

Generating PowerPoint Reports from a Shiny App

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http://www.kdv-decisions.com April 2016

I designed this example to help others get started building a customized PowerPoint report from within R Shiny. I found this package very easy to use, primarily building from the powerpoint example on the author's (David Gohel) website. My biggest challenges were learning to customize the PowerPoint templates and then fine-tuning the layouts to align the various parts. However, once I learned to manipulate the templates, I found building presentations with ReporteRs simpler, and more customizable, than fiddling around with Slidy or other slide packages in R. The documentation that comes with ReporteRs provides examples for inserting other types of context (e.g., flex tables) or generating Word documents. Note: ReporteRs requires Java JRE (see special ReportRs install instructions).

Demo Objective

Create a Shiny app that evaluates data and outputs the results as a PowerPoint report in a customized template.

GitHub Materials

The code and template for this example are on my Github:

- app.R code for a simple 3-slide example (same code as shown in this document with comments)
- Project_Template.pptx the template used by the app.R file (*note that you'll have to edit the app to point to the location where you save this file)

<u>Create a custom Powerpoint template</u>

Windows 10, MS Office 365 template for use by ReporteRs

- Open a blank Powerpoint file.
- Switch to Slide Master view by selecting View > Slide Master
- Notice that there are two types of master slide:
 - Office Theme Slide Master any edits to this slide master will propagate through all the slides
 - Layout series of slides edits to these slides just modify individual layouts
- Interact with these Master Theme and Layout slides in the same way you'd build and modify a PowerPoint presentation. Add a banner image and logo to the Theme to have this appear throughout the slide – or just add images and logos to a single slide layout. The same instruction applies to changing font styles, rearranging the slide elements, etc.



- Hover over a slide to view its name, right-click to access a dialog to rename, add, delete, or duplicate a slide.
- Choose *Slide Master > Insert Placeholder* to insert new elements for tables, text, media, images, etc.

All of the above was fairly straight-forward once I found the Master Slide commands. What was less intuitive, yet apparently necessary to use the template with ReporteRs:

- When you have a template you like and are ready to save it, FIRST SWITCH BACK TO NORMAL VIEW (click Close Master View) and delete any/all slides that are present in the deck.
- DO NOT SAVE AS A TEMPLATE (*.potx) save it as a regular *.pptx file in the main folder of your Shiny app.

Build a *.pptx Report within Shiny

R 3.3.2 (2016-10-31), R Studio 1.0.136, ReporteRs 0.8.8, and shiny 1.0.0 In the code at the end of this document (pg 4-5; same as in the app.R file), I've focused on the downloadHandler component. The YG360 app contains fileInput, uiOutput and dataTableOutput code to upload files, select subject for reporting, and view summary tables. This code instead uses two tibbles of generated data and substitutes in a simple selectInput and tableOutput. Here are some tips with added explanation or options for certain points in the demonstration code.

Line 33: You create the filename here, so it seems frustratingly counter-intuitive when you run the Shiny app locally and it pops open the file dialog to save a file named "report" – not the nice unique name with a pptx extension. I spent a long time trying to fix this before realizing that when I deployed the app on Shinyappsio, it would work as intended and use the reactively generated name.

Line 37: If you'd rather use the default template, just use doc <- pptx()

Line 39: Update the doc object by adding a slide with the addSlide() function. You must provide a layout name from either the default or your custom template. If you cannot remember the layout names, in the console window you could type (substituting in the path where you stored the template file):

```
doc <- pptx(template="C:/Demos/Project_Template.pptx") # or doc <-
pptx() to view layouts of the default template
slide.layouts( doc )
[1] "Project_TitleSlide" "Project_Scatter&Pie"</pre>
```

line 41: Update the doc by adding content to the various elements of that layout. Some elements will have names (e.g. Title, Subtitle, PageNumber) and others are simple generic

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"Body" elements where you can add text, plots, or tables. If you are unsure what the elements are named and/or what order they are numbered, you can return to the console and type:

slide.layouts(doc, 'Project_Scatter&Pie')

This will open a diagram of the slide layout in R Studio's plot window. Notice that you do NOT specify which Body element you are providing – the first and second plots added are assigned to the Body 1 and Body 2 elements, respectively.

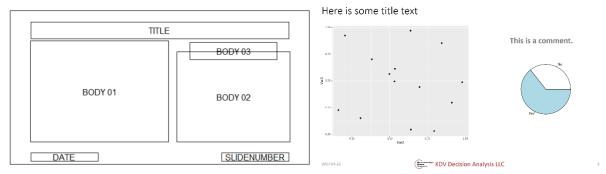


Figure 1. The layout diagram for the 'Project_Scatter&Pie' layout (LEFT) and slide generated with that layout (RIGHT).

Lines 47-49: Notice the difference between adding a ggplot figure and a base figure! The ggplot figure is created as an object that is then printed, while the base plot is created directly in the addPlot() function.

```
library(ggplot2)
 1
 2
      library(magrittr)
      library(dplyr)
 3
 4
      library(ReporteRs)
 5
 6
      invites <- tibble(Leaders = c(rep("LeaderX", 8), rep("LeaderY", 6)),
 7
                  Subjects = paste(rep("Subject", 14), 1:14))
8
      responses <- tibble(Leaders = c(rep("LeaderX", 8), rep("LeaderY", 6)),
9
                    Subjects = paste(rep("Subject", 14), 1:14),
                    Var1 = rep(c("Yes","No"), 7), #rbinom(14, 1, 0.75),
10
                    Var2 = runif(14, 0, 1),
11
12
                    Var3 = runif(14, 0, 1)
13
      dat <- merge(invites, responses, by = c("Leaders", "Subjects"))
14
15
      piedat <- dat %>%
       group by(Var1) %>%
16
17
       summarize(CntVar1 = n()) %>%
18
       ungroup()
19
20
      ui <- fluidPage(
21
       # tableOutput("StatusSummary"),
22
       selectInput("LeaderID", "Select a leader to generate a report:", unique(dat$Leaders)),
       downloadButton("report", "Save Report")
23
24
      )
25
26
      server <- function(input, output) {
       output$StatusSummary <- renderTable({</pre>
27
28
        dat })
29
30
       output$report <- downloadHandler(
31
        # the filename to use
32
        filename = function() {
         paste0("Demo_", input$LeaderID , "_",Sys.Date(),".pptx") },
33
        # the document to produce
34
35
        content = function(file){
         # use custom template
36
37
         doc <- pptx(template = 'Project Template.pptx')</pre>
         # Add a slide by first selecting a layout from your Master Slide layout styles
38
         doc <- addSlide( doc, slide.layout = 'Project TitleSlide' )</pre>
39
         # Then fill in the relevant elements for that slide
40
         doc <- addTitle( doc, input$LeaderID)</pre>
41
```

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```
doc <- addSubtitle( doc, paste(Sys.Date()))</pre>
42
43
         # Add slide with figures – notice difference between adding base plots and ggplots
44
         doc <- addSlide( doc, slide.layout = 'Project Bar&PiePlots' )</pre>
45
46
         doc <- addTitle( doc, "Here is some title text")</pre>
         PlotA <- ggplot(dat, aes(Var2, Var3))+geom_point()
47
         doc <- addPlot( doc, function() print(PlotA))</pre>
48
         doc <- addPlot( doc, function() pie(piedat$CntVar1, labels=piedat$Var1))
49
         doc <- addParagraph (doc, "This is a comment.")
50
51
         doc <- addDate( doc )</pre>
         doc <- addPageNumber( doc )</pre>
52
53
54
         writeDoc( doc, file )
55
        } # end of report content function
       ) # end of downloadHandler function
56
57
      } # end of server function
58
59
60
      # Run the application
61
      shinyApp(ui = ui, server = server)
```