CAPSTONE PROJECT
TITLE PROCESS SCHEDULER SIMULATOR

Submitted to

SAVEETHA SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

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ABSTRACT

- Process scheduling is a fundamental aspect of modern operating systems, responsible for efficiently allocating system resources to multiple competing processes. Understanding and evaluating different scheduling algorithms is crucial for optimising system performance and resource utilisation.
- In this paper, we present a Process Scheduler Simulator (PSS), a flexible and extensible simulation framework designed to emulate various process scheduling algorithms. PSS provides a simulated environment where different scheduling algorithms can be implemented, tested, and compared under controlled conditions.
- The simulator incorporates key components of a real operating system scheduler, including process arrival, CPU burst, I/O operations, and context switching. It supports a range of scheduling policies such as First Come First Serve (FCFS), Shortest Job Next (SJN), Round Robin (RR), Priority-based scheduling, and Multilevel Feedback Queue (MLFQ) scheduling

INTRODUCTION

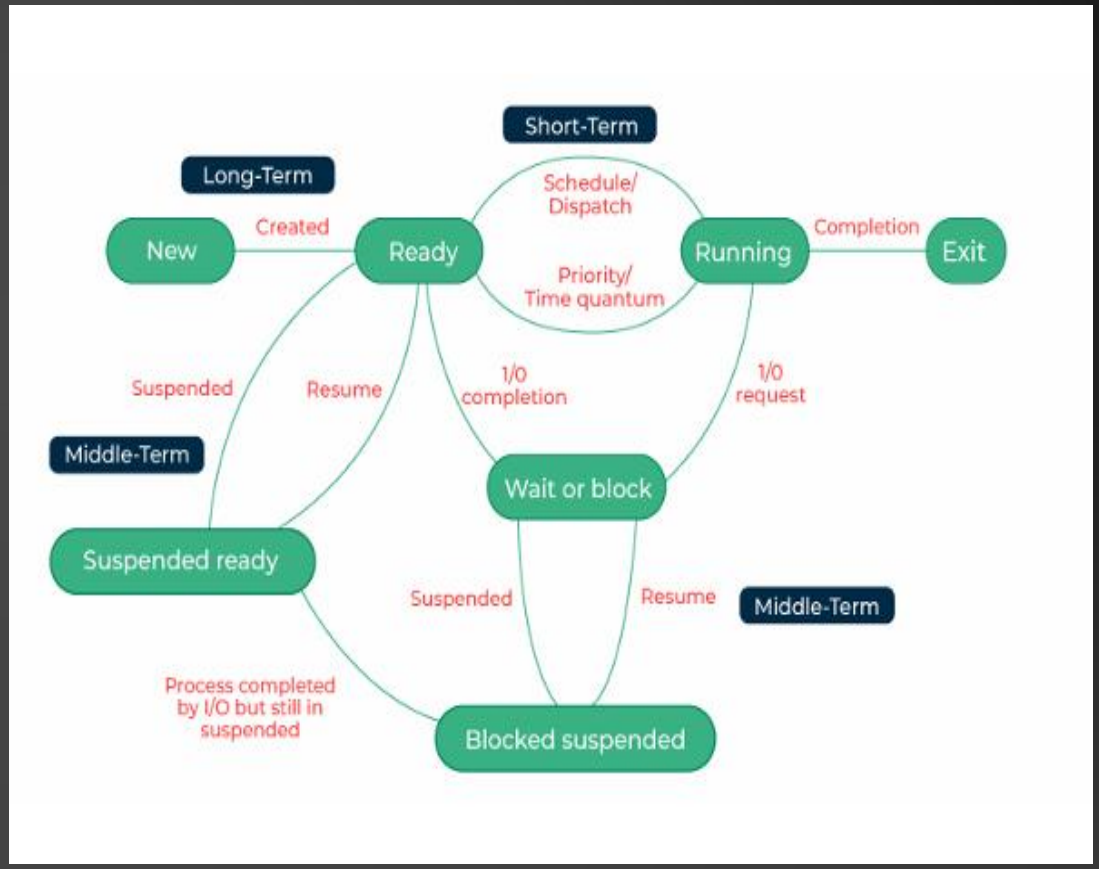
- In the realm of operating systems, process scheduling stands as a cornerstone, orchestrating the allocation of system resources to numerous concurrent processes. The efficacy of this allocation profoundly influences system performance, responsiveness, and overall efficiency.
- As the demands on modern computing systems continue to escalate, understanding and optimizing process scheduling algorithms become increasingly imperative. The intricacies of process scheduling algorithms necessitate thorough examination under controlled conditions,. This paper introduces the Process Scheduler Simulator (PSS), a comprehensive simulation platform tailored for exploring the nuances of diverse scheduling policies.

GANTT CHART

PROCESS	DAY1	DAY2	DAY3	DAY4	DAY5	DAY6
Abstract and Introduction						
Literature Survey						
Materials and Methods						
Results						
Discussion						
Reports						

PROCESS

- A process in the context of operating systems refers to a program in execution. Each process has its own memory space, containing code, data, and resources required for its execution. Processes are managed by the operating system's kernel, which is responsible for allocating resources, scheduling their execution, and ensuring proper communication and synchronization between processes. Processes can be categorized into several types based on their behavior and requirements
- 1.Foreground Processes
- 2.Background Processes
- .System Processes
- .User Processes



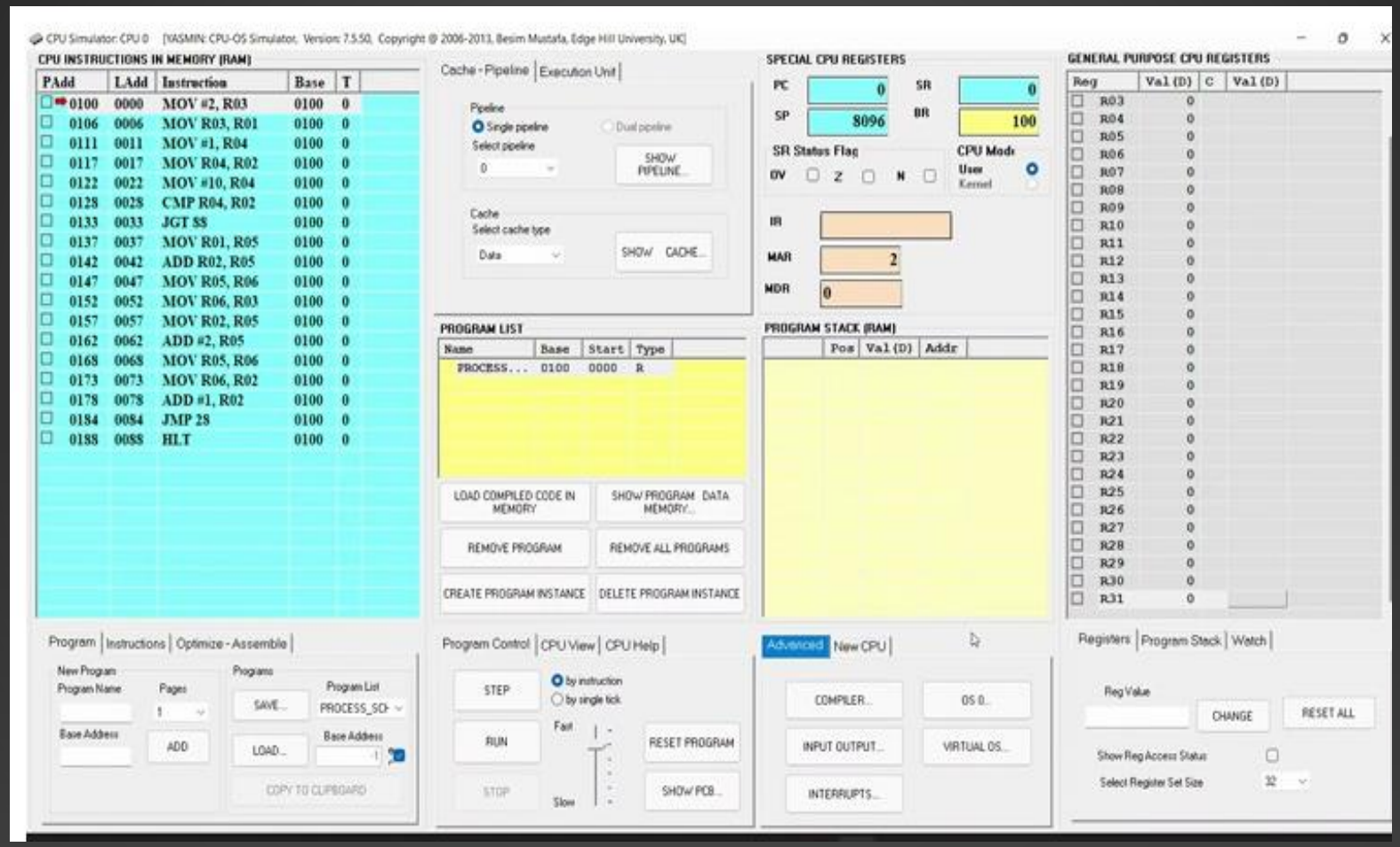
OBJECTIVE

- The objective of a process scheduler simulator is multifaceted, aiming to fulfil various educational, research, and practical goals. Here are some key objectives Educational Tool The simulator serves as an educational platform for students and professionals to understand the principles, mechanisms, and complexities of process scheduling algorithms.
- Researchers can use the simulator to conduct experiments, analyze results, and contribute to the advancement of scheduling theory and practice. Algorithm Comparison One of the primary objectives is to facilitate the comparison of various process scheduling algorithms.
- the objective of a process scheduler simulator is to provide a versatile and accessible platform for studying, researching, and optimising process scheduling algorithms, ultimately contributing to advancements in operating system theory and practice.

LITERATURE REVIEW

- A literature review on process scheduler simulators encompasses various studies, methodologies, and tools developed to explore, analyse, and optimise process scheduling algorithms. Here's a brief overview of some key aspects typically covered in such reviews Overview of Process Scheduling Algorithms:* Literature reviews often start by providing an overview of traditional and modern process scheduling algorithms.
- Existing Simulators and Tools Literature reviews typically survey existing process scheduler simulators and tools. This involves examining their features, capabilities, and limitations.
- Some simulators may focus on specific scheduling algorithms or provide a broader range of options for experimentation Challenges and Future Directions Literature reviews may identify challenges and open research questions in the field of process scheduling.

OUTPUT


CPU Simulator: CPU 0 [YASMIN: CPU-OS Simulator, Version: 7.5.50, Copyright @ 2006-2013, Besim Mustafa, Edge Hill University, UK]
CPU INSTRUCTIONS IN MEMORY (RAM)
PAdd LAdd Instruction Base T
0100 0000 MOV #2, R03 0100 0
0106 0006 MOV R03, R01 0100 0
0111 0011 MOV #1, R04 0100 0
0117 0017 MOV R04, R02 0100 0
0122 0022 MOV #10, R04 0100 0
0128 0028 CMP R04, R02 0100 0
0133 0033 JGT $$ 0100 0
0137 0037 MOV R01, R05 0100 0
0142 0042 ADD R02, R05 0100 0
0147 0047 MOV R05, R06 0100 0
0152 0052 MOV R06, R03 0100 0
0157 0057 MOV R02, R05 0100 0
0162 0062 ADD #2, R05 0100 0
0168 0068 MOV R05, R06 0100 0
0173 0073 MOV R06, R02 0100 0
0178 0078 ADD #1, R02 0100 0
0184 0084 JMP 28 0100 0
0188 0088 HLT 0100 0
Cache - Pipeline | Execution Unit
Pipeline
Single pipeline
Dual pipeline
Select pipeline
SHOW PIPELINE...
Cache
Select cache type
Data
SHOW CACHE...
SPECIAL CPU REGISTERS
PC 0
SR 0
SP 8096
BR 100
SR Status Flag
OV Z N
CPU Mode
User
Kernel
IR
MAR 2
MDR 0
GENERAL PURPOSE CPU REGISTERS
Reg Val (D) C Val (D)
R03 0
R04 0
R05 0
R06 0
R07 0
R08 0
R09 0
R10 0
R11 0
R12 0
R13 0
R14 0
R15 0
R16 0
R17 0
R18 0
R19 0
R20 0
R21 0
R22 0
R23 0
R24 0
R25 0
R26 0
R27 0
R28 0
R29 0
R30 0
R31 0
PROGRAM LIST
Name Base Start Type
PROCESS... 0100 0000 R
LOAD COMPILED CODE IN MEMORY
SHOW PROGRAM DATA MEMORY...
REMOVE PROGRAM
REMOVE ALL PROGRAMS
CREATE PROGRAM INSTANCE
DELETE PROGRAM INSTANCE
PROGRAM STACK (RAM)
Pos Val (D) Addr
Program | Instructions | Optimize - Assemble
New Program
Program Name
Pages
Base Address
ADD
Programs
SAVE...
Program List
PROCESS_SCI
LOAD...
Base Address
COPY TO CLIPBOARD
Program Control | CPU View | CPU Help
STEP
by instruction
by single tick
RUN
Fast
Slow
STOP
RESET PROGRAM
SHOW PCB...
Advanced | New CPU
COMPILER...
OS 0...
INPUT OUTPUT...
VIRTUAL OS...
INTERRUPTS...
Registers | Program Stack | Watch
Reg Value
CHANGE
RESET ALL
Show Reg Access Status
Select Register Set Size
32

CONCLUSION

- In conclusion, a process scheduler simulator serves as a valuable tool for understanding, evaluating, and optimising process scheduling algorithms in operating systems. Through this project, we have explored the design, implementation, and objectives of such a simulator, highlighting its significance in educational, research, and practical contexts.By providing a user-friendly interface and robust simulation capabilities, the simulator facilitates hands-on exploration of scheduling algorithms, enabling students to deepen their understanding of operating system concepts and principles.

REFERENCES

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