

Project2 by Ashwin Kumar Ashok Kumar

Q1. The value of p from simulation is -0.704974

Q2. The value of expression by MC Simulation = 1.540163 with var = 0.001937

Q3.

a) The value of expression by MC Simulation is 4.981998 with var = 0.005040

The value of individual expressions with $t = (0.5, 3.2, 6.5)$ is [1.00418445 1.01654651 0.98196184] with var = [1.23443488e-05 1.11797168e-03 3.30291019e-02]

b) The $E[\cos(Wt)] = \exp(-t/2)$. Hence the expression should evaluate to 1 for all values of t as n increases. This is also seen in our MC simulation where the expectation ~ 1 . Expectation should not be dependent on t . But for large t , we should simulate more number of paths for accuracy. Hence var increases with t .

c) The value of expression 1 by MC Simulation (reduced variance) is 4.872722 with var = 0.005017

The variance reduction = 0.467735%

The gamma for the functions $(\cos(n_1 \sqrt{t}), n_1 \cdot n_1)$ is -0.096374

c) The value of expression 2 with $t = (0.5, 3.2, 6.5)$ by MC Simulation (reduced variance) is [1.00108807 0.99437201 0.94398209] with var = [5.45254927e-06 7.23437750e-04 3.26355176e-02]

The variance reduction in %% [55.82959152 35.29015396 1.19162886]

Q4.

a) European Call Option Price by MC Simulation = 18.240001 with std dev = 0.320423

b) Black Scholes Price = 18.283766

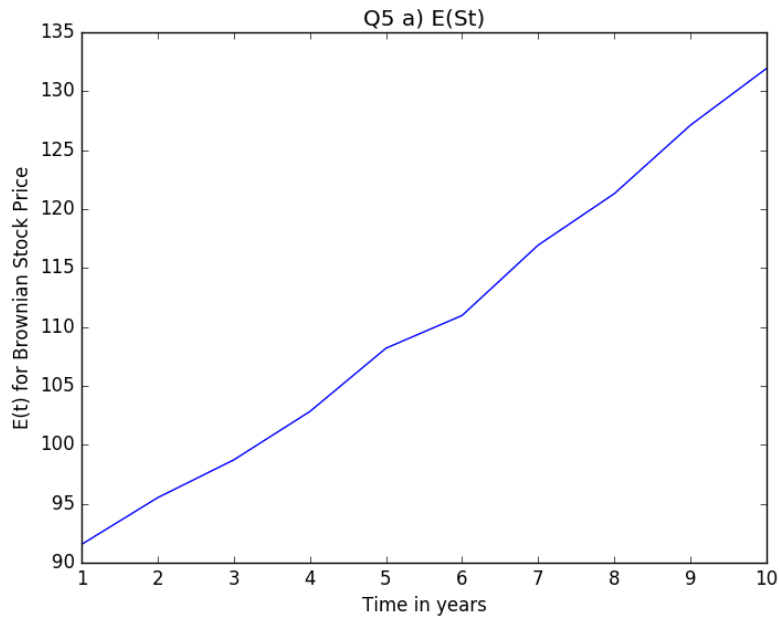
c) European Call Option Price by MC Simulation (reduced var) = 18.193863 with std dev = 0.315715

The accuracy using reduced variance has improved. Var reduced by 1.5%

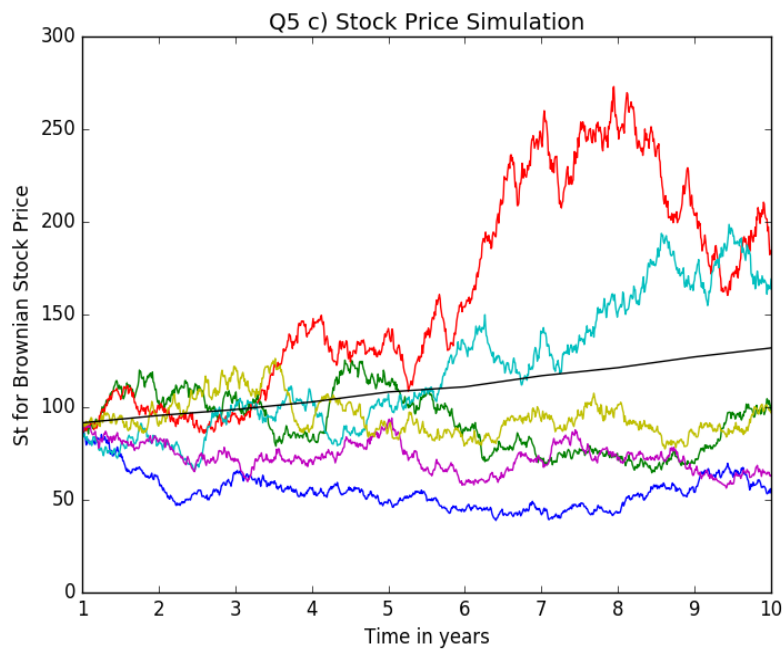
Q5.

a) The increasing linearly at rate of drift. This behavior is as expected. $E(S_t)$ will have $S_0 \cdot \exp[(r - \sigma^2) \cdot T]$ with no stochastic term. Last value of $E(S_t) = 131.939128$

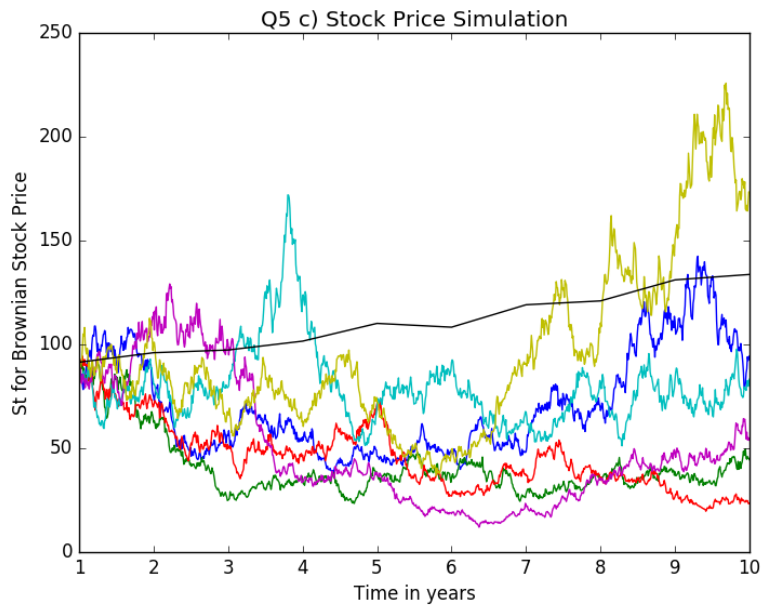
b)



c) The six paths simulated along with the $E(S_t)$



Q5. d) Last value of $E(S_t) = 133.695034$. Here we see $E(S_t)$ it is greater than part(a). Also, here $E(S_t)$ is not straight. The reason would be to use more number of simulations for larger sigma to smoothen it. Still a little randomness is present. (using same no of simulations). Increasing sigma, makes the MC simulation more random. We can see some paths going very large and some going small.



Q6.

- a) The value of π by Euler Integration 3.141791
- b) The value of π from MC = 3.153460 with std dev 0.008856
- c) The value of π from Importance Sampling = 3.139367 with std dev = 0.002238. We see that the variance has reduced by 93.614558 % using Importance Sampling