

# PT1 Stage 3 Regrade (Changes)

1. We added the screenshots for the 1000+ rows for 3 tables.

-- Event, >1000 rows from Ticketmaster API

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Event (  
  event_id BIGINT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
  name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,  
  date DATE,  
  ticket_price DECIMAL(10,2),  
  venue_name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,  
  venue_id BIGINT  
  FOREIGN KEY (venue_id) REFERENCES Venue(venue_id)  
);
```

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) AS row_count  
-> FROM Event;  
+-----+  
| row_count |  
+-----+  
|      1188 |  
+-----+  
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

-- AirbnbListing, >1000 rows from InsideAirbnb CSV

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS AirbnbListing (  
  listing_id BIGINT PRIMARY KEY,  
  city_id INT NOT NULL,  
  latitude DECIMAL(9,6),  
  longitude DECIMAL(9,6),  
  price_per_night DECIMAL(10,2),  
  availability_365 INT,  
  room_type VARCHAR(50),  
  city_name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL  
  FOREIGN KEY (city_id) REFERENCES City(city_id)  
);
```

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) AS row_count
-> FROM AirbnbListing;
+-----+
| row_count |
+-----+
|      7071 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

-- Nearby (Event <-> Airbnb), > 1000 rows, *Populated from Event and Airbnb*

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS Nearby (
  event_id BIGINT,
  listing_id BIGINT,
  total_cost DECIMAL(12,2),
  distance DECIMAL(8,2),
  PRIMARY KEY (event_id, listing_id),
  FOREIGN KEY (event_id) REFERENCES Event(event_id),
  FOREIGN KEY (listing_id) REFERENCES AirbnbListing(listing_id)
);
```

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) AS row_count
-> FROM Nearby ;
+-----+
| row_count |
+-----+
|  8400348 |
+-----+
1 row in set (9.44 sec)
```

2. We edited Query 3 to include JOIN and Aggregation via GROUP BY.

**QUERY 3: Events with most available Airbnb Listings (within 5 miles)**

- Focuses on listing availability count
- Concepts: JOIN, Aggregation via Group by

```
SELECT E.event_id, E.name AS event_name, C.city_name, C.state, COUNT(A.listing_id) AS
num_available_listings, ROUND(AVG(A.price_per_night), 2) AS avg_price_per_night,
MIN(N.distance) AS closest_listing_distance
FROM Event E
JOIN Venue V ON E.venue_id = V.venue_id
JOIN City C ON V.city_id = C.city_id
JOIN Nearby N ON E.event_id = N.event_id
JOIN AirbnbListing A ON N.listing_id = A.listing_id
WHERE N.distance <= 5 AND A.availability_365 > 0
GROUP BY E.event_id, E.name, C.city_name, C.state
ORDER BY num_available_listings DESC, avg_price_per_night ASC
LIMIT 15;
```

| event_id | event_name                                  | city_name | state    | num_available_listings | avg_price_per_night | closest_listing_distance |
|----------|---|-----------|----------|------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| 60       | Chicago Blackhawks vs. Ottawa Senators      | Chicago   | Illinois | 4771                   | 534.35              | 0.15                     |
| 213      | Chicago Blackhawks vs. New Jersey Devils    | Chicago   | Illinois | 4771                   | 534.35              | 0.15                     |
| 270      | Chicago Blackhawks vs. Calgary Flames       | Chicago   | Illinois | 4771                   | 534.35              | 0.15                     |
| 287      | Chicago Blackhawks vs. Seattle Kraken       | Chicago   | Illinois | 4771                   | 534.35              | 0.15                     |
| 740      | Chicago Blackhawks vs. St. Louis Blues      | Chicago   | Illinois | 4771                   | 534.35              | 0.15                     |
| 330      | Chicago Blackhawks vs. Colorado Avalanche   | Chicago   | Illinois | 4771                   | 534.35              | 0.15                     |
| 336      | PAUL McCARTNEY: GOT BACK                    | Chicago   | Illinois | 4771                   | 534.35              | 0.15                     |
| 345      | PAUL McCARTNEY: GOT BACK                    | Chicago   | Illinois | 4771                   | 534.35              | 0.15                     |
| 357      | Chicago Blackhawks vs. Minnesota Wild       | Chicago   | Illinois | 4771                   | 534.35              | 0.15                     |
| 374      | Chicago Blackhawks vs. Nashville Predators  | Chicago   | Illinois | 4771                   | 534.35              | 0.15                     |
| 399      | Chicago Blackhawks vs. Anaheim Ducks        | Chicago   | Illinois | 4771                   | 534.35              | 0.15                     |
| 513      | Chicago Blackhawks vs. Detroit Red Wings    | Chicago   | Illinois | 4771                   | 534.35              | 0.15                     |
| 721      | Chicago Blackhawks vs. Vegas Golden Knights | Chicago   | Illinois | 4771                   | 534.35              | 0.15                     |
| 666      | Chicago Blackhawks vs. Pittsburgh Penguins  | Chicago   | Illinois | 4771                   | 534.35              | 0.15                     |
| 627      | Chicago Blackhawks vs. Philadelphia Flyers  | Chicago   | Illinois | 4771                   | 534.35              | 0.15                     |

15 rows in set (4.35 sec)

## Indexing

| Index      | Attributes Indexed               | Query Cost | Notes          |
|------------|----------------------------------|------------|----------------|
| Baseline   | N/A                              | 83,755     | N/A            |
| idx_nearby | Nearby (distance, event_id)      | 44,283     | Improvement    |
| idx_airbnb | AirbnbListing (availability_365) | 83,755     | No improvement |
| idx_event  | Event (venue_id)                 | 83,755     | No improvement |
| idx_venue  | Venue (city_id)                  | 83,755     | No improvement |

Indexing Nearby(distance, event\_id) reduced the query cost from 83,755 to 44,283, which was the most significant performance improvement for this query. The index helps to efficiently filter listings within 5 miles and join on N.event\_id, so we avoid a full scan of the Nearby table.

Without it, the database must check all rows, which is costly given the large number of event-listing pairs. The other indexes did not improve performance, as the filters and joins they support are either not highly selective or already handled. Overall, the index on Nearby directly supports the query's main filtering and join conditions, resulting in the largest cost reduction.