

COMP6036: Advanced Machine Learning Feature Selection Challenge

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Abstract

1 Introduction

Each dataset has been divided in three section for training, validation and test submission. The final partition labels remain hidden from the development process. The discrete class labels, t , and the classifier outputs, y , are described by equation (1). Keeping to these output values requires using the thresholding function Θ in equation (2). Everything implemented has been developed from scratch for the MATLAB programming language.

$$y, t \in \{-1, +1\} \tag{1}$$

$$\Theta(a) = \begin{cases} +1, & a > 0 \\ -1, & a \leq 0 \end{cases} \tag{2}$$

2 Approach

2.1 Single Layer Perceptron

The first attempt at classification was using a simple a preceptron architecture; shown in figure 1. Capable of producing a linear separation boundary subject to equation (3) the method serves as starting point for further investigation into the data. The error discrete error from from the training patterns is calculated using equation (4). Equation (5) expands the method by considering many different training patterns applied to only one set of weights. The weight vector is trained using the iterative learning rule held in equations (6), (7) and (8) (MacKay, 2005). In practice the offset

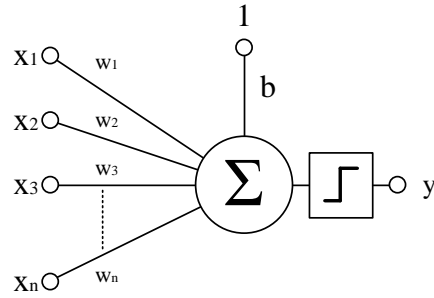


FIGURE 1: Single Layer Perceptron (SLP) architecture.

parameter, b , is added to the weight vector and every input pattern is appended with a constant unit feature to allow complete training.

$$y = \Theta \left(b + \sum_{i=1}^n w_i x_i \right) \quad (3)$$

$$e = t - y, \quad e \in \{-2, 0, +2\} \quad (4)$$

$$\mathbf{Y} = \Theta(\mathbf{X} \cdot \mathbf{W} + \mathbf{b}) \quad (5)$$

$$\mathbf{W}_{t+1} = \mathbf{W}_t + \Delta \mathbf{W} \quad (6)$$

$$\mathbf{E} = (\mathbf{T} - \mathbf{Y})^T \quad (7)$$

$$\Delta \mathbf{W} = \eta * \mathbf{E} \mathbf{X}^T \quad (8)$$

3 Conclusions

References

David J.C. MacKay. *Information Theory, Inference and Learning Algorithms*. Cambridge University Press, 4 edition, 2005.

A Code Listings