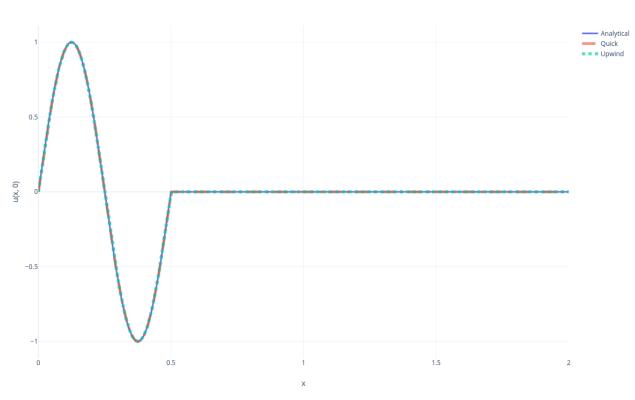
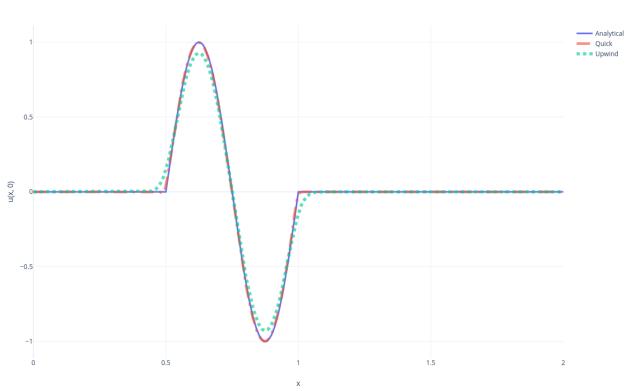
## Q1) a) Comparision between Analytical and Numerical Methods. t = 0 secs





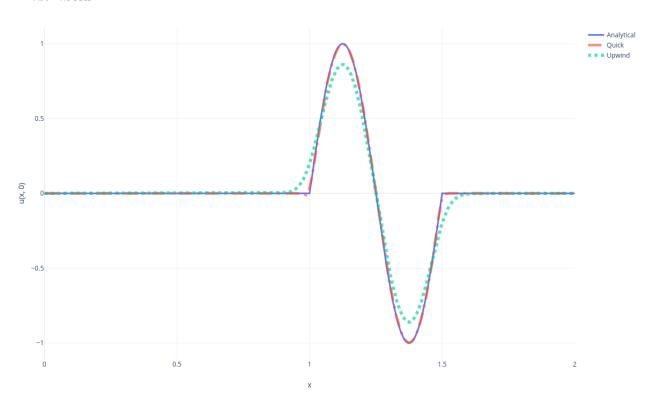
## t = 0.5 secs

#### At t = 0.5 secs



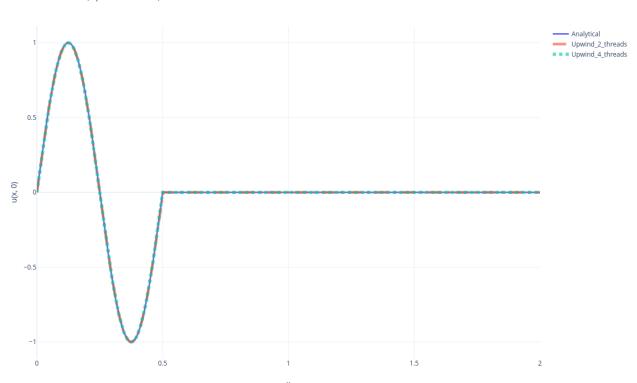
#### t = 1 secs

At t = 1.0 secs



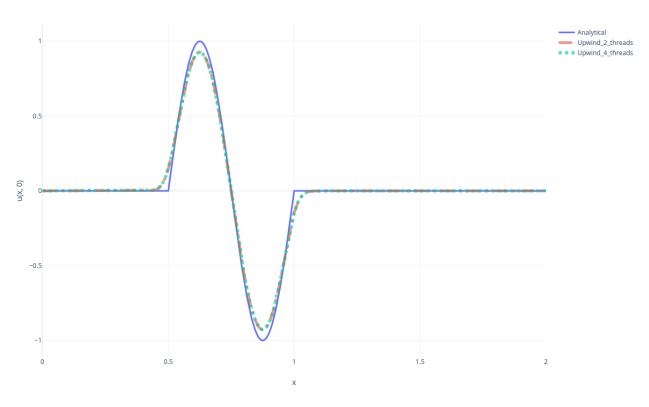
# b) Upwind Scheme (parallel 2, 4 threads vs analytical) t = 0 secs

At t = 0.0 secs (Upwind Scheme)



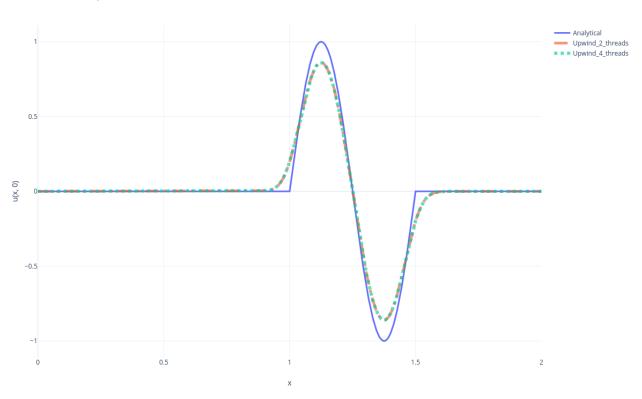
### t = 0.5 secs

At t = 0.5 secs (Upwind Scheme)



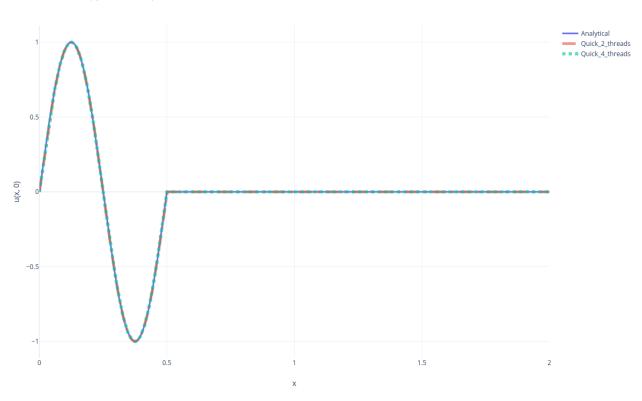
## t = 1.0 secs





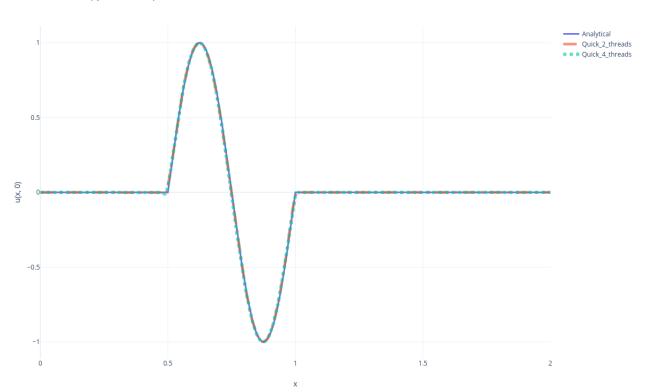
## Quick Scheme(parallel 2, 4 threads vs analytical) t = 0 secs

At t = 0.0 secs (Quick Scheme)



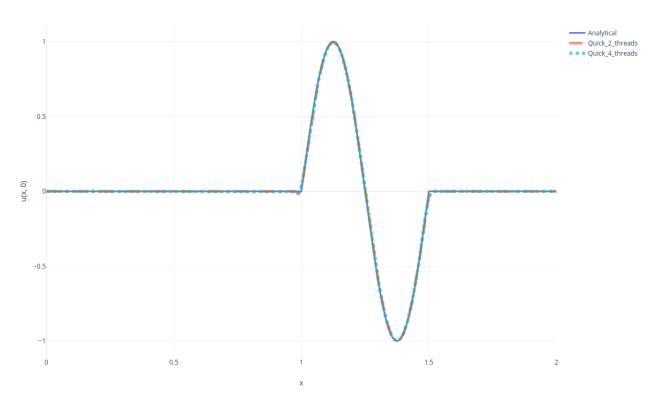
#### t = 0.5 secs

At t = 0.5 secs (Quick Scheme)



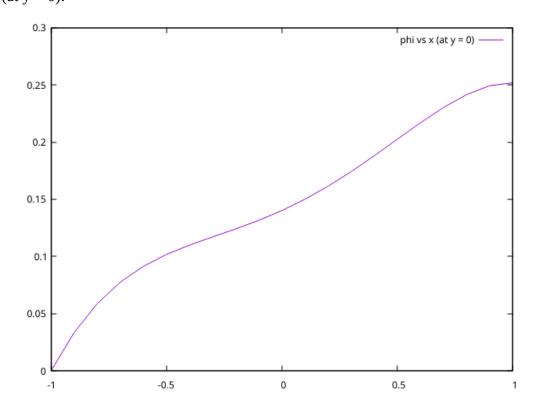
t = 1.0 secs

At t = 1.0 secs (Quick Scheme)

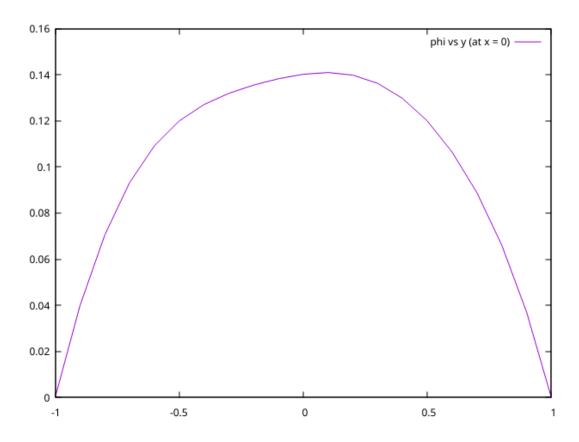


c) In the upwind scheme the wave flattens as time increases (amplitude decreases, wavelength increases). The Quick Scheme very well approximates the exact solution, but at the end points, a slight deviation can be observed as we are using lower order scheme at those points

Q2) a) It took **491** iterations to cnoverge within 0.0001 between successive iterations(Using L2norm).  $\varphi$  vs x (at y = 0):

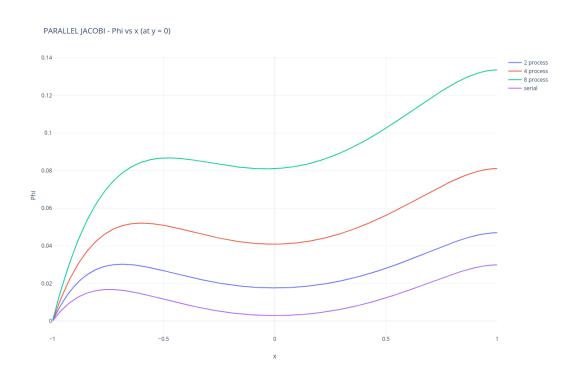


 $\varphi$  vs y (at x = 0):

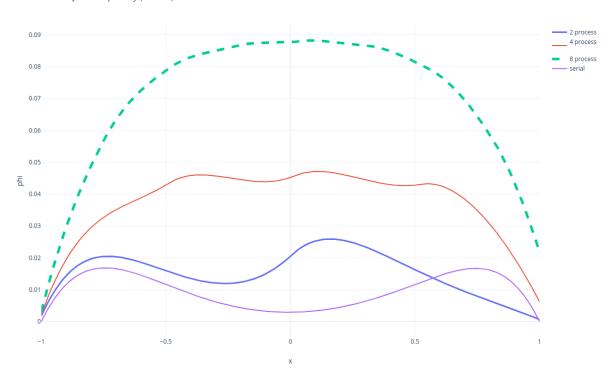


b)
Iterations taken for parallel jacobi (delta = 0.01)

For 2 process: 1701. For 4 process: 2606. For 8 process: 3900.



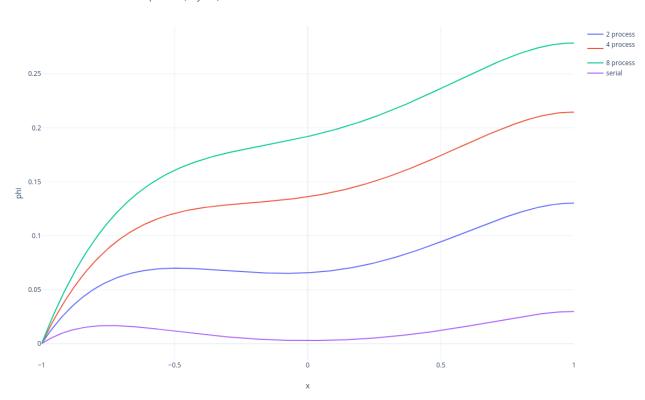
#### PARALLEL JACOBI - phi vs y (at x = 0)

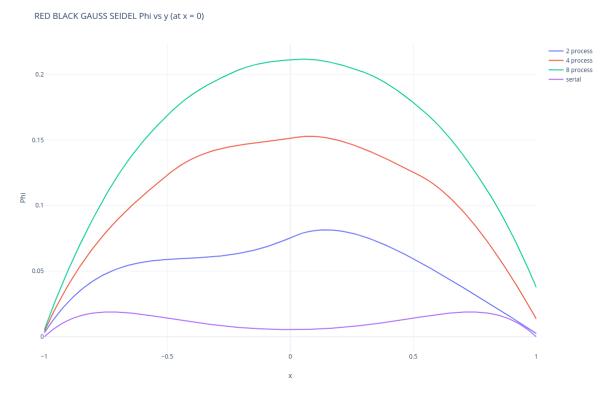


## c) Iterations taken for red black gauss seidel(delta = 0.01)

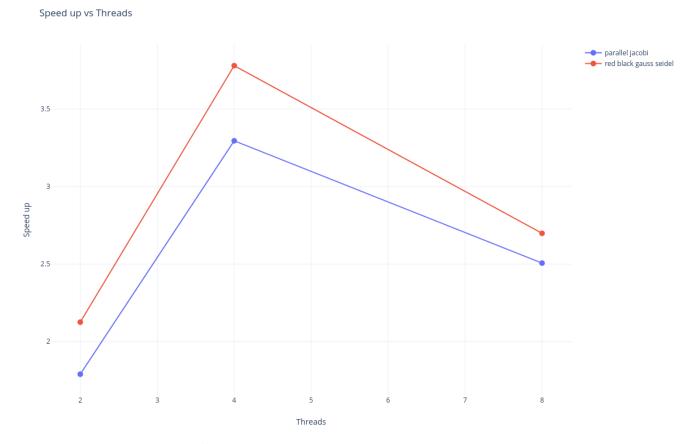
For 2 process: 3023. For 4 process: 4347. For 8 process: 4928.

#### RED BLACK GAUSS SEIDEL - phi vs x (at y = 0)





d)The Performance is the best at 4 threads (highest speed up) for delta = 0.005. But as the number of threads increases beyond 4, the overheads associated with parallel program. Also the Red-Black Method is the better one as the speed up is the higher compared with jacobi and also the code converges faster. PS: My Laptop can't run 16 processes as MPI throws an error saying not enough slots.



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