## 732A54 - Database Lab 1

SQL Queries and Views

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1. List all employees, i.e. all tuples in the jbemployee relation.

```
SELECT *
FROM jbemployee;
```

id   name		•	•	birthyear	•
10   Ross, S	•	15908	-		
11   Ross, S	tuart	12067	NULL	1931	1932
13   Edwards	, Peter	9000	l 199	1928	1958
26   Thompson	n, Bob	13000	l 199	1930	1970
32   Smythe,	Carol	9050	l 199	1929	1967
33   Hayes, 1	Evelyn	10100	l 199	1931	1963
35   Evans, 1	Michael	5000	l 32	1952	1974
37   Raveen,	Lemont	11985	l 26	1950	1974
55   James, 1	Mary	12000	l 199	1920	1969
98   Williams	s, Judy	9000	199	1935	1969
129   Thomas,	Tom	10000	199	1941	1962
157   Jones, 7	Γim	12000	199	1940	1960
199   Bullock	, J.D.	27000	NULL	1920	1920
215   Collins	, Joanne	7000	10	1950	1971
430   Brunet,	Paul C.	17674	129	1938	1959
843   Schmidt	, Herman	11204	26	1936	1956
994   Iwano, I	Masahiro	15641	129	1944	1970
1110   Smith, 1				1952	1973
1330   Onstad,	Richard	8779	13	1952	1971
1523   Zugnoni	, Arthur A.	19868	129	1928	1949
1639   Choy, Wa	anda	11160	J 55	1947	1970
2398   Wallace	, Maggie J.	7880	l 26	1940	1959
4901   Bailey,					•
5119   Bono, So	onny I			1939	1963
5219   Schwarz	, Jason B.	13374	33	1944	1959

2. List the name of all departments in alphabetical order. Note: by "name" we mean the name attribute for all tuples in the *jbdept* relation.

```
SELECT jbdept.name AS dept_name FROM jbdept ORDER BY dept_name;
```

```
dept_name |
+----+
Bargain
Book
Candy
Children's
| Children's
Furniture
Giftwrap
| Jewelry
Junior Miss
| Junior's
| Linens
| Major Appliances |
| Men's
Sportswear
Stationary
| Toys
| Women's
Women's
Women's
19 rows in set (0,00 sec)
```

3. What parts are not in store, i.e. qoh = 0? (qoh = Quantity On Hand)

```
SELECT *
FROM jbparts
WHERE jbparts.qoh=0;
```

4. Which employees have a salary between 9000 (included) and 10000 (included)?

```
| 13 | Edwards, Peter |
                       9000 | 199 |
                                                      1958 I
                                           1928 |
| 32 | Smythe, Carol |
                       9050 I
                                 199 l
                                           1929
                                                      1967
| 98 | Williams, Judy | 9000 |
                                 199 l
                                           1935
                                                      1969 I
| 129 | Thomas, Tom | 10000 |
                                 199
                                           1941
                                                      1962 |
4 rows in set (0,00 sec)
```

5. What was the age of each employee when they started working (startyear)?

```
SELECT emp.id, emp.name, (emp.startyear-emp.birthyear) AS age FROM jbemployee AS emp;
```

6. Which employees have a last name ending with "son"?

```
SELECT *
FROM jb.jbemployee AS emp
WHERE emp.lastname LIKE '%son';
```

According to my current schema the *jbemployee* table structure below which has only one column for the full name (firstname+lastname):

So far, according to the correct schema which I don't have it. Even when I connect to my remote IDA MySQL schema, I couldn't find any tables. So, I assumed that the below table has the correct structure and I wrote my query based on it.

```
+----+
| id | firstname | lastname | salary | manager | birthyear | startyear |
+----+
| 5219 | Schwarz | Jason | 13374 | 33 | 1944 | 1959 |
+----+
1 row in set (0,00 sec)
```

7. Which items (note items, not parts) have been delivered by a supplier called Fisher-Price? Formulate this query using a subquery in the where-clause.

8. Formulate the same query as above, but without a subquery.

```
SELECT itm.id, itm.name, itm.dept, itm.price, itm.qoh, itm.supplier
FROM jbitem AS itm, jbsupplier AS sup
WHERE itm.supplier = sup.id AND sup.name = 'Fisher-Price';
```

9. Show all cities that have suppliers located in them. Formulate this query using a subquery in the where-clause.

```
SELECT * FROM jbcity AS cty
WHERE cty.id IN (SELECT sup.city
FROM jbsupplier AS sup);
```

10. What is the name and color of the parts that are heavier than a card reader? Formulate this query using a subquery in the where-clause. (The SQL query must not contain the weight as a constant.)

11. Formulate the same query as above, but without a subquery. (The query must not contain the weight as a constant.)

```
SELECT prts.name, prts.color
FROM jbparts AS prts, jbparts AS prts2
WHERE prts2.name = 'card reader' AND prts.weight > prts2.weight;
+-----+
```

12. What is the average weight of black parts?

```
SELECT avg(prts.weight) AS avg_weight
FROM jbparts AS prts WHERE prts.color = 'black';
```

```
+-----+
| avg_weight |
+-----+
| 347.2500 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0,00 sec)
```

13. What is the total weight of all parts that each supplier in Massachusetts ("Mass") has delivered? Retrieve the name and the total weight for each of these suppliers. Do not forget to take the quantity of delivered parts into account. Note that one row should be returned for each supplier.

```
SELECT sup.name, SUM(prts.weight*sp.quan) AS total_weight
FROM jb.jbparts AS prts, jbsupplier AS sup, jbsupply AS sp, jbcity AS cty
WHERE prts.id = sp.part AND sup.id = sp.supplier
AND sup.city = cty.id AND cty.state = 'Mass'
GROUP BY sup.id;
```

14. Create a new relation (a table), with the same attributes as the table items using the CREATE TABLE syntax where you define every attribute explicitly (i.e. not as a copy of another table). Then fill the table with all items that cost less than the average price for items. Remember to define primary and foreign keys in your table!

```
CREATE TABLE jbitem_replica

(
    id` INT(11),
    name` VARCHAR(20),
    price` INT(11),
    qoh` INT(10) UNSIGNED,
    idept` INT(11),
    supplier` INT(11),
    PRIMARY KEY ('id`),
    FOREIGN KEY ('dept') REFERENCES `jbdept`('id`),
    FOREIGN KEY ('supplier`) REFERENCES `jbsupplier`('id`)
);
```

```
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0,47 sec)
```

```
INSERT INTO jb.jbitem_replica(`id`, `name`, `price`, `qoh`, `dept`, `supplier`)
    SELECT itm.id, itm.name, itm.price, itm.qoh, itm.dept, itm.supplier
    FROM jb.jbitem AS itm
    WHERE (itm.price) < (SELECT AVG(jb.jbitem.price) FROM jb.jbitem);</pre>
```

```
Query OK, 14 rows affected (0,14 sec)
Records: 14 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

```
SELECT *
FROM jb.jbitem_replica;
```

```
| 107 | The 'Feel' Book | 225 | 225 | 35 |
                                89 |
| 118 | Towels, Bath | 250 | 1000 |
                            26 |
                                   213
49 I
                                   89 |
                                  213
                            26 I
                                  33 |
33 |
         | 825 | 500 |
| 650 | 1200 |
                            65 I
| 258 | Shirt
                            58 I
+----+-
14 rows in set (0,00 sec)
```