

成语及第四课“请客、做客文化”考试复习 (开卷和闭卷考试)

L4 Outcomes:

1. Able to apply 流行语

1. 请客文化 qǐngkè wénhuà Guest culture: 例如: 英国的请客文化是各付各的。
2. 各付各的 gè fù gè de Go Dutch 例如: 你觉得请客是应该各付各的还是请你的朋友付钱?
3. 刮刮乐 guāguālè Scratch-and-Win tickets 例如: 你会买刮刮乐吗?
4. 中大奖 zhōng dàjiǎng Win the lottery or award 例如: 我中大奖了, 我就天天请客。
5. 小气 xiǎoqì stingy 例如: 你觉得朋友一起吃饭各付各的是小气吗? (大方: dà fāng adj. generous)

2. Able to apply L4 vocabulary exchanging greeting and topics at dinner table (gift, health, travel, etc.) such as 年轻、健康、破费、小意思、维生素、难得、特地、拿手菜、时差、适应、些、家常便饭、地道、色香味俱全、习惯、适应、有朋自远方来, 不亦乐乎

3. Understand L4 listening (Pearson's website) and reading (Sentence Patterns, Language in Use, Supplementary Materials)

4. Able to apply grammar (comparative degree and superlative degree and other comparison forms such as 比较 等) and word usage:

- (1) 比较 adv.
- (2) A 像 B. and Provide Reason
- (3) A 跟 B 一样. and Provide Reason
- (4) A 比 B + adj.
- (5) A 有 B + 那么 + adj.
- (6) A 和 B, S + 比较/更 + V + O
- (7) A、B 和 C, S + 最 + V + O
- (8) A、B 和 C, S + 最 + V + O
- (9) S + 一天比一天 + Adj
- (10) S + 一年比一年 + Adj
- (11) S + 一次比一次 + Adj
- (12) 习惯 n. & v. S + 习惯/不习惯(于) + sth or doing sth
- (13) 适应 adj. & v. S + 适应/不适应 + sth or doing sth
- (14) 只是 adv.
- (15) 特地 adv.

5. Able to converse about 请客、做客 culture, compare things or people in various ways (e.g. comparison words, comparative degree, superlative degree, etc.)

6. Understand and able to apply 成语: 狐假虎威、东施效颦、愚公移山