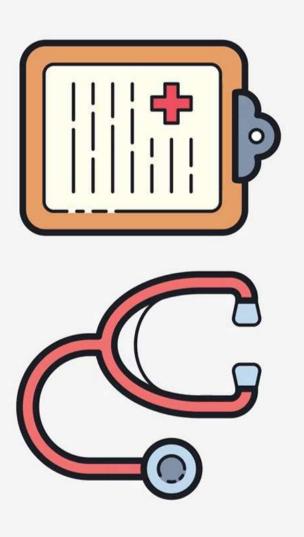
(め) adriancantrill



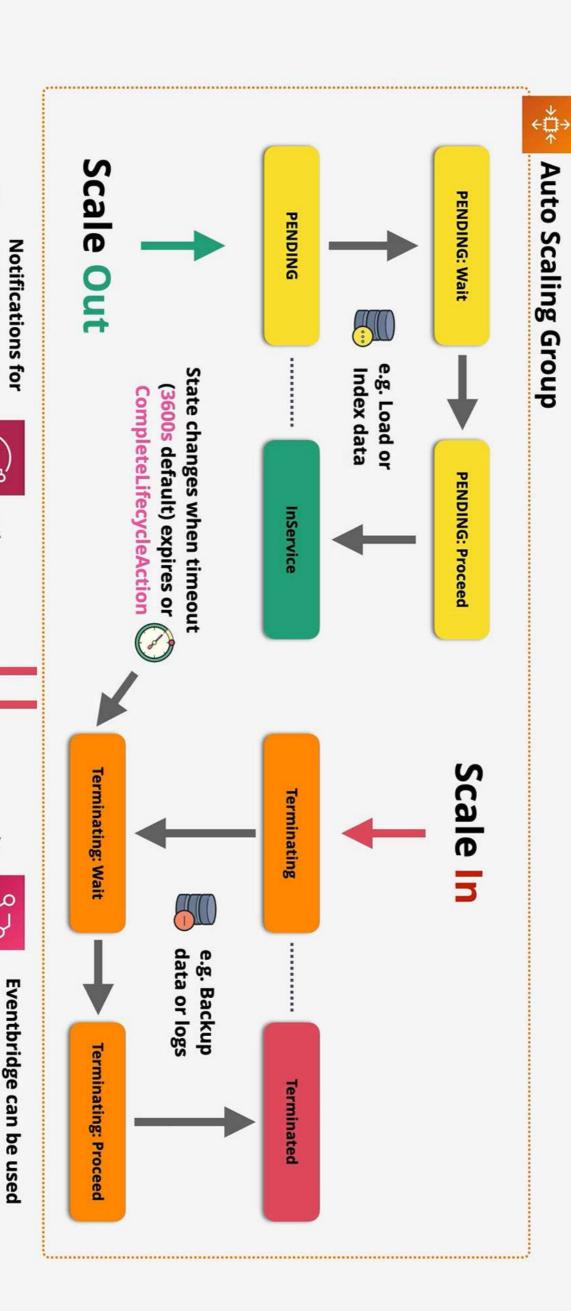
- status) = UNHEALTHY EC2 - Stopping, Stopped, Terminated, Shutting Down or Impaired (not 2/2
- **ELB HEALTHY = Running & passing ELB health check**
- ... can be more application aware (Layer 7)
- Custom Instances marked healthy & unhealthy by an external system
- Health check grace period (Default 300s) Delay before starting checks
- ... allows system launch, bootstrapping and application start

Auto Scaling (ASG) Health Groups



ASG Lifecycle Hooks





lifecycle hooks can be sent to an SNS topic

based on Hooks

to initiate other processes

- **Custom Actions** on instances during **ASG actions**
- .. Instance launch or Instance terminate transition
- Instances are paused within the flow .. they wait
- ... until a timeout (then either CONTINUE or ABANDO
- ... or you resume the ASG process CompleteLifecycleAction
- EventBridge or SNS Notifications

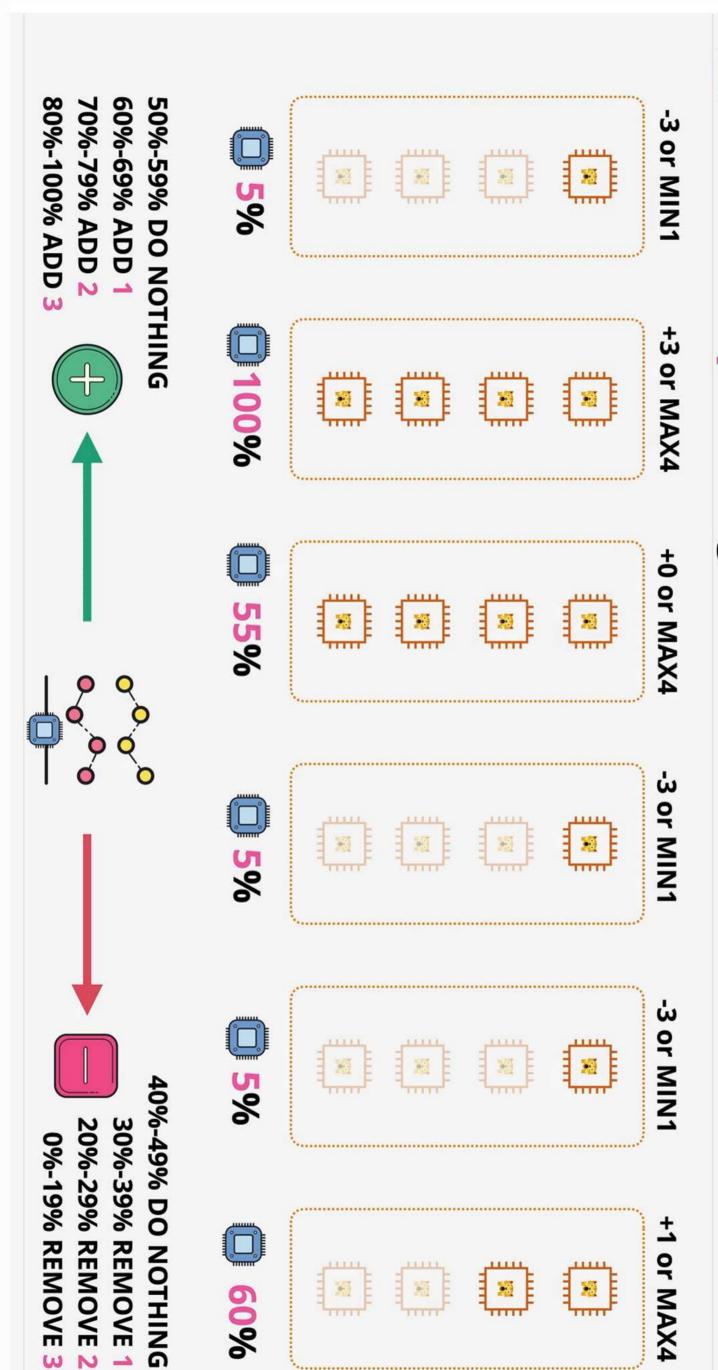
ASG Lifecycle H00KS



ASG - Step Scaling









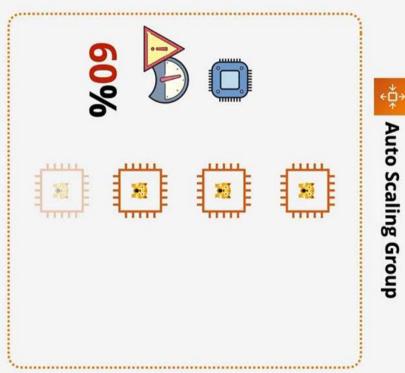
ASG - Simple Scaling



💠 Auto Scaling Group







10%



MIN=1, MAX=4, Desired=3

MIN=1, MAX=4, Desired=1

MIN=1, MAX=4, Desired=1

Desired = Desired - 2 (MIN 1)

PS (MIII

If ASGAverageCPUUtilization > 50% ADD 2 Instances

If ASGAverageCPUUtilization < 50% REMOVE 2 Instances



ASG Scaling Policies

- ASGs don't NEED scaling policies they can have none
- Manual Min, Max & Desired Testing & Urgent
- Simple Scaling
- Step Scaling
- Target Tracking
- Scaling Based on SQS ApproximateNumberOfMessagesVisible

ASG Scaling Policies



- Autoscaling Groups are free
- Only the resources created are billed ...
- Use cool downs to avoid rapid scaling
- Think about more, smaller instances granularity
- Use with ALB's for elasticity abstraction
- ASG defines WHEN and WHERE, LT defines WI



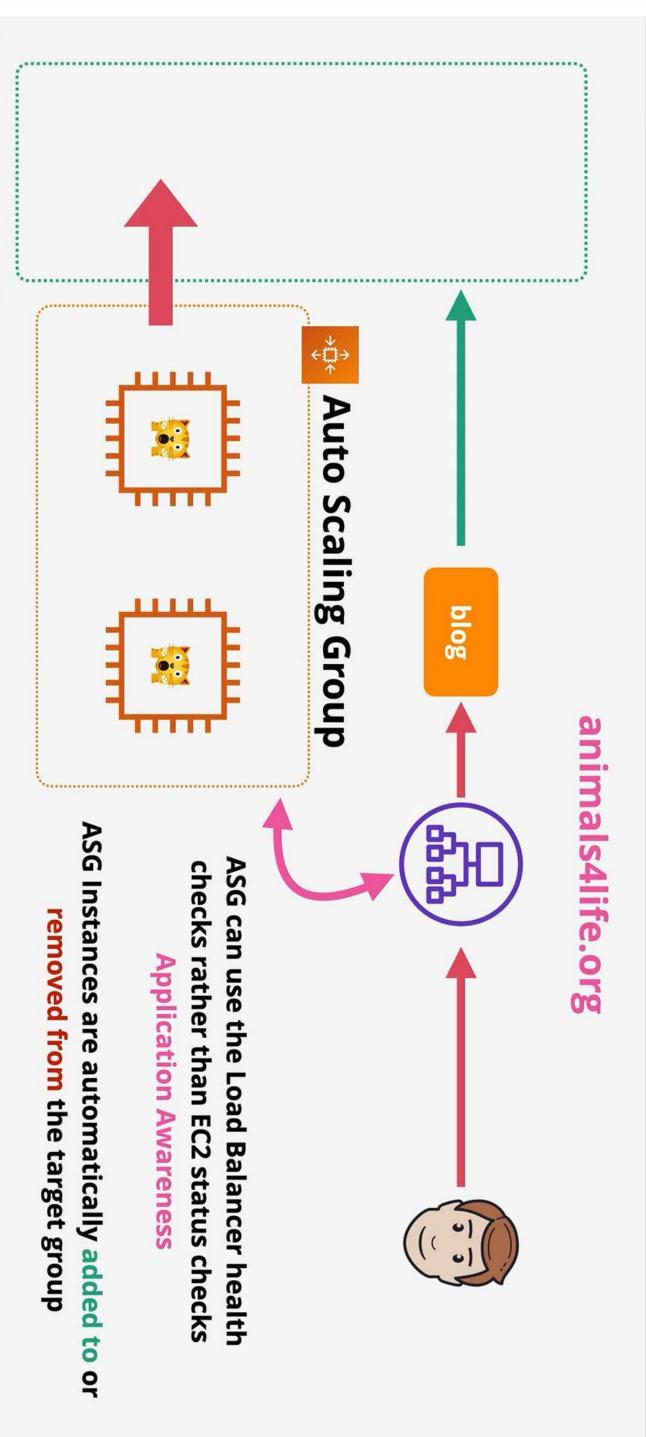
Scaling Processes

- (A) https://learn.cantrill.io (\mathfrak{V}) adriancantrill
- Launch and Terminate SUSPEND and RESUME
- AddToLoadBalancer add to LB on launch
- AlarmNotification accept notification from CW
- AZRebalance Balances instances evenly across all of the AZs
- HealthCheck instance health checks on/off
- ReplaceUnhealthy Terminate unhealthy and replace
- ScheduledActions Scheduled on/off
- Standby use this for instances 'InService vs Standby'

ASG + Load Balancers







Target Group 1

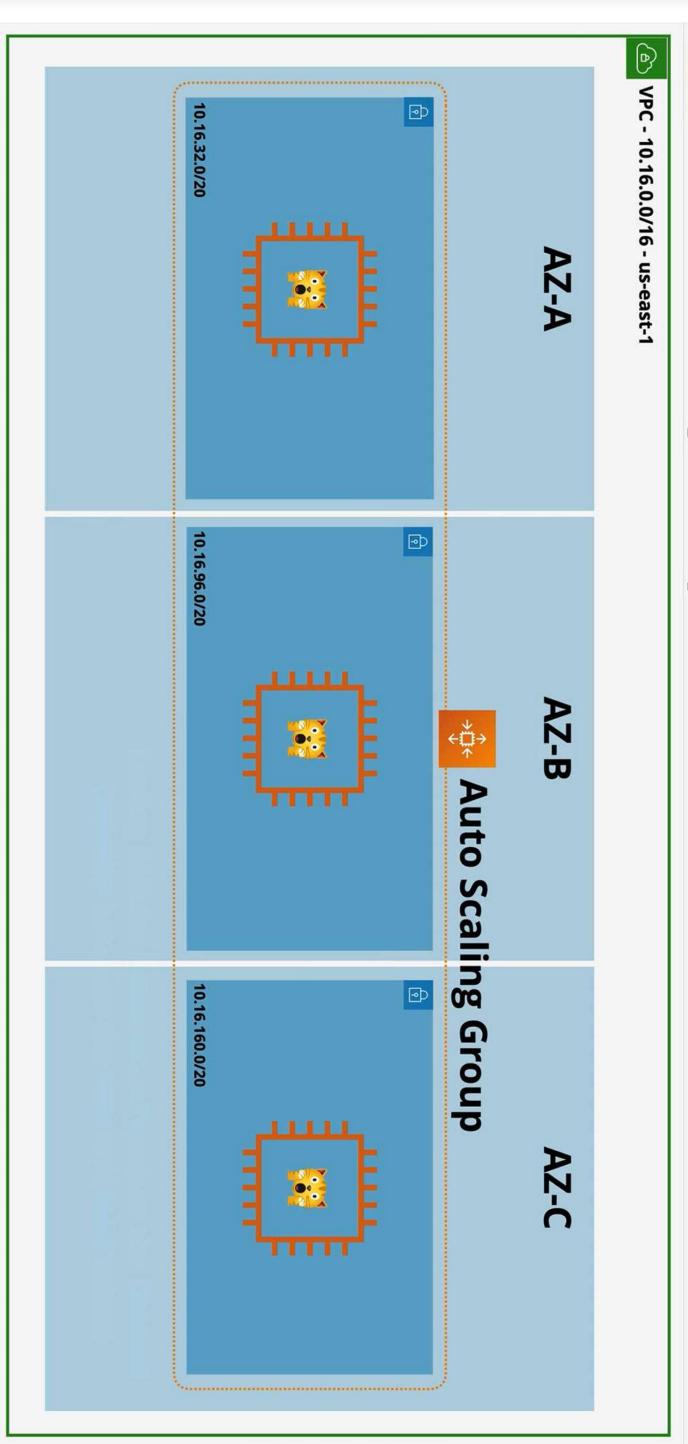
(め) adriancantrill

Scaling Policies

- Manual Scaling Manually adjust the desired capacity
- Scheduled Scaling Time based adjustment e.g. Sales..
- **Dynamic** Scaling
- Simple "CPU above 50% +1", "CPU Below 50 -1"
- Stepped Scaling Bigger +/- based on difference
- Target Tracking Desired Aggregate CPU = 40% .. ASG han
- Cooldown Periods ...

Auto Scaling Groups Architecture

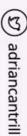


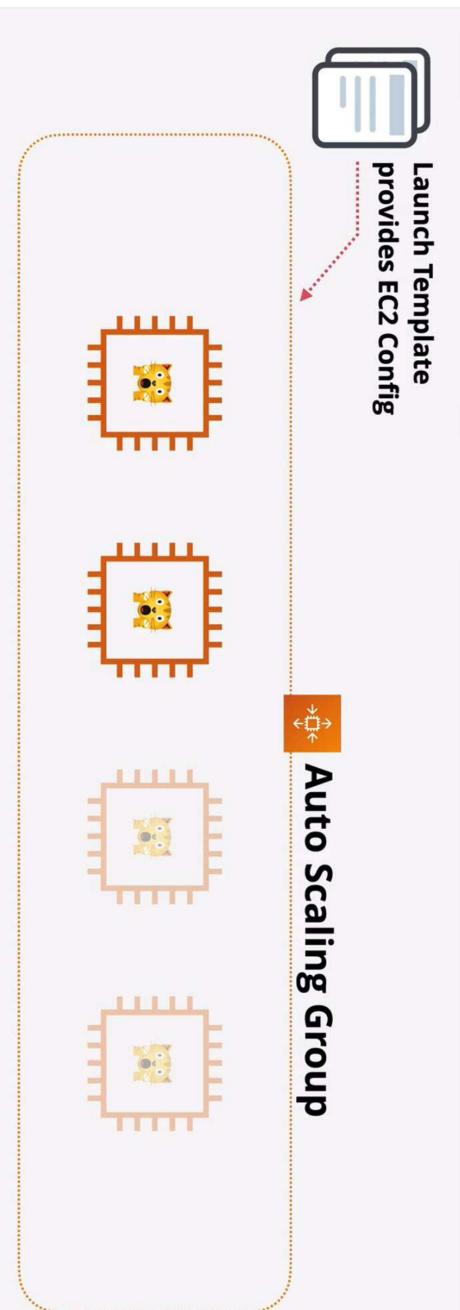




Auto Scaling Groups









Minimum Size (1)



Scaling Policies automatically adjust the Desired Capacity between the MIN and MAX values

Maximum Size (4)



https://learn

.cantrill.io



- Automatic Scaling and Self-Healing for EC2
- Uses Launch Templates or Configurations
- Has a Minimum, Desired and Maximum Size (e.g 1:2:4)
- Keep running instances at the Desired capacity provisioning or terminating instances
- Scaling Policies automate based on metrics

Auto Scaling Groups

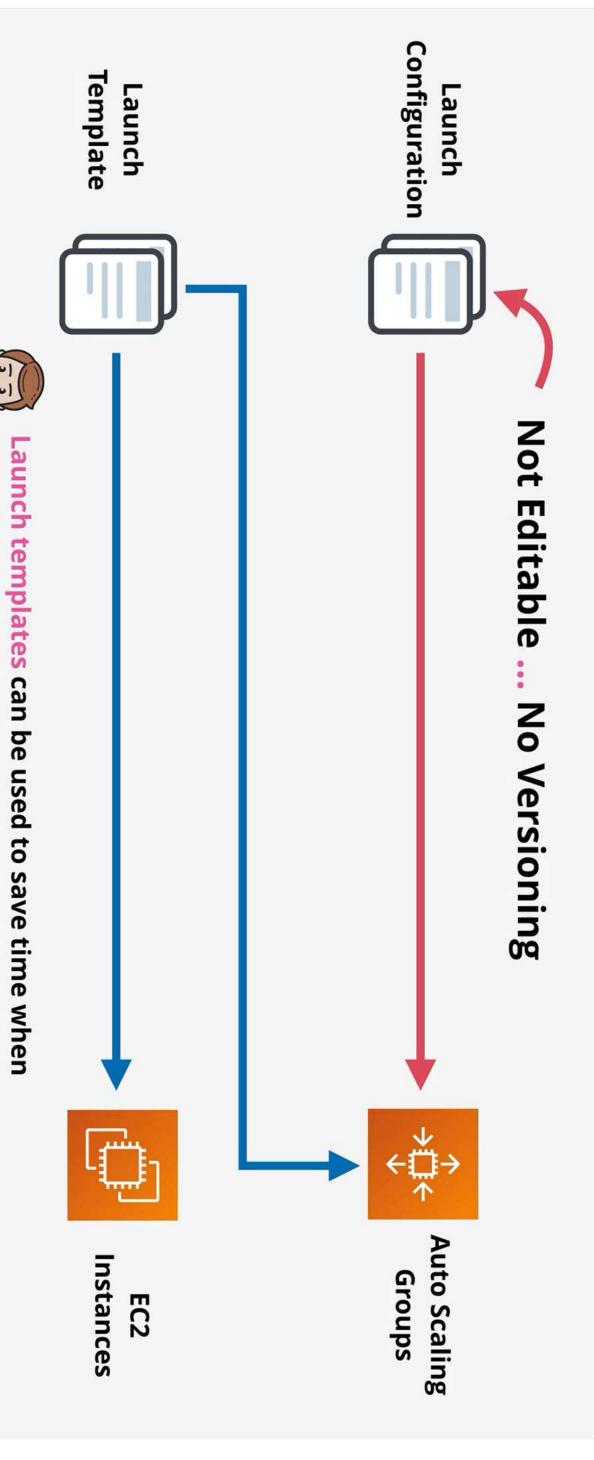




LC and LT Architecture







provisioning EC2 instances from the console UI/CLI



- Allow you to define the configuration of an EC2 instance in advance
- AMI, Instance Type, Storage & Key pair
- Networking and Security Groups
- Userdata & IAM Role
- Both are NOT editable defined once. LT has versions.
- LT provide newer features including T2/T3 Unlimited, Placement Groups, Capacity Reservations, Elastic Graphics

and Launch Templates Launch Configurations





Static IP for whitelisting ... NLB



The fastest performance ... NLB (millions rps)



Protocols not HTTP or HTTPS ... NLB



Privatelink ... NLB



Otherwise ... ALB



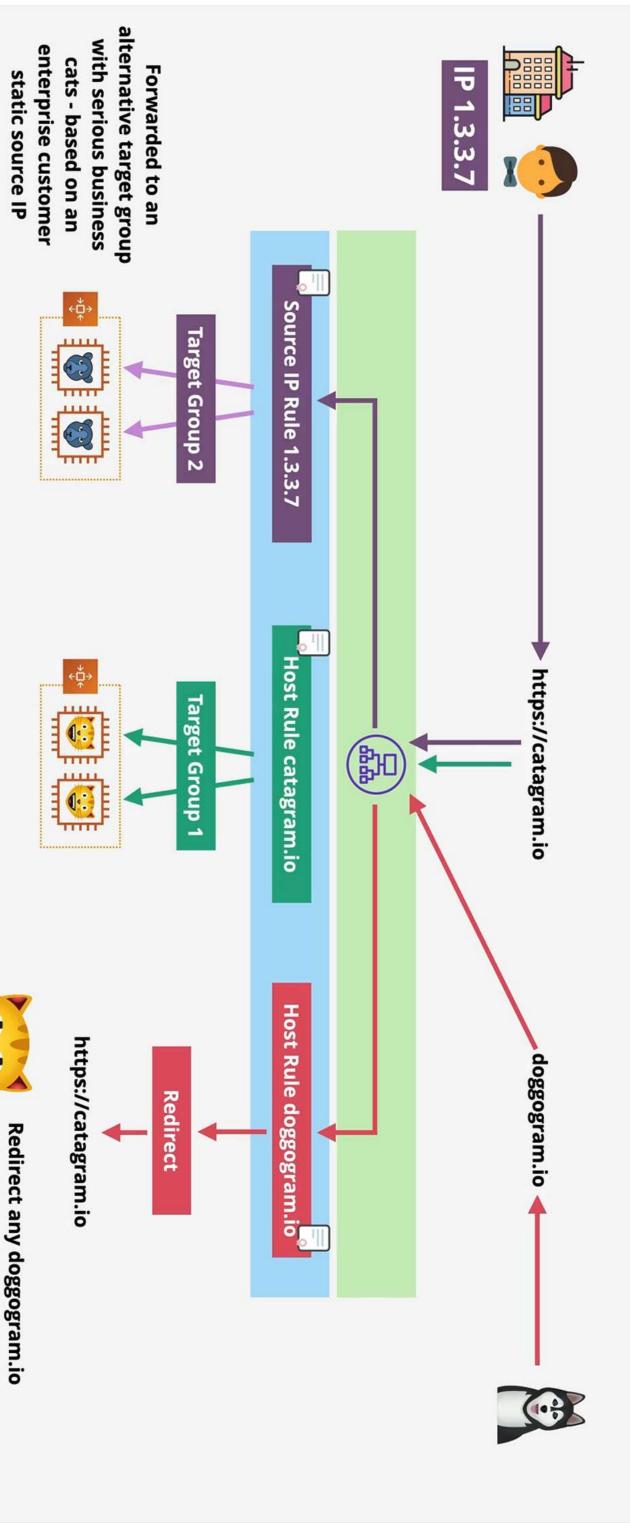
- Layer 4 load balancer ... TCP, TLS, UDP, TCP_UDP
- No visibility or understanding of HTTP or HTTPS
- No headers, no cookies, no session stickiness
- Really Really Really Fast (millions of rps, 25% of ALB latency)
- .. SMTP, SSH, Game Servers, financial apps (not http/s)
- Health checks JUST check ICMP / TCP Handshake .. Not app aware
- NLB's can have static IP's useful for whitelisting
- Forward TCP to instances ... unbroken encryption
- Used with private link to provide services to other VPCs



Application Load Balancer (ALB) - Rules







to catagram.io - I'm sure

that's what you meant !!!





https: ://learn.cantrill.io



- Rules direct connections which arrive at a listen
- Processed in priority order
- Default rule = catchall
- Rule Conditions: host-header, http-header, httpmethod, path-pattern, query-string & source-ip -tsanpa
- Actions: forward, redirect, fixed-response, auther oidc & authenticate-cognito nticate-



Application Load Balancer (ALB)

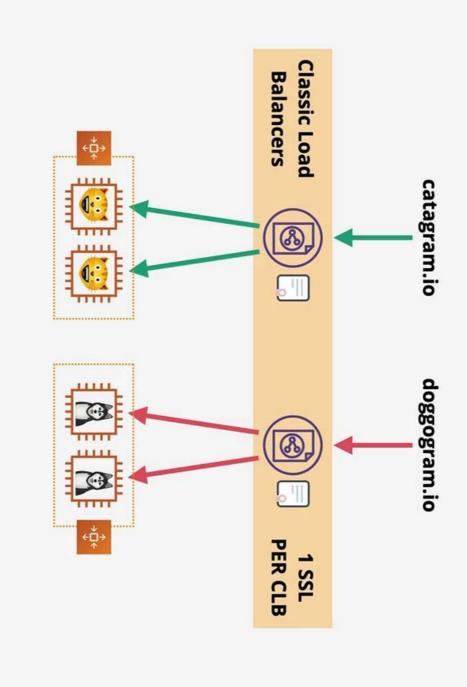
- Layer 7 Load balancer .. listens on HTTP and/or HTTPS
- No other Layer 7 protocols (SMTP, SSH, Gaming)
- ...and NO TCP/UDP/TLS Listeners
- L7 content type, cookies, custom headers, user location and app behaviour
- HTTP HTTPS (SSL/TLS) always terminated on the ALB no unbroken SSL (security teams!)
- ...a new connection is made to the application
- ALBs MUST have SSL certs if HTTPS is used
- ALBs are slower than NLB .. more levels of the network stack to process
- Health checks evaluate application health ... layer 7



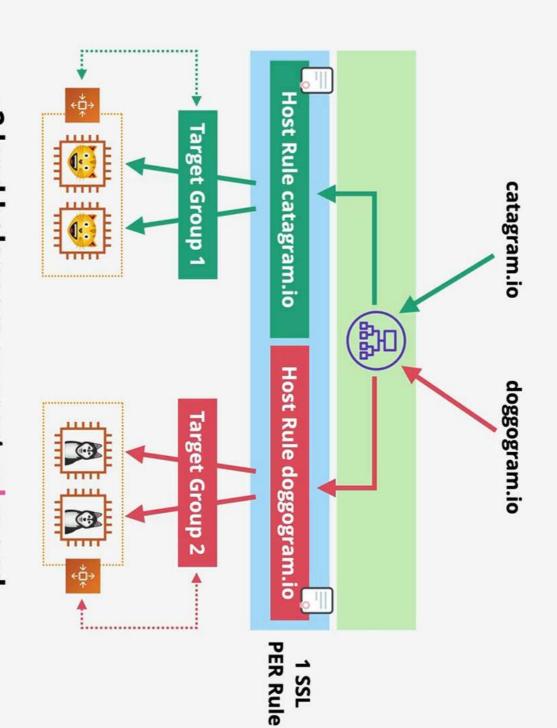
Load Balancer Consolidation





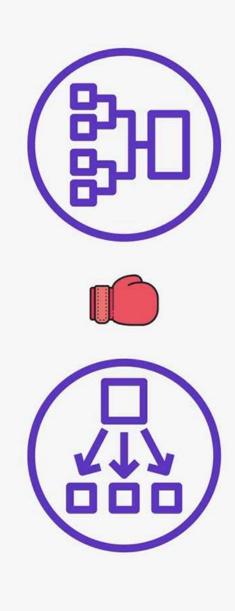


CLBs don't scale ... every unique HTTPS name requires an individual CLB because SNI isn't supported



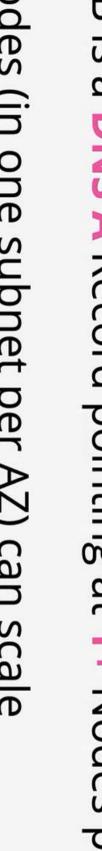
v2 load balancers support rules and target groups. Host based rules using SNI and an ALB allows consolidation

Load Balancer (ALB vs NI Application and Networ <u></u> 등 국



w

ELB is a DNS A Record pointing at 1+ Nodes per AZ



Nodes (in one subnet per AZ) can scale















CROSS-ZONE LB



Each node gets 100% / Number of Nodes

e.g. 50% each in this example







LB DNS NAME

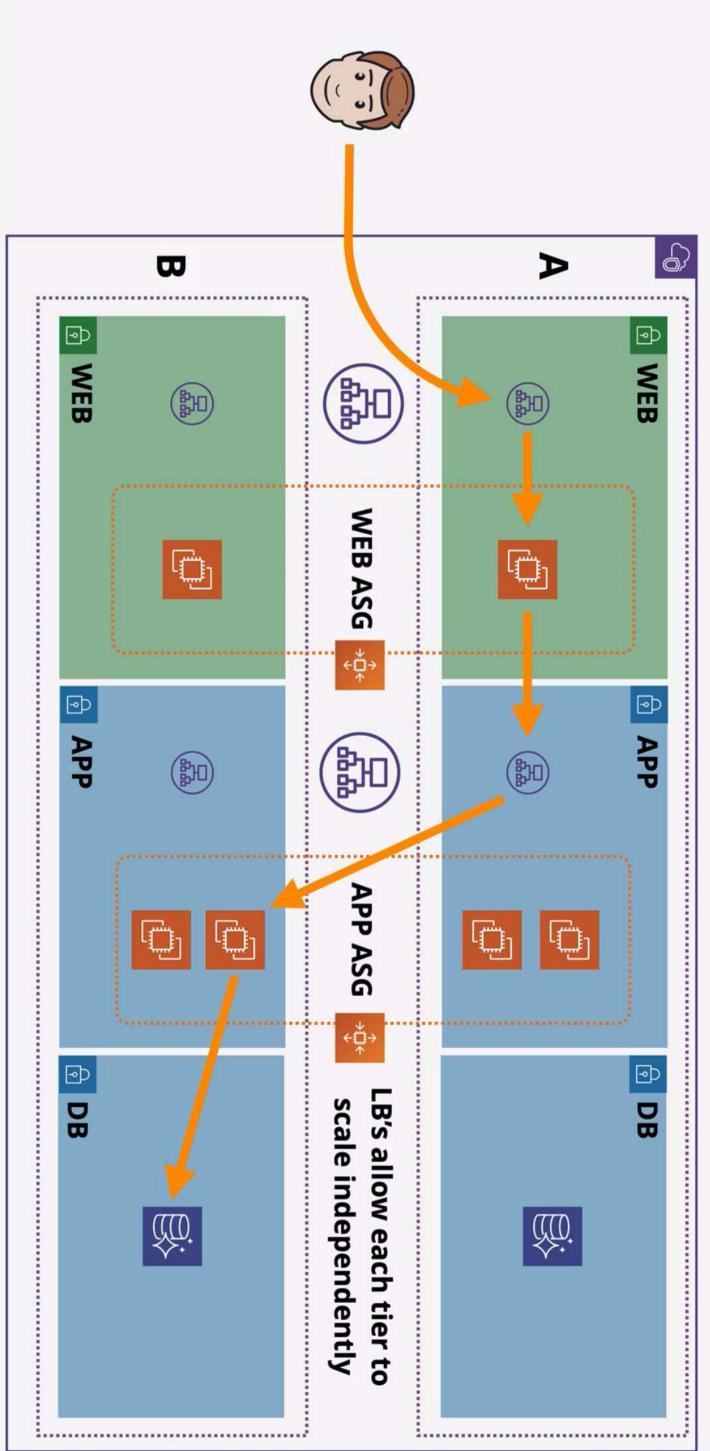
VPC - 10.16.0.0/16 - us-east-1 AZA LB NODE **Cross-Zone Load Balancing** LB NODE



ELB Architecture





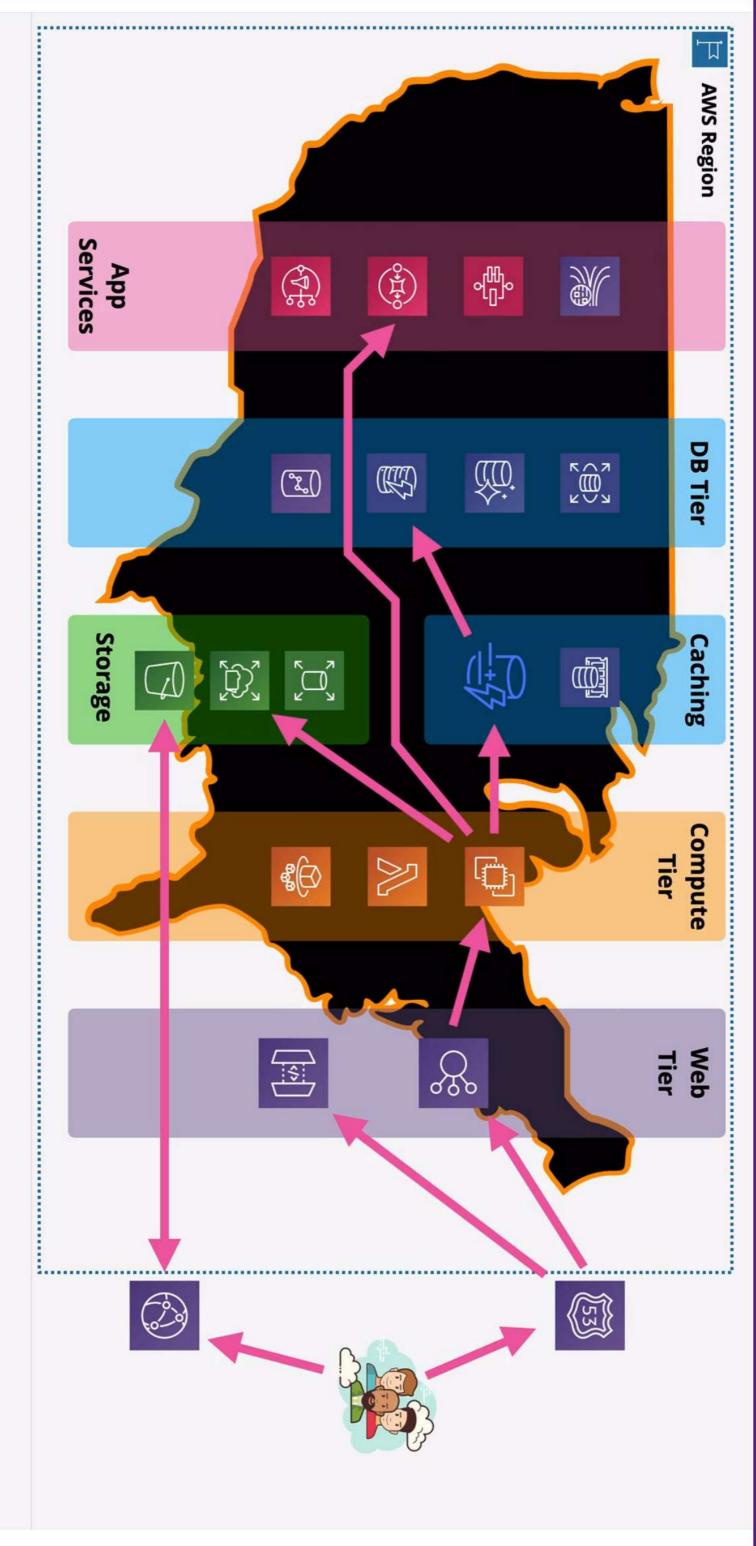


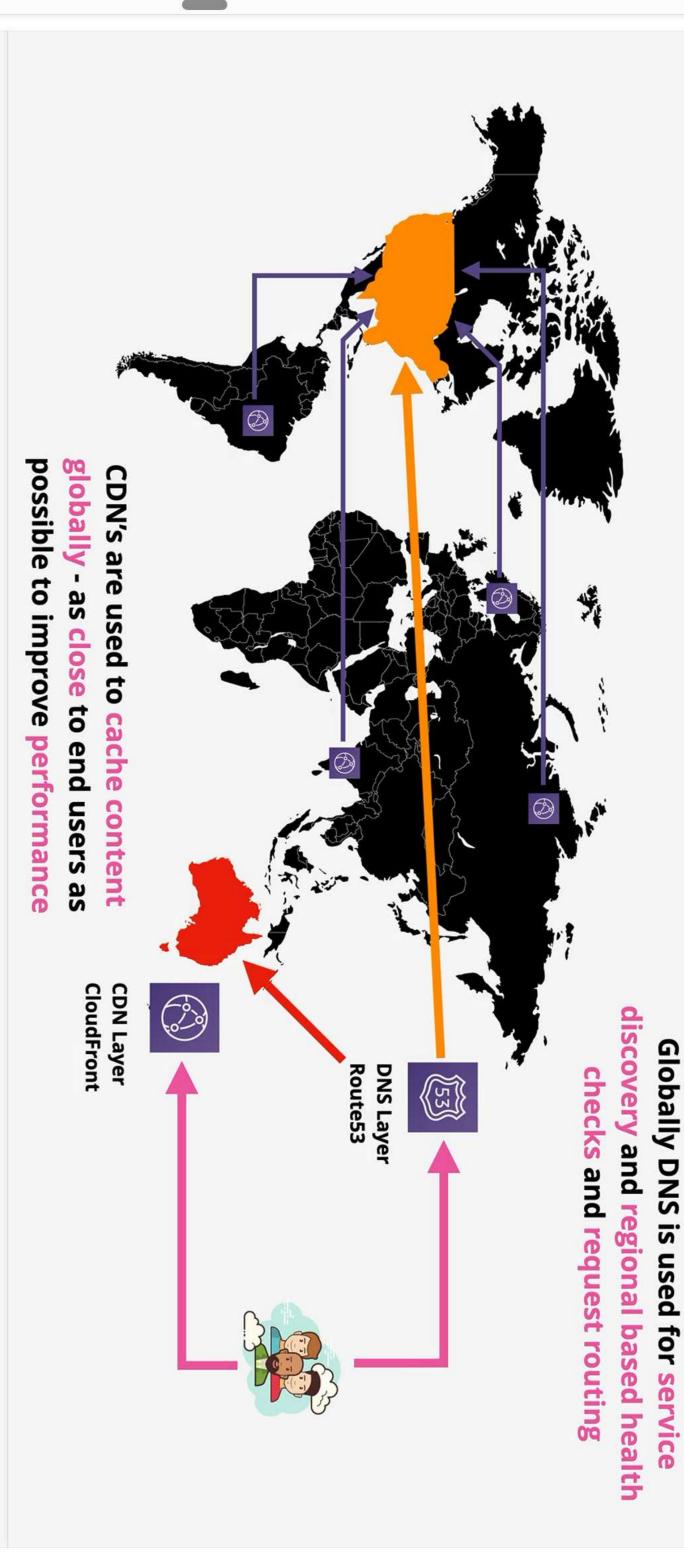
- 3 Types of load balancers (ELB) available within AWS
- Split between v1 (avoid / migrate) and v2 (prefer)
- Classic Load Balancer (CLB) v1 Introduced in 2009
- Not really layer 7, lacking features, 1 SSL per CLB
- Application Load Balancer (ALB) v2 HTTP/S/WebSocket
- Network Load Balancer (NLB) v2 TCP, TLS & UDP
- V2 = faster, cheaper, support target groups and rules

Evolution of Elastic Load

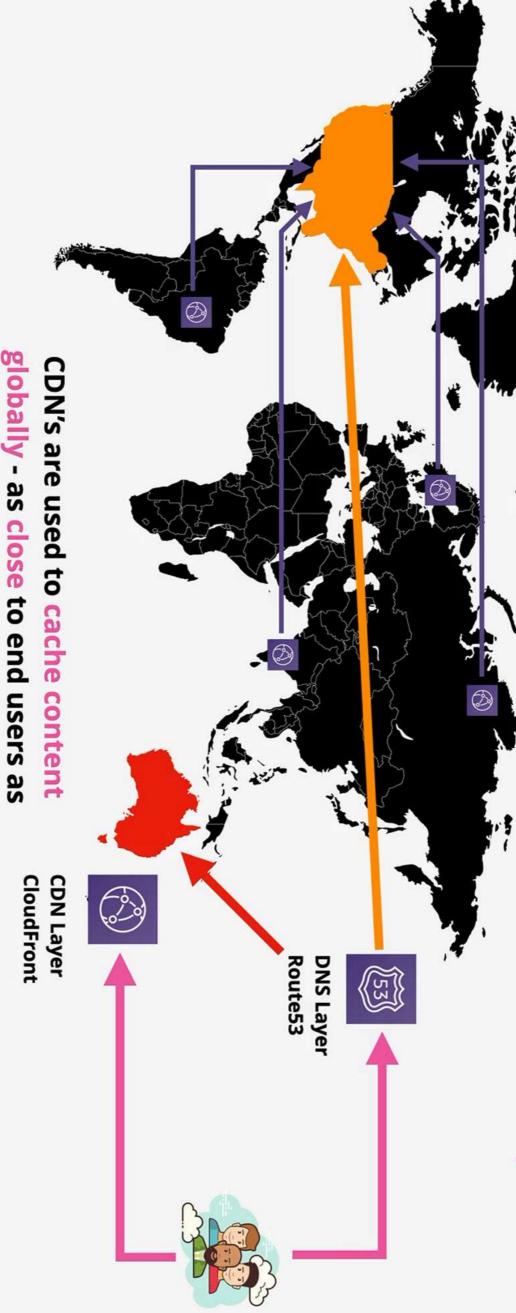
Balancers (ELB)







Globally DNS is used for service discovery and regional based health checks and request routing



possible to **impro**v

directed towards a region

customers will be



Regional and Global AWS Architecture





- Global Service Location & Discovery
- Content Delivery (CDN) and optimisation
- Global health checks & Failover
- Regional entry point
- Scaling & Resilience
- Application services and components

