- EC2 (Default), ELB (Can be enabled) & Custom
- EC2 Stopping, Stopped, Terminated, Shutting Down or Impaired (not 2/2 status) = UNHEALTHY
- ELB HEALTHY = Running & passing ELB health check
- ... can be more **application aware** (Layer 7)
- Custom Instances marked healthy & unhealthy by an external system.
- Health check grace period (Default 300s) Delay before starting checks
- ... allows system launch, bootstrapping and application start

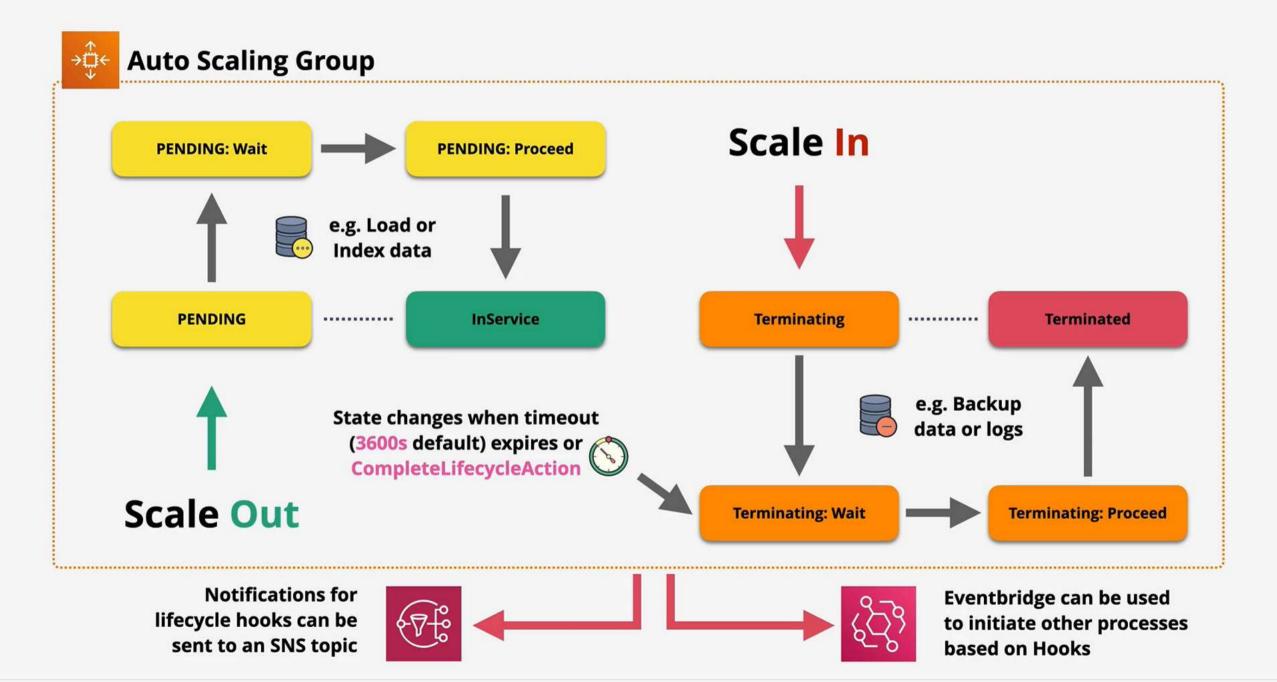
Auto Scaling Groups (ASG) Health checks



ASG Lifecycle Hooks







ASG Lifecycle Hooks

- Custom Actions on instances during ASG actions
- .. Instance launch or Instance terminate transitions
- Instances are paused within the flow .. they wait
- ... until a timeout (then either CONTINUE or ABANDON)
- ... or you resume the ASG process CompleteLifecycleAction
- EventBridge or SNS Notifications

ASG Lifecycle Hooks



ASG - Step Scaling



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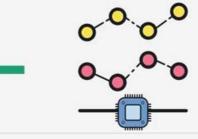
50%-59% DO NOTHING

60%-69% ADD 1

70%-79% ADD 2

80%-100% ADD 3







40%-49% DO NOTHING

30%-39% REMOVE 1

20%-29% REMOVE 2

0%-19% REMOVE 3

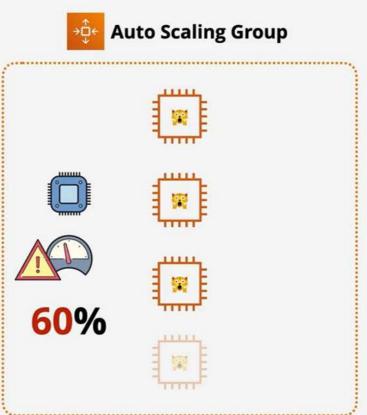
>

ASG - Simple Scaling





MIN=1, MAX=4, Desired = 3





MIN=1, MAX=4, Desired = 1



MIN=1, MAX=4, Desired = 1

Desired = Desired - 2

(MIN 1)

If ASGAverageCPUUtilization > 50% ADD 2 Instances

If ASGAverageCPUUtilization < 50% REMOVE 2 Instances

ASG Scaling Policies

- ASGs don't NEED scaling policies they can have none
- Manual Min, Max & Desired Testing & Urgent
- Simple Scaling
- Step Scaling
- Target Tracking
- Scaling Based on SQS ApproximateNumberOfMessagesVisible

ASG Scaling Policies



Final points

- Autoscaling Groups are free
- Only the resources created are billed ...
- Use cool downs to avoid rapid scaling
- Think about more, smaller instances granularity
- Use with ALB's for elasticity abstraction
- ASG defines WHEN and WHERE, LT defines WHAT

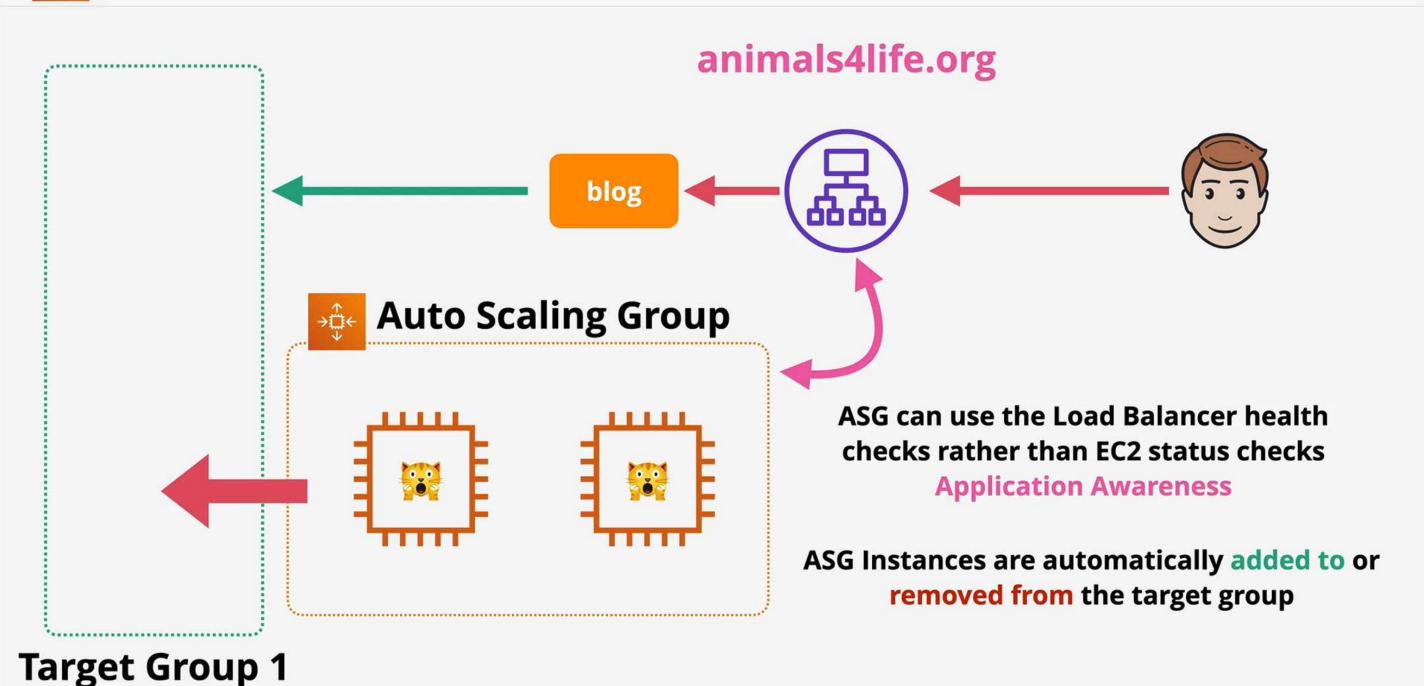
Scaling Processes

- Launch and Terminate SUSPEND and RESUME
- AddToLoadBalancer add to LB on launch
- AlarmNotification accept notification from CW
- AZRebalance Balances instances evenly across all of the AZs
- HealthCheck instance health checks on/off
- ReplaceUnhealthy Terminate unhealthy and replace
- ScheduledActions Scheduled on/off
- Standby use this for instances 'InService vs Standby'

ASG + Load Balancers







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Scaling Policies

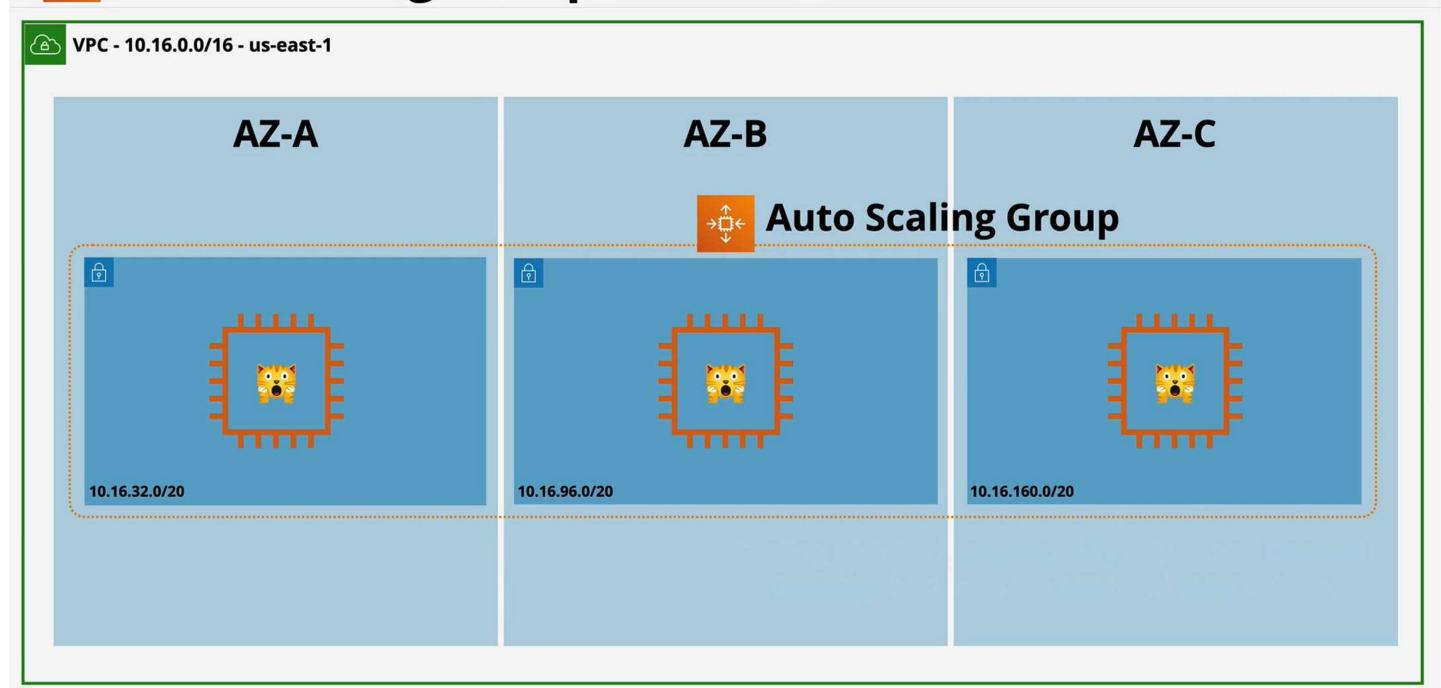
- Manual Scaling Manually adjust the desired capacity
- Scheduled Scaling Time based adjustment e.g. Sales...
- Dynamic Scaling
 - Simple "CPU above 50% +1", "CPU Below 50 -1"
 - Stepped Scaling Bigger +/- based on difference
 - Target Tracking Desired Aggregate CPU = 40% .. ASG handle it
- Cooldown Periods ...



Auto Scaling Groups Architecture

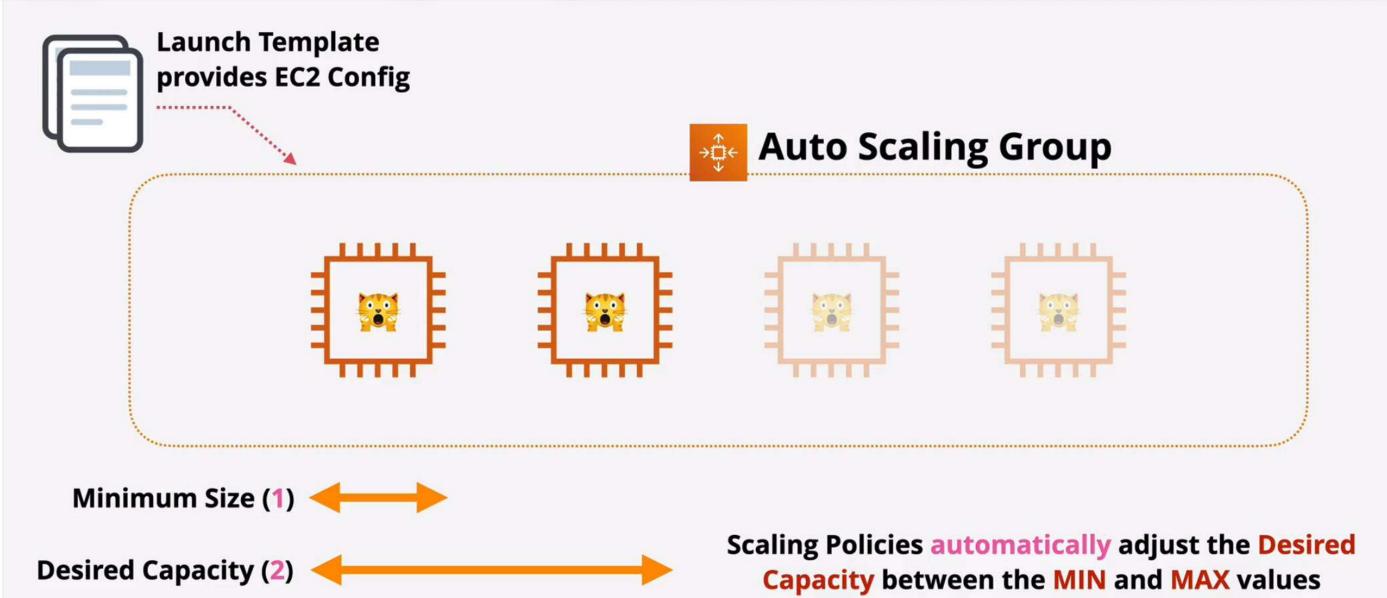


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Maximum Size (4)

Auto Scaling Groups



Auto Scaling Groups

- Automatic Scaling and Self-Healing for EC2
- Uses Launch Templates or Configurations
- Has a Minimum, Desired and Maximum Size (e.g 1:2:4)
- Keep running instances at the Desired capacity by provisioning or terminating instances
- Scaling Policies automate based on metrics

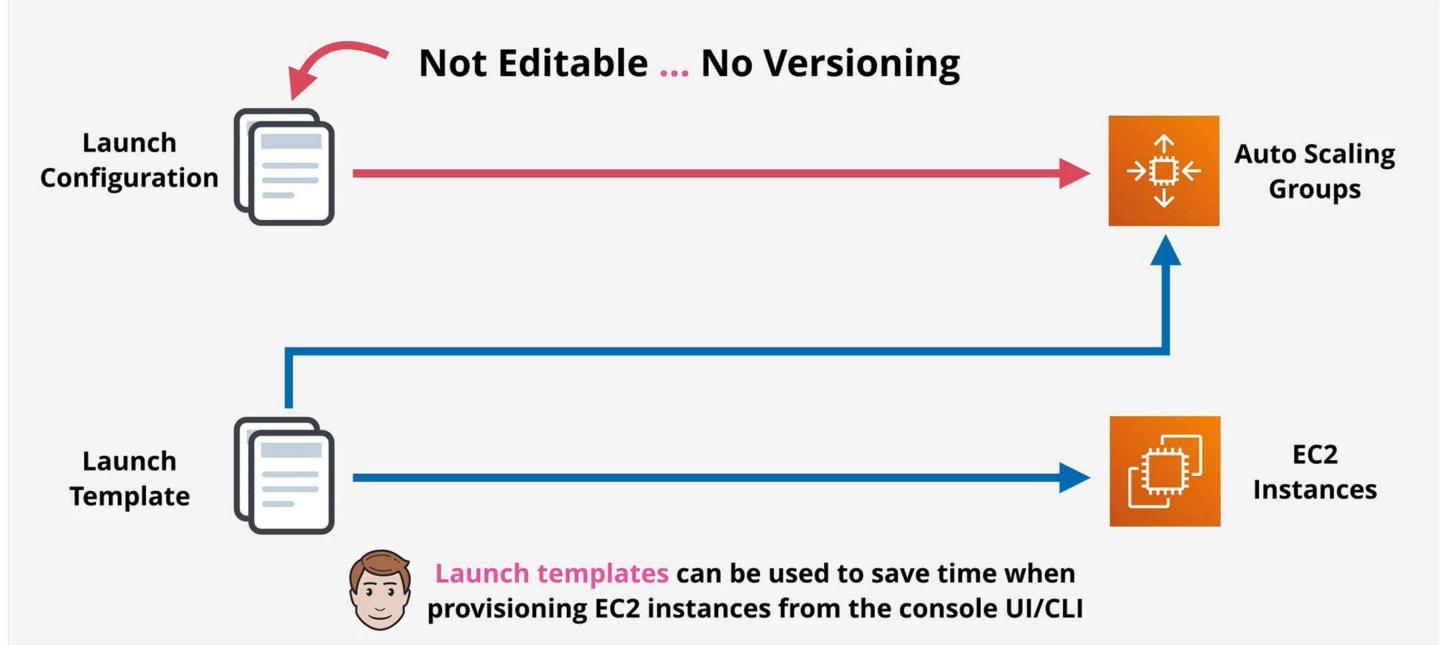
Auto Scaling Groups





LC and LT Architecture





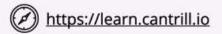


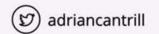
LC and LT Key Concepts

- Allow you to define the configuration of an EC2 instance in advance
- AMI, Instance Type, Storage & Key pair
- Networking and Security Groups
- Userdata & IAM Role
- Both are NOT editable defined once. LT has versions.
- LT provide **newer features** including T2/T3 Unlimited, Placement Groups, Capacity Reservations, Elastic Graphics

Launch Configurations and Launch Templates







Unbroken encryption ... NLB



Static IP for whitelisting ... NLB



• The fastest performance ... NLB (millions rps)



Protocols not HTTP or HTTPS ... NLB



Privatelink ... NLB



Otherwise ... ALB



Network Load Balancer (NLB)

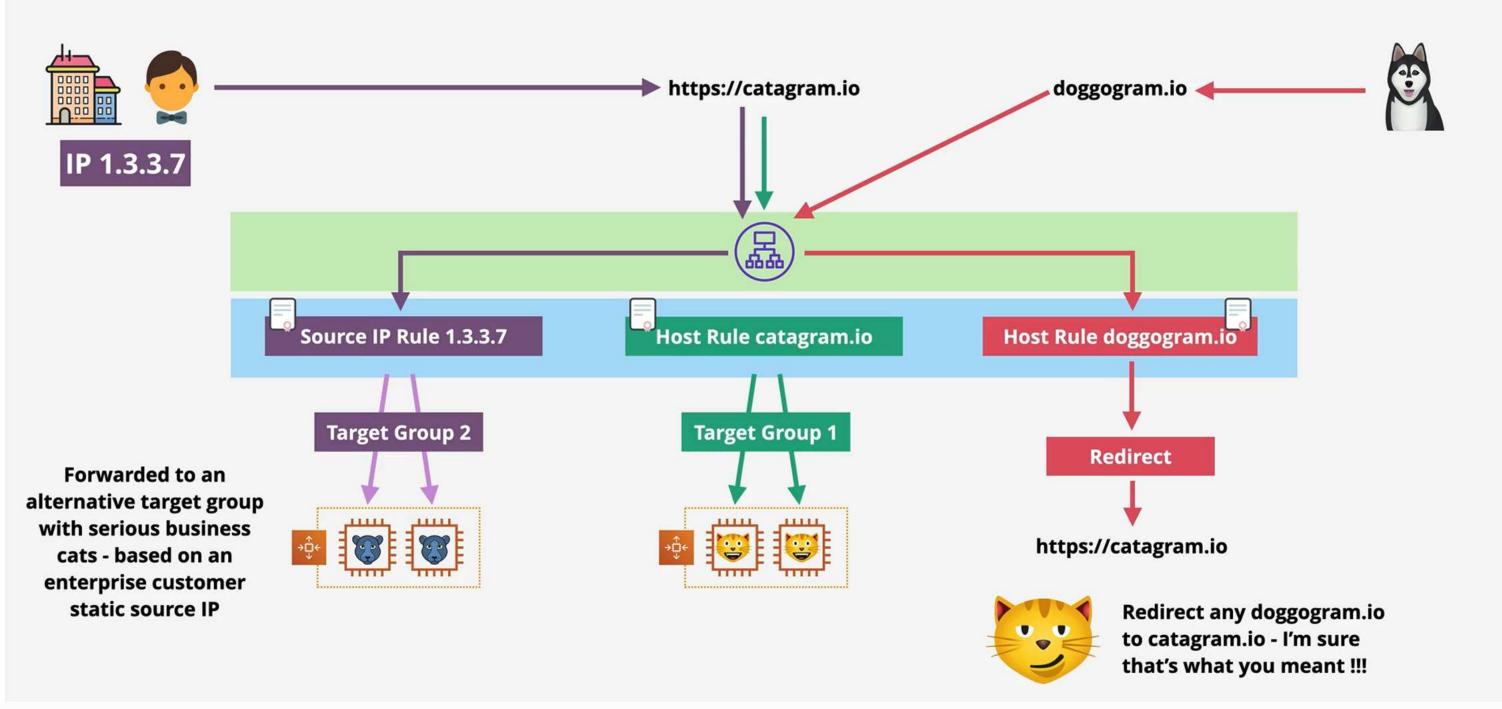
- Layer 4 load balancer ... TCP, TLS, UDP, TCP_UDP
- No visibility or understanding of HTTP or HTTPS
- No headers, no cookies, no session stickiness
- Really Really Really Fast (millions of rps, 25% of ALB latency)
- .. SMTP, SSH, Game Servers, financial apps (not http/s)
- Health checks JUST check ICMP / TCP Handshake .. Not app aware
- NLB's can have static IP's useful for whitelisting
- Forward TCP to instances ... unbroken encryption
- Used with private link to provide services to other VPCs



Application Load Balancer (ALB) - Rules







Application Load Balancer (ALB) - Rules

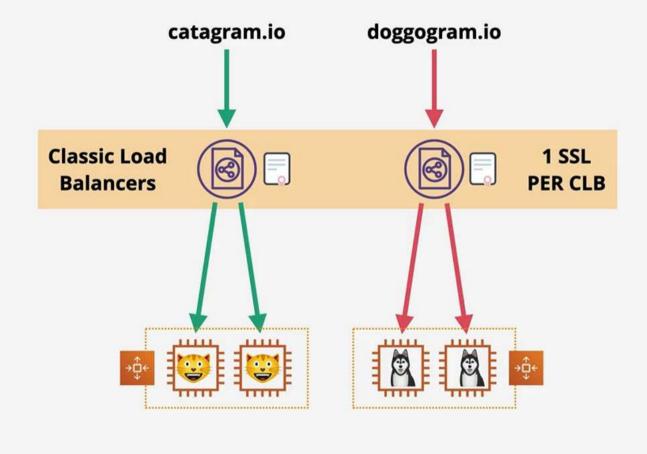
- Rules direct connections which arrive at a listener
- Processed in priority order
- Default rule = catchall
- Rule Conditions: host-header, http-header, http-requestmethod, path-pattern, query-string & source-ip
- Actions: forward, redirect, fixed-response, authenticateoidc & authenticate-cognito

Application Load Balancer (ALB)

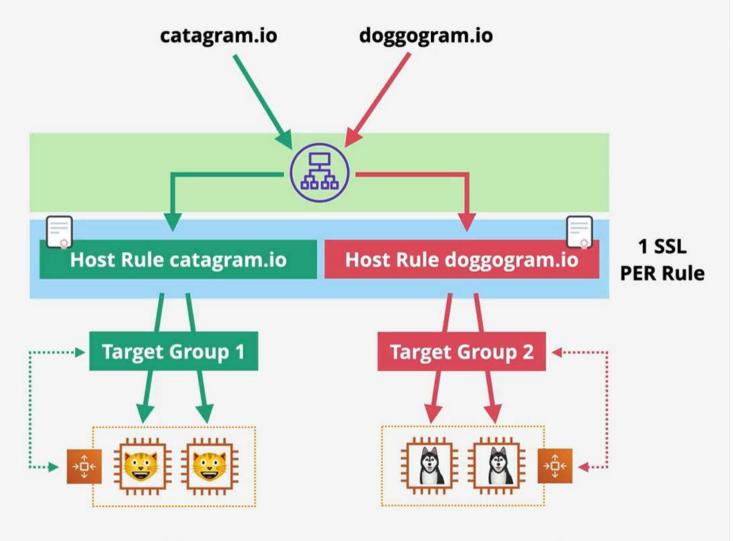
- Layer 7 Load balancer .. listens on HTTP and/or HTTPS
- No other Layer 7 protocols (SMTP, SSH, Gaming)
-and NO TCP/UDP/TLS Listeners
- L7 content type, cookies, custom headers, user location and app behaviour
- HTTP HTTPS (SSL/TLS) always terminated on the ALB no unbroken SSL (security teams!)
-a new connection is made to the application
- ALBs MUST have SSL certs if HTTPS is used
- ALBs are slower than NLB .. more levels of the network stack to process
- Health checks evaluate application health ... layer 7



Load Balancer Consolidation



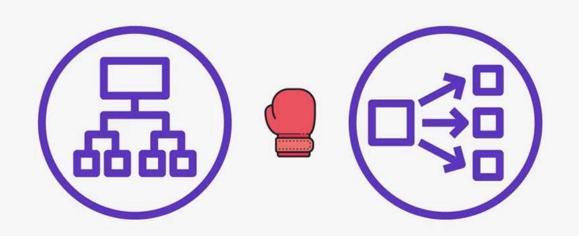
CLBs don't scale ... every unique
HTTPS name requires an individual
CLB because SNI isn't supported



v2 load balancers support rules and target groups. Host based rules using SNI and an ALB allows consolidation

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Application and Network Load Balancer (ALB vs NLB)





ELB Architecture



ELB is a DNS A Record pointing at 1+ Nodes per AZ



- Nodes (in one subnet per AZ) can scale
- Internet-facing means nodes have public IPv4 IPs



- Internal is private only IPs
- EC2 doesn't need to be public to work with a LB



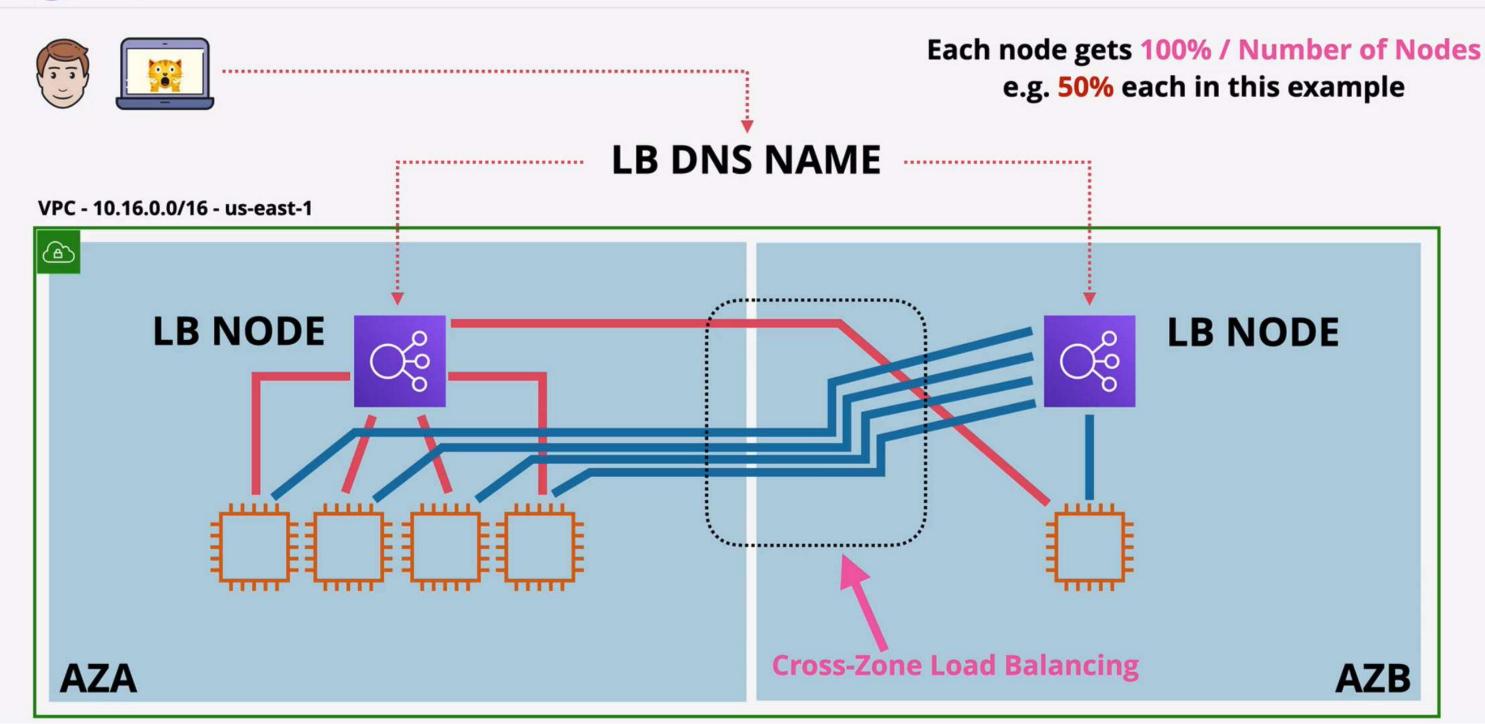
- Listener Configuration controls WHAT the LB does
- 8+ Free IPs per subnet, and /27 subnet to allow scaling



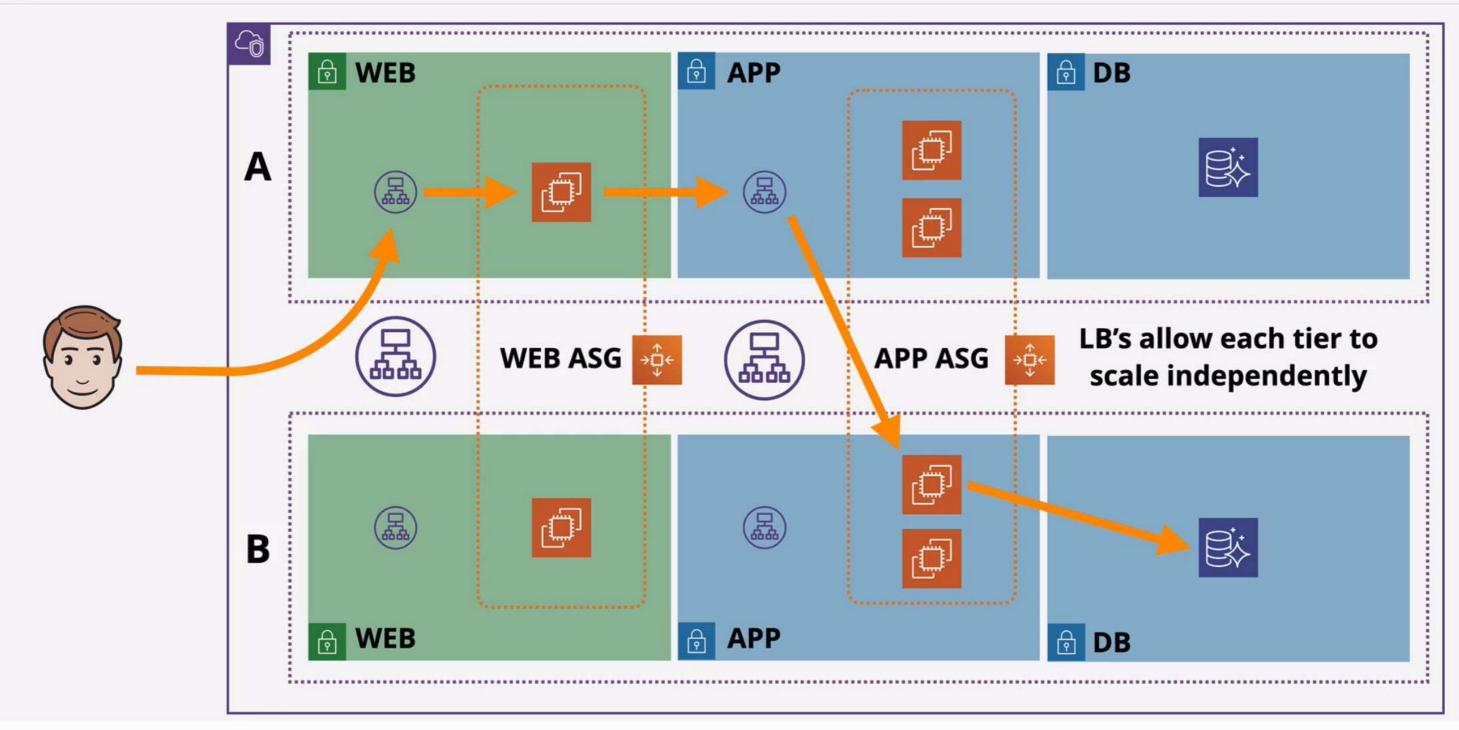
CROSS-ZONE LB





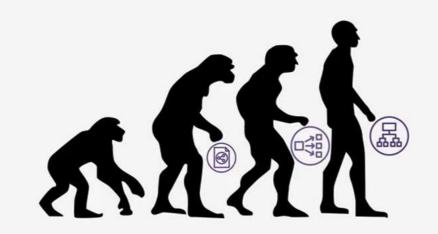


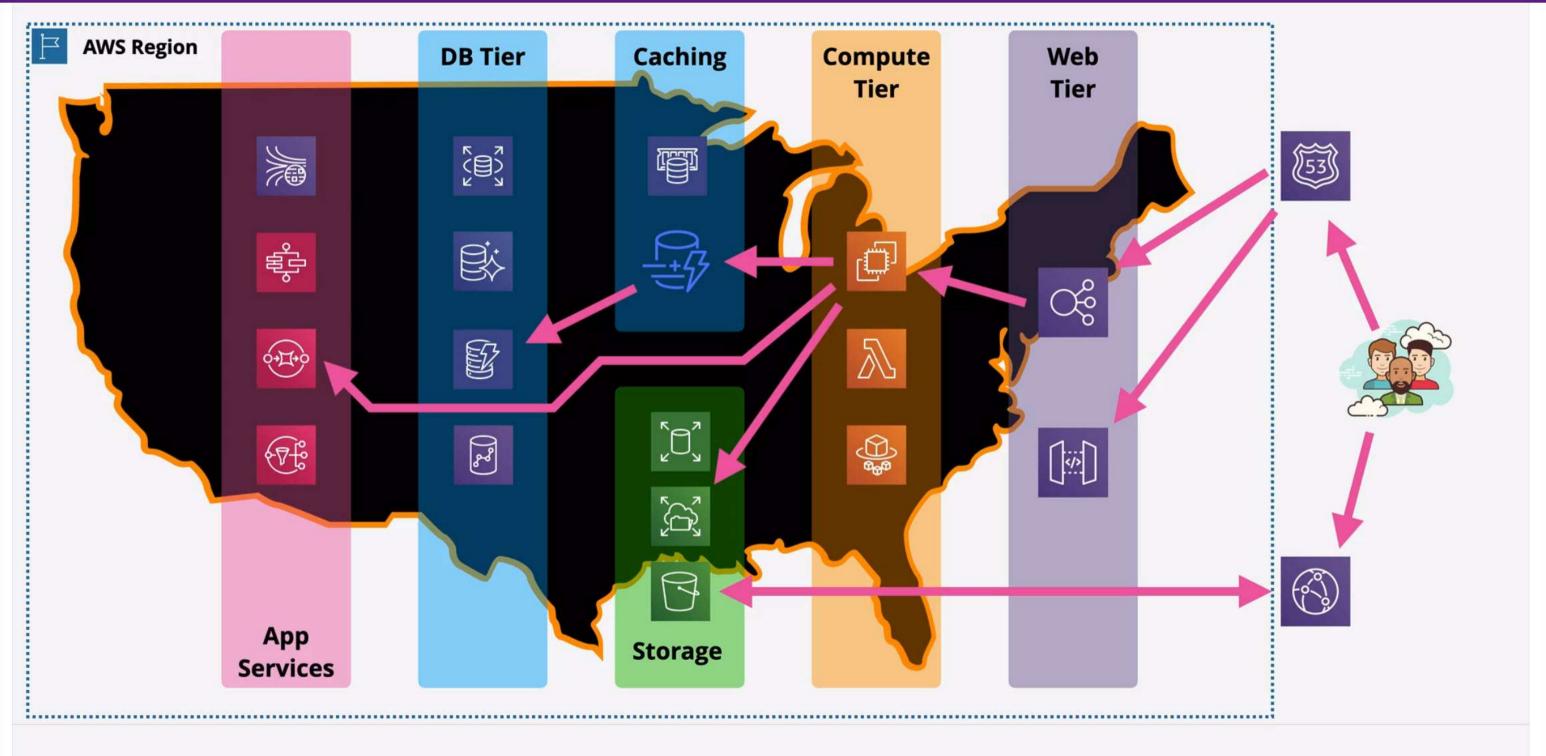
ELB Architecture

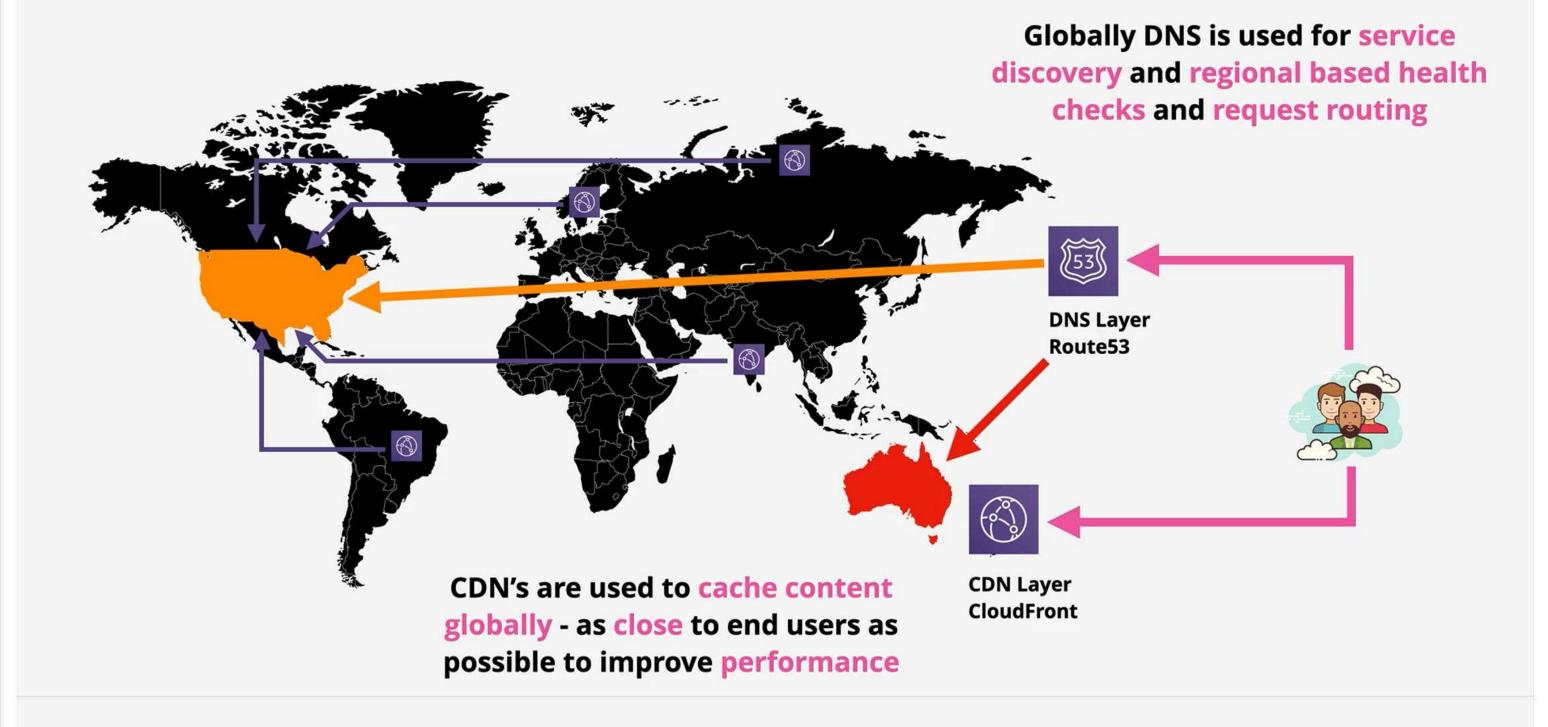


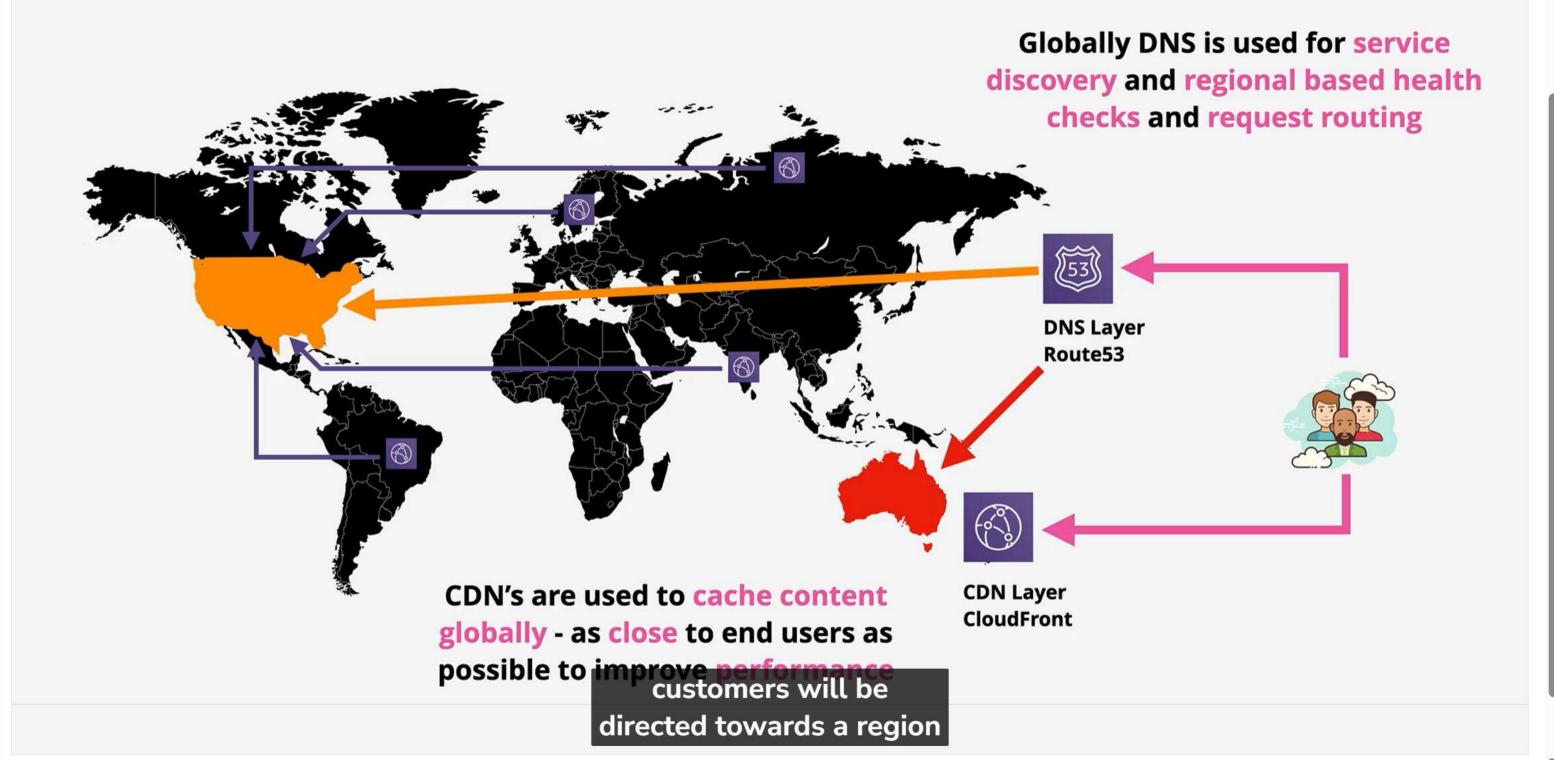
- 3 Types of load balancers (ELB) available within AWS
- Split between v1 (avoid / migrate) and v2 (prefer)
- Classic Load Balancer (CLB) v1 Introduced in 2009
- Not really layer 7, lacking features, 1 SSL per CLB
- Application Load Balancer (ALB) v2 HTTP/S/WebSocket
- Network Load Balancer (NLB) v2 TCP, TLS & UDP
- V2 = faster, cheaper, support target groups and rules

Evolution of Elastic Load Balancers (ELB)











Regional and Global AWS Architecture

- Global Service Location & Discovery
- Content Delivery (CDN) and optimisation



- Global health checks & Failover
- Regional entry point
- Scaling & Resilience
- Application services and components