21 When implementing linear regression of some dependent variable y on the set of independent variables $\mathbf{x} = (x_1,, x_r)$, where r is the number of predictors, which of the following statements will be true?			
a) $\beta_0, \beta_1,, \beta_r$ are the regression coefficients .			
b) Linear regression is about determining the best predicted weights by using the method of ordinary least squares .			
C) E is the random interval			
d) Both and b			

Ans:a

22. What indicates that you have a **perfect fit** in linear regression?

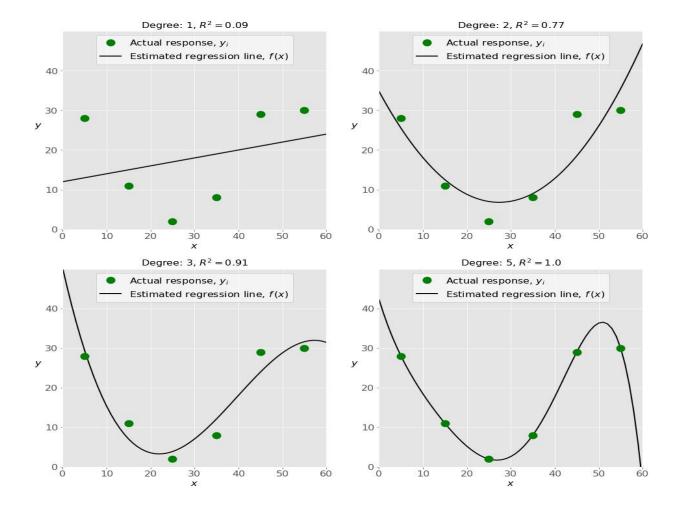
```
a) The value R² < 1, which corresponds to SSR = 0</li>
b) The value R² = 0, which corresponds to SSR = 1
c) The value R² > 0, which corresponds to SSR = 1
d) The value R² = 1, which corresponds to SSR = 0
```

Ans:d

23. In simple linear regression, the value of **what** shows the point where the estimated regression line crosses the y axis?

```
    a) Y
    b) B0
    c) B1
    d) F
    Ans: y intercept
```

24. Check out these four linear regression plots:



Which one represents an underfitted model?

- a)The bottom-left plot
- b) The top-right plot
- c) The bottom-right plot
- d) The top-left plot

Ans:d

- 25. There are five basic steps when you're implementing linear regression:
 - a. Check the results of model fitting to know whether the model is satisfactory.
 - **b.** Provide data to work with, and eventually do appropriate transformations.
 - **c.** Apply the model for predictions.
 - **d.** Import the packages and classes that you need.
 - e. Create a regression model and fit it with existing data.

Ans:b	
d) scipy	
c) Stats	
b) Num	
a) Pand	
compre	is a fundamental package for scientific computing with Python. It offers hensive mathematical functions, random number generators, linear algebra routines, Fourier rms, and more. It provides a high-level syntax that makes it accessible and productive.
Ans:c	
d) You	need to include optional parameters.
c) You	need more detailed results.
b) You'	re working with nonlinear terms.
A)You	want graphical representations of your data.
28) You	should choose statsmodels over scikit-learn when:
Ans:c	
c) Polyı	nomial regression
b) Simp	ole linear regression
a)Multi	ple linear regression
	o include nonlinear terms such as x^2 ?
27) Wh	ile working with scikit-learn, in which type of regression do you need to transform the array or
c)d)e)	fit_intercept normalize copy_X n_jobs reshape s:f
a)Fi	
	ich of the following are optional parameters to LinearRegression in scikit-learn?
Ans	s:d
b) c)	e, d, b, a, c d, e, c, b, a d, b, e, a, c
a)	e, c, a, b, d

However, those steps are currently listed in the wrong order. What's the correct order?

30)	is a Python data visualization library based on Matplotlib. It provides a high-level
interface for dra	wing attractive and informative statistical graphics that allow you to explore and
understand your	data. It integrates closely with pandas data structures.

- a) Bokeh
- b) Seaborn
- c) Matplotlib
- d) Dash

Ans:b