

Practical Name: Group Discussion Practical No. 02

Topic of Group Discussion :- Reservation and its impact on Indian Society.

List of Members :- Ashutosh Kumar, Anurag Singh, Anushka Bansal, Anushka Goel, Aparna Singh, Archit Varshney, Ashish Jainwal, Ashish Kumar Pal, Ashutosh Pal.

GROUP DISCUSSION (GD)

Group discussion is a communication technique where a small assembly of individuals comes together to exchange ideas, opinions, and perspectives on a specific subject. This structured conversation format allows participants to articulate their thoughts, listen to others, and collectively explore various dimensions of a topic. Group discussions are utilized in diverse settings, including educational institutions, corporate environments, social gatherings, and decision-making processes.

(A) Types of Group Discussions:

① Informal group discussions: These discussions are more casual and spontaneous. They occur naturally among friends, colleagues, or community members without a structured agenda. They might cover various topics and often serve as a way to share thoughts, or seek advice.

② Formal group discussions: These discussions are structured and organized with a specific agenda or purpose in mind. They can be found in academic settings (such as classroom debates or seminars), professional environments (like business meetings or brainstorming sessions), or in public forums.

③ **Debates**: A form of structured discussion where two opposing sides present arguments for and against a given topic. Each side tries to persuade the audience or opposing team about the validity of their viewpoint.

(B) Key Aspects of group discussions.

① **Purpose and Agenda**: Clearly defining the purpose and agenda of the discussion is crucial. Whether it's problem-solving, decision-making, brainstorming, or learning, having a specific goal helps in directing the conversation.

② **Structure and Moderation**: A moderator or facilitator guides the discussion, ensures adherence to the agenda, manages time, encourages participation from all members, and maintains order.

③ **Active Participation**: All members are encouraged to actively contribute by sharing their perspectives, providing evidence or examples to support their points, and respectfully listening to others.

④ **Effective Communication**: Clear and concise expression of thoughts, active listening, and respecting others' opinions are fundamental for effective communication within group discussions.

⑤ **Respect and etiquette:** Maintaining respect for others, avoiding interruptions, and adhering to basic discussion etiquette (such as not monopolizing the conversation) creates a conductive environment for healthy discourse.

⑥ **Consensus Building or Decision-making:** Often, the objective is to reach a consensus or make a collective decision. This involves negotiation, compromise, and sometimes voting to arrive at a conclusion.

⑦ **Summarization and Conclusion:** Concluding the discussion with a summary of key points, decisions made, or action items identified helps in clarifying outcomes and ensuring everyone is on the same page.

Group discussions serve as effective platforms for exchanging ideas, enhancing critical thinking, improving communication skills, and fostering teamwork. When conducted efficiently, they can lead to innovative solutions, better decision-making, and a deeper understanding of various perspectives on a given topic.

Conclusion (G.D topic):- Income based reservation can ensure that only people with less income get the benefits they really need, government should take the bold step of providing only financial aid based on the income level (after filtering fake income certificates) to nurture the skills required to grab the opportunities available.

VOCABULARY - I

Cacophony (noun): A harsh, discordant mixture of sounds.
Example: The cacophony of car horns and construction noise made it difficult to concentrate in the city centre.

Ephemeral (adjective): Lasting for a very short time; fleeting.

Example: The beauty of the cherry blossoms is ephemeral, as they bloom for just a few weeks each spring.

Euphoria (noun): A feeling or state of intense excitement and happiness.

Example: Winning the championship filled the team with euphoria and a sense of accomplishment.

Ghastly (adjective): Shockingly repellent; inspiring horror.

Example: From hell events build up to highly shocking climates, including a ghastly murder.

Halcyon (adjective): Denoting a period of time in the past that was idyllically happy and peaceful.

Example: She looked back fondly on her halcyon days of childhood spent by the lake.

Nefarious (adjective): Wicked, evil, or criminal in nature.

example: The nefarious intentions of the villain were finally revealed in the last chapter of the book.

Pernicious (adjective): Having a harmful effect, especially in a gradual or subtle way.

example: The pernicious effects of excessive screen time on children's mental health are becoming more apparent.

Pristine (adjective): In its original condition; unspoiled or untouched.

example: The archaeological site remained pristine, revealing secrets of an ancient civilization.

Serendipity (noun): The occurrence of events by chance in a happy or beneficial way.

example: Their encounter was a stroke of serendipity, leading to a successful business partnership.

Ubiquitous (adjective): Present, appearing, or found (anywhere) everywhere.

example: Smartphones have become ubiquitous in today's society, used by people of all ages.

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But If You EDUCATE A WOMAN
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A NATION

PRACTICAL :- Poster On Social Topic

NAME

(08)

Name :- Ashutosh Kumar
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Adm. No. - 2023 B1531103
Date - 12/12/2023
Practical No. - 04



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ROLE PLAY

Topic of Role Play :- Choose your friends wisely.

List of Members :- Ashutosh Kumar, Ayush, Ashish Joshiwal,
Akash Soni, Ashish Pal.

Role Play

Role play is a dynamic and interactive form of experiential learning where individuals immerse themselves in specific characters or scenarios to simulate real-life situations. It transcends mere acting, serving as a powerful tool for fostering empathy, enhancing communication skills, and gaining a deeper understanding of diverse perspectives.

Key Aspects of Role Play:① Empathy Building:

Role play is a dynamic and interactive form of experiential learning where individuals are provided to a platform to step into the shoes of others, promoting empathy by allowing participants to experience different viewpoints and emotions. It nurtures a profound appreciation for the complexity of human experiences.

② Communication Enhancement:

The immersive nature of role play hones communication skills. Participants learn to articulate ideas effectively, express emotions authentically, and navigate through challenging conversations. It's a playground for refining both verbal and non-verbal communication.

Role Play

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③ Skill Development:

Beyond communication, role play cultivates a range of skills, including problem solving, critical thinking, and decision-making. Participants are prompted to think on their feet, adapting to evolving scenarios and making choices that shape the narrative.

④ Cultural Competence:

Role play facilitates the exploration of cultural nuances and diversity. Engaging in scenarios that reflect different cultural contexts helps participants develop cultural competence, fostering a more inclusive and understanding environment.

⑤ Enhanced Learning Retention:

The experiential nature of role play enhances learning retention. By actively participating in simulated situations, individuals are more likely to remember and apply the lessons learned, making it a valuable educational tool.

Conclusion of Role Plays:

In the realm of education, professional development, and personal growth, role play emerges as a transformative experience. It transcends the boundaries of traditional teaching methodologies, inviting individuals to not just learn, but to live the lessons. As curtain call on each role play scenario, participants are left with more than just scripted lines; they carry with them a richer tapestry of insights, a deeper reservoir of empathy, and a newfound appreciation for the diverse narratives that shape our shared human experience. Role play, in its essence, becomes a stage where understanding takes center stage, and each captivating act.

VOCABULARY - II

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VOCABULARY - II

Quixotic (Adjective): Extremely idealistic and unrealistic.

Example: His quixotic dream of eradicating poverty in a month seemed impractical.

Mellifluous (Adjective): Sweet or musical; pleasant to hear.

Example: The singer's mellifluous voice captivated the audience.

Obfuscate (Verb): To deliberately make something unclear or difficult to understand.

Example: The politician's speech seemed to obfuscate rather than clarify the issue.

Petrichor (Noun): The pleasant, earthy scent that arises when rain falls on dry soil.

Example: The petrichor after the first monsoon shower was refreshing.

sesquipedalian (adjective): Characterized by long words; long-winded.

Example: The professor's sesquipedalian lectures left students bewildered.

Lethologica (Noun): The inability to recall a precise word or name.

Example: I experienced a moment of lethologica when I couldn't remember her name.

Obstreperous (Adjective): Noisy and difficult to control; unruly.

Example: The obstreperous children made it challenging for the teacher to maintain order.

VOCABULARY-IIPractical
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Piquant (adjective) : Having a pleasantly sharp or spicy taste; interesting and stimulating.

Example: The chef's piquant sauce added a delightful kick to the dish.

Quotidian (Adjective) : Occurring every day; commonplace.

Example: The quotidian routine of commuting and office work can become monotonous.

Recalcitrant (Adjective) : Having an obstinately uncooperative attitude towards authority or discipline.

Example: The recalcitrant employee refused to follow company policies.

THE REBIRTH OF AN EAGLE

This is a story of an eagle. It can live upto 70 years. But to reach this age, the eagle must make a hard decision. In its 40th year its long and flexible talons can no longer grab prey which serves as food. Its long and sharp beak becomes bent. The feathers become old, thick and heavy. The thick & heavy feathers stick to it's chest and makes it difficult to fly. Then, the eagle is left with only two options: DIE or go through a painful process of CHANGE. The process requires that the eagle fly to a mountain top and sit on its nest. Then the eagle knocks it's beak against a rock until it plucks it out. Then the eagle will wait for a new beak to grow back and then it will pluck out its talons. When it's new talons grow back, the eagle starts plucking it's old-aged feathers. CHANGE that worth sustaining the pain. And after this....

The eagle takes its famous flight of rebirth and lives for 30 more years.

Why is change needed?

To survive and live. We too have to start the change process. Unlike the eagle, we also have to pluck our unpleasant memories, negative habits & fixed mindset. Only freed from past burdens, can we take advantage of the present. In order to take a new journey ahead in the future, let go your negative old-limiting beliefs. Open-up your fixed mindset and let yourself fly again like an EAGLE.

PRESENTING A PRESENTATION

Topic of Presentation:- Global Awareness for Protection of Human Rights.

List of Members :- Ashutosh Kumar, Anusag Singh, Aparna Singh, Anushka Bansal, Aryaan Khan, Archit Varshney, Arpesh, Ashish Kumar Pal, Astuteva Shukla, Ashutosh Pal.

Presenting a Presentation

Presenting a Presentation involves careful planning, engaging delivery, and effective communication. Here are key aspects to consider and a conclusion for a compelling presentation.

Key Aspects:① Clear Objective:

Clearly define the purpose of your presentation. What message do you want to convey, and what do you want your audience to take away?

② Engaging Introduction:

Start with a captivating introduction to grab your audience's attention. Use a compelling story, a thought-provoking quote, or an interesting fact.

③ Well-Structured Content:

Organize your content logically with a clear introduction, main points, and conclusion. Use bullet points, visual aids and transitions for clarity.

④ Visual Appeal:

Incorporate visually appealing slides with a consistent design. Use high-quality images, graphics, and a readable font. Ensure a good balance of text and visuals.

⑤ Interactive Elements:

Keep your audience engaged with interactive elements like polls, questions, or group activities. Encourage participation to create a dynamic environment.

⑥ Confident Body Language:

Maintain good posture, make eye contact, and use gestures purposefully. Confidence in your body language enhances your credibility as a speaker.

⑦ Vocal Variety:

Vary your tone, pitch and pace to keep the audience's interest. Use emphasis and pauses to highlight key points.

⑧ Storytelling:

Weave compelling stories into your presentation to make it relatable and memorable. Stories create an emotional connection with your audience.

⑨ Audience-Centric Approach:

Tailor your content to your audience's needs and interests. Address their concerns and provide solutions. Be responsive to their reactions.

⑩ Q & A Session:

Allot time for a question and answer session. This fosters interaction, clarifies doubts, and shows your expertise on the subject.

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Conclusion:

In conclusion, a successful presentation hinged on a combination of clear communication, engaging content, and a dynamic delivery. By incorporating these key aspects, you create an immersive experience for your audience. Remember that a well-prepared and confident presentation not only informs but also inspires and captivates, leaving a lasting impression on your audience.

MLK INTERVIEWKey Aspects of a Mock Interview:For Interviewer:

- (i) Professionalism: Maintain a professional demeanor to set the tone for a realistic interview experience.
- (ii) Preparedness: Be thoroughly familiar with the candidate's resume and the job requirements.
- (iii) Structured Questions: Pose clear, well-structured questions to assess the candidate's skills and suitability for the role.
- (iv) Behavioural Scenarios: Include scenarios that reflect real-world challenges to gauge the candidate's problem-solving abilities.
- (v) Variety of Questions: Ask a mix of technical, situational, and behavioural questions for a comprehensive assessment.
- (vi) Realistic Timing: Adhere to the standard time frame of an actual interview, allowing the candidate to practice time management.
- (vii) Adaptability Assessment: Introduce unexpected questions to assess how well the candidate adapts to unforeseen scenarios.
- (viii) Body Language Observation: Observe the candidate's body language for signs of confidence, nervousness, or engagement.
- (ix) Question Clarification: Assess the candidate's ability to seek clarification on ambiguous or complex questions.
- (x) Feedback Session: Provide constructive feedback on communication style, content of responses, and overall performance.

- (xi) **Technology Proficiency:** Ensure proficiency in using virtual interview platforms and troubleshoot technical issues promptly.
- (xii) **Cultural Fit Assessment:** Include questions related to company culture to evaluate if the candidate aligns with organizational values.
- (xiii) **Industry-Relevant Scenarios:** Tailor questions to the specific industry to gauge the candidate's understanding and relevance to the role.
- (xiv) **Problem-Solving Assessments:** Pose hypothetical problem-solving scenarios relevant to the role to assess critical thinking skills.
- (xv) **Communication Skills Evaluation:** Assess the candidate's ability to articulate thoughts clearly, especially in technical areas.

For Candidate:

- ① **Professionalism:** Dress appropriately and maintain a professional demeanor throughout the interview.
- ② **Preparedness:** Research the company and the role, ensuring a thorough understanding of expectations.
- ③ **Active Listening:** Listen attentively to questions, ensuring a clear understanding before responding.
- ④ **Structural Responses:** Respond to questions with clear, structured answers, providing relevant details.
- ⑤ **Behavioural Examples:** Incorporate real-world examples in responses to showcase practical experience.
- ⑥ **Technical Competency:** Demonstrate technical competence by articulating knowledge and problem-solving skills.

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- ⑦ Time Management: Practice time management in responses to ensure conciseness within the allotted timeframe.
- ⑧ Adaptability: Approach unexpected questions with adaptability and a positive mindset.
- ⑨ Body Language: Maintain confident and open body language, including eye contact and appropriate gestures.
- ⑩ Question Classification: Don't hesitate to seek clarification if a question is unclear or ambiguous.
- ⑪ Feedback Reception: Be open to feedback and use it as a learning opportunity for improvement.
- ⑫ Technology Familiarity: Ensure familiarity with virtual interview platforms and troubleshoot technical issues proactively.
- ⑬ Cultural Alignment: Express alignment with company culture through thoughtful responses.
- ⑭ Industry Knowledge: Showcase knowledge of industry trends and their relevance to the role.
- ⑮ Problem-Solving Approach: Approach hypothetical problems with a structured problem-solving approach, emphasizing methodology.

Questions that are frequently asked in interviews:

- ① Tell me about yourself.
- ② Why do you want to work for our company?
- ③ What do you consider your greatest professional achievement?
- ④ Can you describe a challenging situation at work and how you handled it?

- ⑤ How do you prioritize tasks when facing tight deadlines?
- ⑥ What is your approach to problem-solving?
- ⑦ How do you handle constructive criticism?
- ⑧ Descriptive: Describe a time when you had to work with a difficult team member.
- ⑨ What are your strengths and weaknesses?
- ⑩ How do you stay updated on industry trends and advancements?
- ⑪ Can you provide an example of a successful project you have managed?
- ⑫ Why should we hire you over other candidates?
- ⑬ Describe a situation where you had to make a quick decision with limited information.
- ⑭ How do you handle stress and pressure?
- ⑮ What is your preferred leadership style?
- ⑯ Explain a complex technical concept to someone without a technical background.
- ⑰ How do you ensure effective communication within a team?
- ⑱ Describe a time when you had to adapt to a sudden change in project requirements.
- ⑲ What strategies do you use to foster innovation within a team?
- ⑳ How do you ensure attention to detail in your work?
- ㉑ What motivates you in your professional life?
- ㉒ How would you handle a situation where a project is falling behind schedule?
- ㉓ Explain the importance of data privacy and security in today's digital landscape.
- ㉔ How do you approach decision-making in situations of uncertainty?
- ㉕ What role does feedback play in your professional development?
- ㉖ How do you balance creativity and practicality in your problem-solving approach?
- ㉗ Describe a time when you successfully implemented cost-saving measures.
- ㉘ What steps do you take to foster a positive work culture within your team?
- ㉙ How do you manage conflicts within a team?
- ㉚ Can you provide an example of a situation where you had to meet a tight budget?

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Practical Name: Spin The Yarn Practical No. 10

SPIN THE RAIN

On a Thursday morning, something magical happened - it started raining! Imagine the sky as a giant watercolor palette, and the raindrops were the little artists, painting everything in beautiful colors.

As the raindrops fell from the sky, it was like a dance party in the air! Each drop twisted and spun, landing on the ground with a soft tap, tap, tap. The whole world seemed to join in, and even the air hummed with joy!

The rain was like a superhero for the thirsty city. The streets were like big, open mouths, drinking up every drop of water. This sidewalks turned into mirrors, showing the twinkling lights of the city as if it were a giant glittering party!

But then, the rain decided to change its dance. It went from a lively dance to a gentle, soothing hug. It whispered secrets to the leaves on the trees, making them sway in a sweet lullaby. And oh, the air smelled so fresh, like a new beginning!

In this rainy adventure, umbrellas became the heroes of the day. Kids and grown-ups, all had their colorful umbrellas, like shields, protecting them from the playful raindrops. And guess what? Puddles turned into magical mirrors, reflecting the world around them.

So, on that Thursday morning, when it was raining, it wasn't just rain - it was a fantastic story written in water. The sky was telling the earth a tale of happiness, and as the raindrops said their goodbyes, they left behind a world filled with the quiet magic of a rainy morning.