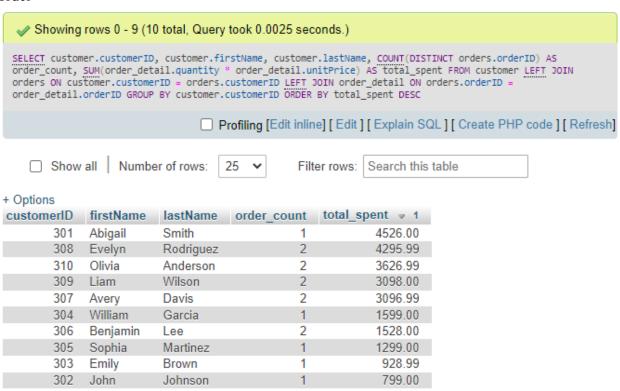
Implementation in MySQL:

Query 1: Retrieve information about all customers and their total amount spent in descending order



SELECT customer.customerID, customer.firstName, customer.lastName, COUNT(DISTINCT orders.orderID) AS order\_count, SUM(order\_detail.quantity \* order\_detail.unitPrice) AS total spent

FROM customer

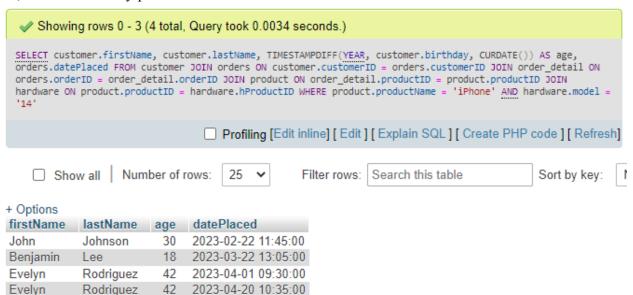
LEFT JOIN orders ON customer.customerID = orders.customerID

LEFT JOIN order detail ON orders.orderID = order detail.orderID

GROUP BY customer.customerID

ORDER BY total\_spent DESC;

Query 2: Show a set of names and age of the customers who have placed an order for an iPhone 14, and the date they placed the order



SELECT customer.firstName, customer.lastName, TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, customer.birthday, CURDATE()) AS age, orders.datePlaced

FROM customer

JOIN orders ON customer.customerID = orders.customerID

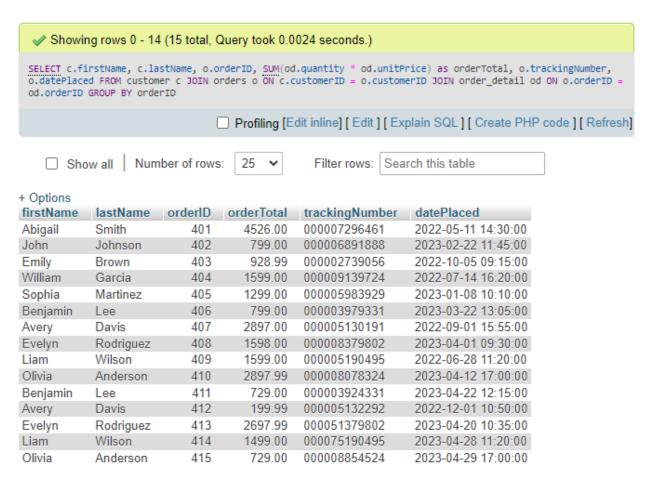
JOIN order detail ON orders.orderID = order detail.orderID

JOIN product ON order detail.productID = product.productID

JOIN hardware ON product.productID = hardware.hProductID

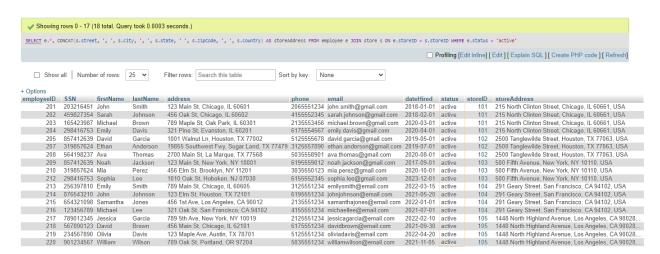
WHERE product.productName = 'iPhone' AND hardware.model = '14';

Query 3 (Join 1): Retrieves the names of all customers who have placed orders and the total price of each order, along with the date of the order.



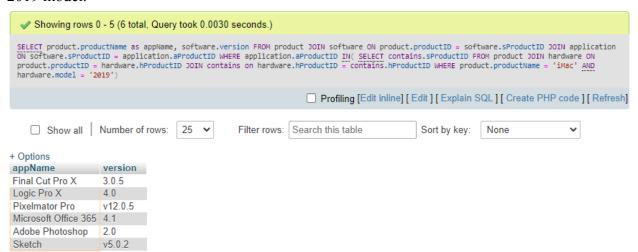
SELECT c.firstName, c.lastName, o.orderID, SUM(od.quantity \* od.unitPrice) as orderTotal, o.trackingNumber, o.datePlaced FROM customer c

JOIN orders o ON c.customerID = o.customerID JOIN order\_detail od ON o.orderID = od.orderID GROUP BY orderID; Query 4 (Join 2): Retrieves the details of all active employees and their corresponding store location IDs and address.



SELECT e.\*, CONCAT(s.street, ', ', s.city, ', ', s.state, '', s.zipCode, ', ', s.country) AS storeAddress
FROM employee e
JOIN store s ON e.storeID = s.storeID
WHERE e.status = 'active'

Query 5 (Join 3): Retrieves the name and version of all applications that can run on an iMac 2019 model.



SELECT product.productName as appName, software.version

FROM product

JOIN software ON product.productID = software.sProductID

JOIN application ON software.sProductID = application.aProductID

WHERE application.aProductID IN(

SELECT contains.sProductID

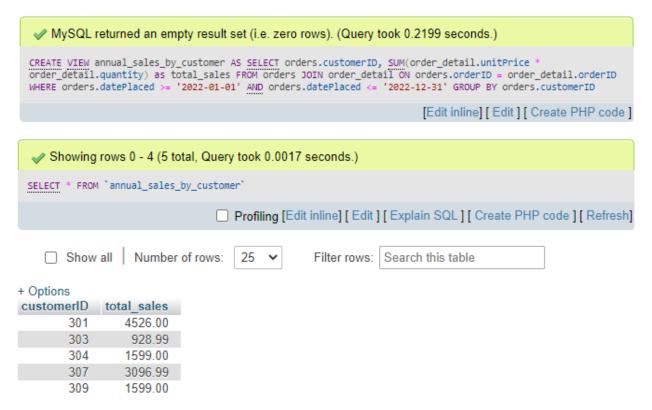
FROM product

JOIN hardware ON product.productID = hardware.hProductID

JOIN contains on hardware.hProductID = contains.hProductID

WHERE product.productName = 'iMac' AND hardware.model = '2019');

First View: Shows the customerID and the total sales for each.



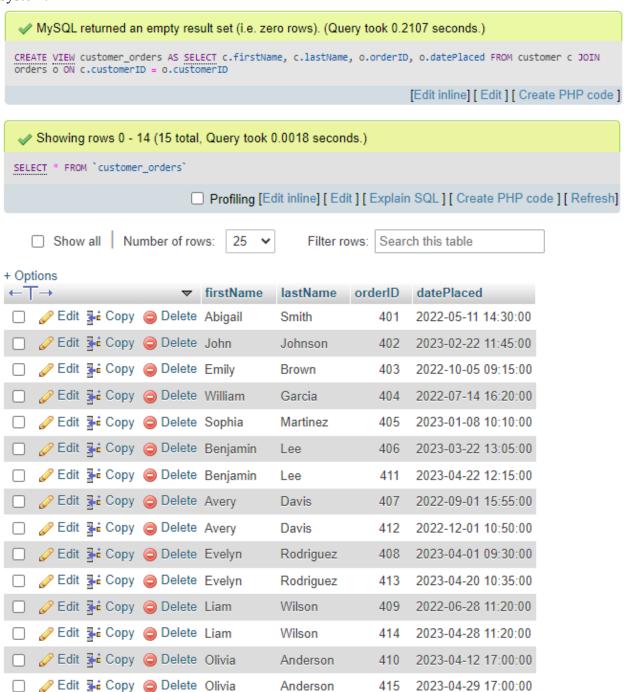
CREATE VIEW annual\_sales\_by\_customer AS

SELECT orders.customerID, SUM(order\_detail.unitPrice \* order\_detail.quantity) as total\_sales FROM orders

JOIN order detail ON orders.orderID = order detail.orderID

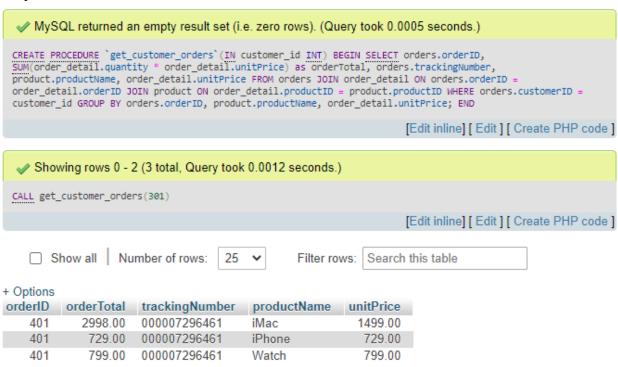
WHERE orders.datePlaced >= '2022-01-01' AND orders.datePlaced <= '2022-12-31' GROUP BY orders.customerID;

Second View: Returns the customer name, order number, and order date for each order in the system.



CREATE VIEW customer\_orders AS
SELECT c.firstName, c.lastName, o.orderID, o.datePlaced
FROM customer c
JOIN orders o ON c.customerID = o.customerID;

First Stored Procedure: Retrieves the orders for a given customer, where we are able to view order ID, price, tracking number, detail, and the name of each product. We join the product table as it correlates to the same product ID from both the product and orders table. The procedure results in a set of orders made by the specified customer, along with the associated product name and price.



DELIMITER //

CREATE PROCEDURE `get\_customer\_orders`(IN customer\_id INT)
BEGIN

SELECT orders.orderID, SUM(order\_detail.quantity \* order\_detail.unitPrice) as orderTotal, orders.trackingNumber, product.productName, order\_detail.unitPrice

FROM orders

JOIN order detail ON orders.orderID = order detail.orderID

JOIN product ON order detail.productID = product.productID

WHERE orders.customerID = customer id

GROUP BY orders.orderID, product.productName, order detail.unitPrice;

END //

**DELIMITER**;

CALL get customer orders(301);

Second Stored Procedure: Calculates the total sales for a given period (YYYY-MM-DD)

