Grow with Google: Lesson 19

The Tricks: DOM Manipulation

1. jQuery Documentation and You

- jQuery API Documentation
- Optional parameters are in square brackets.

2. Quiz: you.toggleClass() Quiz

• .toggleClass() | jQuery API Documentation

```
var featuredArticle;
featuredArticle = $('.featured').toggleClass('featured');
```

3. Quiz: Toggling Classes Quiz

.next() | jQuery API Documentation

```
var article2, article3;

article2 = $('.featured');

article3 = article2.next();

article2.toggleClass('featured');
article3.toggleClass('featured');
```

4. Quiz: Changing Attributes Quiz

.attr() | jQuery API Documentation

```
var navList;

navList = $('a').first().attr('href', '#1');

// This only works because the target a tag is indeed the first on the page.

// Being more specific would prevent bugs as the code evolves.
```

5. Quiz: Modifying CSS Quiz

• .css() | jQuery API Documentation

```
var articleItems;
articleItems = $('.article-item').css('font-size', '20px');
```

6. Pulling HTML and Text

- html returns all the HTML.
- text returns only the text within the HTML.
- .html() | jQuery API Documentation
- .text() | jQuery API Documentation

7. Quiz: Collecting Values Quiz

- .val() | jQuery API Documentation
- Events | jQuery API Documentation

```
$('#input').on('change', function() {
  var val;
  val = $('#input').val();
  var h1 = $('#input').next().html(val);
  // Also works with .text but I'm not sure why this works.
});
```

8. Quiz: Removing DOM Elements

• .remove() | jQuery API Documentation

```
var articleItems;
articleItems = $('.article-item').find('ul').remove();
```

9. Adding DOM Elements

- Adding elements to the DOM with Vanilla JS requires a lot of confusing syntax.
- In addition, each step occurs independently.
- .append() | jQuery API Documentation
- .prepend() | jQuery API Documentation

- .insertBefore() | jQuery API Documentation
- .insertAfter() | jQuery API Documentation

10. Appending Child Elements

- Append: Element is added as last child.
- Prepend: Element is added as first child.
- Insert Before: Adds a sibling before the selected element.
- Insert After: Adds a sibling after the selected element.

11. Quiz: Build a DOM (Family) Tree!

```
var secondFamily = '<div id="family2"><h1>Family2</h1><div
id="bruce"><h2>Bruce</h2><div id="madison"><h3>Madison</h3></div><div
id="hunter"><h3>Hunter</h3></div></div>';

$(secondFamily).insertAfter('#family1');
```

12. Quiz: Iterating with Each Quiz

- .each() | jQuery API Documentation
 - Essential a for loop that iterates over the elements in the DOM.
 - this refers to the target element.
 - The solutions shared are always far more verbose.

13. Quiz: Why use jQuery? Quiz

- Fast Selection
- Easy DOM Manipulation
- Cross-Browser Compabilitity

14. Outro

15. \$(function)

• Functions passed into the jQuery object run on document. ready, after the DOM has

loaded.

- External JS files in the document head are downloaded before files included in the body>.
 - JS files are executed immediately at their location in the document.
 - They can't access DOM elements after the <script> tag in the DOM.
 - You could insert the script at the bottom of the spage render. | spage render. |
 - Instead, pass the function into a jQuery object.

```
$(function(placeholder) {
  placeholder = "http://placekitten.com/350/150"
  $(`img`).attr('src', placeholder);
})
```