

End-of-Course Projects: Selection and Realization

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Aim of the End-of-Course project

- Time for your emancipation : realize a small-scale project using python on your own or in a team of two
- Apply your knowledge: use the knowledge acquired in course and extend it and apply it to a specific scientific project/question
- Extend your understanding: dive in-depth into a scientific topic and question

Expected from you for the project work

- Work independently: after a kick-off meeting with the project organizer, you should strive to advance without further interaction (unless you are completely stuck)
- Get involved in the project/question: Use all available resources to learn about the underlying science, the scope of the question and how to implement the project realization.

Tips for advancing the project

- Set yourself small, achievable goals: advance in small steps, go only further once your achieved your goal.
- Start to work on the project as early as possible: Learn about the project early and identify the challenges. Thinking about the project for a longer period of time will improve your result.
- Spread your work on the project: Committing small time periods here and there will avoid the deadline rush which is often not creative/productive.

Tips for programming

- Check at every step what you are doing: look at results at each step and visualize: Does it make sense?
- Validate your code if you have a reference or ground-truth: use your code to run an example for which you know the outcome. Do you get the expected result?
- Use the internet to get help: Be precise in your question and key-words; common sites for useful help: stackoverflow, askubuntu, github.

Tips on preparing the summary

Title	Should be concise and precise	maximal 2 lines
Abstract	What did you do in a nutshell? Problem – Method(s) – Results	1 paragraph
Introduction	What is the problem?	1/2 page
Materials and Methods	How did you solve the problem?	1/2 page
Results	What did you find out?	1 page
Discussion	What does it mean?	1/2 page
References	Whose work did you refer to?	

- maximal 3 pages in total (use template from github page)
- no python code in the summary

Tips on preparing the presentation

- follow the logic :Problem Method(s) Results
- keep it simple !!
- stick to the 10 min presentation duration (hard limit): requires training
- in case you worked as a team : present the project together
- no python code in the presentation

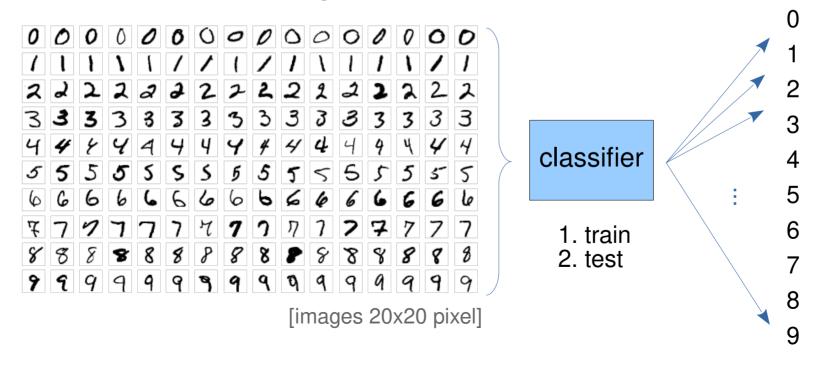
List of End-of-Year Project proposals

- 16 diverse projects are listed here : <u>https://github.com/mgraupe/DataSciPy/blob/master/EndOfYearProjects.md</u>
- each project has contact person (Karine, Marcel, Jonas or Michael) with whom you should fix a kick-off meeting soon to get more details and information about the project
- own project ideas are possible and welcome but should be discussed with Michael Graupner beforehand

P#1: Testing classifier performance on hand-written digits

classification project: train classifier to recognize hand-written digits

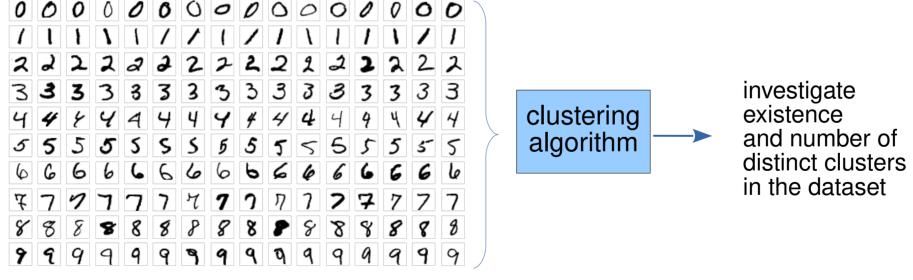
MNIST handwritten digit database



P#2: Exploring existence of clusters in hand-written digits

 clustering project : explore number of distinguishable clusters in handwritten digits

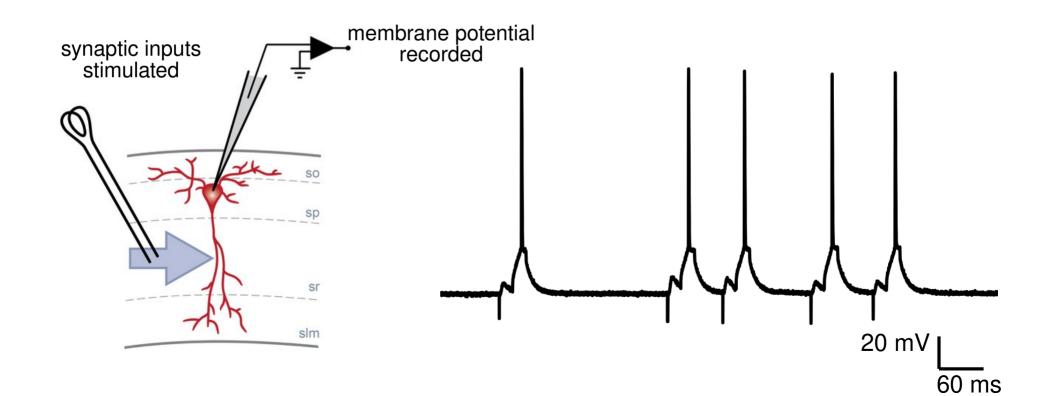
MNIST handwritten digit database



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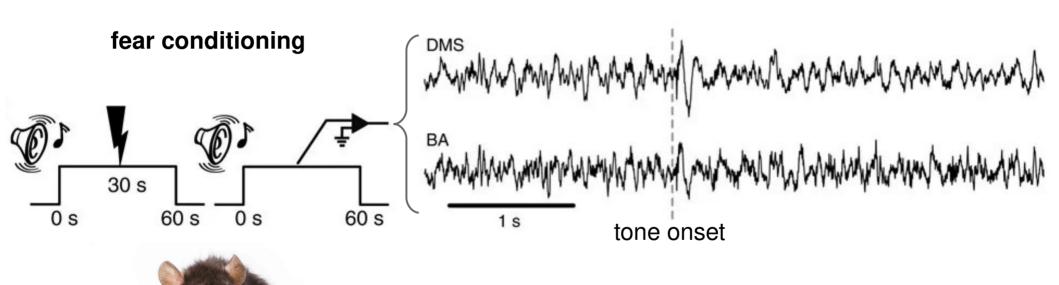
P#3: Extracting and analyzing spike-times from membrane potential recording

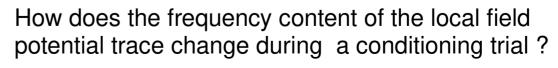
time-series analysis: extract pre- and postsynaptic action potentials



P#4: Analyze spectral content in an LFP recording

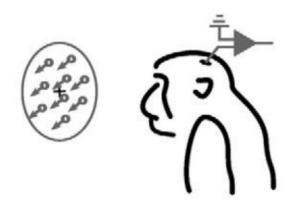
time-series analysis: extract spectral content, generate spectrogram



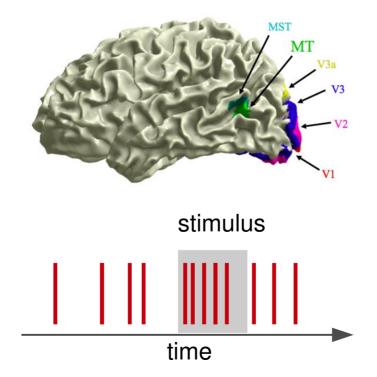


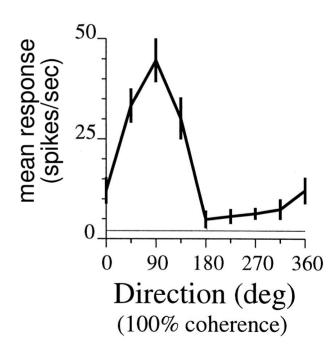
P#5: Compute tuning curves of monkey visual cortex neurons

spike train analysis: calculate tuning curves, PSTH, calculate spiking statistics



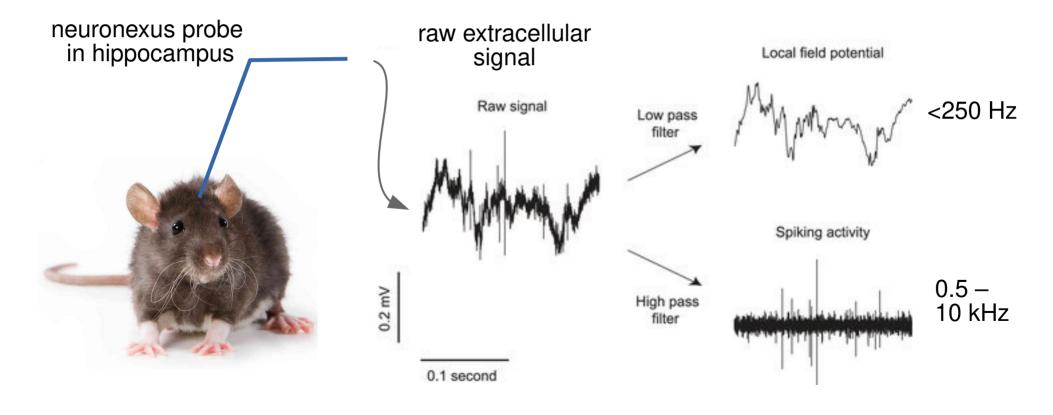
tetrode recording in visual area MT of awake fixating monkey





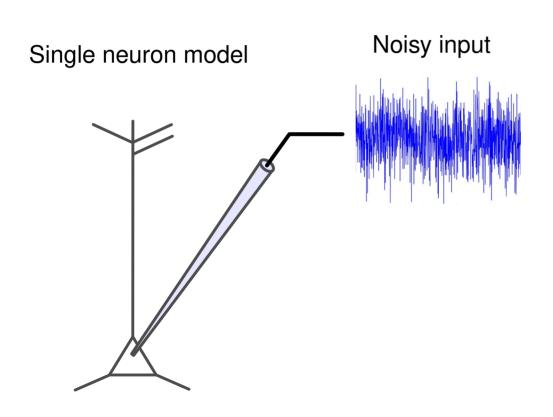
P#6: Extract local field potential and spikes from extracellular recording in the hippocampus

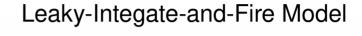
 time-series analysis: signal filtering, extract information in different frequency bands, extract spikes and statistics, as well as LFP (spectrogram)

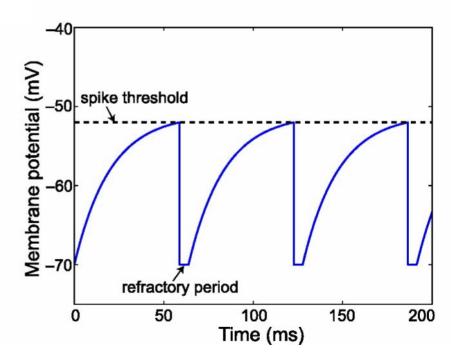


P#7: Leaky-Integrate-and-Fire model with refractory period

model simulation: numerical integration of a differential equation, spike analysis

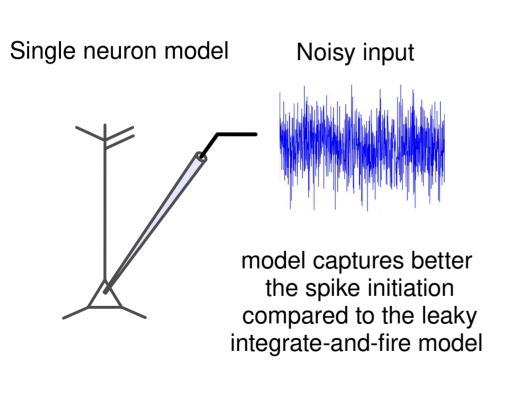


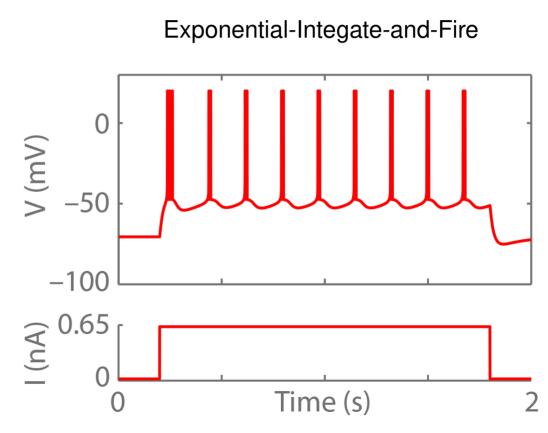




P#8: Exponential-Integrate-and-Fire model

model simulation: numerical integration of a differential equation, spike analysis

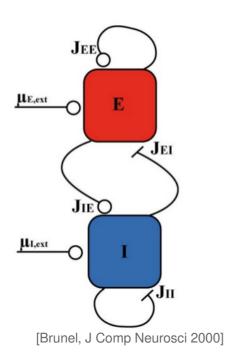




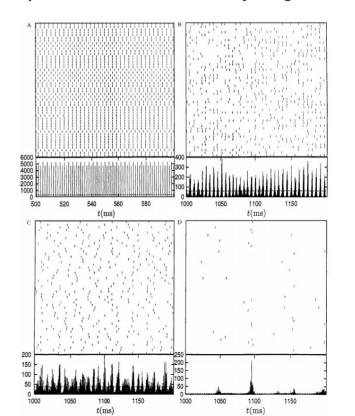
P#9: Dynamics of a network of spiking neurons

recurrent network simulation using Brian

implement network of connected excitatory and inhibitory neuron



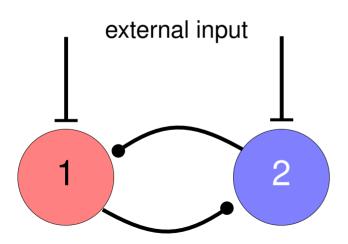
explore different activity regimes



P#10: Coupled oscillators

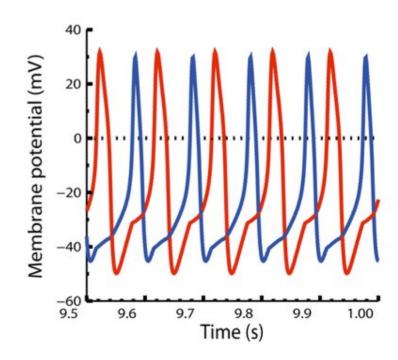
2-neuron network simulation using Brian

implement network of 2 connected neurons and explore activity as function of synaptic connection



no connection, exc. synapses, inh. synapses

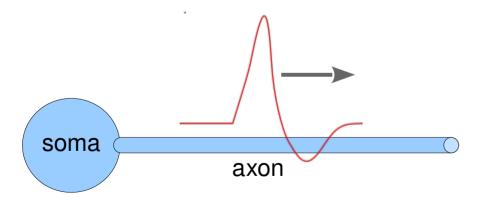
explore temporal relationship of the activity between both neurons



P#11: Simulate spike propagation in an axon

single neuron with extended morphology simulation : using Brian

implement single neuron with axon, use Hodgkin-Huxley equation in axon

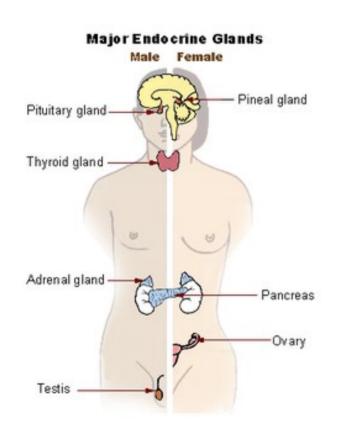


study directional propagation of action potential along axon just like Hodgkin-Huxley



P#12: Endocrine disruptors and metabolic disorders

literature search based project: query Pubmed



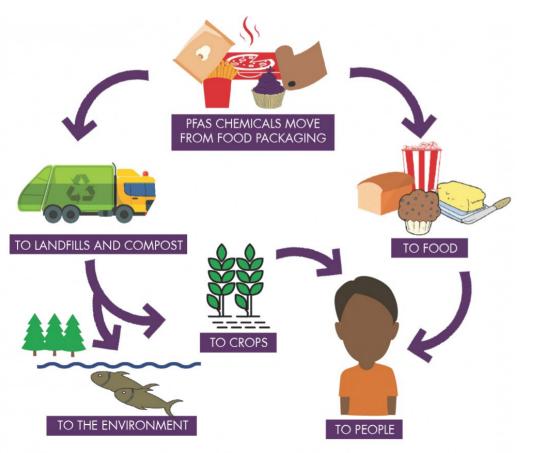
The endocrine system is a chemical messenger system comprising feedback loops of the hormones released by internal glands of an organism directly into the circulatory system, regulating distant target organs.

Endocrine disruptors are chemicals that can interfere with endocrine (or hormonal) systems at certain doses.

You will investigate research on endocrine discruptors and which type of diseases they have been linked with based on publication on Pubmed.

P#13: Evaluation of health risks from PFAS exposure

literature search based project: query Pubmed



Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) are a group of man-made chemicals that includes PFOA, PFOS, GenX, and many other chemicals

PFAS are manufactured and used to produce for resistant coatings. They are very persistent in the environment and in the human body.

There is evidence that exposure to PFAS can lead to adverse human health effects.

You will investigate research on PFAS and which type of diseases they have been linked with based on publications on Pubmed.