# How to Write A Recipe? Automating Feature Engineering Using DriverlessAI

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### Question

- 1. How many of us have built variables, features, transformers, or feature transformers?
- 2. What are they?

#### Answer

- 1. Variables, features, transformers, feature transformers are refer to the same.
- 2. Each column in your data is considered a variable or a feature.
- 3. Each *new* column created is also referred to as a variable or a feature.
- 4. The process of creating a new variable, or a feature is called a transformation.
- 5. The code processing an existing column to a new column is called a transformer.

## Example Transformation

- 1. height- Variable
- 2. New variable after transformation log2(height)

### Question

- 1. How many of us are familiar with Custom Transformers in Driverless AI?
- 2. What are they?

#### Answer

- 1. DriverlessAl already has a large, comprehensive set of transformers.
- 2. But there are always domains that require nuanced features.
- 3. And for this, DriverlessAl provides us to create custom transformers.
- 4. This is provided by provisioning an extension class CustomTransformer

## How Did We Build A Custom Transformer?

Driverless AI provides an extension.

This is a class 'CustomTransformer'

 ${\tt class} \ {\tt ExampleLogTransformer(CustomTransformer):}$ 

#### How Did We Build This?

#### The class has:

- 1. Parameters that need to be provided.
- 2. These parameters are specific to the type of feature recipe that you are building.
- 3. It also has four methods which primarily handle your feature engineering transformation.

#### Parameters - Basic

```
class ExampleLogTransformer(CustomTransformer):
    _regression = True
    _binary = True
    _multiclass = True
```

#### Parameters - Advanced

```
class ExampleLogTransformer(CustomTransformer):
    _regression = True
    _binary = True
    _multiclass = True
    _numeric_output = True
    _is_reproducible = True
    _excluded_model_classes = ['tensorflow']
    _modules_needed_by_name = ["custom_package==1.0.0"]
```

## Acceptance Method

```
class ExampleLogTransformer(CustomTransformer):
_regression = True
_binary = True
multiclass = True
_numeric_output = True
_is_reproducible = True
_excluded_model_classes = ['tensorflow']
_modules_needed_by_name = ["custom_package==1.0.0"]
@staticmethod
def do_acceptance_test():
return True
```

### Input Data

```
...
@staticmethod
def do_acceptance_test():
return True

@staticmethod
def get_default_properties():
return dict(col_type = "numeric", min_cols = 1, max_cols = 1,
relative_importance = 1)
```

## Input Data Types

```
a. "all" - all column types
b. "any" - any column types
c. "numeric" - numeric int/float column
d. "categorical" - string/int/float column considered a categorical for feature engineering
e. "numcat" - allow both numeric or categorical
f. "datetime" - string or int column with raw datetime such as
'%Y/%m/%d %H:%M:%S' or '%Y%m%d%H%M'
```

## Input Data Types

```
g. "date" - string or int column with raw date such as
'%Y/%m/%d' or '%Y%m%d'
h. "text" - string column containing text
(and hence not treated as categorical)
i. "time_column" - the time column specified at the start of
the experiment (unmodified)
```

#### Fit Function

```
@staticmethod
def get_default_properties():
    return dict(col_type = "numeric", min_cols = 1, max_cols = 1,
    relative_importance = 1)

def fit_transform(self, X: dt.Frame, y: np.array = None):
    X_pandas = X.to_pandas()
    X_p_log = np.log10(X_pandas)
    return X_p_log
```

#### Transform Function

```
def fit_transform(self, X: dt.Frame, y: np.array = None):
X_pandas = X.to_pandas()
X_p_log = np.log10(X_pandas)
return X_p_log

def transform(self, X: dt.Frame):
X_pandas = X.to_pandas()
X_p_log = np.log10(X_pandas)
return X_p_log
```

## Library

from h2oaicore.systemutils import segfault, loggerinfo, main\_logger
from h2oaicore.transformer\_utils import CustomTransformer
import datatable as dt
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import logging

## DEMO

## Advantages

- 1. Feature engineering process standardised by:
  - 1.1 preset parameters
  - 1.2 preset methods
- 2. Effort minimisation leads to minimisation in time spent.
- 3. Build only once Feature engineering is carried over from training/testing to production.
- 4. DAI automatically, runs multiple models on various sets of features to get the best model.
- 5. All the requirements are handled internally by DAI.

### References

#### How to build a recipe

https://github.com/ashrith/how\_to\_write\_a\_recipe

## Thanks & Questions