

## Analysis Report for: CB5E567D9204875EF90E75DD62C0DA4D.c

### **\*\*Overall Functionality\*\***

This C code appears to be the decompiled output of a Windows installer, likely created using a tool like NSIS (Nullsoft Scriptable Install System). It performs a variety of tasks related to installation, including:

- \*\*Installer Integrity Check:\*\*** Verifies the integrity of the installer itself.
- \*\*File Extraction and Manipulation:\*\*** Extracts files from the installer, possibly using some form of compression or encryption, and then performs operations on those files (renaming, moving, setting attributes, etc.).
- \*\*Registry Manipulation:\*\*** Interacts with the Windows Registry, adding, modifying, or deleting keys and values.
- \*\*File System Operations:\*\*** Creates directories, copies files, moves files, deletes files, and retrieves file information.
- \*\*UI Interaction (Dialog Box):\*\*** Displays a dialog box to the user to provide progress updates during the installation process.
- \*\*Custom Actions:\*\*** Executes custom functions, presumably related to installation-specific tasks.
- \*\*Privilege Elevation:\*\*** Attempts to elevate privileges using the ``SeShutdownPrivilege``. This is a particularly suspicious aspect.

The code is heavily obfuscated, employing many functions with unclear names (``sub_401000``, ``sub_40117D``, etc.) and indirect function calls. This makes precise determination of all actions difficult.

### **\*\*Function Summaries\*\***

Due to the obfuscation and the large number of functions, only a selection of the most significant functions will be summarized. A complete summary would be excessively long and not particularly insightful without significantly more reverse engineering effort.

``start()``: The main entry point of the installer. It initializes components, performs various checks and actions, and handles the installation process. It ultimately exits with a return code indicating success or failure.

``sub_401000()``: Window procedure for the main installer window. Handles window messages, including painting the window and handling custom messages.

``sub_40117D()``, ``sub_4011EF()``, ``sub_401299()``, ``sub_4012E2()``: These functions appear to work together on some internal data structure, possibly managing the installation steps or file metadata. They appear to involve bit manipulation and conditional logic.

``sub_401434()``: A dispatcher function. It takes an instruction code as input and calls other functions based on that code. It manages the actual operations that are performed. This function is the core of the installer's logic.

``sub_402A1D()``, ``sub_402A3A()``: Functions for retrieving data from an internal array (probably configuration data for the installer).

``sub_402B44()``: Opens a registry key.

``sub_402E9F()``: Handles file writing, potentially with some form of compression or encryption.

``sub_40307B()``, ``sub_403091()``: Wrapper functions for ``ReadFile`` and ``SetFilePointer`` respectively.

``sub_40548A()``: Creates a new process. This is suspicious for potentially executing malicious code.

``sub_405BB4()``: Moves or renames files.

### **\*\*Control Flow (Selected Functions)\*\***

``start()``: The ``start()`` function's control flow is complex and involves many conditional branches and function calls based on installer configurations. It performs a significant amount of work with registry and file system, which suggests a more invasive installation process. Its most critical paths involve installer integrity checks, setting up installation parameters, executing the actual installation (``sub_401434()``), and then potentially triggering a system shutdown.

``sub_401434()``: This function employs a large ``switch`` statement to execute different operations based on opcode values in a data structure. Each case within the ``switch`` handles a specific task: file system operations, registry modifications, process creation, UI updates, and more. The complex logic and numerous operations within this function are a strong indicator of an extensive and possibly malicious installation script.

### **\*\*Data Structures\*\***

The code makes use of several key data structures:

**\*\*Internal Data Arrays:\*\*** Several large arrays, potentially containing configurations, file lists, installation steps, or some form of obfuscated code.

``dword_423710``: This seems to be a structure holding various installation parameters and flags

**\*\*Registry Keys:\*\*** The code interacts with registry keys for settings configuration and storage.

\* `mbp` (MSGBOXPARAMSA): A structure for displaying message boxes to the user.

The specific layouts of the arrays are difficult to decipher fully without access to the original, un-decompiled code. The obfuscation makes static analysis exceedingly challenging.

#### **\*\*Malware Family Suggestion\*\***

Based on its functionality, this code strongly resembles a **\*\*malicious installer\*\*** or a **\*\*dropper\*\***. The attempt to elevate privileges to `SeShutdownPrivilege`, combined with the obfuscation, file system manipulation, and registry interaction (especially deleting keys that is hard to recover), makes a benign interpretation unlikely. The complex structure and many seemingly unrelated actions suggest that it may be a sophisticated malware dropper, designed to install additional malicious payloads or perform harmful actions during or after the apparent installation. Further analysis (dynamic analysis, especially) would be needed to determine the exact type of malware and its intended actions. The presence of such an elaborate installer implies that it has a level of sophistication beyond typical benign installers.