## **LAB ASSIGNMENT 6**

Group By and Joins in SQL (Part-I)

TABLE DEPT (DEPTNO, DEPTNAME) TABLE EMP (EMPNO, EMPNAME, DEPTNO, JOB, SALARY): DEPTNO is a foreign key w.r.t to DEPT Table.

```
create table dept(
  deptno number(4) primary key,
  deptname char(10)
);
create table emp(
  empno number(3) primary key,
  empname varchar(10),
  deptno number(4),
  job varchar(7),
  salary number(5),
  foreign key (deptno) references dept(deptno)
);
QUES1: Insert 10 appropriate records in each table as per the SQL queries mentioned
below.
ANS: insert into dept values (3,'elect');
       insert into dept values (1,'acc');
       insert into dept values (2,'comp');
       insert into dept values (4,'acc');
       insert into dept values (5,'comp');
       select * from dept;
       insert into emp values (11,'A',1,'prof',9000);
       insert into emp values (12,'B',2,'ap',8000);
       insert into emp values (13,'C',3,'lect',7000);
       insert into emp values (14,'D',4,'lect',6000);
       insert into emp values (15, 'E', 5, 'ap', 5000);
```

select \* from emp;

**QUES2:** List the total number of employees?

**ANS:** select count(\*) from emp;

**QUES3:** List the total no of departments?

**ANS:** select count(\*) from dept;

QUES4: Display the employee details of each department for which they are working.

**ANS:** select empname, deptname from emp, dept where emp.deptno = dept.deptno order by emp.deptno;

QUES5: List the total, maximum, & minimum salary for deptno 30?

**ANS:** select sum(salary) as total, max(salary) as maximum, min(salary) as minimum from emp where deptno = 3;

QUES6: Display the name of the employee getting maximum salary?

**ANS:** select emphase from emp where salary = (select max(salary) from emp);

QUES7: Display the total salary for each department?

**ANS:** select sum(salary) from emp group by deptno;

QUES8: Display the total salary for each job.

**ANS:** select sum(salary) from emp group by job;

QUES9: Display the total salary for each job within each department.

ANS: select sum(salary) from emp group by deptno, job;

QUES10: Display the average salary for each job in deptno 20.

**ANS:** select job, avg(salary) from emp where deptno = 2 group by job;

QUES11: Display the total salary for each job excluding the 'manager' and 'salesman' job.

ANS: select job, sum(salary) from emp group by job having job | 'lect' and job | 'ap';

QUES12: Display the average salary for each job in deptno 20, but only display those jobs where average salary is greater than 2000 & display the output in descending order of salary?

**ANS:** select job, avg(salary) from emp where deptno = 1 group by job having avg(salary) > 8000;

QUES13: Display the total no of employees for each department excluding the deptno 10 & display only those departments where more than five employees work. Display the output in descending order of total no of employees?

ANS: SELECT D.deptno, D.deptname, COUNT(E.empno) AS TOTAL\_EMPLOYEES

FROM dept D LEFT JOIN EMP E ON D.deptno = E.deptno WHERE D.deptno != 1 GROUP BY D.deptno, D.deptname HAVING COUNT(E.empno) > 5 ORDER BY COUNT(E.empno) DESC;

QUES14: Display the total no of employees for each department excluding the 'comp' dept & display only those departments where more than five employees work. Display the output in descending order of total no of employees?

**ANS:** SELECT D.deptno, D.deptname, COUNT(E.empno) AS TOTAL\_EMPLOYEES FROM dept D LEFT JOIN emp E ON D.deptno = E.deptno WHERE D.deptname != 'Comp' GROUP BY D.deptno, D.deptname HAVING COUNT(E.empno) > 5 ORDER BY COUNT(E.empno) DESC;

QUES15: Display total number of emp working in each job in each dept.

**ANS:** SELECT D.deptno, D.deptname, E.job, COUNT(E.empno) AS TOTAL\_EMPLOYEES FROM dept D JOIN emp E ON D.deptno = E.deptno GROUP BY D.deptno, D.deptname, E.job;

QUES16: List all the department name and their employees name even if for a department there is no employees (A newly created department).

**ANS:** SELECT D.deptno, D.deptname, E.empname FROM dept D LEFT JOIN EMP E ON D.deptno = E.deptno;

QUES17: List all the employees name and their department name even if for an employee there is no department assigned (A newly joined employee).

**ANS:** SELECT E.empno, E.empname, D.deptno, D.deptname FROM emp E RIGHT JOIN DEPT D ON E.deptno = D.deptno;

QUES18: List all the departments name and their employees name irrespective whether for a department any employees are there are not, and irrespective whether for an employee there is any department assigned or not.

**ANS:** SELECT D.deptno, D.deptname, E.empname FROM dept D FULL OUTER JOIN emp E ON D.deptno = E.deptno ORDER BY D.deptno, E.empno;