Jenkins

An Introduction



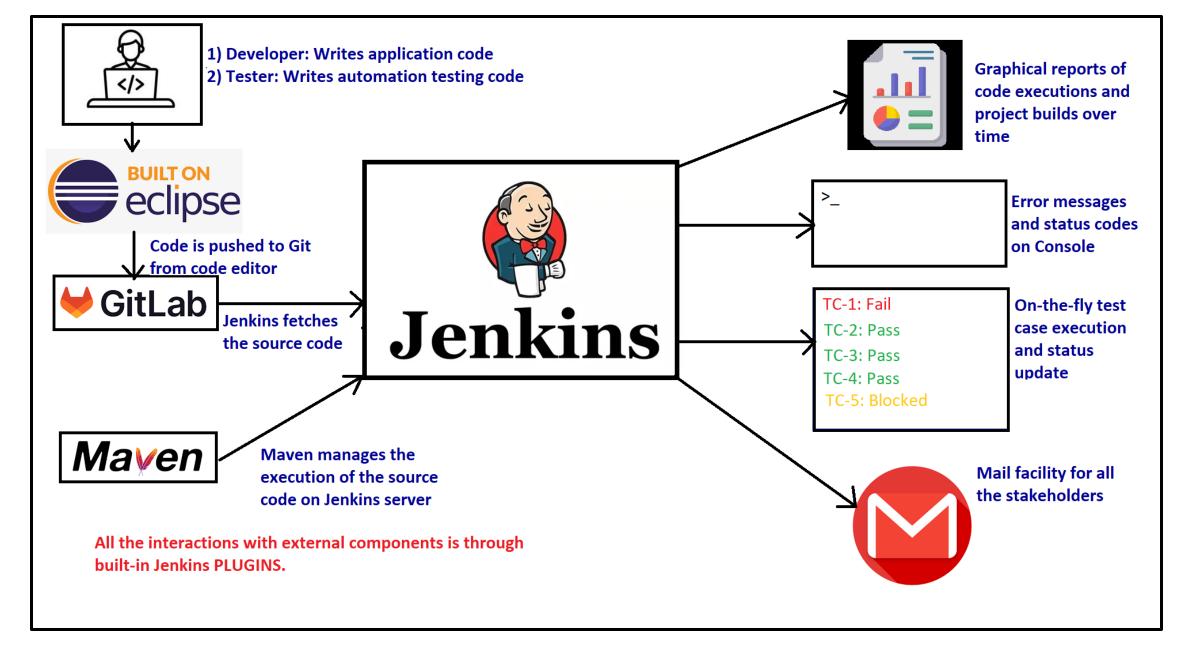
- What is Jenkins?
 - Features
 - How does Jenkins work?
- How does Jenkins communicate with other tools?
- Pipeline
 - How does a pipeline look like in Jenkins?
- Slave-node in Jenkins
 - Need
 - Usage
 - Master-slave architecture

What is Jenkins?

- An open-source automation server that can automate almost anything related to computer software.
- Can integrate with almost all the programming languages, test case tools, bug management tools, source code management tools, code execution tools, reporting tools, etc.
- Author: Kohsuke Kawaguchi
- Initial release: 2 February 2011

Jenkins Features

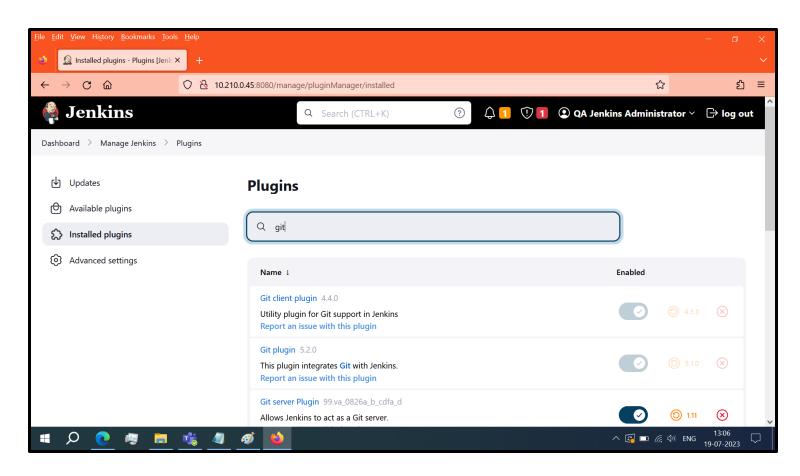
- Developed in Java
- Platform independent
- CI/CD
- Automatic project builds



How does Jenkins work?

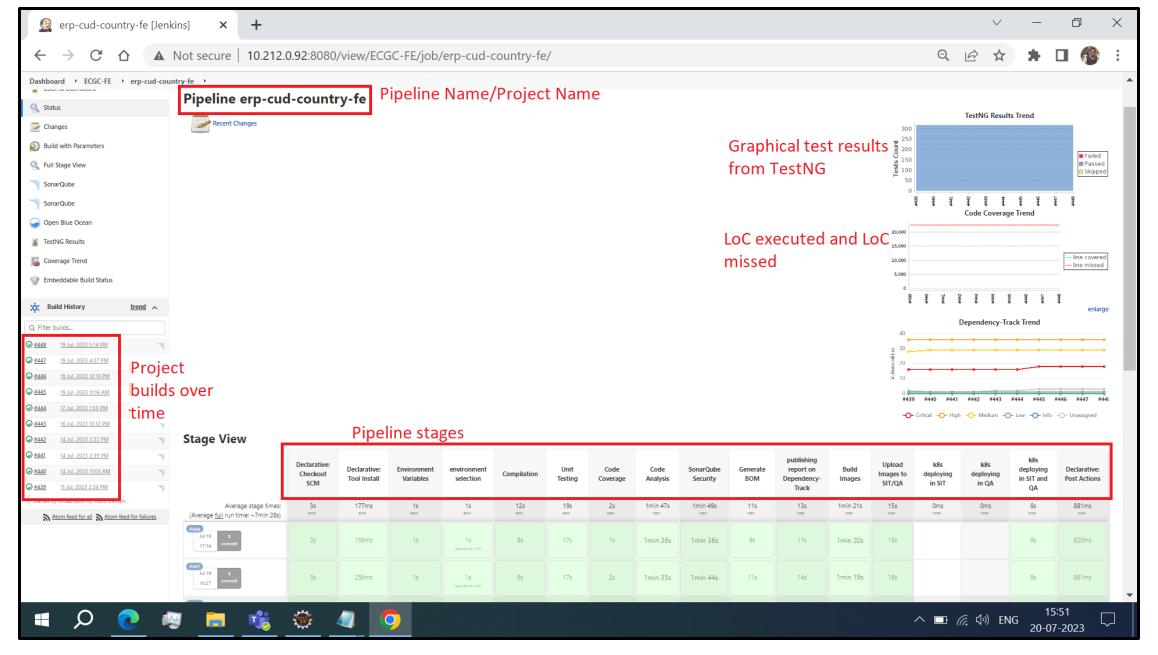
How does Jenkins communicate with other tools?

- Interface between Jenkins and any third-party tool
- Enhances Jenkins functionality as per organizational or user needs
- Integrate various build tools, cloud providers, analysis tools and much more



Pipeline

- Jenkins Pipeline is a tool suite which supports implementing and integrating continuous delivery pipelines into Jenkins.
- A continuous delivery (CD) pipeline is an automated expression of your process for getting software from version control right through to your users and customers.
- Every change to your software (committed in source control) goes through a complex process on its way to being released.
- This process involves building the software in a reliable and repeatable manner, as well as progressing the built software (called a "build") through multiple stages of testing and deployment.

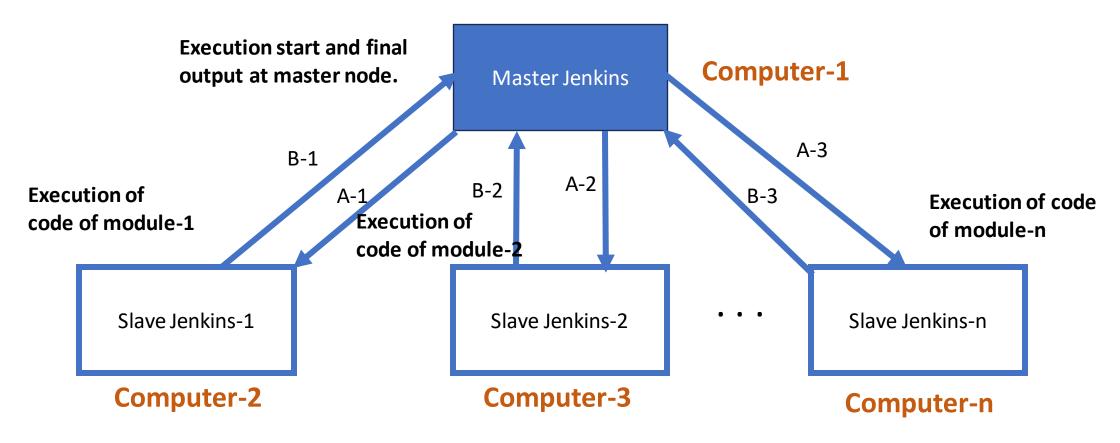


Sample Pipeline

Slave node in Jenkins

- Why is it needed?
 - Distributed builds for large projects
- How to add and use it?
 - IP address, username and password

Master-slave architecture



- 1) A-x: Command from master to slave to execute a module-x
- 2) B-x: Output of execution of module-x from slave to master

Thanku thee!!!