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## **EXPERIMENT 2**

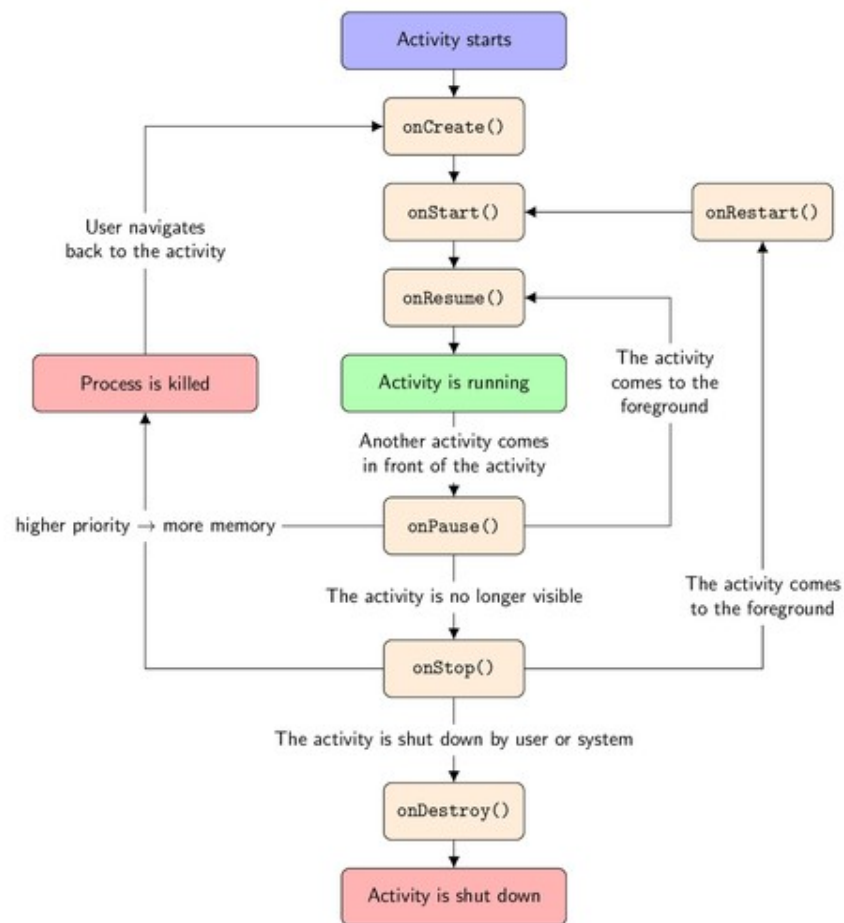
**AIM :** To study Activity LifeCycle in Android

### **THEORY:**

There are 7 major callbacks methods or events involved in activity lifecycle.

- onCreate()**     - This is the first callback and called when the activity is first created.
- onStart()**     - This callback is called when the activity becomes visible to the user.
- onResume()**   - This is called when the user starts interacting with the application.
- onPause()**     - The paused activity does not receive user input and cannot execute any code and called when the current activity is being paused and the previous activity is being resumed.
- onStop()**       - This callback is called when the activity is no longer visible.
- onDestroy()**   - This callback is called before the activity is destroyed by the system.
- onRestart()**   - This callback is called when the activity restarts after stopping it.

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There are four process states.

S.No	Process State
.	
1.	Empty
2.	Foreground
3.	Background
4.	Pause

### Logging options for Android Application

The Android SDK includes a useful logging utility class called **android.util.Log**. There are five type of logging message. Each type of logging message has its own method. Simply call the method and a log message is created. The message types, and their related method calls are:

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- The Log.e() method is used to log **errors**.
- The Log.w() method is used to log **warnings**.
- The Log.i() method is used to log **informational messages**.
- The Log.d() method is used to log **debug messages**.
- The Log.v() method is used to log **verbose messages**.

First declare a TAG constant in your class to use in the first parameter. For example, you might create an information log message as follows:

Example:

```
private static final String TAG = "MyActivity";
```

Log Message Format

Example:

```
Log.d(TAG, message);
```

The log message format is

```
date time PID-TID/package priority/tag: message
```

For example, the following log message has a priority of V and a tag of AuthZen:

```
12-10 13:02:50.071 1901-4229/com.google.android.gms V/AuthZen: Handling delegate intent.
```

PID stands for process identifier and TID is thread identifier; they can be the same if there's only one thread.

Configure logcat and monitor the log information

### **ASSIGNMENT**

Write a program that demonstrates the complete activity lifecycle. Display the activity life cycle in logcat.

### **CODE:**

**MainActivity.java**

```
package com.example.mca1704.activitylifecycle;
```

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```
import android.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.util.Log;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
    String my_tag = "Message";
    @Override
    protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
        Log.i(my_tag, "OnCreated Invoked");
    }
    protected void onStart()
    {
        super.onStart();
        Log.i(my_tag, "OnStart Invoked");
    }
    protected void onResume()
    {
        super.onResume();
        Log.i(my_tag, "OnResume Invoked");
    }
    protected void onPause()
    {
        super.onPause();
        Log.i(my_tag, "OnPause invoked");
    }
    protected void onStop()
    {
        super.onStop();
        Log.i(my_tag, "OnStop Invoked");
    }
    protected void onRestart()
    {
        super.onRestart();
        Log.i(my_tag, "OnRestart Invoked");
    }
    protected void onDestroy()
    {
        super.onDestroy();
        Log.i(my_tag, "OnDestroy Invoked");
    }
}
```

## Activity\_main

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>

<android.support.constraint.ConstraintLayout  
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"

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```
xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
tools:context=".MainActivity">
<TextView
    android:layout_width="wrap_content"
    android:layout_height="wrap_content"
    android:text="Hello World!"
    app:layout_constraintBottom_toBottomOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintLeft_toLeftOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintRight_toRightOf="parent"
    app:layout_constraintTop_toTopOf="parent" />
</android.support.constraint.ConstraintLayout>
```

### **OUTPUT:**

07-19 12:48:59.441 2453-2453/com.example.mca1704.activitylifecycle I/Message: OnCreated  
Invoked

07-19 12:48:59.441 2453-2453/com.example.mca1704.activitylifecycle I/Message: OnStart  
Invoked

OnResume Invoked

07-19 12:52:20.701 2453-2453/com.example.mca1704.activitylifecycle I/Message: OnPause  
invoked

07-19 12:52:21.781 2453-2453/com.example.mca1704.activitylifecycle I/Message: OnStop  
Invoked

OnDestroy Invoked

07-19 12:53:11.871 2453-2453/com.example.mca1704.activitylifecycle I/Message: OnCreated  
Invoked

OnStart Invoked

OnResume Invoked

07-19 12:53:21.051 2453-2453/com.example.mca1704.activitylifecycle I/Message: OnPause  
invoked

07-19 12:53:21.781 2453-2453/com.example.mca1704.activitylifecycle I/Message: OnStop  
Invoked

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### **CONCLUSION:**

In this practical we have studied Activity LifeCycle in Android