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# **Chapter 1**

## **Introduction**

Matrimonial sites in India operate on the basis of bringing in technology to facilitate what was so far known as an arranged marriage. The astounding growth of online matrimonial sites is largely because of numerous choices they offer to its users, making it very convenient for them to find a suitable partner.

Matrimonial websites are a big business because they blend in the traditional with the modern. Traditional families are happy that these sites offer them the choice of caste, creed, and other such parameters which they would otherwise look for in a prospective bride/groom; on the other hand, the huge database offers young people the chance to browse for someone based on their tastes, and then filter it down to someone they think they could connect to.

Keeping this objective in mind , a reliable match-making service with the help of database management system has been created.

### **1.1 Purpose**

The purpose of this project is to design a database system to facilitate a matrimonial match-making service. The existing system is yet to fully evolve as the current generation need a better and a more reliable and user-friendly experience as compared to the old players of the previous generations. The intent of the project is to gather and maintain data pertaining to each individual with the required queries and to design an effective front-end application to implement the same, keeping the objective of optimizing risk management and control in mind.

### **1.2 Scope**

The proposed system will allow every user to sign up on the website by filling out a few mandatory details. All the details can be edited as and when required. After signing up users will be able to filter other profiles based on what they are looking for.

All details of a user is not available to be viewed by everyone. When a user wants to view the profile of another user, an access request needs to be sent. Once the other user approves, the profile can be viewed.

Users can contact other users from within the website by sending messages to them. The messages can be replied to as well as deleted from the database.

If a user wishes to deactivate his/her profile for a while, they can do so. Their data will still be available on the database but their profile can neither be viewed nor searched for.

If a user wishes to delete his profile completely, he can do so. All the data he has uploaded will get erased completely.

If a match is made and a couple decides to get married they can update their story on the website under Success Stories.

# Chapter 2

## Software Requirements Specification

### 2.1 Overall Description

A software requirements specification (SRS) is a document that captures complete description about how the system is expected to perform. It is a comprehensive description of the intended purpose and environment for software under development.

To be used efficiently, all computer software needs certain hardware components or other software resources to be present on a computer. These prerequisites are known as (computer) system requirements and are often used as a guideline as opposed to an absolute rule. Most software defines two sets of system requirements: minimum and recommended.

### 2.2 Specific Requirements

#### 2.2.1 Software Requirements

- Operating Systems
  - Client Side : Any OS with a suitable web browser.
  - Server Side : Any Linux Server Distribution
- Database: MySQL
- Server scripting: Python's Flask framework
- Front End Interface: HTML, CSS, Javascript and JQuery

Consequently to run the database application a suitable browser compatible with all of the aforementioned requirements is necessary. Speculated ones are Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox.

## 2.2.2 Hardware Requirements

- **Server Side :** The system will be hosted online with help of hosting services like AWS, Google Cloud Platform or Microsoft Azure.
- **Client Side :** Any device with an Internet connection and a suitable web browser that supports HTML 3 or above.

## 2.2.3 Functionality

Functional Requirements explain the main and important features of the Database Management Systems and how they can be used by the clients and users to achieve the purpose. Functional Requirements can include technical details, and specific personality that can help accomplish the purpose of the Database Management System.

- **Adding new users**

Matrimonial Database Management System should be able to allow addition of new users to the Database and each new user is will choose a unique Username at the time of his/her registration.

- **Adding User Mandatory Information**

Each user shall have the following mandatory information: first name, last name, gender, date of birth and image.

- **Update/Modify User Information**

The matrimonial database management system shall allow the user to update any of the users information.

- **Delete User Information**

Information which is not mandatory can be deleted by the user at any point of time.

- **Searching for Matches**

Each user should be able to search the database for a match, based on filters on the various attributes.

- **Requesting for Access to View Profile**

Each user can send a View Profile request to other users. If accepted they can view their entire profile, else they can view only basic details.

- **Messaging System**

Each user can send messages to other users.

- **Deactivate/Delete Account**

Each user can deactivate his/her account at any point of time. This will render his profile inaccessible. Each account can also be deleted completely, which will remove all the data from the database.

- **Adding Success Stories**

If a user finds a match using the website and decides to get married, they can add a success story. This story can be viewed by the other users.

## 2.2.4 Non-Functional Requirements

- **Security**

The system requires the User to identify himself/herself using a unique *username*.

- **Login ID**

Any user who uses the system shall have a Username and Password.

- **Modification**

Any modification (insert, delete, update) for the Database shall be synchronized.

- **Portability**

Since it is a web based application, it can be used on any device with a browser.

- **Reliability**

Constraints are enforced to ensure the consistency of the data throughout.

# Chapter 3

## Detailed Design

A data flow diagram is a graphical representation of the "flow" of data through an information system, modeling its process aspects. A DFD is often used as a preliminary step to create an overview of the system without going into great detail, which can later be elaborated. DFDs can also be used for the visualization of data processing. DFD is a designing tool used in the top-down approach to Systems Design.

Using any conventions DFD rules or guidelines, the symbols depict the four components of data flow diagrams:

### 1. External entity

An outside system that sends or receives data, communicating with the system being diagrammed. They are the sources and destinations of information entering or leaving the system. They might be an outside organization or person, a computer system or a business system. They are also known as terminators, sources and sinks or actors. They are typically drawn on the edges of the diagram.

### 2. Process

Any process that changes the data, producing an output. It might perform computations, or sort data based on logic, or direct the data flow based on business rules. A short label is used to describe the process, such as Submit payment.

### 3. Data store

Files or repositories that hold information for later use, such as a database table or a membership form. Each data store receives a simple label, such as Orders.

### 4. Data flow

The route that data takes between the external entities, processes and data stores. It portrays the interface between the other components and is shown with arrows, typically labelled with a short data name, like Billing details.

### 3.1 DFD Level 0

The level zero of the data flow diagram represents only the actions and responses of the database involving the users. The user can request for any kind of data from the database. The database can respond with the available data or give an appropriate response if the data is not available.

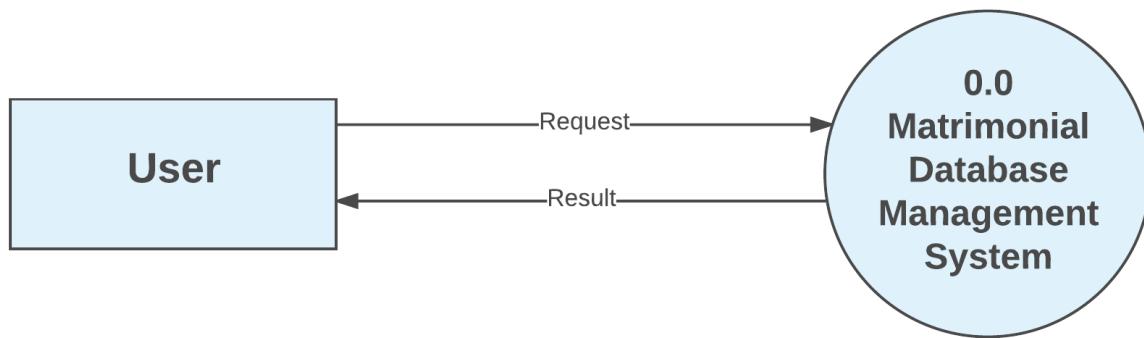


Figure 3.1: DFD Level 0

### 3.2 DFD Level 1

The level one of the Data Flow Diagram of the Matrimonial Database System depicts the different functionalities a user has. These are insertion, deletion, modification, searching, messaging, requesting for user access and viewing profiles.

- **Insertion**  
Involves adding data to the various tables in the database.
- **Deletion**  
Involves removing all the data of a particular user from the database.
- **Modification**  
Involves modifying the data from the different tables.
- **Searching**  
Involves two types of searching, quick search and advanced search. In quick search the profile can be viewed directly by providing the username. In advanced search, various filters can be applied and user profiles are shown appropriately.
- **Messaging**  
Involves sending and replying to messages between users.
- **Requesting User Access**  
Involves sending requests to the users to ask for access to view their details.

- **Viewing Profiles**

Involves viewing the profiles of other users.

- **Viewing Success Stories**

Involves viewing the successfully matched profiles and the users' experiences on the website.

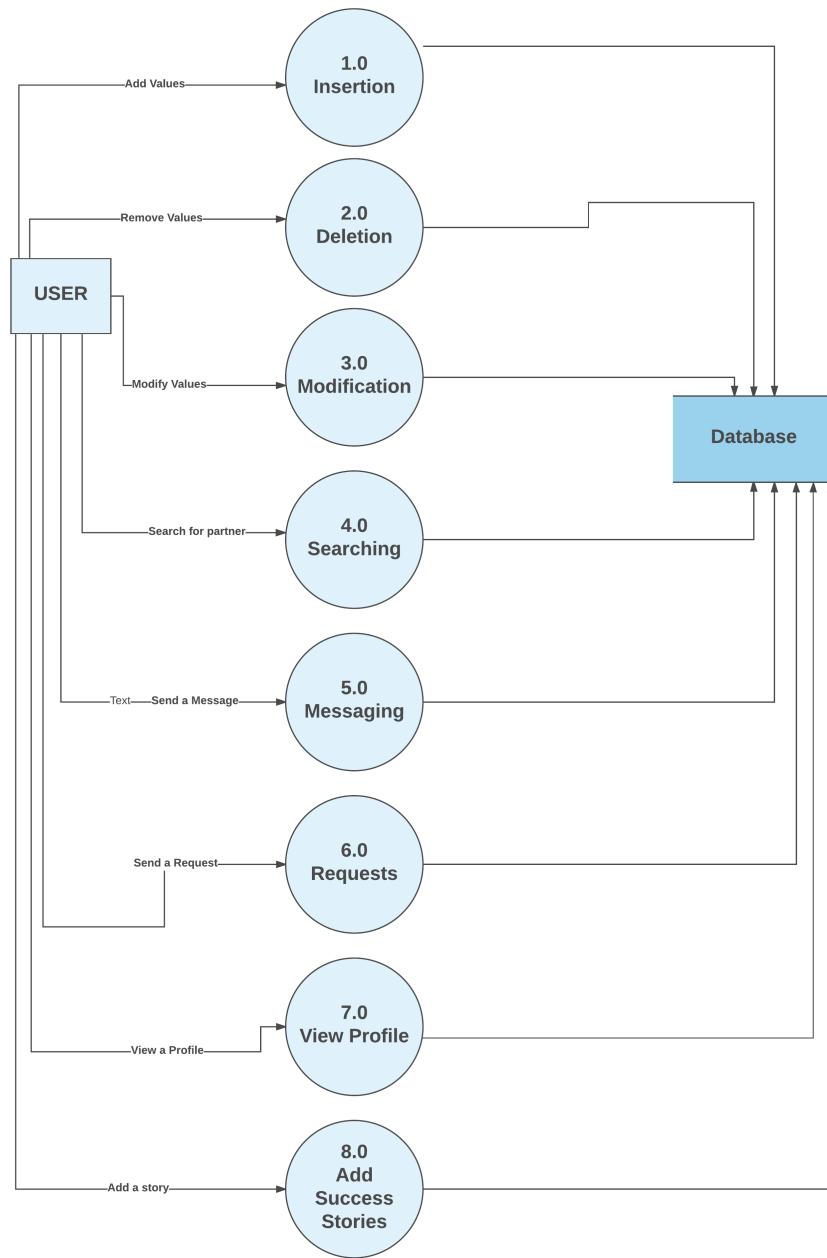


Figure 3.2: DFD Level 1

### 3.3 DFD Level 2

The level two of the DFD splits each task in level 1 into separate diagrams for a much more detailed description of the data flow. Each process can be shown as follows:

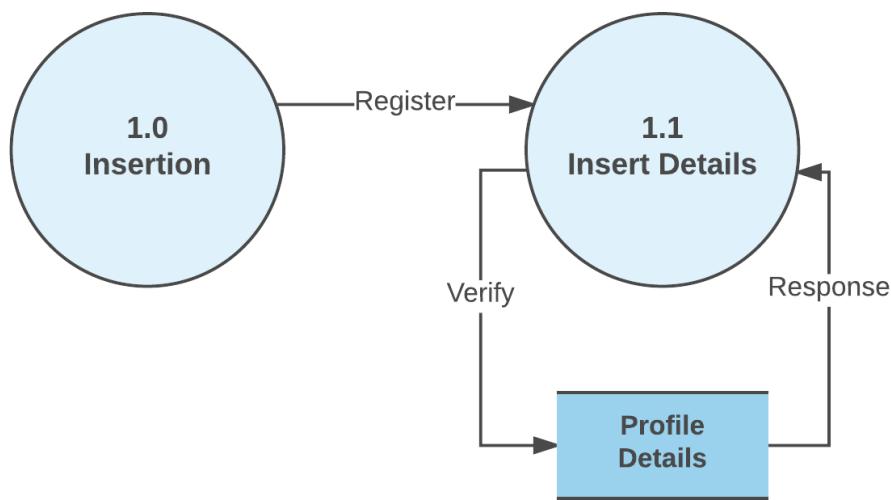


Figure 3.3: DFD Level 2.1

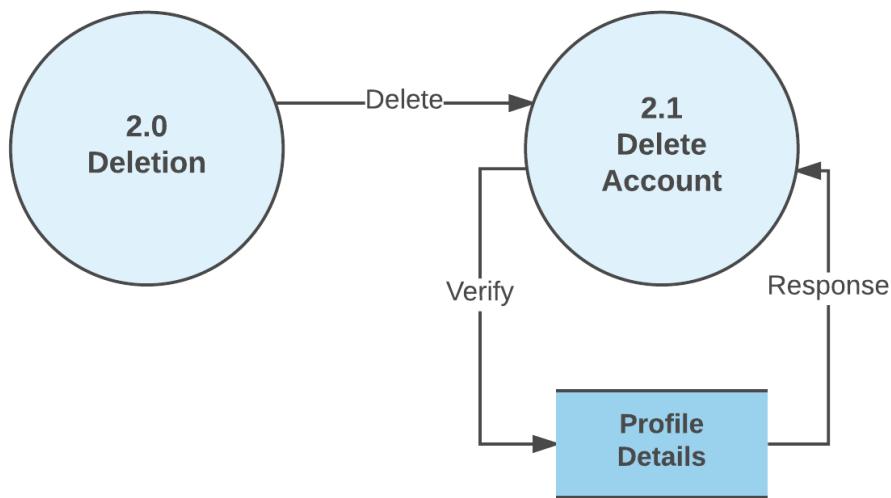


Figure 3.4: DFD Level 2.2

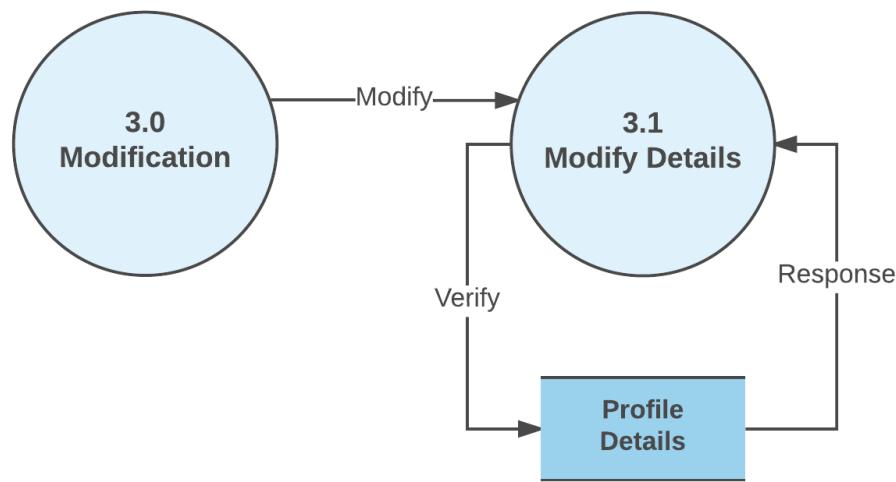


Figure 3.5: DFD Level 2.3

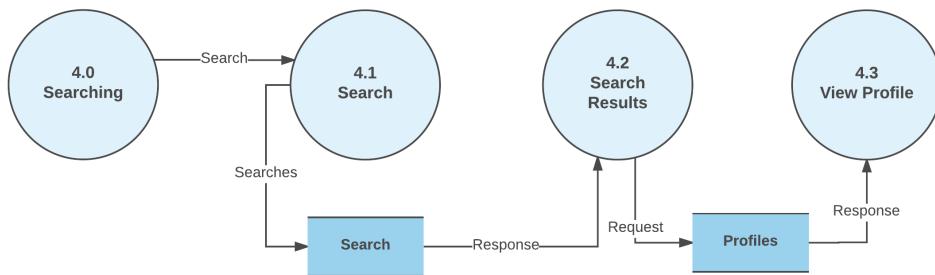


Figure 3.6: DFD Level 2.4

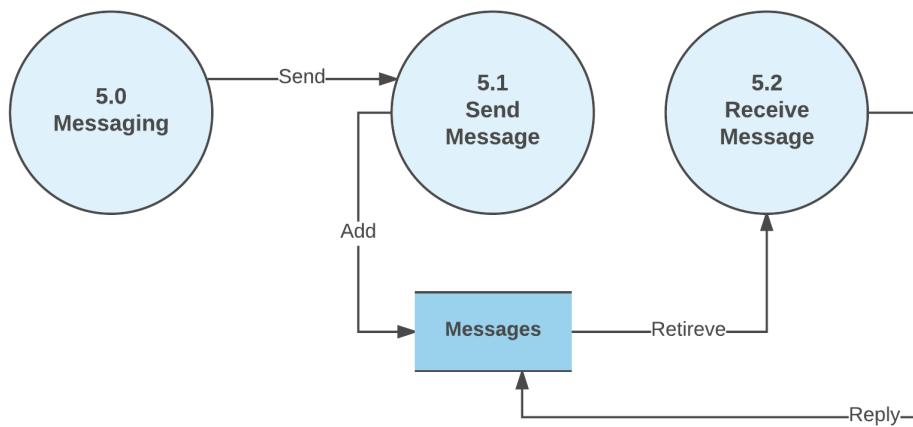


Figure 3.7: DFD Level 2.5

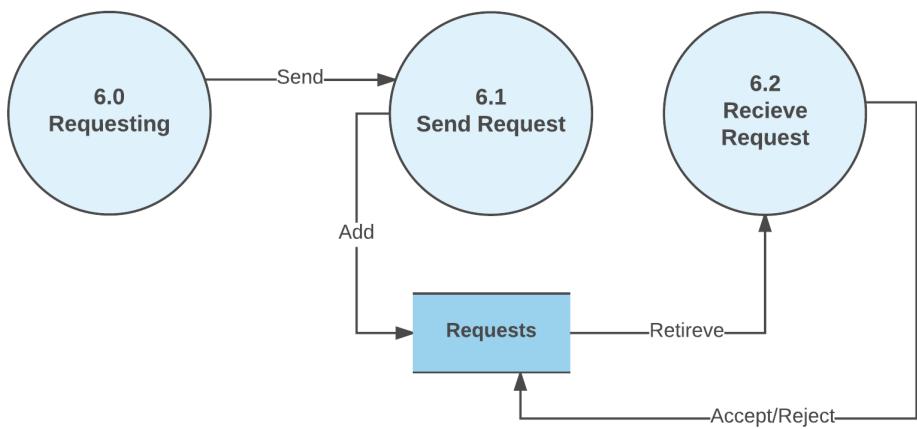


Figure 3.8: DFD Level 2.6

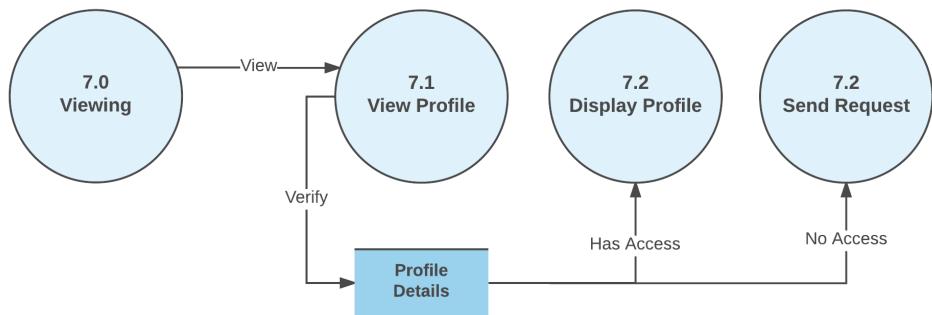


Figure 3.9: DFD Level 2.7

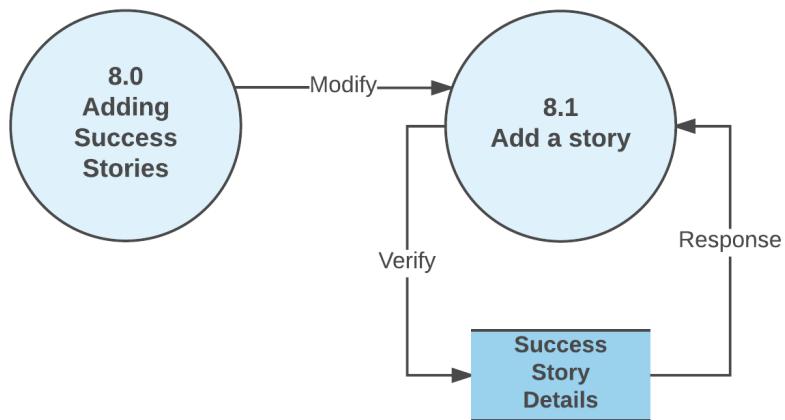


Figure 3.10: DFD Level 2.8

# Chapter 4

## ER Diagram

An entity relationship diagram (ERD) shows the relationships of entity sets stored in a database. An entity in this context is a component of data. In other words, ER diagrams illustrate the logical structure of databases. An entityrelationship model is usually the result of systematic analysis to define and describe what is important to processes in an area of a business. It does not define the business processes; it only presents a business data schema in graphical form. It is usually drawn in a graphical form as boxes (entities) that are connected by lines (relationships) which express the associations and dependencies between entities.

Entities may be characterized not only by relationships, but also by additional properties (attributes), which include identifiers called "primary keys". Diagrams created to represent attributes as well as entities and relationships may be called entity-attribute-relationship diagrams, rather than entity-relationship models.

An ER model is typically implemented as a database. In a simple relational database implementation, each row of a table represents one instance of an entity type, and each field in a table represents an attribute type. In a relational database a relationship between entities is implemented by storing the primary key of one entity as a pointer or "foreign key" in the table of another entity.

The ER Diagram shown below provides details about the design of the Matrimonial Database system where each entity consists of various non composite attributes that make up a set of prime and non prime attributes. The relationships between the various entities is depicted with the (min ,max) constraints specified. This notation involves associating a pair of integer numbers (min,max) with each participation of an entity type E in a relationship type R, where 0 min less than or equal to max and max greater than or equal to 1 . The numbers mean that for each entity e in E, e must participate in at least min and at most max relationship instances in R at any point of time.

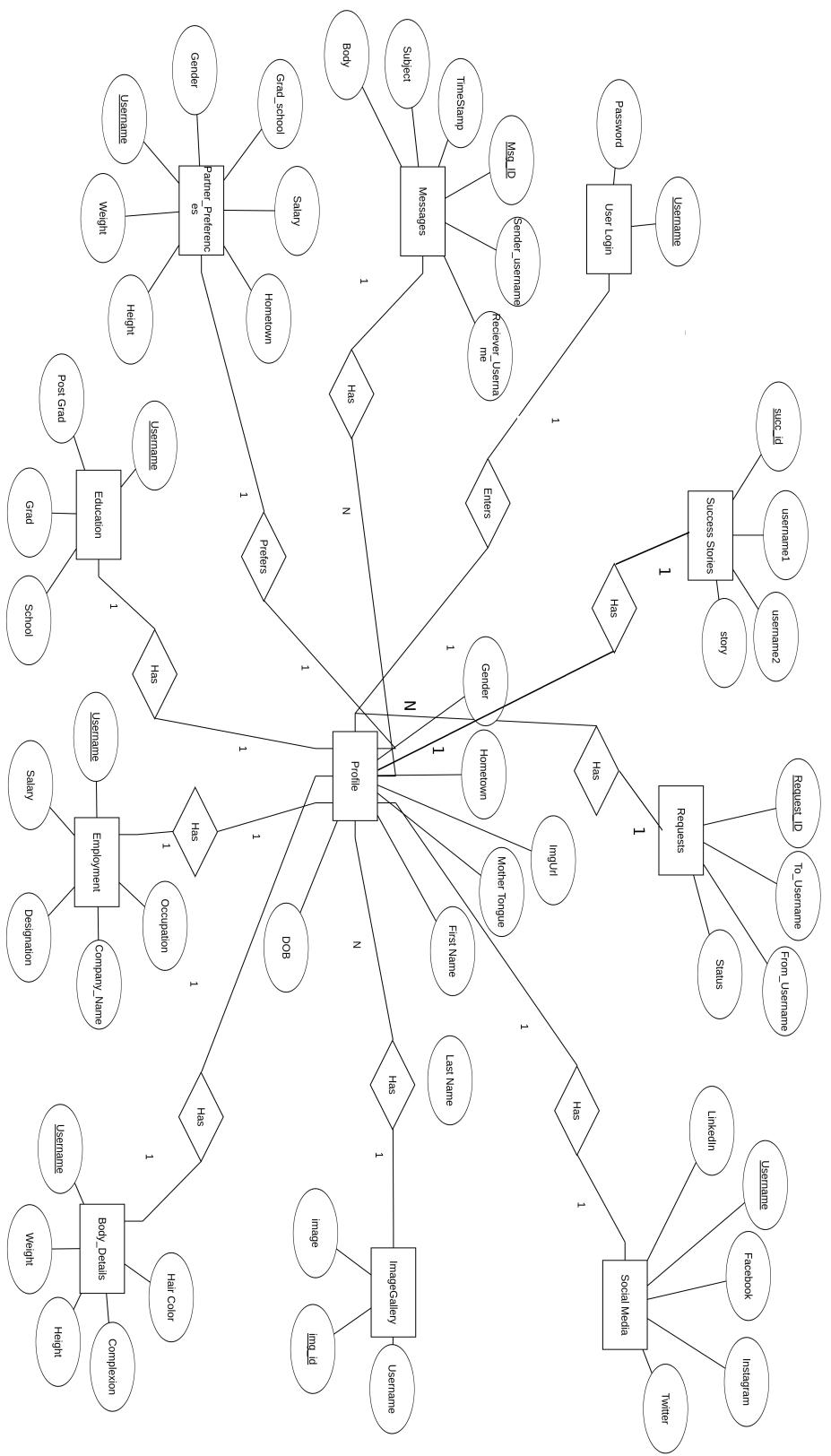


Figure 4.1: ER Diagram

# Chapter 5

## Relational Schema and Normalization

The term *schema* refers to the organization of data as a blueprint of how the database is constructed. The formal definition of a database schema is a set of formulas (sentences) called integrity constraints imposed on a database. Before you can define the database tables using a specific database management software and DDL (Data Definition Language), you must write a relation schema for each table. The set of relation schemas form the relational database schema which is used as input when defining the database.

Database normalization, or simply normalization, is the process of organizing the columns (attributes) and tables (relations) of a relational database to reduce data redundancy and improve data integrity. Normalization is also the process of simplifying the design of a database so that it achieves the optimal structure composed of atomic elements.

**1NF : First Normal Form** 1NF is a property of a relation in a relational database. A relation is in first normal form if and only if the domain of each attribute contains only atomic (indivisible) values, and the value of each attribute contains only a single value from that domain.

**2NF : Second Normal Form** A relation that is in first normal form (1NF) must meet additional criteria if it is to qualify for second normal form. Specifically: a relation is in 2NF if it is in 1NF and no non-prime attribute is dependent on any proper subset of any candidate key of the relation. A non-prime attribute of a relation is an attribute that is not a part of any candidate key of the relation.

Put simply, a relation is in 2NF if it is in 1NF and every non-prime attribute of the relation is dependent on the whole of every candidate key.

**3NF : Third Normal Form** Codd's definition states that a table is in 3NF if and only if both of the following conditions hold:-

- The relation R (table) is in second normal form (2NF)
- Every non-prime attribute of R is non-transitively dependent on every key of R.

Every non-prime attribute of R is non-transitively dependent on every key of R. A non-prime attribute of R is an attribute that does not belong to any candidate key of R.

A transitive dependency is a functional dependency in which  $X \rightarrow Z$  (X determines Z) indirectly, by virtue of  $X \rightarrow Y$  and  $Y \rightarrow Z$  (where it is not the case that  $Y \rightarrow X$ ).

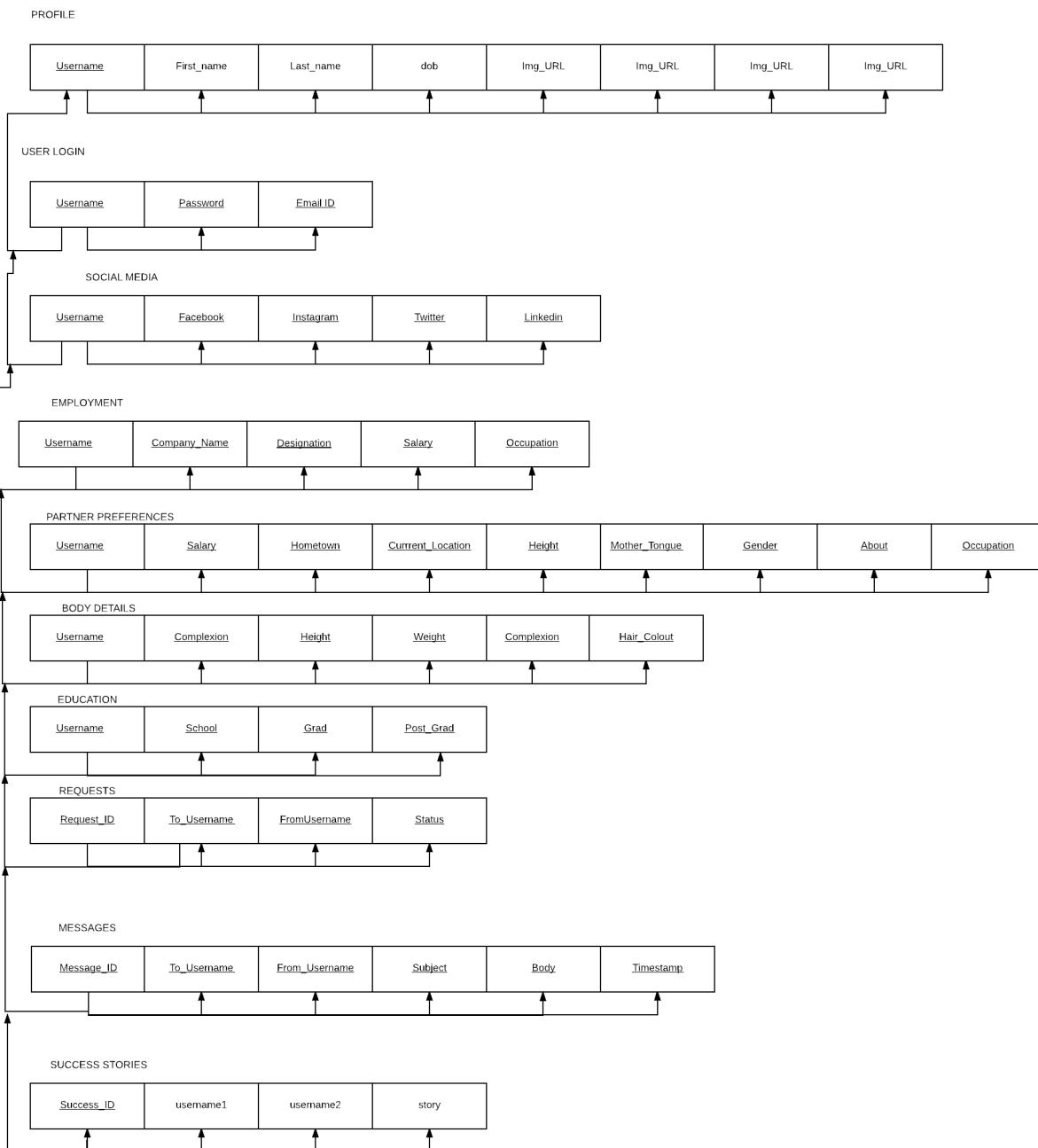


Figure 5.1: Normalized Schema

# **Chapter 6**

## **Reports**

Most database management systems include a report writer that enables you to design and generate reports. The process of report generation includes collecting suitable data from multiple functionalities and displaying to the end user. A report usually summarizes the entire functionality of the database management system that is design.

Users can click on the Generate Bio button to generate a download-able PDF of their profile. This PDF will contain all the information that they have entered in their profile.

Given below is an example of the report generated for a particular user.

**Name : John Doe**

Age : 23

Location : New Delhi

**About**

Wanderlust

**Profile**

Hometown	New Delhi
Mother Tongue	Hindi
Marital Status	single
School	NPS
Under Graduation	RVCE
Post Graduation	
Occupation	Artist
Designation	Painter
Company	ABC ArtWorks
Salary	50000

**Contact Details**

Email ID aravindbs@gmail.com

**Physical Appearance**

Height	180
Weight	70
Complexion	brown
Hair Colour	Black

**Partner Preferences**

Hometown	150
Mother Tongue	Engineer
Salary	5000
Gender	female
Hometown	Agra
Mother Tongue	Marathi
Current Location	Ahmedabad
About	Wanderlust

Figure 6.1: Report

# **Chapter 7**

## **Conclusions**

### **7.1 Summary**

The matrimonial site developed allows one to explore various matchmaking opportunities to find a viable or suitable partner whom he/she feels truly connected to.

The site promotes socializing and offers numerous possibilities by allowing users to sift through the sea of humanity that we normally face in an organized and easy manner. The implementation of an user friendly interface will indubitably makes the premise of background checks easier as documents such as ID proofs necessary for verification can be uploaded seamlessly using a one-click.

Furthermore, the messaging service developed and request access can help dispel several myths and fancies and allow a free and uninhibited social sphere which in turn may often lead to promising matchmaking.

### **7.2 Limitations**

1. Users cannot set different levels of privacy to different sets of details entered by them.
2. Users cannot delete the pictures they have uploaded once in the gallery.
3. Other family members cannot make profiles for their relatives.

### **7.3 Future Enhancements**

1. Automatic recommendations of user profiles using a sophisticated matching algorithm.
2. Implementation of live chat with multiple users.
3. Varying levels of privacy for different sets of details.

4. Multiple types of users, for example as a mother or father.
5. Multiple types of users, for example those who have a Premium Membership.

# **Chapter 8**

## **References**

### **8.1 Books**

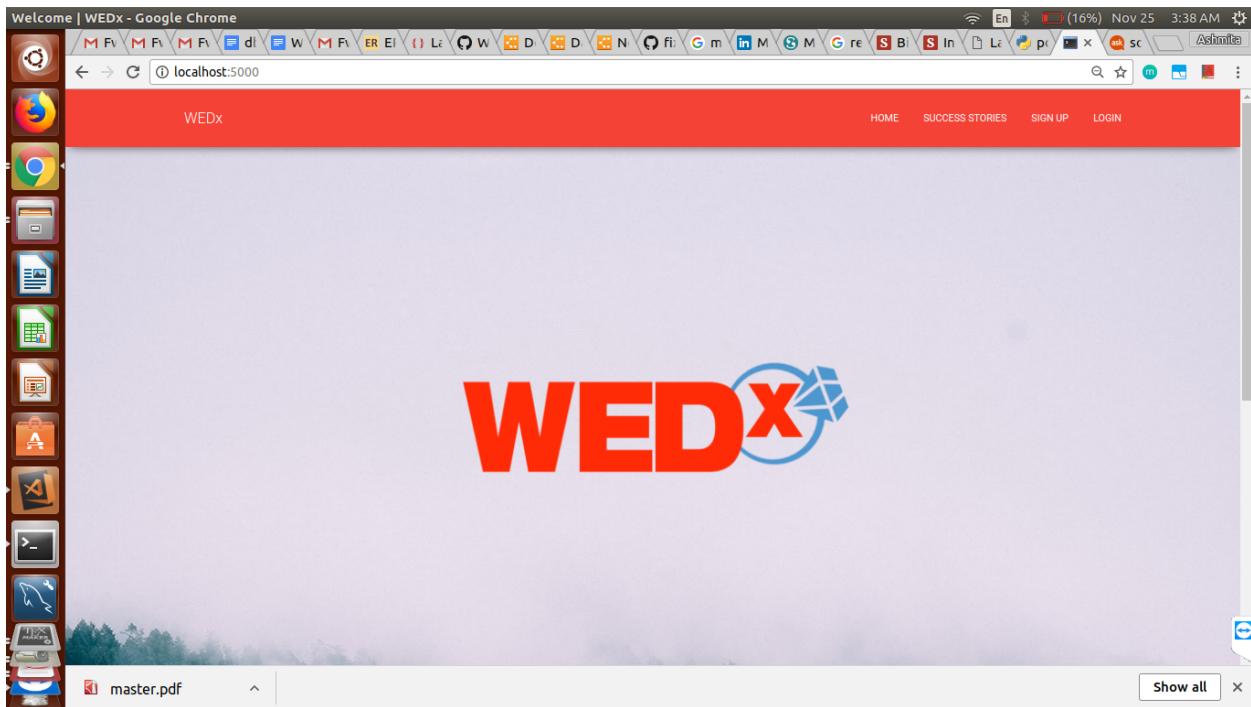
- [1] Roger S Presman, 2002. Software Engineering Concepts: A Modern Approach, Prentice Hall, Second Edition.
- [2] Rajib Mall, 2002. Fundamentals of Software Engineering, Prentice Hall, Fifth Edition.
- [3] Elmasri and Navathe,2005. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Pearson, Fifth Edition

### **8.2 Websites**

- <https://www.w3schools.com/w3css/default.asp>
- <http://jinja.pocoo.org/docs/2.9/templates/>
- <https://docs.python.org/2/library/hashlib.html>
- <https://realpython.com/blog/python/introduction-to-flask-part-2-creating-a-login-page/>
- <https://pypi.python.org/pypi/MySQL-python>

# Chapter 9

## Appendix: Snapshots



Sign Up | WEDx - Google Chrome

localhost:5000/signup

WEDx

HOME SIGN UP LOGIN

## Register on WEDx

E-Mail

---

Username

---

Password

---

Confirm Password

---

REGISTER



WEDx - Google Chrome

localhost:5000/education

WEDx

DASHBOARD SUCCESS STORIES EDIT PROFILE LOGOUT Hi, ASHMITA!

## Edit Your Profile

BASIC PROFILE EDUCATION EMPLOYMENT SOCIAL MEDIA GALLERY BODY DETAILS

PARTNER PREFERENCES

### Education Details

School  
NPS

Under Graduation  
RVCE

Post Graduation

SAVE AND NEXT SKIP

master.pdf

Show all X



The screenshot shows a Google Chrome window with the title bar "WEDx - Google Chrome". The address bar displays "[localhost:5000/employment](http://localhost:5000/employment)". The main content area has a red header bar with the text "WEDx". Below the header, there are several sections: "PARTNER PREFERENCES", "Employment Details", "Occupation" (Engineer), "Designation" (Software Engineer), "Company Name" (WEDx), and "Salary" (500000). At the bottom are two buttons: "SAVE AND NEXT" and "SKIP". A sidebar on the left contains various icons. At the bottom, there is a PDF viewer showing "master.pdf" with a "Show all" button.

The screenshot shows a Google Chrome window with the title bar "WEDx - Google Chrome". The address bar displays "[localhost:5000/social](http://localhost:5000/social)". The main content area has a red header bar with the text "WEDx". Below the header, there are sections for "Social Media Details": "Facebook Link" (<https://www.facebook.com/ashmita.raju>), "Twitter Link" (<https://www.twitter.com/>), "Instagram Link" (<https://www.instagram.com/>), and "LinkedIn Link" (<https://www.linkedin.com/>). At the bottom are two buttons: "SAVE AND NEXT" and "SKIP". A sidebar on the left contains various icons. At the bottom, there is a PDF viewer showing "master.pdf" with a "Show all" button.

WEDx - Google Chrome

localhost:5000/uploadimages

## WEDx

BASIC PROFILE EDUCATION EMPLOYMENT SOCIAL MEDIA GALLERY BODY DETAILS

PARTNER PREFERENCES

### Gallery Details



Choose Files No file chosen  
Save and Next Skip

HOME LOGOUT

Matrimony Management System

master.pdf Show all

WEDx - Google Chrome

localhost:5000/body

## WEDx

DASHBOARD SUCCESS STORIES EDIT PROFILE LOGOUT Hi, ASHMITA!

### Physical Appearance

Height(in cm)  
165

Weight  
50

Hair Colour  
Black

Complexion  
Brown

SAVE AND NEXT SKIP

master.pdf Show all

WEDx - Google Chrome | localhost:5000/preferences

WEDx

DASHBOARD SUCCESS STORIES EDIT PROFILE LOGOUT Hi, ASHMITA!

## Partner Preferences

Occupation  
Artist

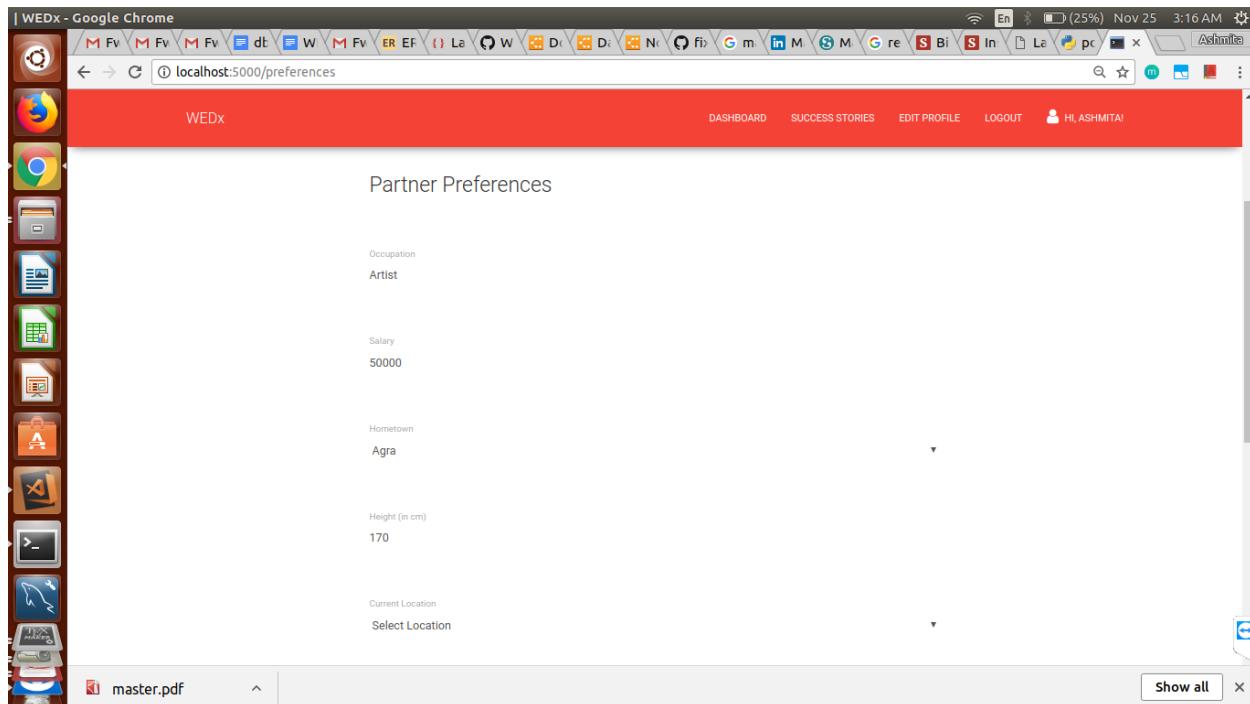
Salary  
50000

Hometown  
Agra

Height (in cm)  
170

Current Location  
Select Location

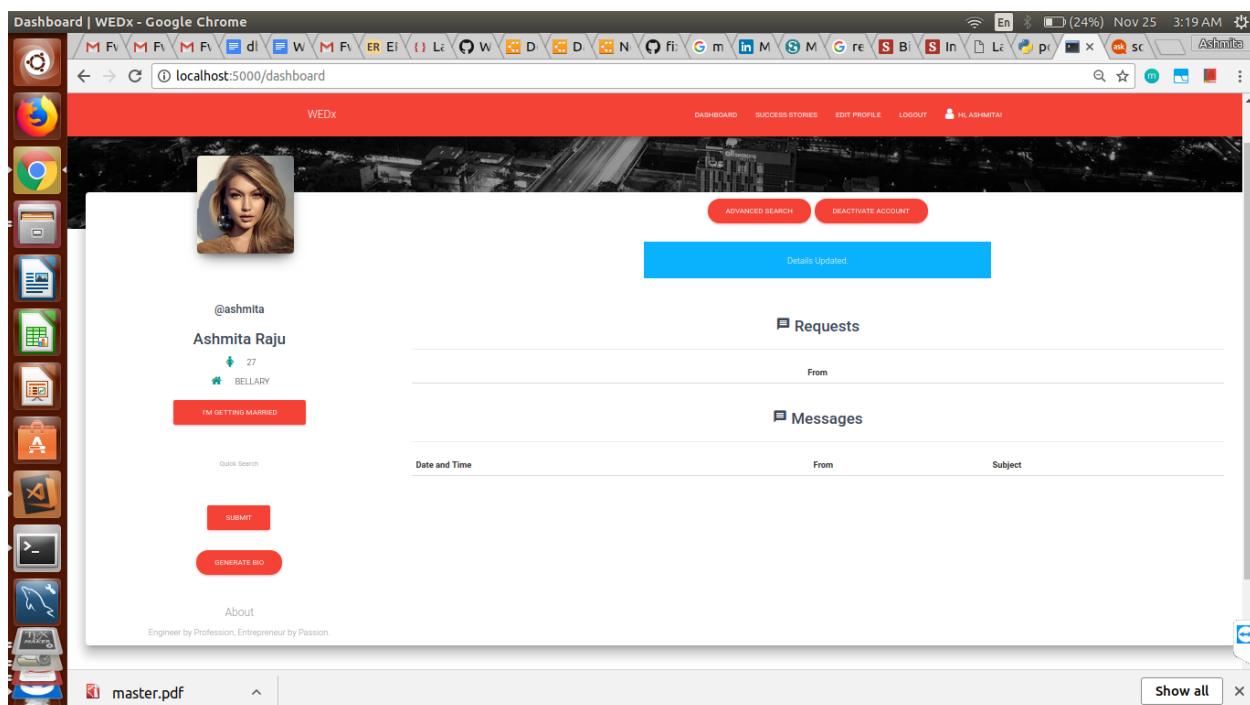
master.pdf Show all



Dashboard | WEDx - Google Chrome | localhost:5000/dashboard

WEDx

DASHBOARD SUCCESS STORIES EDIT PROFILE LOGOUT Hi, ASHMITA!



@ashmita

Ashmita Raju

27

BELLARY

I'M GETTING MARRIED

Quick Search

SUBMIT

GENERATE BIO

About

Engineer by Profession, Entrepreneur by Passion.

Details Updated

Requests

From

Messages

Date and Time

From

Subject

master.pdf Show all

WEDx - Google Chrome | WEDx | localhost:5000/viewProfile/ashmita

WEDx

Ashmita Raju

27  
BELLARY

SEND MESSAGE

About  
Engineer by Profession, Entrepreneur by Passion.

Private Profile  
Request Access

DASHBOARD SUCCESS STORIES EDIT PROFILE LOGOUT HI, ARAVIND!

Dashboard | WEDx - Google Chrome | localhost:5000/dashboard

WEDx

ASHMITA

ADVANCED SEARCH DEACTIVATE ACCOUNT

@ashmita

Ashmita Raju

27  
BELLARY

I'M GETTING MARRIED

Quick Search

CLICK HERE

Requests

From	Accept	Reject
aravind		

Messages

Date and Time	From	Subject

Show all X

DASHBOARD SUCCESS STORIES EDIT PROFILE LOGOUT HI, ASHMITA!

The screenshot shows a Google Chrome window titled "WEDx - Google Chrome". The address bar displays "localhost:5000/viewProfile/ashmita". The main content area is titled "Profile" and contains a table of user information:

Hometown	Chennai
Mother Tongue	Tamil
Marital Status	single
School	NPS
Under Graduation	RVCE
Post Graduation	
Occupation	Engineer
Designation	Software Engineer
Company	WEDx
Salary	500000

The top navigation bar includes links for DASHBOARD, SUCCESS STORIES, EDIT PROFILE, LOGOUT, and a welcome message "Hi, ARAVIND!". On the left, there is a vertical sidebar with various icons.

The screenshot shows a Google Chrome window titled "WEDx - Google Chrome". The address bar displays "localhost:5000/viewProfile/ashmita". The main content area is titled "Contact Details" and displays the following information:

Engineer by Profession, Entrepreneur by Passion.

PROFILE	CONTACT	PHYSICAL APPEARANCE	PICTURE	PREFERENCES
---------	---------	---------------------	---------	-------------

**Contact Details**

**@vinf**

Email ID: ashmita97@yahoo.co.in

The top navigation bar includes links for DASHBOARD, SUCCESS STORIES, EDIT PROFILE, LOGOUT, and a welcome message "Hi, ARAVIND!". On the left, there is a vertical sidebar with various icons.

WEDx - Google Chrome

localhost:5000/viewProfile/ashmita

# WEDx

DASHBOARD SUCCESS STORIES EDIT PROFILE LOGOUT HI, ARAVIND!

PROFILE CONTACT PHYSICAL APPEARANCE PICTURE PREFERENCES

## Pictures



HOME LOGOUT

Matrimony Management System

localhost:5000/viewProfile/ashmita#pictures

WEDx - Google Chrome

localhost:5000/viewProfile/ashmita

# WEDx

DASHBOARD SUCCESS STORIES EDIT PROFILE LOGOUT HI, ARAVIND!

PROFILE CONTACT PHYSICAL APPEARANCE PICTURE PREFERENCES

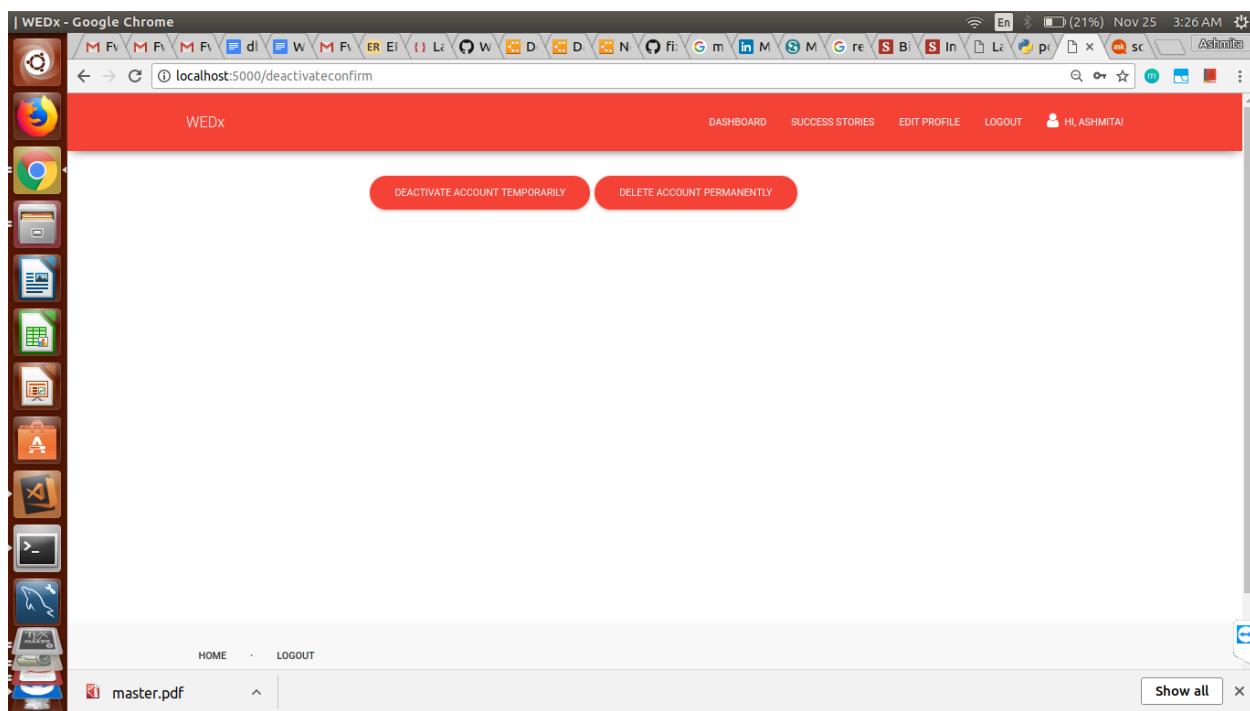
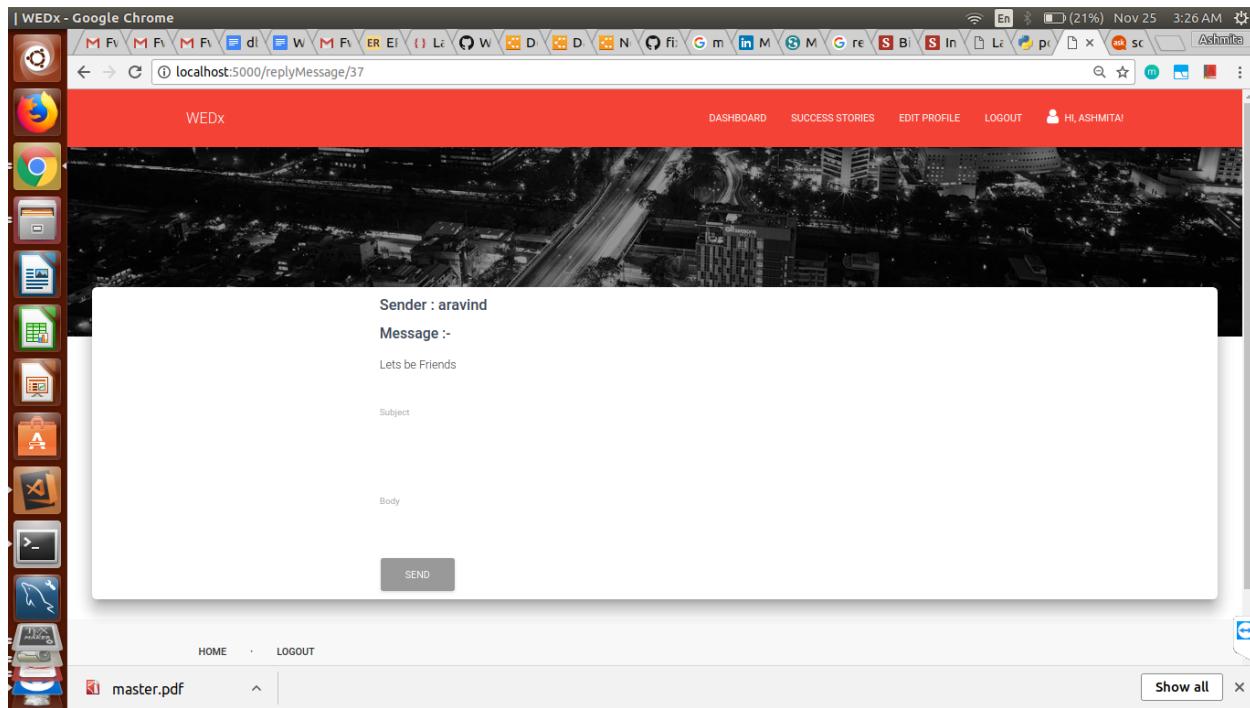
## Partner Preferences

Hometown	170
Mother Tongue	Artist
Salary	50000
Gender	male
Hometown	Agra
Mother Tongue	Kannada
Current Location	
About	Must be fun

localhost:5000/viewProfile/ashmita#preferences

The screenshot shows a Google Chrome window titled "WEDx - Google Chrome". The URL in the address bar is "localhost:5000/viewProfile/ashmita". The main content area displays a profile for "Ashmita Raju". The profile picture is a woman with long blonde hair. Below the picture, the name "Ashmita Raju" is displayed, followed by a green person icon and the number "27", and a house icon with the word "BELLARY". A red "SEND MESSAGE" button is visible. A modal dialog box is open, titled "Send Message". The "Subject" field contains "Hey" (highlighted in yellow). The "Body" field contains "Lets be Friends". At the bottom of the dialog are "CLOSE" and "SEND" buttons.

The screenshot shows a Google Chrome window titled "Dashboard | WEDx - Google Chrome". The URL in the address bar is "localhost:5000/dashboard". The main content area displays the dashboard for "Ashmita Raju". The profile picture is the same as in the previous screenshot. Below the profile, the handle "@ashmita" and the name "Ashmita Raju" are shown, along with a green person icon and the number "27", and a house icon with the word "BELLARY". A red "I'M GETTING MARRIED" button is visible. To the right, there are sections for "Requests" and "Messages". The "Requests" section has a "From" field. The "Messages" section lists a message from "aravind" at "2017-11-25 03:25" with the subject "Hey". There are "View and Reply" and "Delete" buttons next to it. A "Quick Search" input field and a "SUBMIT" button are also present. At the bottom, there is a file tab for "master.pdf" and a "Show all" button.



Dashboard | WEDx - Google Chrome

localhost:5000/dashboard

WEDx

DASHBOARD SUCCESS STORIES EDIT PROFILE LOGOUT HI,ARAVIND!

Send Proposal

Partner Username:

ACCOUNT

SUBMIT

CLOSE

From

@aravind

John Doe

23  
NEW DELHI

IM GETTING MARRIED

Messages

Date and Time	From	Subject	View and Reply	Delete
2017-11-25 03:24	ashmita	Request Accepted	<a href="#">View and Reply</a>	<a href="#">Delete</a>

Quick Search

This screenshot shows the WEDx application's dashboard. A modal window titled 'Send Proposal' is open, prompting the user to enter a partner's username. Below the modal, a profile card for 'John Doe' is visible, showing his age (23) and location (New Delhi). To the right, a 'Messages' section displays an incoming message from 'ashmita' with the subject 'Request Accepted'. The message includes links to 'View and Reply' and 'Delete'. The browser's address bar shows the URL 'localhost:5000/dashboard'.

WEDx - Google Chrome

localhost:5000/replyMessage/38

WEDx

DASHBOARD SUCCESS STORIES EDIT PROFILE LOGOUT HI,ASHMITA!

Sender : aravind

Message :-

Hey, we're getting married soon. [Accept](#) [Reject](#)

Subject

Body

SEND

HOME LOGOUT

master.pdf

Show all

This screenshot shows the WEDx application's message reply interface. A modal window displays a message from the sender 'aravind': 'Hey, we're getting married soon.' with two options: 'Accept' and 'Reject'. The modal also includes fields for 'Subject' and 'Body', and a 'SEND' button. The browser's address bar shows the URL 'localhost:5000/replyMessage/38'.

WEDx - Google Chrome

localhost:5000/replyMessage/38

WEDx

DASHBOARD SUCCESS STORIES EDIT PROFILE LOGOUT Hi, ASHMITA!

Sender : aravind

Message :-

Hey, we're getting married soon. [Accept](#) [Reject](#)

Subject:

Body

SEND

HOME LOGOUT

master.pdf Show all

This screenshot shows a reply message dialog in the WEDx application. The message is from 'aravind' and contains the text 'Hey, we're getting married soon.' with links to 'Accept' and 'Reject'. The recipient is listed as 'ASHMITA!'. The interface includes a sidebar with various icons and standard browser navigation controls.

WEDx - Google Chrome

localhost:5000/viewStories

WEDx

DASHBOARD SUCCESS STORIES EDIT PROFILE LOGOUT Hi, ARAVIND!

Stories

Ashmita Raju

Aravind Srinivas

John Doe Jane Doe

We had a happy married life

HOME LOGOUT

This screenshot shows a 'Stories' section in the WEDx application. It displays user profiles and their names: 'Ashmita Raju', 'Aravind Srinivas', 'John Doe', and 'Jane Doe'. A message below them states 'We had a happy married life'. The interface includes a sidebar with various icons and standard browser navigation controls.

WEDx - Google Chrome

WEDx

localhost:5000/advancedSearch

WEDx

DASHBOARD SUCCESS STORIES EDIT PROFILE LOGOUT HI, ARAVIND!

Results

Ashmita Raju

Bangalore

@

VIEW PROFILE

Jane Doe

Engineer by Profession,  
Entrepreneur by Passion.

Bellary

@

VIEW PROFILE

Sign In | WEDx - Google Chrome

localhost:5000/login

WEDx

HOME SUCCESS STORIES SIGN UP LOGIN

You have logged out.

## Login to your account

E-mail

Password

LOGIN

HOME SIGN UP LOGIN

master.pdf

Show all