## 1NC

### The United States Federal Government should purchase and subsequently cancel one billion dollars of Libya’s debt in exchange for a substantial and verifiable investment by the Libyan government in the deployment of information and communication technology systems, including e-governance, to fight corruption, engender transparency and enable the citizenry and civil society to contribute more to public policy formulation and resource allocation.

### Debt for ICT swaps increase transparency and stop corruption – creates a multiplier effect that ensures private IT diffusion

Laryea, Senior Lecturer - Law – Monash, 11

(Debt-for-Development Exchanges: history and new applications, pg. 288)

The debt-for- development mechanism (

AND

It would enhance the efficacy of future grants.

## 2NC

### The counterplan solves

### a) Empirical evidence from a study of 149 countries

Laryea, Senior Lecturer - Law – Monash, 11

(Debt-for-Development Exchanges: history and new applications, pg. 279)

If appropriately implemented, such an e

**AND**

**ICT applications tools to combat corruption is significant.**

### b) Whistle Blowing

Salbu, Dean - College of Management - Georgia Tech, 01

(Information Technology in the War Against International Bribery and Corruption: The Next Frontier of Institutional Reform, 38 Harv. J. on Legis. 67)

Before development of the Internet, public expression

AND

rarely emphasized as an institutional weapon against bribery,

IT may be the **single most promising anti-corruption tool** of the new century.

### Debt exchanges camouflage debt relief – protects against political backlash

Buckley, Law Prof – New South Wales, 11

(Debt-for-Development Exchanges: history and new applications, pg. 317)

Debt-for-development exchanges camouflage debt

**AND**

**relief** more politically palatable **for donor country governments.**