CS50's Introduction to Databases with SQL

OpenCourseWare

Donate (https://cs50.harvard.edu/donate)

Carter Zenke (https://carterzenke.me) carter@cs50.harvard.edu

(https://github.com/carterzenke) in (https://www.linkedin.com/in/carterzenke/)

David J. Malan (https://cs.harvard.edu/malan/) malan@harvard.edu

f (https://www.facebook.com/dmalan) (nttps://github.com/dmalan) (nttps://www.instagram.com/davidjmalan/) (nttps://www.linkedin.com/in/malan/) (nttps://www.reddit.com/user/davidjmalan) (nttps://www.threads.net/@davidjmalan) (nttps://twitter.com/davidjmalan)

Meteorite Cleaning



"NASA astronauts cleaning a big meteorite, in the style of a science-fiction comic", generated by DALL·E 2 (https://openai.com/dall-e-2)

Problem to Solve

As a data engineer at <u>NASA (https://www.nasa.gov/)</u>, you often spend your time cleaning meteorites (https://solarsystem.nasa.gov/asteroids-comets-and-meteors/meteors-and-

meteorites/in-depth/)—or at least the data they create.

You've been given a CSV file of historical meteorite landings here on Earth, of which there are quite a few! Your job is to import the data into a SQLite database, cleaning it up along the way. After you're done, the database will be used in analyses by some of your fellow engineers.

Distribution Code

For this problem, you'll need to download meteorites.csv, along with an import.sql file in which you'll write SQL statements to clean the CSV.

Download the distribution code

Specification

In import.sql, write a series of SQL (and SQLite) statements to import and clean the data from meteorites.csv into a table, meteorites, in a database called meteorites.db.

Within meteorites.db, the meteorites table should have the following columns:

Columns in the meteorites table

Keep in mind that not all columns in the CSV should end up in the final table!

To consider the data in the meteorites table clean, you should ensure...

- 1. Any empty values in <code>meteorites.csv</code> are represented by <code>NULL</code> in the <code>meteorites</code> table.
 - Keep in mind that the mass, year, lat, and long columns have empty values in the CSV.
- 2. All columns with decimal values (e.g., 70.4777) should be rounded to the nearest hundredths place (e.g., 70.4777 becomes 70.48).
 - Keep in mind that the mass , lat , and long columns have decimal values.
- 3. All meteorites with the nametype "Relict" are *not* included in the meteorites table.
- 4. The meteorites are sorted by year, oldest to newest, and then—if any two meteorites landed in the same year—by name, in alphabetical order.
- 5. You've updated the IDs of the meteorites from meteorites.csv according to the order specified in #4.
 - The <u>id</u> of the meteorites should start at 1, beginning with the meteorite that landed in the oldest year and is the first in alphabetical order for that year.

Advice

It can feel overwhelming to know where to start when cleaning such a big data file! Let's break the problem down into smaller pieces.

▼ Begin by importing meteorites.csv into a temporary table

Start by getting all of the data from meteorites.csv into a temporary table, one called meteorites_temp. A temporary table is a helpful placeholder: you can use it to clean your data until it's in a form that's suitable for your final meteorites table.

Before you import a CSV into a SQLite database, it's best to define the schema for the table into which that data will be imported. In import.sql, then, try the following:

```
CREATE TABLE "meteorites_temp" (
     -- TODO
);
```

We'll leave the column names up to you.

Next, recall that import is a SQLite statement that can import a CSV into a table of your choice. After your CREATE TABLE statement, write a import statement to import the data from meteorites.csv into the meteorites_temp table.

Finally, per the <u>Usage</u> section below, try creating <u>meteorites.db</u> by running the statements in <u>import.sql</u>.

▼ Write SQL statements to clean the imported data

With your data in a temporary table, continue writing SQL statements to clean the data. Consider how you might update the values of the mass column for instance:

```
UPDATE "meteorites_temp"
SET "mass" = ...
WHERE ...
```

You might need to write a few such statements, one (or more) for each column you're trying to clean.

▼ Transfer the data from your temporary table into a meteorites table

Recall that you can INSERT values into a new table by SELECT ing rows from another:

```
INSERT INTO "table0" ("column0", "column1")
SELECT "column0", "column1" FROM "table1";
```

When you do so, you can re-order your data using ORDER BY. And, so long as you've specified a primary key column in your new table, such a statement will auto-assign new IDs to the inserted rows if none is specified.

Once you're done with the temporary table, it's good practice to drop it!

Usage

Let's introduce a few terminal commands that might come in handy while you're working on cleaning this data set! Consider the following:

```
cat import.sql | sqlite3 meteorites.db
```

The above command can be broken down into two parts:

- cat import.sql outputs the data in import.sql. Try it by itself if you're curious.
- sqlite3 meteorites.db opens a file called meteorites.db with the sqlite3 engine, as you're already familiar with.

When these commands are combined with a pipe, | , the data from import.sql is treated as a set of statements for sqlite3 to run on meteorites.db. If meteorites.db doesn't yet exist, it will be created and the statements in import.sql will be run on it.

What if your import.sql isn't perfect and you want to re-create the database? Consider deleting the current version of meteorites.db with:

```
rm meteorites.db
```

rm stands for remove. If prompted, type "y" followed by enter to confirm the deletion of meteorites.db. From there, you can re-run cat import.sql | sqlite3 meteorites.db to create meteorites.db from scratch.

Looking to speed things up? You can use the up arrow to access previously typed commands in your terminal.

How to Test

While check50 is available for this problem, you're encouraged to also test your code on your own. Try using the commands in Usage to see your current progress towards a clean data set!

Correctness

check50 cs50/problems/2023/sql/meteorites

How to Submit

In your terminal, execute the below to submit your work.

submit50 cs50/problems/2023/sql/meteorites

Acknowledgements

Meteorite CSV retrieved from NASA's Open Data Portal, <u>data.nasa.gov/Space-Science/Meteorite-Landings/gh4g-9sfh</u> (https://data.nasa.gov/Space-Science/Meteorite-Landings/gh4g-9sfh).