



Student Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Roll# \_\_\_\_\_ GR# \_\_\_\_\_

**Answer the following questions.**

1. How reading from memory is different than reading from registers? [2 Points]

**Because registers are located within the CPU, no addressing is involved hence no need to fetch data through busses, access delay is minimal which is not the case when accessing memory**

2. Given that EAX = 1234 0000h, write some code that should place twice of upper 16 bits in lower 16 bits of EAX, e.g. EAX=1234 2468h after processing, do not use MUL. [4 Points]

**.data****Temp    DWORD        ?****.code****MOV    Temp, EAX****MOV    DX, WORD PTR [Temp+2]****ADD    DX, DX****MOV    AX, DX**

3. Using *indirect addressing* mode and LOOP only, replace each of the following WORD elements with its mathematical half, do not use MUL or DIV instructions: [4 Points]

ARR1        SWORD        -12, -14, -16, -18, -20, -22, -24, +26

**.code****MOV    ESI, OFFSET ARR1****MOV    ECX, LENGTHOF ARR1 -1****MOV    AX, 6****L1:    ADD    [ESI], AX****INC    AX****ADD    ESI, TYPE ARR1****LOOP   L1****SUB    [ESI], AX**

4. Given the code snippet below, answer the following questions: [2 Points]

**.CODE**

1. FCFA DEDEh    MOV AX, 255
2. FCFA DEDFh    MOV BL, 10
3. FCFA DEE0h    MOV CL, 20
4. FCFA DEE1h    ADD AL, 1
5. FCFA DEE2h    SUB BL, CL
6. FCFA DEE3h    DEC AL

- A. What is stored in EIP after line#5 is executed?

**FCFA DEE3h**

- B. Write down the status of following flags after line 4 is executed

**CF: SET (1)****OF: CLEAR (0)****ZF: SET (1)**