

# Modern Navigation Helper - Usage Guide

## Why Functional Approach?

### Advantages over Class-based Helper:

1. **Better Tree Shaking:** Only import functions you need
  2. **Hooks Integration:** Natural React hooks workflow
  3. **Composability:** Easy to combine with other hooks
  4. **Testing:** Easier to mock and test individual functions
  5. **Performance:** No class instantiation overhead
  6. **TypeScript:** Better type inference and safety
- 

## Basic Usage

### 1. Simple Navigation in Components

typescript

```
// screens/HomeScreen.tsx
import React from 'react';
import { View, Button } from 'react-native';
import { useNavigationHelper } from '../hooks/useNavigationHelper';

const HomeScreen = () => {
  const { navigateToProperties, navigateToProfile, goBack } = useNavigationHelper();

  return (
    <View>
      <Button
        title="View Properties"
        onPress={() => navigateToProperties()}
      />
      <Button
        title="My Profile"
        onPress={navigateToProfile}
      />
      <Button
        title="Go Back"
        onPress={goBack}
      />
    </View>
  );
};
```

## 2. Navigation with Parameters

typescript

```
// screens/PropertyListScreen.tsx
import React from 'react';
import { FlatList, TouchableOpacity } from 'react-native';
import { useNavigationHelper } from '../hooks/useNavigationHelper';

const PropertyListScreen = () => {
  const { navigateToPropertyDetails, navigateToEditProperty } = useNavigationHelper();

  const handlePropertyPress = (property: Property) => {
    navigateToPropertyDetails(property.id, property.title);
  };

  const handleEditPress = (propertyId: string) => {
    navigateToEditProperty(propertyId);
  };

  return (
    <FlatList
      data={properties}
      renderItem={({ item }) => (
        <TouchableOpacity onPress={() => handlePropertyPress(item)}>
          /* Property card content */
        </TouchableOpacity>
      )}
    />
  );
};
```

## 3. Specialized Hooks Usage

typescript

```
// screens/AuthScreen.tsx
import React from 'react';
import { useAuthNavigation } from '../hooks/useNavigationHelper';

const AuthScreen = () => {
  // Only import auth-related navigation functions
  const {
    navigateToLogin,
    navigateToRegister,
    navigateToForgotPassword
  } = useAuthNavigation();

  return (
    <View>
      <Button title="Login" onPress={navigateToLogin} />
      <Button title="Register" onPress={navigateToRegister} />
      <Button title="Forgot Password" onPress={navigateToForgotPassword} />
    </View>
  );
};
```

---

## Advanced Usage Patterns

### 1. Conditional Navigation

typescript

```
// components/PropertyCard.tsx
import React from 'react';
import { useNavigationHelper } from '../hooks/useNavigationHelper';
import { useAuth } from '../hooks/useAuth';

const PropertyCard = ({ property, isOwner }) => {
  const {
    navigateToPropertyDetails,
    navigateToMyPropertyDetails,
    navigateToLogin
  } = useNavigationHelper();
  const { isAuthenticated } = useAuth();

  const handleCardPress = () => {
    if (!isAuthenticated) {
      navigateToLogin();
      return;
    }

    if (isOwner) {
      navigateToMyPropertyDetails(property.id);
    } else {
      navigateToPropertyDetails(property.id, property.title);
    }
  };

  return (
    <TouchableOpacity onPress={handleCardPress}>
      /* Card content */
    </TouchableOpacity>
  );
};
```

## 2. Navigation with State Management

typescript

```
// hooks/usePropertyActions.ts
import { useNavigationHelper } from './useNavigationHelper';
import { useAppDispatch } from './redux';
import { setSelectedProperty } from './store/propertySlice';

export const usePropertyActions = () => {
  const { navigateToPropertyDetails } = useNavigationHelper();
  const dispatch = useAppDispatch();

  const viewPropertyDetails = (property: Property) => {
    // Update global state
    dispatch(setSelectedProperty(property));

    // Navigate to details
    navigateToPropertyDetails(property.id, property.title);
  };

  return {
    viewPropertyDetails,
  };
};

// Usage in component
const PropertyList = () => {
  const { viewPropertyDetails } = usePropertyActions();

  return (
    <FlatList
      data={properties}
      renderItem={({ item }) => (
        <TouchableOpacity onPress={() => viewPropertyDetails(item)}>
          {/* Property item */}
        </TouchableOpacity>
      )}
    />
  );
};
```

### 3. Navigation Guards with Hooks

typescript

```
// hooks/useNavigationGuard.ts
import { useEffect } from 'react';
import { useNavigationHelper } from './useNavigationHelper';
import { useAuth } from './useAuth';
import { useUser } from './useUser';

export const useNavigationGuard = (
  requiredPermissions?: string[],
  redirectTo?: string
) => {
  const { isAuthenticated } = useAuth();
  const { user } = useUser();
  const { navigateToLogin, resetToHome } = useNavigationHelper();

  useEffect(() => {
    if (!isAuthenticated) {
      navigateToLogin();
      return;
    }

    if (requiredPermissions && user) {
      const hasPermissions = requiredPermissions.every(permission =>
        user.permissions.includes(permission)
      );

      if (!hasPermissions) {
        redirectTo ? navigation.navigate(redirectTo) : resetToHome();
      }
    }
  }, [isAuthenticated, user, requiredPermissions]);
};

// Usage in protected screens
const AdminScreen = () => {
  useNavigationGuard(['admin', 'user_management']);

  return <AdminDashboard />;
};
```

## 4. Navigation with Analytics

typescript

```
// hooks/useAnalyticsNavigation.ts
import { useNavigationHelper } from './useNavigationHelper';
import { analytics } from '../utils/analytics';

export const useAnalyticsNavigation = () => {
  const navigationHelper = useNavigationHelper();

  const trackAndNavigate = (screenName: string, params?: any) => {
    // Track navigation event
    analytics.track('screen_view', {
      screen_name: screenName,
      ...params,
    });

    // Navigate using appropriate function
    const navigationFunction = navigationHelper[`navigateTo${screenName}`];
    if (navigationFunction && typeof navigationFunction === 'function') {
      navigationFunction(params);
    }
  };

  return {
    ...navigationHelper,
    trackAndNavigate,
  };
};
```

## 5. Debounced Navigation

typescript

```
// hooks/useDebouncedNavigation.ts
import { useCallback } from 'react';
import { useNavigationHelper } from './useNavigationHelper';
import { debounce } from 'lodash';

export const useDebouncedNavigation = (delay = 300) => {
  const navigationHelper = useNavigationHelper();

  const debouncedNavigate = useCallback(
    debounce((navigationFn: Function, ...args: any[]) => {
      navigationFn(...args);
    }, delay),
    [delay]
  );

  const navigateToPropertyDetails = useCallback(
    (propertyId: string, title?: string) => {
      debouncedNavigate(navigationHelper.navigateToPropertyDetails, propertyId, title);
    },
    [debouncedNavigate, navigationHelper.navigateToPropertyDetails]
  );

  return {
    ...navigationHelper,
    navigateToPropertyDetails,
  };
};
```

---

## Testing

### 1. Mocking the Navigation Helper



typescript

```
//__tests__/mocks/navigationHelper.ts
export const mockNavigationHelper = {
  navigateToPropertyDetails: jest.fn(),
  navigateToLogin: jest.fn(),
  goBack: jest.fn(),
  resetToAuth: jest.fn(),
  // Add other methods as needed
};

// Mock the hook
jest.mock('./hooks/useNavigationHelper', () => ({
  useNavigationHelper: () => mockNavigationHelper,
}));
```

## 2. Testing Components with Navigation

typescript

```
//__tests__/PropertyCard.test.tsx
import React from 'react';
import { render, fireEvent } from '@testing-library/react-native';
import PropertyCard from '../PropertyCard';
import { mockNavigationHelper } from './mocks/navigationHelper';

describe('PropertyCard', () => {
  beforeEach(() => {
    jest.clearAllMocks();
  });

  it('navigates to property details when pressed', () => {
    const property = { id: '123', title: 'Test Property' };

    const { getByTestId } = render(
      <PropertyCard property={property} />
    );

    fireEvent.press(getByTestId('property-card'));

    expect(mockNavigationHelper.navigateToPropertyDetails)
      .toHaveBeenCalledWith('123', 'Test Property');
  });
});
```

## 1. Memoized Navigation Callbacks

typescript

```
// components/PropertyList.tsx
import React, { useMemo, useCallback } from 'react';
import { useNavigationHelper } from '../hooks/useNavigationHelper';

const PropertyList = ({ properties }) => {
  const { navigateToPropertyDetails } = useNavigationHelper();

  const navigationCallbacks = useMemo(() =>
    properties.reduce((acc, property) => {
      acc[property.id] = () => navigateToPropertyDetails(property.id, property.title);
      return acc;
    }, {}),
    [properties, navigateToPropertyDetails]
  );

  return (
    <FlatList
      data={properties}
      renderItem={({ item }) => (
        <TouchableOpacity onPress={navigationCallbacks[item.id]}>
          { /* Property content */ }
        </TouchableOpacity>
      )}
    />
  );
};
```

## 2. Lazy Navigation Functions

typescript

```
// hooks/useLazyNavigation.ts
import { useMemo } from 'react';
import { useNavigationHelper } from './useNavigationHelper';

export const useLazyNavigation = (screenNames: string[]) => {
  const navigationHelper = useNavigationHelper();

  return useMemo(() => {
    const lazyFunctions = {};

    screenNames.forEach(screenName => {
      const functionName = `navigateTo${screenName}`;
      if (navigationHelper[functionName]) {
        lazyFunctions[functionName] = navigationHelper[functionName];
      }
    });

    return lazyFunctions;
  }, [screenNames, navigationHelper]);
};
```

---

## Custom Navigation Patterns

### 1. Tab Switch with Data Preloading

typescript

```
// hooks/usePreloadNavigation.ts
export const usePreloadNavigation = () => {
  const { navigateToProperties } = useNavigationHelper();
  const { prefetchProperties } = usePropertiesApi();

  const navigateToPropertiesWithPreload = useCallback(async () => {
    // Start preloading data
    const propertiesPromise = prefetchProperties();

    // Navigate immediately
    navigateToProperties();

    // Data will be ready when screen loads
    await propertiesPromise;
  }, [navigateToProperties, prefetchProperties]);

  return {
    navigateToPropertiesWithPreload,
  };
};
```

## 2. Navigation with Loading States

typescript

```
// hooks/useLoadingNavigation.ts
import { useState } from 'react';
import { useNavigationHelper } from './useNavigationHelper';

export const useLoadingNavigation = () => {
  const [isNavigating, setIsNavigating] = useState(false);
  const navigationHelper = useNavigationHelper();

  const navigateWithLoading = useCallback(async (
    navigationFn: Function,
    ...args: any[]
  ) => {
    setIsNavigating(true);

    try {
      // Add artificial delay if needed for UX
      await new Promise(resolve => setTimeout(resolve, 100));
      navigationFn(...args);
    } finally {
      setIsNavigating(false);
    }
  }, []);

  return {
    ...navigationHelper,
    isNavigating,
    navigateWithLoading,
  };
};
```

## Production Tips

### 1. Error Handling

typescript

*// Add error boundaries around navigation-heavy screens*

```
const NavigationErrorBoundary = ({ children }) => {  
  const { resetToHome } = useNavigationHelper();  
  
  return (  
    <ErrorBoundary  
      onError={(error) => {  
        console.error('Navigation Error:', error);  
        resetToHome();  
      }}  
    >  
      {children}  
    </ErrorBoundary>  
  );  
};
```

## 2. Deep Linking Integration

typescript

*// hooks/useDeepLink.ts*

```
export const useDeepLink = () => {  
  const { navigateToPropertyDetails } = useNavigationHelper();  
  
  useEffect(() => {  
    const handleDeepLink = (url: string) => {  
      const propertyMatch = url.match(/\/property\/(.+)/);  
      if (propertyMatch) {  
        navigateToPropertyDetails(propertyMatch[1]);  
      }  
    };  
  });  
  
  // Listen for deep link events  
  Linking.addEventListener('url', handleDeepLink);  
  
  return () => {  
    Linking.removeEventListener('url', handleDeepLink);  
  };  
}, [navigateToPropertyDetails]);  
};
```

## 3. Navigation State Debugging

typescript

```
//utils/navigationLogger.ts
export const useNavigationLogger = () => {
  const navigationHelper = useNavigationHelper();

  if (__DEV__) {
    const loggedHelper = {};

    Object.keys(navigationHelper).forEach(key => {
      if (typeof navigationHelper[key] === 'function' && key.startsWith('navigateTo')) {
        loggedHelper[key] = (...args) => {
          console.log(`🌀 Navigation: ${key}`, args);
          return navigationHelper[key](...args);
        };
      } else {
        loggedHelper[key] = navigationHelper[key];
      }
    });

    return loggedHelper;
  }

  return navigationHelper;
};
```

---

## UI Integration Patterns

### 1. Navigation Button Components

typescript

```
// components/NavigationButton.tsx
```

```
import React from 'react';
import { TouchableOpacity, Text, StyleSheet } from 'react-native';
import { useNavigationHelper } from '../hooks/useNavigationHelper';
```

```
interface NavigationButtonProps {
  to: keyof ReturnType<typeof useNavigationHelper>;
  params?: any;
  children: React.ReactNode;
  style?: any;
  disabled?: boolean;
}
```

```
const NavigationButton: React.FC<NavigationButtonProps> = ({
  to,
  params,
  children,
  style,
  disabled = false,
}) => {
  const navigationHelper = useNavigationHelper();

  const handlePress = () => {
    if (!disabled && navigationHelper[to]) {
      if (params) {
        navigationHelper[to](params);
      } else {
        navigationHelper[to]();
      }
    }
  };
};
```

```
return (
  <TouchableOpacity
    style={[styles.button, style, disabled && styles.disabled]}
    onPress={handlePress}
    disabled={disabled}
  >
    <Text style={styles.buttonText}>{children}</Text>
  </TouchableOpacity>
);
```

```
// Usage
```

```
<NavigationButton to="navigateToProperties">
  View Properties
</NavigationButton>
```



```
<NavigationButton
  to="navigateToPropertyDetails"
  params={{ propertyId: '123', title: 'Modern Apartment' }}
>
  View Details
</NavigationButton>
```

## 2. Navigation Menu Component

typescript

```
// components/NavigationMenu.tsx
```

```
import React from 'react';
import { View, Text, TouchableOpacity } from 'react-native';
import { useNavigationHelper } from '../hooks/useNavigationHelper';
import { useAuth } from '../hooks/useAuth';
```

```
const NavigationMenu = () => {
  const { user } = useAuth();
  const {
    navigateToHome,
    navigateToProperties,
    navigateToMyProperties,
    navigateToProfile,
    navigateToSettings,
    navigateToAdminDashboard,
  } = useNavigationHelper();
```

```
  const menuItems = [
    { label: 'Home', action: navigateToHome, icon: 'home' },
    { label: 'Properties', action: navigateToProperties, icon: 'search' },
    {
      label: 'My Properties',
      action: navigateToMyProperties,
      icon: 'building',
      requiresAuth: true
    },
    {
      label: 'Profile',
      action: navigateToProfile,
      icon: 'user',
      requiresAuth: true
    },
    { label: 'Settings', action: navigateToSettings, icon: 'cog' },
    {
      label: 'Admin',
      action: navigateToAdminDashboard,
      icon: 'shield',
      requiresRole: 'admin'
    },
  ];
```

```
  const filteredItems = menuItems.filter(item => {
    if (item.requiresAuth && !user) return false;
    if (item.requiresRole && user?.role !== item.requiresRole) return false;
    return true;
  });
```

```
return (  
  <View style={styles.menu}>  
    {filteredItems.map((item, index) => (  
      <TouchableOpacity  
        key={index}  
        style={styles.menuItem}  
        onPress={item.action}  
      >  
        <Icon name={item.icon} size={20} />  
        <Text style={styles.menuText}>{item.label}</Text>  
      </TouchableOpacity>  
    )})  
  </View>  
);  
};
```

### 3. Breadcrumb Navigation

typescript

```
// components/Breadcrumb.tsx
import React from 'react';
import { View, Text, TouchableOpacity } from 'react-native';
import { useNavigationState } from '@react-navigation/native';
import { useNavigationHelper } from '../hooks/useNavigationHelper';
```

```
const Breadcrumb = () => {
  const navigationState = useNavigationState(state => state);
  const { goBack, resetToHome } = useNavigationHelper();
```

```
  const generateBreadcrumbs = () => {
    const routes = navigationState?.routes || [];
    return routes.map((route, index) => ({
      name: route.name,
      params: route.params,
      isLast: index === routes.length - 1,
    }));
  };
};
```

```
const breadcrumbs = generateBreadcrumbs();
```

```
if (breadcrumbs.length <= 1) return null;
```

```
return (
  <View style={styles.breadcrumb}>
    <TouchableOpacity onPress={resetToHome}>
      <Text style={styles.breadcrumbItem}>Home</Text>
    </TouchableOpacity>
```

```
    {breadcrumbs.map((crumb, index) => (
      <React.Fragment key={index}>
        <Text style={styles.separator}> / </Text>
        <TouchableOpacity
          onPress={() => {
            if (!crumb.isLast) {
              // Navigate back to this level
              const backSteps = breadcrumbs.length - index - 1;
              for (let i = 0; i < backSteps; i++) {
                goBack();
              }
            }
          }}
        >
          <Text style={[
            styles.breadcrumbItem,
            crumb.isLast && styles.currentItem
          ]>
```

```
    {formatScreenName(crumb.name)}  
  </Text>  
</TouchableOpacity>  
</React.Fragment>  
  )}  
</View>  
);  
};
```



## State Persistence Patterns

### 1. Navigation State Restoration

typescript

```
// hooks/useNavigationPersistence.ts
import AsyncStorage from '@react-native-async-storage/async-storage';
import { useNavigationHelper } from './useNavigationHelper';

const NAVIGATION_STATE_KEY = 'APP_NAVIGATION_STATE';

export const useNavigationPersistence = () => {
  const navigationHelper = useNavigationHelper();

  const saveNavigationState = async (state: any) => {
    try {
      await AsyncStorage.setItem(NAVIGATION_STATE_KEY, JSON.stringify(state));
    } catch (error) {
      console.warn('Failed to save navigation state:', error);
    }
  };

  const restoreNavigationState = async () => {
    try {
      const savedState = await AsyncStorage.getItem(NAVIGATION_STATE_KEY);
      return savedState ? JSON.parse(savedState) : null;
    } catch (error) {
      console.warn('Failed to restore navigation state:', error);
      return null;
    }
  };

  const clearNavigationState = async () => {
    try {
      await AsyncStorage.removeItem(NAVIGATION_STATE_KEY);
    } catch (error) {
      console.warn('Failed to clear navigation state:', error);
    }
  };

  return {
    saveNavigationState,
    restoreNavigationState,
    clearNavigationState,
  };
};
```

## 2. Context-Aware Navigation

typescript

```
// contexts/NavigationContext.tsx
```

```
import React, { createContext, useContext, useReducer } from 'react';  
import { useNavigationHelper } from '../hooks/useNavigationHelper';
```

```
interface NavigationState {  
  currentTab: string;  
  previousScreens: string[];  
  navigationHistory: Array<{ screen: string; timestamp: number }>;  
}
```

```
const NavigationContext = createContext<{  
  state: NavigationState;  
  helpers: ReturnType<typeof useNavigationHelper>;  
  addToHistory: (screen: string) => void;  
  clearHistory: () => void;  
} | null>(null);
```

```
export const NavigationProvider = ({ children }) => {  
  const helpers = useNavigationHelper();
```

```
  const [state, dispatch] = useReducer(navigationReducer, {  
    currentTab: 'Home',  
    previousScreens: [],  
    navigationHistory: [],  
  });
```

```
  const addToHistory = (screen: string) => {  
    dispatch({  
      type: 'ADD_TO_HISTORY',  
      payload: { screen, timestamp: Date.now() }  
    });  
  };  
};
```

```
  const clearHistory = () => {  
    dispatch({ type: 'CLEAR_HISTORY' });  
  };  
};
```

```
  return (  
    <NavigationContext.Provider value={{  
      state,  
      helpers,  
      addToHistory,  
      clearHistory,  
    }}>  
      {children}  
    </NavigationContext.Provider>  
  );  
};
```

```
};

export const useNavigationContext = () => {
  const context = useContext(NavigationContext);
  if (!context) {
    throw new Error('useNavigationContext must be used within NavigationProvider');
  }
  return context;
};
```

## Integration with External Libraries

### 1. Redux Integration



typescript

```
// hooks/useReduxNavigation.ts
import { useDispatch, useSelector } from 'react-redux';
import { useNavigationHelper } from './useNavigationHelper';
import { setCurrentScreen, addToNavigationHistory } from '../store/navigationSlice';

export const useReduxNavigation = () => {
  const dispatch = useDispatch();
  const navigationState = useSelector(state => state.navigation);
  const navigationHelper = useNavigationHelper();

  const enhancedNavigation = Object.keys(navigationHelper).reduce((acc, key) => {
    if (typeof navigationHelper[key] === 'function' && key.startsWith('navigateTo')) {
      acc[key] = (...args) => {
        // Update Redux state
        const screenName = key.replace('navigateTo', '');
        dispatch(setCurrentScreen(screenName));
        dispatch(addToNavigationHistory({
          screen: screenName,
          params: args,
          timestamp: Date.now(),
        }));

        // Call original navigation function
        return navigationHelper[key](...args);
      };
    } else {
      acc[key] = navigationHelper[key];
    }
  }, {});

  return {
    ...enhancedNavigation,
    navigationState,
  };
};
```

## 2. Analytics Integration

typescript

```
// hooks/useAnalyticsNavigation.ts
import { useNavigationHelper } from './useNavigationHelper';
import Analytics from '@react-native-firebase/analytics';

export const useAnalyticsNavigation = () => {
  const navigationHelper = useNavigationHelper();

  const trackScreenView = async (screenName: string, params?: any) => {
    try {
      await Analytics().logScreenView({
        screen_name: screenName,
        screen_class: screenName,
      });

      if (params) {
        await Analytics().logEvent('navigation_with_params', {
          screen_name: screenName,
          params: JSON.stringify(params),
        });
      }
    } catch (error) {
      console.warn('Analytics tracking failed:', error);
    }
  };

  // Wrap navigation functions with analytics
  const enhancedNavigation = Object.keys(navigationHelper).reduce((acc, key) => {
    if (typeof navigationHelper[key] === 'function' && key.startsWith('navigateTo')) {
      acc[key] = async (...args) => {
        const screenName = key.replace('navigateTo', '');
        await trackScreenView(screenName, args[0]);
        return navigationHelper[key](...args);
      };
    } else {
      acc[key] = navigationHelper[key];
    }
  }, {});

  return enhancedNavigation;
};
```

## Best Practices Summary

### Do's

1. **Use Specialized Hooks:** Use `useAuthNavigation`, `usePropertyNavigation` for focused functionality
2. **Type Everything:** Ensure all navigation functions are properly typed
3. **Handle Edge Cases:** Always check authentication, permissions, and network state
4. **Optimize Performance:** Use `useCallback` and `useMemo` for navigation handlers
5. **Test Navigation:** Write tests for critical navigation flows
6. **Log Navigation:** Add analytics and debugging logs for navigation events
7. **Handle Errors:** Implement error boundaries and fallback navigation
8. **Use Context:** Leverage React Context for navigation state management

## ✗ Don'ts

1. **Don't Use Class Components:** Stick to functional components with hooks
  2. **Don't Navigate in Render:** Always navigate in event handlers or effects
  3. **Don't Ignore Back Navigation:** Always handle the back button properly
  4. **Don't Hardcode Routes:** Use the navigation helper functions consistently
  5. **Don't Forget Loading States:** Show loading indicators during navigation
  6. **Don't Skip Error Handling:** Always handle navigation failures gracefully
  7. **Don't Overcomplicate:** Keep navigation logic simple and predictable
- 



## Migration from Class-Based Helper

If you're migrating from the class-based helper:

typescript

*// Before (Class-based)*

```
const helper = new NavigationHelper(navigation);  
helper.navigateToProperties();
```

*// After (Functional)*

```
const { navigateToProperties } = useNavigationHelper();  
navigateToProperties();
```

*// Before (Class instantiation in component)*

```
const MyComponent = ({ navigation }) => {  
  const helper = useMemo(() => new NavigationHelper(navigation), [navigation]);  
  
  return (  
    <Button onPress={() => helper.navigateToHome()} title="Home" />  
  );  
};
```

*// After (Direct hook usage)*

```
const MyComponent = () => {  
  const { navigateToHome } = useNavigationHelper();  
  
  return (  
    <Button onPress={navigateToHome} title="Home" />  
  );  
};
```

The functional approach provides better performance, easier testing, and more React-like patterns while maintaining all the functionality of the class-based approach.