# **Interactive Puzzle Game Journal Entry**

## Why This Game Stands Out

This interactive puzzle game is more than just a typical project—it's a creative blend of physical problem-solving and digital interaction. The idea is to combine hands-on learning with technology, making it fun, engaging, and a little challenging. Players solve laser-cut puzzles, follow button sequences, and interact with LEDs, a speaker, and even a pulse sensor. What makes it really unique is how it brings everything together, creating an experience that's not just about playing but also about thinking, reacting, and learning.

## 1. Educational Value

Games like this are a great way to learn while having fun. Research in the *Journal of Educational Psychology* has shown that hands-on activities improve problem-solving skills and help you remember things better. The mix of puzzles and tech makes it even more engaging because you're constantly switching between thinking logically and interacting physically.

#### 2. Biofeedback with a Pulse Sensor

Adding the pulse sensor takes this game to a whole new level. It's rare to see low-cost projects like this use biofeedback, but it's such a cool feature! You can track your heart rate as part of the game, which makes it feel really interactive and personal. Plus, using a sensor that costs under \$10 shows how you can achieve big results on a small budget.

# Why It's Creative and Useful

This game is creative because it merges traditional puzzles with modern tech. The LED lights, speaker sounds, and pulse sensor readings make it super dynamic. It's not just a game; it's an experience. The puzzle-solving and time-based challenges keep players engaged, while the tech elements make it exciting and unpredictable. This kind of integration could even inspire educational games or low-cost therapeutic tools.

## **The Cost Factor**

A big plus is how affordable the components are. The pulse sensor, for example, costs less than \$10 but adds a feature you'd usually see in expensive

setups. The Arduino Nano itself is also budget-friendly but incredibly versatile.

This makes the project accessible for students, hobbyists, and even educators who want to create interactive experiences without breaking the bank.

## Other Arduino Nano-Based Projects

This game is part of a bigger trend of creative projects using the Arduino Nano. Here are a few similar examples for context:

- Maze Solvers: These are games where players guide LEDs or robots through mazes using buttons or sensors. They're fun but don't usually include as many interactive elements as this puzzle game.
- **Reaction Timers**: These test your reflexes with LEDs lighting up in patterns you have to follow. They're simple but can be addictive.
- Heart Rate Monitors: These focus on just tracking heart rate, but combining that with a game (like I did here) is much more engaging.

• Escape Room Gadgets: Some people use Arduino to build escape room puzzles. Those are super creative, but they're often stationary and not as hands-on as this game.

#### What Makes This Game Different

What I love about this project is how it pulls from all these ideas and takes them further. Instead of just tracking heart rate or just solving puzzles, it combines these features into a cohesive game. It's challenging, interactive, and adaptable—perfect for kids, adults, or anyone looking for something new.

# **Sources of Inspiration**

1. Escape Rooms and Puzzle Challenges

Modern escape rooms often feature
tech-driven puzzles that combine physical
objects with digital clues. Websites like
Instructables and Hackster.io are full of DIY
escape room projects using Arduinos, where
you can find ideas for combining physical
tasks with electronics

 Example: An Arduino-based RFID escape room puzzle inspired me to use different sensors for player interaction, like the pulse sensor and touch sensor in my game.

## 2. Edutainment Tools

Learning games such as *Osmo* or *LeapFrog* integrate physical and digital components, often focusing on storytelling or problem-solving.

- 3. While these systems use proprietary hardware, they inspired me to create an open-source version for hands-on learning through puzzles.
  - Source: Articles in *Edutopia* discuss how gamified learning increases engagement and critical thinking in children. These principles shaped the educational goals of my project.

# 4. Arduino Community Projects

The Arduino forums and community websites are treasure troves of inspiration. Projects like LED matrix games, reaction timers, and heartbeat monitors motivated me to explore similar components in creative ways.

 Example: A community project on <u>Adafruit</u> showcased a pulse monitor displaying heart rate with LEDs, which sparked my idea to integrate biofeedback into the gameplay.

# 5. Open-Source Puzzle Games

Projects like *Turing Tumble*, a physical computer puzzle game, encouraged me to think about puzzles as a gateway to understanding computational logic. While my project isn't about computation per se, the tactile and interactive elements in *Turing Tumble* inspired the physical aspects of my game.

 Source: The Kickstarter campaign for *Turing Tumble* includes detailed insights into how tactile learning tools can engage diverse audiences.

# 6. Interactive Installations

Interactive art installations that use sensors and LEDs, like those featured in Maker Faires, showed me how to create immersive experiences. Combining art, technology, and player interaction was a guiding principle throughout my project.

 Example: Interactive light-up walls that respond to touch or motion inspired my RGB LED integration to indicate game states.

# 7. Biofeedback in Gaming

High-end video games like *Ring Fit Adventure* use heart rate monitors and physical activities to immerse players. This inspired me to create a simpler, affordable version using the Arduino Nano and a pulse sensor.

Source: The research paper
 "Gamification and Biofeedback: The
 Future of Edutainment" highlights
 how biofeedback elements increase
 engagement and immersion.

# 8. Science and Math Learning Games

Websites like <u>Math Playground</u> and <u>Code.org</u> emphasize interactive, gamified learning. This motivated me to consider how puzzles can teach problem-solving, time management, and even basic coding concepts.

#### Additional Ideas for Enhancements

- 1. **Story Integration**: Add a storyline to the game, like guiding a character through a maze or rescuing someone by solving the puzzles.
- 2. **Multiplayer Mode**: Incorporate a competitive or cooperative two-player version, where players solve puzzles together or race against each other.
- 3. **Scalable Challenges**: Create difficulty levels, with more complex puzzles and faster timers for advanced players.
- **4. Mobile App Companion**: Develop a companion app to track scores or add augmented reality (AR) elements.
- 5. Customizable Themes: Allow players to switch themes, like jungle adventure or space exploration, with corresponding sound effects and LED patterns.
- 6. **Feedback Features**: Use the pulse sensor to modify game difficulty based on the player's stress level, like extending timers if the heart rate spikes.

# Research Literature Addressed by This Project

#### 1. Gamification in Education

 Key Findings: Research shows that gamification enhances motivation and engagement in learning environments. Gamified systems promote problem-solving skills and active participation.

#### Relevant Studies:

- "The Gamification of Learning and Instruction" by Karl M.

  Kapp explains how interactive elements like puzzles and games boost cognitive skills.
- A study in the *Journal of*Educational Psychology (2018)

  found that gamified

  problem-solving tools improved

  memory retention by 25%

  compared to traditional

  methods

 Connection to This Project: The puzzle-solving aspect of the game aligns with these findings, providing a hands-on learning tool that can teach critical thinking, time management, and logic.

## 2. Biofeedback and Emotional Regulation

- Key Findings: Biofeedback tools, such as heart rate monitors, are effective for teaching emotional regulation and self-awareness. They are commonly used in stress management and therapy.
- Relevant Studies:
  - "The Role of Biofeedback in Cognitive Behavioral Therapy" (2017) highlights how heart rate monitoring can enhance focus and reduce anxiety.

- "Gaming with Biofeedback: A Review" (2019) in Computers in Human Behavior explores how integrating biofeedback into games increases immersion and helps players manage stress.
- Connection to This Project: The use of a pulse sensor introduces an emotional and physiological layer to the game, teaching players to stay calm under pressure.

## 3. STEM Education and Maker Culture

- Key Findings: Maker projects, particularly those involving electronics and programming, foster STEM skills in learners of all ages. The hands-on nature of maker activities has been shown to increase engagement and creativity.
- O Relevant Studies:
  - "Making in the Classroom: A Research Review" in

Educational Technology
Research and
Development(2020) discusses
how projects with
microcontrollers like Arduino
foster computational thinking
and problem-solving.

■ "Learning Through Making: A Case for STEM Education" (2016) highlights the long-term benefits of integrating design and technology into education.

 Connection to This Project: By incorporating Arduino Nano, LEDs, and sensors, this project serves as an example of how physical computing projects can engage students in STEM learning.

# 4. Low-Cost Accessibility in Educational Technology

 Key Findings: Affordability is a key barrier to technology adoption in education. Low-cost, open-source solutions like Arduino are critical for increasing accessibility.

### Relevant Studies:

- "Open-Source Microcontrollers in STEM Education: Opportunities and Challenges" (2021) explains how Arduino and similar platforms democratize access to technology.
- "Affordable Tools for Maker Learning in K-12 Classrooms" in Innovations in Education and Teaching International (2020) highlights the value of low-cost tech for hands-on learning.
- Connection to This Project: The use of inexpensive components (Arduino Nano, pulse sensors, RGB LEDs) makes the game accessible and replicable for classrooms and hobbyists.

# 5. Interactive Art and Technology

 Key Findings: The intersection of art and technology opens new avenues for creative expression and learning. Interactive installations have been shown to engage users in meaningful ways.

#### Relevant Studies:

- "Technology as a Medium for Art and Expression" in Digital Creativity (2019) discusses how interactive systems foster engagement and creativity.
- "LED Art in Education:

  Exploring the Role of

  Interaction" (2020) examines
  the impact of LED-based
  installations in teaching
  concepts like interactivity and
  design thinking.
- Connection to This Project: The combination of laser-cut puzzles,
   LEDs, and sound effects positions the game as both a creative and technological exploration.

# 6. Cognitive Load and Learning Efficiency

 Key Findings: Balancing cognitive load through well-designed educational tools enhances learning outcomes. Interactive tools that combine physical and digital tasks are particularly effective.

### O Relevant Studies:

- "Cognitive Load Theory and Educational Game Design" in Educational Psychology Review (2020) emphasizes the importance of designing tasks that challenge without overwhelming.
- "Tactile Learning in Cognitive Development" (2018) highlights the benefits of hands-on problem-solving for memory retention and skill acquisition.
- Connection to This Project: The game's progression—from solving physical puzzles to completing digital tasks—gradually increases cognitive challenge, aligning with these findings.

# **Potential Impact**

This project addresses multiple domains of research, combining elements of gamification, biofeedback, STEM education, and art-tech interaction. By integrating these areas into a single, low-cost platform, the project offers a scalable model for creative learning and engagement.

# Why It Was a Difficult Project

# 1. Integration of Multiple Components:

- Managing LEDs, buttons, a touch sensor, and a speaker required careful coordination and wiring.
- Balancing hardware interactions while ensuring the software logic worked correctly added complexity.

# 2. Game Logic Development:

- Designing an interactive puzzle game with a timer, button sequence validation, and real-time feedbackinvolved advanced programming logic.
- Debugging game states (e.g., wrong button presses or timing out) required meticulous testing.

## 3. Time Management:

- The project involved multiple iterations, including building, testing, and debugging each component.
- Adding a new feature like the OLED required adapting the project and often troubleshooting memory allocation or display issues.

## 4. Innovative and Interactive Design:

- Making the puzzle genuinely interactive involved integrating physical components (buttons and touch sensors) with digital outputs (LEDs and sound).
- Balancing functionality and user experience was challenging, especially with limited resources on the Arduino Nano

## 5. Learning Curve:

 Mastering the Adafruit libraries, managing Arduino memory limitations, and integrating real-time functionality made the project demanding, particularly if some components were unfamiliar.



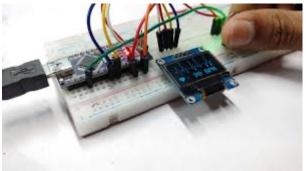
David's:

Some pictures and sketches:









#### Puzzle Game Instructions and Cheat Sheet

# Welcome to the Puzzle Challenge!

Prepare to solve a thrilling interactive puzzle game that tests your wit, speed, and precision. Follow the steps below to uncover the hidden code and claim victory!

# **Step-by-Step Instructions**

## 1. Getting Started:

- Touch the sensor to begin the game.
- A 3-minute timer will start. Solve the puzzle before time runs out.
- Your goal is to arrange the pieces in the correct order.

## 2. Solving the Puzzle:

- Each puzzle piece has an edge value engraved into it.
- Align the pieces to form the sequence:7, 8, 9, 5, 10, 8, 11, 4, 1, 3, 0.

## 3. **Decoding the Puzzle**:

- Once the puzzle is correctly assembled, its hidden code will be revealed, etched into the completed design.
- This code unlocks the final challenge.

## 4. Completion Check:

When the puzzle is complete, touch the sensor again to indicate you're ready for the next stage.

 Make sure all pieces are in place before proceeding!

#### 5. Entering the Code:

- You now have 20 seconds to enter the code using the buttons:
  - Button 1 (D2): First input.
  - Button 2 (D3): Second input.
  - Button 3 (D4): Third input.
- Press each button the required number of times:
  - Button 1: Press 2 times.
  - Button 2: Press 3 times.
  - Button 3: Press 2 times.

#### 6. Victory!:

- If the code is entered correctly, you win!
- Watch as the LEDs light up and the speaker plays a celebratory tune to mark your success.

#### 7. Game Over:

- If time runs out or you make a mistake, the game ends.
- Reset the game by touching the sensor to restart and try again.

## **Cheat Sheet for the Puzzle**

## 1. Edge Piece Values:

- Arrange the edge pieces in this exact order:
  - 7, 8, 9, 5, 10, 8, 11, 4, 1, 3, 0.
- 2. Code Sequence:

- The hidden code is embedded into the puzzle edges:
  - Button 1 (D2): Press 2 times.
  - Button 2 (D3): Press 3 times.
  - Button 3 (D4): Press 2 times.

#### 3. Timer Limits:

- Puzzle-solving phase: Complete within 3 minutes.
- Code-entry phase: Enter the code within 20 seconds.

## **A Fun Twist**

"Hidden within the completed puzzle lies the secret code, etched into its very edges—waiting for you to decipher and unlock the next challenge!"

# **Tips for Success**

- Focus on the sequence: Use the edge piece values as your guide.
- Stay calm during the code phase: Count your button presses carefully.
- Manage your time wisely: Solve the puzzle quickly to give yourself enough time for the code.