



## Grade 12 Physics Light Test

First Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Last Name: \_\_\_\_\_

### Directions:

- Please answer to 2 decimal points
- The test is designed to be completed in 75 minutes

*For grading use only*

Page:	2	3	4	Total
Points:	7	11	16	34
Score:				

**Multiple Choice (10 marks)**

1. (1 point) Which technology primarily uses total internal reflection?
  - A. Fiber optics
  - B. Solar panels
  - C. Microwave ovens
  - D. X-ray machines
2. (1 point) What is the wavelength of light with frequency  $6.00 \times 10^{14}$  Hz in a vacuum?
  - A. 200 nm
  - B. 500 nm
  - C. 650 nm
  - D. 800 nm
3. (1 point) A ray of light passes from water ( $n = 1.33$ ) into glass ( $n = 1.50$ ). Which of the following correctly describes how the light ray behaves at the boundary?
  - A. It speeds up and bends away from the normal.
  - B. It slows down and bends toward the normal.
  - C. It maintains the same speed but changes direction.
  - D. It slows down and bends away from the normal.
4. (1 point) For destructive interference in thin films, the path difference should be:
  - A.  $n\lambda$
  - B.  $2n\lambda$
  - C.  $\frac{\lambda}{2}$
  - D.  $(n + \frac{1}{2})\lambda$
5. (1 point) Which phenomenon explains rainbow patterns on CDs/DVDs?
  - A. Refraction
  - B. Polarization
  - C. Diffraction
  - D. Total internal reflection
6. (1 point) A light ray enters glass ( $n=1.5$ ) from air ( $n=1.0$ ). If the angle of incidence is  $30^\circ$ , what is the angle of refraction?
  - A.  $19.47^\circ$
  - B.  $19.47^\circ$
  - C.  $30.00^\circ$
  - D.  $48.59^\circ$
7. (1 point) A convex lens has a focal length of 15 cm. An object is placed 10 cm from the lens. The image formed will be:
  - A. Real, inverted, and larger than the object.
  - B. Virtual, upright, and larger than the object.
  - C. Real, inverted, and smaller than the object.

- D. Virtual, upright, and smaller than the object.
8. (1 point) The energy of a photon with wavelength 450 nm is:
- A.  $1.33 \times 10^{-19}$  J
  - B.  $2.89 \times 10^{-19}$  J
  - C.  $5.67 \times 10^{-19}$  J
  - D.  $4.42 \times 10^{-19}$  J
9. (1 point) Polarization by reflection occurs when:
- A. Angle equals Brewster's angle
  - B. Light is completely absorbed
  - C. Total internal reflection occurs
  - D. Light is transmitted
10. (1 point) A coil of wire moves through a magnetic field, inducing a current. If the speed of the coil's motion doubles, the induced current will:
- A. Stay the same
  - B. Stay the same
  - C. Double
  - D. Become zero

## Long Answer (40 marks)

11. Thin Film Interference

- (a) (4 points) A soap bubble ( $n=1.33$ ) in air appears yellow-green ( $=550$  nm) at its thinnest point. Calculate the minimum thickness of the film.
- (b) (4 points) Explain why thicker regions of the bubble appear redder, and why colors change when viewed from different angles.

12. Double-Slit Interference

- (a) (4 points) Calculate fringe spacing for 650 nm light through slits 0.15 mm apart, projected 1.2 m away
- (b) (4 points) Explain what happens to the pattern if blue light (=470 nm) replaces red light (=700 nm)

13. Layered Media Refraction

- (a) (4 points) Light travels from air ( $n=1.00$ ) through 5 cm of water ( $n=1.33$ ), then 3 cm of glass ( $n=1.52$ ). If the initial angle is  $30^\circ$ , calculate the final angle in the glass.
- (b) (4 points) Calculate the total lateral displacement of the light beam through the system.