 8 JUSTICE SCALIA: It seems to me unreasonable
- 9 to read the injunction to say the government shall not
- 10 permit anybody to display a cross on that land no matter
- 11 who owns the land. I assume the injunctions meant you
- 12 will not permit the cross to be displayed on this parcel
- 13 of government land.
- 14 GENERAL KAGAN: And the Ninth Circuit
- 15 specifically said -- when this came to the Ninth
- 16 Circuit, the Ninth Circuit was asked by the Respondents.
- 17 In order to rule on the transfer legislation, the Ninth
- 18 Circuit specifically said: We are not going to do that;
- 19 that's a decision for another day, a separate decision.
- 20 Because of that, the Respondents had to go back to the
- 21 district court and had to get the district court
- 22 essentially to modify the injunction and to provided
- 23 additional relief.
- Now, there is some question as to whether
- 25 the standing question here, just the standing question

- 1 is precluded, and our view is that it is not preclude,
- 2 because the way the government views this is it's one
- 3 entire litigation in which all issues are open.
- 4 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Do you know, General
- 5 Kagan, any case in which there has been a permanent
- 6 injunction ordered, final, no more appeals are possible,
- 7 where -- and standing was in question, raised,
- 8 litigated, and decided, and then when the party who won
- 9 the injunction comes to the court and says, court,
- 10 please enforce the injunction, that you can say, now we
- 11 can go back to square one and argue again about
- 12 standing? I don't see how you can revive what has been
- 13 determined by a final judgment.
- 14 GENERAL KAGAN: Well, either this is one
- 15 litigation, in which all cases are before the Court, or
- 16 it's too entirely separate litigations, in which case
- 17 the Court has an obligation to independently consider
- 18 the standing question.
- 19 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Well, we know it isn't
- 20 that because, as I think you pointed out, the same
- 21 docket number. This wasn't a new complaint. This was a
- 22 motion to enforce the judgment.
- 23 GENERAL KAGAN: It couldn't have been a
- 24 motion to enforce the judgment because the government
- 25 was in compliance with the judgment and because the

- 1 Ninth Circuit had said that the question that
- 2 respondents were raising was an entirely separate issue
- 3 for another day, according to the Ninth Circuit.
- 4 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I would suppose -- I
- 5 guess I don't agree with your dichotomy, either it's the
- 6 same action or it's entirely separate. I would suppose
- 7 it could be some issues carry over and are the same, and
- 8 perhaps standing is one of those. Other issues are
- 9 completely new, such as the effect of the legislation,
- 10 which couldn't have been before the district court since
- 11 it hadn't been passed.
- But standing is different. I mean, once
- 13 it's been determined that there is standing and that is
- 14 reflected in a final judgment, then I think the later
- 15 aspects are simply whether the person -- once it's
- 16 embodied in a judgment, I think that is the basis for
- 17 standing and not the earlier questions of whether he
- 18 visited it enough or planned to visit enough.
- 19 GENERAL KAGAN: Mr. Chief Justice, we could
- 20 not have taken the standing question to this Court in
- 21 the -- in the procedural posture that the case was at at
- 22 that point. It would have been really an irresponsible
- 23 action on our part to ask this Court to address the
- 24 standing issue after the first court of appeals judgment
- 25 where -- where we knew that we were going to relitigate

- 1 the question of the validity of the transfer. We
- 2 couldn't have come to you, we wouldn't have come to you,
- 3 as the Solicitor General's Office and asked you to
- 4 adjudicate a decision that was as likely as not going to
- 5 be irrelevant.
- 6 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I don't understand -- I
- 7 don't understand that point at all. If you thought that
- 8 he didn't have standing to challenge the cross at all
- 9 and that the injunction itself directing you to cover up
- 10 the cross was wrong, you should have come to the Court.
- 11 It was a permanent injunction. You were told you have
- 12 interlocutory appeal rights, you have final judgment
- 13 rights. At any point you could have come and said: The
- 14 order for us to take that flag -- to take that cross off
- 15 this land was just plain wrong.
- 16 GENERAL KAGAN: I think, Justice Sotomayor,
- 17 you are right that we could have, but I don't think that
- 18 we would have used our discretion, in a sense knocking
- 19 on this Court's door, the Solicitor General's Office
- 20 discretion, in order to ask you to decide a question
- 21 that was as likely or not going to be completely
- 22 irrelevant depending on what happened with respect to
- 23 the transfer statute.
- 24 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: But interlocutory appeal
- 25 or finality doesn't matter what you are going to do to

- 1 get away from the injunction. The issue is did you give
- 2 up any rights to challenge any of the issues embodied in
- 3 that injunction and you haven't answered why not. You
- 4 may have a right, and you do, to challenge a
- 5 modification of that injunction. That's what you are
- 6 here to do, to say the Ninth Circuit erred in modifying
- 7 the injunction and stopping the transfer. Perfectly
- 8 legitimate point, because the injunction has been
- 9 changed. But you can't go back and relitigate whether
- 10 he had standing to challenge that -- the presence of
- 11 that cross.
- 12 GENERAL KAGAN: Well, Justice Sotomayor, I
- 13 appreciate the distinction that you are making between
- 14 the standing question and the merits question and I
- 15 think you are exactly right as to that point. But
- 16 whatever the question as to whether we have given up the
- 17 standing question, certainly there is no such question
- 18 on the merits of this -- of the validity of this
- 19 transfer. But with respect, I think that the standing
- 20 question is -- is not the way you described it. And
- 21 it's partly because we couldn't have come to this Court
- 22 or we wouldn't have come, is a better way to say it. We
- 23 would have thought that it was not the right kind of
- 24 position to ask the Court to take certiorari on a
- 25 question that basically was very likely, we thought, was

- 1 very likely to go away.
- JUSTICE KENNEDY: Well, but that -- that's
- 3 because -- that's because you assume the act is going to
- 4 be valid. You could have come here and said: This is
- 5 such an important case Congress is taking action, and
- 6 therefore, you should hear our standing argument to
- 7 avoid the necessity of the Legislative Branch having to
- 8 come in. You could have said that.
- 9 GENERAL KAGAN: Well, but we didn't, because
- 10 we did think that Congress had acted appropriately and
- 11 that the congressional act was valid, and continue to do
- 12 so, continue to think that this --
- JUSTICE GINSBURG: Yes, but the standing
- 14 issue was independently important to the government,
- 15 because the government can face this kind of question
- 16 again, and if you right -- if you were right on the
- 17 standing point -- I mean, I don't understand why the
- 18 government would not have had a strong incentive to say,
- 19 we want to get rid of these cases on the standing
- 20 ground, we think the Court was wrong on standing.
- 21 But in any case, you didn't do that, and I
- 22 think that you started your argument this morning in the
- 23 right place when you said, let's talk about this law.
- 24 Congress said, accepting arguendo that the Court was
- 25 right, here's a law that cures the constitutional

- 1 defect. And that's where you were -- that's where you
- 2 started your argument. Maybe you can pick up with that.
- 3 But --
- 4 JUSTICE BREYER: But just I want to just get
- 5 this clear procedurally. I'm sorry. It'll take one
- 6 more second.
- 7 As I read this, there is no modification of
- 8 any injunction. What the -- what the Respondent asked
- 9 for, he said: Judge, either hold that the transfer
- 10 violates the current injunction, or modify the
- 11 injunction. Then what the district court did do is he
- 12 said the proposed transfer violates the permanent
- 13 injunction. The permanent injunction is in the, like,
- 14 the third paragraph of the July 24th order, and it says,
- 15 you are permanently enjoined from permitting the display
- 16 of the Latin cross. Therefore, he rejected the need to
- 17 modify it, and held that --
- 18 GENERAL KAGAN: Justice Breyer.
- 19 JUSTICE BREYER: -- this violates the
- 20 injunction as written, and the Ninth Circuit affirmed
- 21 that.
- 22 So is there any question in this case of
- 23 modifying? Is there any question other than the one
- 24 that I think Justice Scalia was taking a good argument
- 25 about, whether the proposed statute violates the

- 1 July 24th injunction? That's what the case is about.
- 2 Or why am I wrong?
- 3 GENERAL KAGAN: You -- you are incorrect,
- 4 Justice Breyer, because in addition to saying this
- 5 violates the previously given injunction, the district
- 6 court said, you are enjoined from transferring this
- 7 property in accordance with this statute. And so there
- 8 was additional relief, additional relief that the Ninth
- 9 Circuit said was additional relief that it wasn't
- 10 deciding in the first go-round, and that's -- and that
- 11 places the question, the merits question of the validity
- 12 of this transfer, directly before the Court.
- JUSTICE BREYER: Thank you.
- 14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Before we get --
- 15 before your time expires, we would like to spend a
- 16 couple of minutes on the merits.
- 17 (Laughter.)
- 18 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: And I wonder if you
- 19 could focus on a particular question. What if the
- 20 government sold simply one square foot, or whatever the
- 21 area that the base of the cross is -- is resting on the
- 22 ground? Would your argument be the same?
- GENERAL KAGAN: Mr. Chief Justice, there are
- 24 certainly limits to the way that the government can
- 25 transfer property, and I would give you a few of them.

- 1 If -- if it was not a bona fide sale, so that there
- 2 wasn't proper consideration; if -- if there was only
- 3 religious purpose, so that there was no secular purpose
- 4 involved; or if after the sale the property was
- 5 indistinguishable from government property, so that
- 6 everybody naturally thought that this was government
- 7 property. In those cases --
- 8 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, why isn't that
- 9 -- why isn't that the case here?
- 10 GENERAL KAGAN: In fact, it's not the case
- 11 here. And it's not the case for two reasons. First,
- 12 the preserve is riddled with private inholdings. There
- 13 are 1800 private landowners with -- excuse me, 1,000
- 14 private landowners with 1800 plots of land.
- 15 JUSTICE STEVENS: But what percentage of the
- 16 total area do they represent?
- 17 GENERAL KAGAN: I'm sorry?
- 18 JUSTICE STEVENS: What percentage of the
- 19 total area do they represent?
- 20 GENERAL KAGAN: It's about -- between the
- 21 State and the private inholdings, it's about 10 percent
- 22 of the total area. But they are dotted all over the
- 23 place. So tomorrow, 1,000 crosses could go up and
- 24 nobody would know whether they were on private land or
- 25 on public land. Moreover --

1	JUSTICE STEVENS: But do you concede there
2	was a violation at the time the case was decided?
3	GENERAL KAGAN: I'm sorry?
4	JUSTICE STEVENS: Do you concede that the
5	Establishment Clause was violated at the time this case
6	was decided?
7	GENERAL KAGAN: We do not, Justice Stevens.
8	The government has argued argued below that there was
9	no violation prior to the transfer statute, and that
10	remains the government's position, although, as I said
11	to Justice Scalia, we think that that position has been
12	overtaken by events and that the only question before
13	the Court is the transfer statute.
14	I was going to go on to say to the Chief
15	Justice that, in addition to the fact that private
16	inholdings just riddle the preserve, the government is
17	perfectly happy to put up signs which make clear that
18	the the plot in question will not in fact be the
19	government's, but will be the VFW's.
20	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, isn't that an
21	interference or it's singling out someone, private
22	property owner, who's using his property in a particular
23	way, a religious way? You are going to be putting up
24	signs only for people putting up religious symbols.
25	GENERAL KAGAN: I don't think that that is

- 1 correct, Mr. Chief Justice. I think that the preserve
- 2 would put up signs for various historic or cultural or
- 3 otherwise important --
- 4 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: But it hasn't done
- 5 anything like that. It doesn't say for other property
- 6 owners that have maybe something that -- you know, a
- 7 ramshackle shack, that they want people to know this
- 8 isn't the government's property. They don't do anything
- 9 like that.
- 10 It's -- under your hypothetical, it would be
- 11 only religious property that would have these special
- 12 warning signs.
- 13 GENERAL KAGAN: Well, I suspect that there
- 14 are a great many identification signs throughout the
- 15 preserve, although I don't know precisely what they are.
- 16 And this would be one of those, saying essentially that
- 17 there is this war memorial, that it was put up by the
- 18 VFW, that it is maintained and owned by the VFW.
- 19 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Who would see it, General
- 20 Kagan? Who would see it? I mean, the Seventh Circuit
- 21 case, it was -- it was on level ground, lots of people
- 22 used the area, and I think the Seventh Circuit required
- 23 a fence and a sign. But here, this cross is high on a
- 24 cliff in a desolate area. And if you had a little sign,
- 25 who would be -- you would have to climb up to it.

1 GENERAL KAGAN: I actually think, Justice 2 Ginsburg, that it would be easy to do. I was out there 3 three or four weeks ago. The superintendent drove me to 4 the site. There is virtually nobody who could see this 5 war memorial in any other way than by going in one of two directions on Cima Road. And you could put signs up 6 7 on Cima Road that said exactly what you were going to see, you know, in 100 yards or a mile or whatever it 8 9 was. 10 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: How is the question 11 of -- I don't want to get into your rebuttal time, but 12 briefly, how is the question of whether signs are or 13 aren't valid or required before us in this case? There 14 are no signs there, and you are asking us to consider 15 whether the statute is valid or not. 16 GENERAL KAGAN: I think, Mr. Chief Justice, 17 that if we were not going to put up signs, it would 18 still be valid. So I should make that completely clear. 19 And as I said, there are many, many private holdings within the preserve, people who could put up 20 21 whatever religious symbols they wanted to. One simply wouldn't know whether it was on private land or on other 22 23 land. But I will say, in addition to that, that the preserve's superintendent himself would like to put up a 24 25 sign essentially telling preserve users what the war

1	memorial was and what its provenance was. If some
2	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Isn't there legislation
3	that requires the original plaque to be reinstated, the
4	plaque recognizing the donation and what it means?
5	GENERAL KAGAN: That's correct, Justice
6	Sotomayor. But I have to say that that's more of the
7	kind of sign that maybe Justice Ginsburg had in mind,
8	which is, it's smaller and you would have to go right up
9	to the war memorial in order to see it.
10	I think it would be very easy to put up
11	signs just on the road to make clear that anybody who
12	was in the area would know that this was land
13	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: This would be on
14	government land, that sign? It wouldn't be on the acre
15	that you transferred. I'm a little confused.
16	GENERAL KAGAN: The small plaque.
17	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: You are talking about
18	putting
19	GENERAL KAGAN: The small plaque
20	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Would go on the cross?
21	GENERAL KAGAN: That's correct.
22	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: The larger sign you're
23	talking about that you are willing to do is a sign that
24	you would put on government land.

GENERAL KAGAN: That's correct. And as I

25

- 1 said, it's something that the superintendent would like
- 2 to do and I think would be consistent with signage in
- 3 the area. If I --
- 4 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Did you raise that
- 5 alternative with the Ninth -- with the district court
- 6 and the Ninth Circuit?
- 7 GENERAL KAGAN: I don't believe it ever came
- 8 up, Justice Sotomayor. We did talk about it in our
- 9 merits brief to this Court, but I don't think that it
- 10 ever came up below.
- If I could reserve the balance of my time,
- 12 Mr. Chief Justice.
- 13 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, counsel.
- Mr. Eliasberg.
- ORAL ARGUMENT OF PETER J. ELIASBERG
- 16 ON BEHALF OF THE RESPONDENT
- 17 MR. ELIASBERG: Mr. Chief Justice, and may
- 18 it please the Court:
- 19 Justice Breyer, I would like to direct my
- 20 beginning remarks to you. I believe you've correctly
- 21 stated the procedural posture exactly right. The only
- 22 question, point that I would make, is that I don't
- 23 believe we did -- there was a modification of the
- 24 injunction here. Any time a defendant passes a piece of
- 25 legislation after an injunction is first entered, there

- 1 may be a question as to whether that new statute or
- 2 legislation is consistent with the injunction. But it's
- 3 not new relief.
- 4 JUSTICE BREYER: I see what the judge did.
- 5 He said: The motion to enforce the July 24th injunction
- 6 is granted. He said: Buono's motion to amend it is
- 7 denied. Then he did two other things, which he listed
- 8 some people and he said they are enjoined from
- 9 implementing the law.
- Now, I take it that those paragraphs 3 and 4
- 11 are an implementation of the July 24 injunction which he
- 12 granted, not a new injunction.
- MR. ELIASBERG: That's exactly correct.
- JUSTICE BREYER: So that's the issue here
- 15 that we were just possibly debating. The issue in the
- 16 case is whether the district judge might lawfully
- 17 enforce an old injunction in the manner he did, which
- 18 was to add paragraphs 3 and 4. That question you
- 19 concede is here.
- 20 MR. ELIASBERG: I believe that's -- that is
- 21 here and that is really the only question that is here.
- 22 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: So that under your
- 23 approach that this is looking to see if the injunction
- 24 is being enforced or violated, we would be reviewing an
- 25 act of Congress under an abuse of discretion standard,

- 1 not -- not de novo?
- 2 MR. ELIASBERG: That's correct. But for
- 3 this --
- 4 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Have we ever done
- 5 that before?
- 6 MR. ELIASBERG: I --
- 7 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Have we ever said
- 8 that an act of Congress is unconstitutional without a
- 9 de novo review of the merits of the constitutionality?
- 10 MR. ELIASBERG: I am not aware of that, but
- 11 I am also not aware of a situation where the act of
- 12 Congress is being put forth as the response to an
- 13 already adjudicated constitutional violation.
- 14 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Mr. Eliasberg, I thought
- 15 that the Ninth Circuit the first time around had taken
- 16 meticulous care to make certain that the issue of the
- 17 validity of the statute would not be before the Court in
- 18 the first round. Judge Kozinski wrote: "We express no
- 19 view as to whether a transfer completed under Section
- 20 8121 would pass constitutional muster, but leave this
- 21 question for another day."
- That's on page 104a of the petition.
- 23 And then the district judge said: Yes, I
- 24 recognize the Ninth Circuit didn't touch the validity of
- 25 that statute, left it for another day. The day has

- 1 come. So it is for the first time that the Court is
- 2 deciding the question of whether section 8121 passes
- 3 constitutional muster.
- 4 MR. ELIASBERG: The only thing I would
- 5 disagree with you on that point, Justice Ginsburg, is
- 6 that the question is whether the act of Congress
- 7 remedies the already adjudicated constitutional
- 8 violation and is consistent with the injunction.
- 9 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: So when you get to
- 10 the consistent with the injunction part -- I thought it
- 11 was your position that we should review this question
- 12 solely under an abuse of discretion standard?
- MR. ELIASBERG: It is our position --
- 14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Because while the
- 15 Court did not decide the validity of the act in the
- 16 first case, it certainly did in the second case, which
- is why we have the case before us.
- 18 MR. ELIASBERG: That is correct. We
- 19 believe -- but may I make two points, Mr. Chief Justice?
- 20 First, we believe in the enforcement context
- 21 where the question is, is this a violation of an already
- 22 entered injunction that was part of a final judgment,
- 23 that that is traditional equity principles that you
- 24 review for an abuse of discretion. Nonetheless, we
- 25 believe that we win even under a de novo standard.

- 1 So -- and if I could set forth some of the reasons for
- 2 that.
- I think, Justice Breyer, that you have it
- 4 exactly correct, that what the government has done here
- 5 by selecting a particular transferee who has been given
- 6 preferential access to the land in the past to the
- 7 exclusion of others who wanted to erect other symbols,
- 8 that the government is taking affirmative steps to
- 9 permit, through this transfer statute, the display of
- 10 the cross that they are enjoined from doing.
- 11 Now, Justice Scalia, I believe your point is
- 12 at some point if this is on private land and the
- 13 government is not making any efforts to further this
- 14 display, that it couldn't possibly be that the
- 15 injunction forbids that. And that may well be correct,
- 16 but that is not the case we have in front of it.
- 17 The government in this transfer statute has
- 18 made a significant number of affirmative steps to ensure
- 19 that the cross remains up. It has selected --
- 20 JUSTICE ALITO: When this injunction was
- 21 first entered the statute -- nobody contemplated that
- this statute was going to be enacted; isn't that
- 23 correct?
- 24 MR. ELIASBERG: When the district court
- 25 entered the injunction, that is correct.

1	JUSTICE ALITO: Yes. So isn't the sensible
2	interpretation of the injunction that it was prohibiting
3	the government from permitting the display of the cross
4	on government property, and not on private property that
5	happens to be within the Mojave National Preserve?
6	MR. ELIASBERG: I don't believe so, Justice
7	Scalia excuse me Justice Alito, for a couple of
8	reasons. One of the bases for the entry of the
9	injunction in the first instance was the way that the
-0	government had favored one party to come on, contrary to
.1	the government's own regulations, and erect a permanent
_2	symbol, while not allowing others.
_3	JUSTICE ALITO: Wasn't your argument that
_4	this was a violation of the Establishment Clause because
.5	it was on government land? Did you make the argument
-6	that even if this was on one of the ranches within the
_7	Mojave National Preserve, it would still be a violation
8_	of the Establishment Clause?
_9	MR. ELIASBERG: We did not make that
20	argument because it wasn't presented to the Court.
21	JUSTICE ALITO: Yes, it was a totally so
22	the situation completely changed and the district court
23	either modified the injunction it seems to me
24	modified the injunction by interpreting it to mean
25	something quite different from what anybody contemplated

- 1 it meant when it was originally entered?
- 2 MR. ELIASBERG: Well, I think that, as is
- 3 traditional equity principles, the district court is at
- 4 some level the master of its injunction and that's why
- 5 we give an abuse of discretion standard. The district
- 6 court very clearly said: I see this as an attempt by
- 7 the government not to abide by my injunction; they are
- 8 favoring the same parties they favored when -- that was
- 9 part of the --
- 10 JUSTICE SCALIA: Well, of course, it was
- 11 that, but the question is whether it was a permissible
- 12 amendment by the government of the situation. Of
- 13 course, I will stipulate that the government was trying
- 14 to arrange it so that the cross could remain there. But
- 15 that doesn't mean that it was -- it was evading the
- 16 injunction. I mean, that's --
- MR. ELIASBERG: Well, I think it is --
- 18 JUSTICE SCALIA: Unless the injunction
- 19 clearly applied to the erection of a cross on private
- 20 land that the government had -- had transferred.
- 21 MR. ELIASBERG: Well, but it's not the
- 22 erection of the cross. It is the transfer of something
- 23 where the government has a reversionary interest. It
- 24 very much directs the way the VFW is likely to use the
- 25 land. It selected a particular transferee who has been

- 1 favored from the beginning. They didn't say: We're
- 2 going to neutrally sell the land in order to allow this
- 3 constitutional violation to be --
- 4 JUSTICE SCALIA: I will -- I will concede
- 5 that the obvious purpose of that was to avoid being in
- 6 violation of the injunction. But that doesn't mean that
- 7 it's invalid.
- 8 MR. ELIASBERG: Well, I believe it's invalid
- 9 because I think that the affirmative steps they are
- 10 taking here really make them -- put them in a position
- 11 where they are permitting --
- 12 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Can -- can -- what,
- 13 what -- let's start from the beginning. Can -- would it
- 14 be proper for the government or would the government be
- 15 alleged to have violated the Establishment Clause if on
- 16 another ranch that cross -- a cross went up?
- MR. ELIASBERG: No, they would not.
- 18 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: All right. So really
- 19 your argument is that the reason this Court -- this
- 20 cross on private land, if it becomes private, is
- 21 offensive to the Establishment Clause is because of the
- 22 government's prior history with respect to that cross,
- 23 correct? That's -- that's your argument?
- MR. ELIASBERG: That is one part of my
- 25 argument. But there is another part. The government

- 1 has taken the step of designating this cross one of 49
- 2 national memorials in the whole country and the only
- 3 national memorial commemorating American service in
- 4 World War I, even though it's clear in the record --
- 5 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So are you alleging that
- 6 doing that violates the Establishment Clause, passing or
- 7 designating a religious symbol as a national memorial,
- 8 that that violates the Establishment Clause?
- 9 MR. ELIASBERG: We are alleging that under
- 10 the totality of the circumstances, which includes the
- 11 national memorial designation, the government's asserted
- 12 purpose to make sure that the cross remains up, the
- 13 government's favoritism of the same parties that it has
- 14 always favored in this case to the exclusion of others,
- 15 and the maintaining of the property interest in the land
- 16 in the form of a reversionary interest, all of those
- 17 things --
- 18 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Does that apply to all
- 19 lands in this preserve?
- MR. ELIASBERG: I'm sorry, does what apply
- 21 to all lands?
- JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Does the reversionary
- 23 interest apply to all of lands on this preserve? Maybe
- 24 your adversary has to answer that instead of you, but
- 25 all of the other private property owners.

- 1 MR. ELIASBERG: No, the reversionary
- 2 interest specifically says the land reverts to the
- 3 government if --
- 4 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: No, no, no. Are all of
- 5 the private owners on this preserve required to give the
- 6 land back to the U.S. if they put it to some different
- 7 use?
- 8 MR. ELIASBERG: I don't believe that that
- 9 is true.
- 10 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Counsel, if -- if --
- 11 if the government sold this land to a private party, no
- 12 cross in the picture at all, and they go to settlement
- 13 and at settlement the private landowner who is going to
- 14 buy it says, you know, I'm going to put a big cross up
- on this property once I get it, can the government still
- 16 sell it to him?
- 17 MR. ELIASBERG: Yes, absolutely.
- 18 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Okay.
- 19 MR. ELIASBERG: If the basis for the
- 20 government's decision to sell the -- sell the land was a
- 21 neutral basis. And that's what we are saying here. If
- 22 what the government has done --
- 23 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: So even though
- 24 before the sale, even though the government knows there
- 25 is going to be a big cross on the land with the same

- 1 situation you have here in the middle of the preserve
- 2 and all, that's perfectly okay?
- MR. ELIASBERG: No, it's --
- 4 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I thought you said
- 5 before the government sold the land if they find out the
- 6 new owner is going to put a cross on it there is no
- 7 problem.
- 8 MR. ELIASBERG: The difference between those
- 9 two scenarios, Mr. Chief Justice, is one is a remedial
- 10 context. The government has been held to violate the
- 11 Constitution. They have to, under Milliken v. Bradley
- 12 and U.S. v. Virginia, take all steps necessary to erase
- 13 that constitutional violation.
- 14 The situation in the first hypothetical you
- 15 gave me, there has never been an adjudicated
- 16 constitutional violation. It's a very different
- 17 situation.
- JUSTICE STEVENS: But isn't it also a very
- 19 different case if a condition of the transfer is that
- 20 the transferee will preserve a memorial that has been
- 21 designated in the statute as a five-foot-tall white
- 22 cross.
- MR. ELIASBERG: I think that is --
- 24 JUSTICE STEVENS: So it is a condition of
- 25 the transfer.

- 1 MR. ELIASBERG: As I was stating to Justice
- 2 Sotomayor, that is one of the factors that we believe
- 3 separates this situation from the kind of hypotheticals
- 4 that you're setting forth.
- 5 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Do you disagree with
- 6 what she told us, which is that the private property
- 7 owner can tear down the cross at any time?
- 8 MR. ELIASBERG: I think that there are very
- 9 significant obstacles to their doing that. One, I don't
- 10 -- I disagree with the General's -- General Kagan's
- 11 description of the criminal statute that prohibits the
- 12 defacement of memorials on private land, because one of
- 13 the provisions is that we will consider it a situation
- 14 that is covered by the statute that the land be under
- 15 the jurisdiction of the Federal Government. Well, the
- 16 land -- the statute that designated the Mojave Preserve
- 17 very clearly says that the land is being transferred
- 18 from the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Land Management
- 19 to the National Park Service and the Secretary of the
- 20 Interior, so it is therefore clearly under the
- 21 jurisdiction of the Federal Government. So I think that
- 22 there is -- there are possible criminal violations.
- 23 There is also a significant question --
- 24 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: You say under the
- 25 jurisdiction of the Federal Government. Does that -- do

- 1 you just mean they have authority to regulate the land?
- 2 MR. ELIASBERG: That's correct. But that's
- 3 the way the statute is written, under Federal
- 4 jurisdiction, so I believe that those two terms --
- 5 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, I suppose they
- 6 have jurisdiction to regulate a lot of -- lot of land
- 7 that they don't own.
- 8 MR. ELIASBERG: Well I think that in this
- 9 case when the government is actually -- there's quite a
- 10 bit of case law -- we set forth some in our brief --
- 11 where they talk about the government's power over land
- 12 that's within a national preserve, so I do think that
- 13 the criminal statutes may very well apply.
- 14 It certainly would be a barrier to the VFW's
- 15 thinking, well, no risk to us if we tear this cross
- 16 down. In addition, the government is required, as I
- 17 believe one of the Justices and I don't remember
- 18 which -- the government has been required to go back and
- 19 put up a plaque that says: This cross erected in honor
- 20 of the foreign war dead. It would be very odd indeed, I
- 21 believe for the VFW --
- 22 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: What else -- what
- 23 else does the plaque say.
- 24 MR. ELIASBERG: The plaque says: "This
- 25 cross" -- in big letters -- "erected in honor of the

- 1 dead of foreign wars." I think it would be very --
- 2 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: And that's it?
- 3 Nothing else?
- 4 MR. ELIASBERG: Nothing else. I think it
- 5 would be very odd indeed for the VFW to feel that it was
- 6 free to take down the cross and put up, for example, a
- 7 statues of a soldier which would honor all of the people
- 8 who fought for America in World War I, not just
- 9 Christians, and say: Well, we were free to do that
- 10 because even though there's the sign that says, this
- 11 cross is designated to honor all the --
- 12 JUSTICE SCALIA: The cross doesn't honor
- 13 non-Christians who fought in the war? Is that -- is
- 14 that --
- MR. ELIASBERG: I believe that's actually
- 16 correct.
- JUSTICE SCALIA: Where does it say that?
- 18 MR. ELIASBERG: It doesn't say that, but a
- 19 cross is the predominant symbol of Christianity and it
- 20 signifies that Jesus is the son of God and died to
- 21 redeem mankind for our sins, and I believe that's why
- 22 the Jewish war veterans --
- JUSTICE SCALIA: It's erected as a war
- 24 memorial. I assume it is erected in honor of all of the
- 25 war dead. It's the -- the cross is the -- is the most

- 1 common symbol of -- of -- of the resting place of the
- 2 dead, and it doesn't seem to me -- what would you have
- 3 them erect? A cross -- some conglomerate of a cross, a
- 4 Star of David, and you know, a Moslem half moon and
- 5 star?
- 6 MR. ELIASBERG: Well, Justice Scalia, if I
- 7 may go to your first point. The cross is the most
- 8 common symbol of the resting place of Christians. I
- 9 have been in Jewish cemeteries. There is never a cross
- 10 on a tombstone of a Jew.
- 11 (Laughter.)
- MR. ELIASBERG: So it is the most common
- 13 symbol to honor Christians.
- JUSTICE SCALIA: I don't think you can leap
- 15 from that to the conclusion that the only war dead that
- 16 that cross honors are the Christian war dead. I think
- 17 that's an outrageous conclusion.
- 18 MR. ELIASBERG: Well, my -- the point of
- 19 my -- point here is to say that there is a reason the
- 20 Jewish war veterans came in and said we don't feel
- 21 honored by this cross. This cross can't honor us
- 22 because it is a religious symbol of another religion.
- 23 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Can I get back to
- 24 your plaque question? Am I wrong? I think the
- 25 government told us the plaque reads: "The cross erected

- 1 in memory the dead of all wars, erected 1934 by members
- 2 of Veterans of Foreign Wars, Death Valley Post 2884."
- 3 MR. ELIASBERG: That is correct, Mr. Chief
- 4 Justice, and I apologize. I forgot --
- 5 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: That's a big
- 6 difference. I mean, the whole point is that the plaque
- 7 tells you, this is not a government memorial, government
- 8 structure. It was put up by members of the Veterans of
- 9 Foreign Wars, Death Valley Post 2884.
- 10 MR. ELIASBERG: Mr. Chief Justice, the
- 11 context of your question was would VFW feel constrained
- 12 to keep the cross up? And my point was --
- 13 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: The context of my
- 14 question was what does the plaque say?
- 15 MR. ELIASBERG: Well -- I -- I apologize for
- 16 not giving the full text, that was not my intention to
- 17 -- to mislead the Court or to you, Mr. Chief Justice.
- 18 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: All right.
- 19 MR. ELIASBERG: My only point is that in
- 20 that scenario, because did I believe we were talking
- 21 about, is the VFW free to do this, and I was pointing to
- 22 the criminal statute that I said I believe said that
- 23 they couldn't -- wouldn't feel free to take this down.
- 24 But second of all, that it would be odd indeed for them
- 25 to take it down when there is a big plaque that says

- 1 this cross erected. With all of the --
- 2 JUSTICE ALITO: When the Solicitor General
- 3 represents to us that the VFW will be perfectly free to
- 4 modify this memorial in any way it chooses if they
- 5 obtain title to this land, do you think that there's any
- 6 realistic fear that they will be required to maintain
- 7 this cross, even if they wish to -- to change it in some
- 8 way?
- 9 MR. ELIASBERG: Well, I think that there is
- 10 a real -- well, but -- but I don't think that the cases
- 11 turn on whether a prosecutor says well, I promise you
- 12 that we are not going to enforce the statute. I think
- 13 we have to look at the words of the statute and the
- 14 words of the reversionary interest, and I think they
- 15 both create significant doubt as to whether the VFW
- 16 would feel free to turn this -- to take it down, in the
- 17 same way that in a context where you are talking about
- 18 pre-enforcement --
- 19 JUSTICE ALITO: Well, I thought your
- 20 argument was that although there was going to be a
- 21 formal transfer of title, as a practical matter, the
- 22 government was still involved with the maintenance of
- 23 the cross on this land. And when the government says
- 24 that that's not the case, I don't know why that doesn't
- 25 cure the practical problem.

- 1 MR. ELIASBERG: Well, that -- the -- the
- 2 question of government -- continued government
- 3 involvement with the land, I believe, continues, because
- 4 of the reversionary interest and because of the
- 5 designation as a national memorial. Whatever the --
- 6 JUSTICE GINSBURG: I think -- I think
- 7 General Kagan agreed that they -- the Veterans couldn't
- 8 substitute some other memorial, if it's going to be a
- 9 national monument it has to have the government's
- 10 approval. And the only one that has the government's
- 11 approval is the cross.
- 12 MR. ELIASBERG: That is correct, Justice
- 13 Ginsburg. I don't want to speak for General Kagan but
- 14 with respect to the question --
- 15 JUSTICE ALITO: Well, I -- I thought the
- 16 government's position was it had to be maintained as a
- 17 national war -- as a war memorial, but not that it had
- 18 to be maintained as a cross.
- MR. ELIASBERG: That is the government's
- 20 position. But Justice Ginsburg, your question is would
- 21 something else they put up be a national memorial, and
- 22 the answer is no. Only Congress has the power to
- 23 designate a national memorial. Congress has chosen to
- 24 designate this particular stand-alone Latin cross as a
- 25 government -- as a national memorial.

- 1 JUSTICE GINSBURG: What about the
- 2 government's argument that suppose the government took
- down the cross, gave it back to the Veterans of Foreign
- 4 Wars, sold them the land in exchange for land of equal
- 5 value, and then the Veterans said, fine, the cross was
- 6 ours to begin with. Now the land is ours, so we just
- 7 put it back. If that would be consistent with the
- 8 injunction?
- 9 The government now has nothing to do with
- 10 the cross. It's all the Veterans of Foreign Wars, and
- it can't be regarded a sham because it was originally
- 12 the Veterans of Foreign Wars who put it up, the
- 13 government didn't put it up.
- MR. ELIASBERG: I believe that that --
- 15 obviously not the facts presented by our case, Justice
- 16 Ginsburg, but that likely would be consistent with the
- 17 injunction, that's correct. But it is not the scenario
- 18 we have here.
- 19 JUSTICE GINSBURG: Then we are talking about
- 20 something that is rather formal rather than substantial.
- 21 If -- if all the government would have to do is say,
- 22 Congress, you didn't get it right. You should have just
- 23 made the land swap. And then the government would take
- 24 down the cross in compliance with the injunction, and
- 25 then it goes right back the next day.

- 1 MR. ELIASBERG: Well, I think if there -- if
- 2 there were -- I think it's not just formalism, Your
- 3 Honor, because one, the reversionary -- I am assuming
- 4 that in your hypothetical the reversionary interest is
- 5 gone. That is continuing government ownership, future
- 6 ownership in property, and one of the government's
- 7 principal arguments is when we sell to it a private
- 8 owner everyone presumes that the private owner is the
- 9 speaker.
- 10 But when the government maintains a
- 11 substantial future property interest, they haven't sold
- 12 the land. They've sold part of their interest in the
- 13 land. So if you take away the reversionary interest and
- 14 you remove the national memorial designation and then
- 15 the VFW independently does choose to put up the cross,
- 16 it's more than formalism. It is the --
- 17 JUSTICE STEVENS: But there is also the
- 18 point that I don't think you stressed, that if the
- 19 reversionary interest was activated -- say they
- 20 abandoned or destroyed it, the property would come back
- 21 to the government. And if I read the -- the designation
- of the national memorial statute correctly, the
- 23 Department of Interior would have to rebuild the old
- 24 cross and put it up. There's an affirmative duty to
- 25 replace the cross if there is a reversion.

- 1 MR. ELIASBERG: I believe that that is
- 2 correct, Justice Stevens, and that's an important point
- 3 that is intertwined with the fact that the reversionary
- 4 interest also continues the government's ownership in
- 5 the land, when their whole position is, if we privatize
- 6 it, as Justice Scalia pointed out, if it's just a
- 7 private owner, then we don't associate this cross with
- 8 the government. We associate it with the private owner.
- 9 But the government hasn't done that. It has
- 10 maintained an important ownership interest in the land
- 11 through that reversionary interest. If there are no
- 12 further questions, I will --
- 13 JUSTICE STEVENS: May I ask this question:
- 14 Do you think the issues in this case would be -- stay
- 15 the same or different, if this whole scenario occurred
- 16 on the Mall in -- right out in front of the
- 17 Washington -- the Lincoln Memorial?
- 18 Would the -- the issues be any different if
- 19 it were not an isolated memorial in the desert?
- 20 MR. ELIASBERG: Context has always mattered
- 21 to this Court in Establishment Clause cases.
- JUSTICE STEVENS: And which way would it
- 23 cut, if it is different?
- 24 MR. ELIASBERG: Well, I do think that
- 25 Washington is, certainly, a seat of power, and there is,

- 1 obviously, a close tie between something that is put on
- 2 the National Mall in the seat of government, but I do
- 3 think that the designation of a national memorial is
- 4 also significant.
- 5 So, even though this may be an area that is
- 6 not nearly as populated as Washington, D.C., it is very
- 7 significant that Congress has taken the step with this
- 8 particular symbol, one of only 49 in the country,
- 9 grouping it with other iconic statues and memorials in
- 10 this country and tied it.
- 11 So I don't think that the distinction,
- 12 although it might have some bearing in the Court, in
- 13 thinking of the context, I don't think it would change
- 14 the result.
- 15 Justice Kennedy, I want to go back to -- to
- 16 one question you had asked earlier about the posture,
- 17 and I just want to reiterate. You, very clearly, said,
- 18 when the government was saying, well, we didn't have a
- 19 good reason to bring this to the Court, and that's why
- 20 we didn't, I think your question recognized that the
- 21 government had very good reasons.
- 22 But -- but in addition, it's not really
- 23 important, when you have a final judgment, why a party
- 24 chooses not to try to take the last step of appeal on a
- 25 final judgment, and that's the United States v.

- 1 Munsingwear case.
- 2 The government chose not to make that step.
- 3 The judgment was final, and there, certainly, is no
- 4 basis for this Court to reopen the issues about whether
- 5 Mr. Buono had standing in the first instance.
- JUSTICE ALITO: Well, wasn't -- isn't this
- 7 very different from the situation in Toledo
- 8 Steel because -- Scale, I'm sorry -- because, if the
- 9 merits issue that was before the Ninth Circuit was, if
- 10 not technically moot, nearly moot, by the time they
- 11 reached it, because of the passage of the new statute.
- 12 This wasn't -- they said it's not moot
- 13 because this is simply the voluntary cessation of
- 14 conduct that's been held to be unlawful, but that is
- 15 typically applied in the situation where there is a
- 16 legitimate fear that the -- the party that has been held
- 17 to be violating the Constitution may simply return to
- its bad old ways, once the litigation is over.
- 19 But, here, you have the intervening
- 20 enactment of a statute by the Constitution -- by the
- 21 Congress of the United States, and I think it would be
- 22 quite far-fetched to presume that Congress is simply
- 23 going to repeal the statute and go back to the way
- 24 things were, once the litigation is over.
- 25 So you have a merits issue that's not -- if

- 1 technically moot, nearly moot. The real merits issue in
- 2 the case is -- is expressly not decided by the Ninth
- 3 Circuit. They say, take that back to the district
- 4 court. And you say that the standing issue goes away
- 5 because the government didn't appeal the standing issue
- 6 at a time when the real merits issue in the case had not
- 7 been decided.
- 8 MR. ELIASBERG: Well, two points, if I may,
- 9 Justice Alito. First, the first reason that the Ninth
- 10 Circuit gave for why the case wasn't moot was not
- 11 voluntary cessation. The government conceded the land
- 12 transfer could take up to two years to effectuate, so in
- 13 the Ninth Circuit, that this case is far from moot.
- 14 Two years is more than enough time to file
- 15 the government to file the petition for certiorari and
- 16 had a ruling, both on the merits of the land on -- the
- 17 cross on government property, but more important, as a
- 18 number of Justices had pointed out, the question of
- 19 standing to bring an Establishment Clause case, the
- 20 government always have an interest in saying, this case
- 21 should never have been brought. We never should had
- 22 have had a judgment entered against us.
- For the government to say, we didn't really
- 24 care at that point because, two years from now, the
- 25 transfer might be effectuated is not basis for them to

- 1 argue that there was no final judgment and no reason for
- 2 us to appeal.
- 3 JUSTICE GINSBURG: I think General Kagan
- 4 recognized that there isn't an example of a final
- 5 injunction, where, after it's final as it can be, you
- 6 can come back and say, but, now, I want to reargue the
- 7 standing question that's already been determined.
- 8 But there was something that I did want to
- 9 ask you about, Judge O'Scanlon's opinion. He said,
- 10 if -- if you prevail and you are right, what happens in
- 11 Arlington Cemetery, where there's the Argonne Cross
- 12 Memorial and the Canadian Cross of Sacrifice, both right
- here in Arlington, what happens to them?
- 14 MR. ELIASBERG: Going back, Justice
- 15 Ginsburg, to the merits on the earlier question about a
- 16 cross on government property, I believe that the Argonne
- 17 Cross in the national -- in memorial cemetery is
- 18 extremely different.
- 19 There are, in the national cemeteries,
- 20 the -- the VA offers, to veterans and their family, a
- 21 choice of putting up 39 different emblems and beliefs on
- 22 their tombstones. In Arlington, there is a cross that
- 23 is surrounded by a sea of tombstones with symbols of the
- 24 faith of all of the different service members.
- In that context, I don't think anyone would

- 1 perceive that the government was favoring one particular
- 2 religion because of the variety of choices and religious
- 3 symbols expressed there. That's very different from a
- 4 stand-alone cross of one religious symbol that is not
- 5 surrounded by any other context, other than --
- 6 JUSTICE SCALIA: Has the government ever
- 7 turned down -- let's say the Jewish war veterans request
- 8 to put up a war memorial on --
- 9 MR. ELIASBERG: They did. There was a
- 10 request made for -- to put up a memorial on the site,
- 11 and the government said no and said, our regulations
- 12 forbid it.
- JUSTICE SCALIA: I am talking about -- on
- 14 this site?
- MR. ELIASBERG: Yes.
- 16 JUSTICE SCALIA: You know, well, I'm not
- 17 talking about this site, where there already was a
- 18 memorial, but suppose the -- what I'm getting at is I
- 19 don't agree with you, that -- that every time the
- 20 government allows any religious symbol to be erected, it
- 21 has to allow all religious symbols to be erected at the
- 22 same place, so long as it is -- it is not discriminatory
- 23 in -- in accepting or rejecting requests to erect
- 24 religious symbols in different places.
- I don't see why the government is convicted

- 1 of being discriminatory.
- 2 MR. ELIASBERG: I think the context here is
- 3 what has the government done with respect to national
- 4 memorials. The only two national memorials that are
- 5 stand-alone religious symbols are of one particular
- 6 religious denomination, and that's Christianity.
- 7 JUSTICE SCALIA: But -- but you don't --
- 8 and they -- were both of them proposed by a private
- 9 group, such as the Veterans of Foreign Wars?
- 10 MR. ELIASBERG: Well, it's Congress -- I
- 11 don't know that the Veterans of Foreign Wars ever
- 12 proposed that this be a national memorial. Congress
- 13 designated it as one.
- 14 JUSTICE SCALIA: Well, but it was erected by
- 15 the Veterans of Foreign Wars. I mean, do you know of
- 16 any instance in which Jewish war veterans or if there is
- 17 an organization of Muslim war veterans, requested to
- 18 erect a memorial on public land, it was turned down?
- 19 MR. ELIASBERG: As I said before --
- 20 JUSTICE SCALIA: I just don't see why they
- 21 all have to be on the same piece of land, in -- in order
- 22 for the government to be impartial.
- MR. ELIASBERG: I'm not saying that in --
- 24 in -- that, in every circumstance, the government has to
- 25 have lots of different symbols, but what the government

- 1 has done here --
- JUSTICE SCALIA: Well, I think you are
- 3 saying that, and you are saying that this has to be a
- 4 public forum. In fact, I'm not even sure your -- your
- 5 brief would limit it to religious symbols. You say it
- 6 has to be an open forum. Right?
- 7 MR. ELIASBERG: Well, Justice Scalia, if I
- 8 make one prefatory point, the government didn't bring to
- 9 this Court the merits of the question of whether the
- 10 cross was permissible on government property.
- 11 There is a final judgment set in this
- 12 circumstance. In this context, it is not. So that
- 13 question is not properly before us, but context matters,
- 14 and I do think, in other circumstances, there may be
- 15 religious symbols. There may be a myriad of religious
- 16 symbols and the context of the situation will matter.
- 17 But I think if, in Arlington, for example --
- 18 with respect to Justice Ginsburg's question. If, for
- 19 example, a foreign government -- let's take the Canadian
- 20 Cross of Sacrifice, which the government has put in its
- 21 brief, was donated by a foreign government to honor
- 22 people -- Americans who fought for Canada and the
- 23 British Empire, in I believe it was World War I, if the
- 24 State of Israel made a similar request to the United
- 25 States, we would like to honor the Jews who fought in

- 1 Operation Iraqi Freedom because we believe that that was
- 2 an important defense of the State of Israel, and the
- 3 United States said, no, we are not interested, I think
- 4 that that would create a quite significant
- 5 constitutional violation -- or constitutional question,
- 6 but it's not the case in front of us.
- 7 JUSTICE STEVENS: May I ask a different
- 8 question, just based on your understanding of all these
- 9 monuments? Are there any other federal monuments that
- 10 contained crosses, other than those associated with the
- 11 cemeteries?
- 12 MR. ELIASBERG: The one national memorial
- 13 that I am aware of that has a cross, it is of Father
- 14 Marquette, who was a significant historical figure. It
- 15 is not a stand-alone cross. It is Father Marquette
- 16 surrounded by a number of various objects that show his
- 17 role as a historical figure, exploring the middle west,
- 18 and he is holding a cross.
- 19 But, again, I think -- I agree with General
- 20 Kagan that, if we honored Martin Luther King, who was a
- 21 priest, or we honored -- we did something with the Old
- 22 North Church which had significant historical
- 23 significance, that would create a very different issue
- than simply a stand-alone cross, where, when the
- 25 National Park Service asked its own historian to

- 1 determine whether it had historical value necessary to
- 2 bring it within the National Register of Historic
- 3 Places, the Park Service's own historian said, no, it
- 4 did not.
- 5 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Counsel, this
- 6 probably doesn't have anything to do with anything, but
- 7 I'm just kind of curious, why is this cross put up --
- 8 you know, in the middle of nowhere?
- 9 (Laughter.)
- 10 MR. ELIASBERG: Because the man who
- 11 originally put up the cross -- not this one, because it
- 12 has been replaced a number of times, but the man who put
- 13 up this particular cross, I believe was a homesteader in
- 14 the area when the land was owned by the Bureau of Land
- 15 Management, and I believe was a miner on the land. I
- 16 hope that is correct historically. I believe it is.
- 17 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you.
- General, you have 2 minutes.
- 19 REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF GEN. ELENA KAGAN
- 20 ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONERS
- 21 GENERAL KAGAN: Thank you, Mr. Chief
- 22 Justice.
- To pick up right there, this stand-alone
- 24 cross was erected as a World War I memorial by veterans
- 25 of World War I who had gone to the desert in California

- 1 to recuperate and to restore their lives.
- 2 And it was that situation that the -- that
- 3 the Congress was presented with, was when the Ninth
- 4 Circuit ruled and said that this memorial was
- 5 unconstitutional, Congress had a choice. And the choice
- 6 was to take down that memorial, which meant an enormous
- 7 amount to veterans in the community, or to completely
- 8 dissociate the government from that memorial. And what
- 9 Congress did was to completely dissociate the government
- 10 from that memorial while allowing some war memorial to
- 11 stand.
- 12 JUSTICE STEVENS: How can you say that when
- 13 there's a reversionary interest? How can you say it's
- 14 completely dissociated? There is a reversionary
- 15 interest if they don't maintain the cross, which is the
- 16 monument, it goes back to the government.
- 17 GENERAL KAGAN: Justice Stevens, with
- 18 respect, the reversionary interest says that the holder,
- 19 the VFW, has to maintain a war memorial. It does not --
- JUSTICE STEVENS: Yes, but the particular
- 21 memorial described by Congress was this cross.
- 22 GENERAL KAGAN: No, the reversionary
- 23 interest simply says: A war memorial. It does not have
- 24 to be this war memorial.
- JUSTICE STEVENS: Yes, but then it doesn't

- 1 -- I don't think it's fair to interpret Congress's
- 2 interest to being and preserving this memorial.
- 3 GENERAL KAGAN: To the contrary, Justice
- 4 Stevens. When Congress wanted to say "this memorial,"
- 5 it knew to how to say it, because it said it in the 2002
- 6 act.
- 7 JUSTICE STEVENS: Right.
- 8 GENERAL KAGAN: In the 2004 act, it said
- 9 something very different. That was after the injunction
- 10 had issued, so it was a completely different set of
- 11 circumstances. Congress understood that an injunction
- 12 against this war memorial had issued. Congress said:
- 13 We are going to give this back to the VFW, but it's
- 14 going to be the VFW's choice now as to what to do with
- 15 it, consistent with it being some kind of war memorial.
- 16 A reversionary interest of a kind that Congress often
- 17 uses to -- when it transfers land. Congress -- it's a
- 18 completely --
- 19 JUSTICE STEVENS: Do you think anyone
- 20 thought there is the remotest possibility they would put
- 21 up a different memorial?
- 22 GENERAL KAGAN: I think it's left to the
- 23 VFW, and it's entirely the VFW's choice. So if tomorrow
- or ten years from now or 50 years from now the VFW
- 25 decides, along with Respondents, that a cross is an

- 1 inappropriate war memorial, then they can take down that
- 2 war memorial. It's no longer the government's message.
- JUSTICE STEVENS: How can they say it's an
- 4 inappropriate war memorial when Congress has designated
- 5 the national memorial as, quote, "the five-foot-tall
- 6 white cross" and so forth and so on? That is what is
- 7 the memorial.
- 8 GENERAL KAGAN: But there is no -- there is
- 9 no prohibition on the VFW taking down this memorial. We
- 10 will just have one fewer national memorials. And --
- 11 JUSTICE STEVENS: Do you really think there
- is any possibility that would happen?
- 13 GENERAL KAGAN: Again, I think it is
- 14 entirely up to the VFW.
- 15 JUSTICE STEVENS: That is not my question.
- 16 GENERAL KAGAN: I don't know, because I am
- 17 not the VFW. It is up to the VFW as to what happens to
- 18 this war memorial. That's also true of the plaque, that
- 19 the plaque could -- the VFW could take down the plaque
- 20 once the -- the VFW gains title to this property.
- 21 So what the government has done here -- and
- 22 Justice Stevens, I don't want to -- of course, you are
- 23 right that Congress started out thinking they --
- JUSTICE STEVENS: They not only started it
- out, but they authorized the use of \$10,000 in money in

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order to replace the very cross they had designated as a

2	memorial.					
3	GENERAL KAGAN: Justice Stevens, you are, of					
4	course, right that Congress thought at the beginning,					
5	prior to the injunction, that this war memorial should					
6	not be taken down, that there was an attachment to it in					
7	the local community, and that it was that it should					
8	be retained. Not an unnatural thing for Congress to					
9	want, to preserve war memorials.					
10	When the injunction issued and when the					
11	court found that the when the Congress found that the					
12	courts had declared this display of this memorial					
13	unconstitutional, Congress said: How can we preserve					
14	this preserve a war memorial, very possibly this war					
15	memorial? How can we preserve a war memorial but have					
16	it not be our choice?					
17	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, counsel.					
18	Counsel, counsel.					
19	The case is submitted.					
20	(Whereupon, at 11:06 a.m., the case in the					
21	above-entitled matter was submitted.)					
22						
23						
24						
25						

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