

// Q1: malloc() - Single Integer

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int *ptr;
```

```
    ptr = (int *)malloc(sizeof(int));
```

```
    if (ptr == NULL) {
```

```
        printf("Memory allocation failed\n");
```

```
        return 1;
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("Enter an integer value: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d", ptr);
```

```
    printf("You entered: %d\n", *ptr);
```

```
    free(ptr);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

// Q2: calloc() - Store and Print n Integers

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
int main_calloc() {  
    int *ptr, n, i;  
    printf("Enter number of integers: ");  
    scanf("%d", &n);  
    ptr = (int *)calloc(n, sizeof(int));  
    if (ptr == NULL) {  
        printf("Memory allocation failed\n");  
        return 1;  
    }  
    printf("Enter %d integers:\n", n);  
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) scanf("%d", &ptr[i]);  
    printf("Stored integers are:\n");  
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) printf("%d ", ptr[i]);  
    printf("\n");  
    free(ptr);  
    return 0;  
}
```

// Q3: malloc() - Sum and Average of n Numbers

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
int main_sum_avg() {  
    float *ptr, sum = 0, average;  
    int n, i;  
    printf("Enter how many numbers: ");  
    scanf("%d", &n);  
    ptr = (float *)malloc(n * sizeof(float));  
    if (ptr == NULL) {  
        printf("Memory allocation failed\n");  
        return 1;  
    }  
    printf("Enter %d numbers:\n", n);  
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
        scanf("%f", &ptr[i]);  
        sum += ptr[i];  
    }  
}
```

```
    average = sum / n;  
    printf("Sum = %.2f\nAverage = %.2f\n",  
sum, average);  
    free(ptr);  
    return 0;  
}
```

// Q4: Stack using Dynamic Memory Allocation

```
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
int main_stack() {  
    int *stack, n, top = -1, choice, value, i;  
    printf("Enter size of stack: ");  
    scanf("%d", &n);  
    stack = (int *)malloc(n * sizeof(int));  
    if (stack == NULL) {  
        printf("Memory allocation failed\n");  
        return 1;  
    }  
}
```

```
}  
do {  
    printf("\n--- Stack Menu ---\n");  
    printf("1. Push\n2. Pop\n3.  
Display\n4. Exit\n");  
    printf("Enter your choice: ");  
    scanf("%d", &choice);  
    switch (choice) {  
        case 1:  
            if (top == n - 1)  
                printf("Stack Overflow\n");  
            else {  
                printf("Enter value to push: ");  
                scanf("%d", &value);  
                top++;  
                stack[top] = value;  
            }  
            break;  
        case 2:  
            if (top == -1)
```

```
        printf("Stack Underflow\n");
    else {
        printf("Popped element:
%d\n", stack[top]);
        top--;
    }
    break;
case 3:
    if (top == -1)
        printf("Stack is Empty\n");
    else {
        printf("Stack elements:\n");
        for (i = top; i >= 0; i--)
            printf("%d\n", stack[i]);
    }
    break;
case 4:
    printf("Exiting program...\n");
    break;
default:
```

```
        printf("Invalid choice\n");
    }
} while (choice != 4);
free(stack);
return 0;
}

// Q5: Read and Display File Contents
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int main_readfile() {
    FILE *fp;
    char ch;
    fp = fopen("filename.txt", "r");
    if (fp == NULL) {
        printf("File cannot be opened\n");
        return 1;
    }
    printf("File contents:\n");
```

```
while ((ch = fgetc(fp)) != EOF) {  
    putchar(ch);  
}  
fclose(fp);  
return 0;  
}
```

// Q6: Append Text to a File

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
int main_appendfile() {  
    FILE *fp;  
    char text[200];  
    fp = fopen("filename.txt", "a");  
    if (fp == NULL) {  
        printf("Unable to open file\n");  
        return 1;  
    }  
    printf("Enter text to append: ");
```



```
    getchar();  
    fgets(text, sizeof(text), stdin);  
    fputs(text, fp);  
    fclose(fp);  
    printf("Text appended successfully\n");  
    return 0;  
}
```

// Q7: Read Student Records and Display Rank-wise

```
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <stdlib.h>  
#include <string.h>
```

```
struct Student {  
    char name[50];  
    int roll;  
    float marks;  
};
```

```
int main_students() {
    struct Student s[100], temp;
    FILE *fp;
    int count = 0, i, j;
    fp = fopen("students.dat", "r");
    if (fp == NULL) {
        printf("File cannot be opened\n");
        return 1;
    }
    while (fscanf(fp, "%s %d %f",
s[count].name, &s[count].roll,
&s[count].marks) == 3) {
        count++;
    }
    fclose(fp);
    for (i = 0; i < count - 1; i++) {
        for (j = i + 1; j < count; j++) {
            if (s[i].marks < s[j].marks) {
                temp = s[i];
                s[i] = s[j];
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
        s[j] = temp;
    }
}
}
printf("\nRank-wise Student List:\n");
for (i = 0; i < count; i++) {
    printf("Rank %d: Name: %s | Roll: %d
| Marks: %.2f\n", i + 1, s[i].name, s[i].roll,
s[i].marks);
}
return 0;
}
```