Rice is the second most important crop in the region. The yield of cotton per hectare in Punjab is the highest in India. Mushroom farming is a recent development in the region.

Cattle and dairy products are also very important in the region. Haryana breed of bulls and Hurrah breed of buffaloes are famous in the semi-arid southwestern districts. Amritsar is the leading center of fresh milk collection and it supplies milk to Chandigarh and Shimla. Modern dairy industries for production milk products have recently been set up in Amritsar, Ludhiana and Rotan Districts.

In the 1970’s Punjab-Haryana palm contributed significantly to the Green Revolution that made the country self-sufficient in food production. This region has also significantly contributed to the field of agricultural education in the country.

This alluvial plain has become prosperous because of tube-wells and canal irrigation. Areas near the rivers are served by canals. The region has a high.