

Task: Implement a Differential Drive Robot Controller with RPM Computation and Waypoint Navigation

Objective

Develop a **ROS 2 C++ node** for a **differential drive robot** that:

1. **Processes velocity commands** to compute **RPM** for each wheel.
 2. **Publishes computed RPMs** for motor control.
 3. **Implements a separate Python script** to navigate the robot between two waypoints using **odometry** and **PID control**.
 4. **Works with Gazebo Harmonic or later** and **ROS 2 Humble or later**.
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Part 1: Differential Drive Controller (C++)

1. Environment & Dependencies

- **ROS 2 Humble or later**
 - **Gazebo Harmonic or later**
 - **ament_cmake** build system
 - Dependencies: `roscpp`, `std_msgs`, `geometry_msgs`, `nav_msgs`, `gazebo_ros`
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2. Node Requirements

- **Subscribe to `/cmd_vel`** (`geometry_msgs::Twist`)
 - **Compute wheel velocities** for a **differential drive robot**
 - **Convert velocities to RPM**
 - **Publish RPM values** for each wheel
 - **Dynamically configurable parameters**
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3. ROS 2 Parameters

Parameter Name	Type	Description
<code>wheelbase</code>	<code>double</code>	Distance between left and right wheels (m)
<code>wheel_radius</code>	<code>double</code>	Radius of each wheel (m)

max_rpm	double	Maximum allowed RPM for safety
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4. Topics

Topic Name	Message Type	Role
/cmd_vel	geometry_msgs::Twist	Input: Robot velocity command
/left_wheel_rpm	std_msgs::Float64	Output: Left wheel RPM
/right_wheel_rpm	std_msgs::Float64	Output: Right wheel RPM

5. Gazebo Simulation Integration

- Implement a **Gazebo plugin or interface** to apply the computed RPM values to the robot's wheels.
 - Ensure compatibility with **Gazebo Harmonic+**.
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6. Testing Requirements

Run the node and test with:

```
sh
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ros2 topic pub /cmd_vel geometry_msgs/Twist '{linear: {x: 0.5},
angular: {z: 0.2}}'
```

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Verify the correct RPM values using:

```
sh
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ros2 topic echo /left_wheel_rpm
ros2 topic echo /right_wheel_rpm
```

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- **Test in Gazebo** by applying the computed RPMs to wheel joints.

Part 2: Waypoint Navigation (Python Script)

1. Script Requirements

- Create a Python script (`waypoint_navigation.py`) to:
 1. Subscribe to **odometry data** (`/odom` from `nav_msgs::Odometry`).
 2. Implement a **PID controller** to adjust **linear and angular velocity**.
 3. Navigate the robot to **two waypoints** sequentially.
 4. Publish velocity commands to `/cmd_vel`.
 5. Stop the robot once both waypoints are reached.
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2. ROS 2 Parameters

Parameter Name	Type	Description
<code>waypoint_1_x</code>	<code>double</code>	X-coordinate of the first waypoint
<code>waypoint_1_y</code>	<code>double</code>	Y-coordinate of the first waypoint
<code>waypoint_2_x</code>	<code>double</code>	X-coordinate of the second waypoint
<code>waypoint_2_y</code>	<code>double</code>	Y-coordinate of the second waypoint
<code>kp</code>	<code>double</code>	Proportional gain for PID
<code>ki</code>	<code>double</code>	Integral gain for PID
<code>kd</code>	<code>double</code>	Derivative gain for PID

3. Topics

Topic Name	Message Type	Role
<code>/odom</code>	<code>nav_msgs::Odometry</code>	Input: Current robot position
<code>/cmd_vel</code>	<code>geometry_msgs::Twist</code>	Output: Velocity command

4. Testing the Navigation Script

Run the Python script with ROS 2 parameters:

```
sh
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```

```
ros2 run differential_drive_controller waypoint_navigation.py
--ros-args \
-p waypoint_1_x:=2.0 -p waypoint_1_y:=1.0 -p waypoint_2_x:=4.0 -p
waypoint_2_y:=3.0
```

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 2. Verify that the robot correctly navigates to **both waypoints**.
 3. Tune the PID parameters (**kp**, **ki**, **kd**) if needed.
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Bonus (Optional)

- Implement **obstacle avoidance** using **LaserScan** (**/scan**).
 - Use **Gazebo services** to reset the robot after reaching the goal.
 - Add **unit tests** using **ament_pytest**.
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Expected Deliverables

- ✓ ROS 2 C++ package for differential drive control
- ✓ Gazebo simulation integration
- ✓ Python script for waypoint navigation with PID
- ✓ Configurable parameters for tuning
- ✓ Working demonstration in Gazebo