# MAULANA AZAD NATIONAL URDU UNIVERSITY Programme: DIPLOMA IN ALL (CBCS) 2019 Batch

I-Semester Examinations (December-2019)

Paper No: DPCC101HST

Paper Title: ENGLISH

Time: 2 hours

2018 Batch - Backlog

Max. Marks: 35

#### Part - A

## Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$ 

- 1. Write a sentence on how you would feel in the given situations.
  - a. You read an article about little children working in hazardous industries.
  - b. Your father brought gifts for you and your sister but you like hers.
- 2. Correct the following sentences.
  - a. Latha is junior than him.
  - b. The elephants of India are more graceful than South Africa.
- 3. Change the following sentences into negatives.
  - a. He likes music.
  - b. They live in sangareddy.
- 4. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate forms of the verbs given in the brackets.
  - a. She.... (act) in films for ten years now.
  - b. When i entered the cinema, the film ..... (start).
- 5. Rewrite the following sentences using 'must' or 'should'.
  - a. Don't work too hard.
  - b. I really need to get a hair cut.

### Part - B

## Answer any FIVE questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

 $(5 \times 4 = 20)$ 

- 6. Write a short essay on need for learning English.
- 7. Write sentences for the following situations.
  - a. How do you offer help when you observe an elderly man, who is trying to board a bus with a heavy bag?
  - b. How do you offer help when you saw your friend was facing a little difficulty changing the wheel of his motor cycle?
  - c. How do you request the librarian to help you find a thesaurus?
  - d. How do you request the clerk to cancel your railway ticket?
- 8. Make meaningful sentences with the cues given below.
  - a. I/clean/the house. (= The house is clean now.)
  - b. We/buy/a car. (= The car is with me now.)
  - c. He/not/come/today. (= He is absent today.)

- d. He/close/the door. (= The door is closed.)
- 9. Write at least 2 sentences for the each given pattern (i.e. question (a) 2 sentences and question (b) 2 sentences).
  - a. S + V + SC
  - b. S + V
- 10. Write down the procedure you followed while conducting an experiment in your Chemistry laboratory. Use passive voice wherever necessary.
- 11. Change the given sentences into questions using 'do' or 'does'.
  - a. He drives a car.
  - b. We eat food here.
  - c. She likes to help the poor.
  - d. They play cricket every morning.
- 12. Write a paragraph on practicing yoga.
- 13. Write a letter to the general manager of a company requesting to give permission to visit their work place as part of the industrial visit of your class.

Part - B

Answer any ONE question. It carries 10 marks.

 $(1 \times 10 = 10)$ 

- 14. Look at the following statements and frame wh-questions.
  - 1. I went to market to buy fruits.
    - a. Where....?
    - b. Why....?
    - 2. She wrote a story yesterday.
      - a. Who.....?
      - b. When....?
    - 3. He met me in Hyderabad.
      - a. Where....?
      - b. Who....?
    - 4. Saritha bought books in Delhi.
      - a. What....?
      - b. Where....?
    - 5. He went to Warangal by car to buy clothes.
      - a. What.....?
      - b. How....?
- 15. Read the following news report and answer the following questions.

With 'Krishiraja', a portable device made from bicycle parts, Gopal Bhise has made ploughing feasible for poor farmers. One may often come across stories, pictures, or videos that depict farm hands labouring to till their fields in the country's hinterlands using a heavy, unwieldy wooden plough. To many of us it is just a piece of news, a sad irony that India no longer shines in villages, but not for Gopal Bhise, a small farmer from Jalgaon District, Maharashtra. Bhise owns some land but is so poor that he cannot afford a pair of plough animals or rent a tractor.

One day on his way to the field, Bhise happened to see a grocer transporting four big sacks of flour on a bicycle. He realised that though the activity appeared tedious, the grocer would have saved the cost of cartage, and he thought, "Why should i not modify the bicycle for the purpose of farm operations?" Bhise set to work

on this idea, and after a lot of trial and error, he came out with an implement-fashioned out of the front axle, wheel and handlebar of a standard bicycle-that could be used by marginal farmers to execute functions carried out by bullocks or tractors. People would laugh at him but he persisted in believing in his idea. Perseverance paid off and his portable implement, christened 'Krishiraja' was received very well in the local market and has won him the National Innovation Award.

He has made more than two hundred devices so far. The 'Krishiraja' currently sells for Rs 1200 a piece. There are over 200 farmers who use Bhise's multipurpose bicycle weeder/hoe, who vouch for its success. "It was my frustration at the plight of poor farmers like me that made me develop this device. For us a bicycle is more affordable than a pair of bullocks", says Bhise. With the help of GIAN (Grassroots Innovation Augmentation Network), his innovation has been transformed into a motorised device.

- a. Where did Bhise come from?
- b. What made Bhise develop the implement?
- c. In what way is Bhise's innovation useful?
- d. How did Bhise make his innovation?
- e. What is krishiraj?

# MAULANA AZAD NATIONAL URDU UNIVERSITY Programme: DIPLOMA IN ALL (CBCS) (2017 Batch Backlog)

## I-Semester Examinations (December-2019)

Paper No: DPCC101HST Paper Title: ENGLISH

Time: 2 hours

Max. Marks: 35

### Part - A

## Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

 $(5 \times 1 = 5)$ 

- 1. Write a sentence on how you would feel in the given situations.
  - a. You worked very hard for the examination but it was postponed.
  - b. You won the first prize in the state-level debate competition.
- 2. Correct the following sentences.
  - a. It is the most unique opportunity for all the Indians.
  - b. The blue pen is the most expensive of the two.
- 3. Change the following sentences into negatives.
  - a. She is a scientist.
  - b. They live in Hyderabad.
- 4. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate forms of the verbs given in the brackets.
  - a. Every year she ...... (visit) her village.
  - b. She ...... (act) in films for ten years now.
- 5. Match and combine the given sentences.

a.	The teacher had already		I visited the hospital.
	started the lesson		·
b.	My friend had already	when	They arrived there to
	left the hospital	before	contact him.
c.	I had already finished my	by the time	
	dinner		They invited me for dinner.
d.	She had already spoken		
	to him		I entered the class.

#### Part - B

# Answer any FIVE questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

 $(5 \times 4 = 20)$ 

- 6. Write a short essay on need for learning English.
- 7. Write sentences for the following situations.
  - a. How do you request the librarian to help you find a thesaurus?
  - b. You saw that your friend was facing a little difficulty changing the wheel on his motor cycle. How do you offer help to him?
  - c. How do you request the teacher to repeat the previous exercise?
  - d. How do you request your classmate to lend you their physics lab record?

- 8. Make meaningful sentences with the cues given below.
  - a. He/go/to bed. (= He is sleeping now.)
  - b. I/clean/the house. (= The house is clean now.)
  - c. He/not/come/today. (= He is absent today.)
  - d. I/not bring/my workbook today. (= I do not have the workbook now.)
- 9. Identify at least four sentences which have the [subject+verb+subject complement] structure in the following passage.

Paul Elkman is an American scientist. He wanted to know whether people show feelings in the same way everywhere in the world. Elkman took photos of people in the USA. Some people seemed to be happy, some appeared angry and, some looked frightened. He showed the photos to people from twenty-one countries and asked them to match the feelings with the faces. He found that they could do this quite easily. So he concluded that people show feelings in the same way everywhere in the world.

- 10. Write down the procedure you followed while conducting an experiment in your Physics laboratory. Use passive voice wherever necessary.
- 11. Change the given sentences into questions using 'do' or 'does'.
  - a. You buy sweets.
  - b. We eat food here.
  - c. They play cricket every morning.
  - d. He eats an apple a day:
- 12. Write a paragraph on your favourite festival.
- 13. Write a letter to your father saying that you want to take up a job during summer holidays using the following hints.

You want to earn while you earn – support your father – useful to career – an opportunity to improve technical skills – decent salary.

Part - B

Answer any ONE question. It carries 10 marks.

 $(1 \times 10 = 10)$ 

## 14. Read the following passage and frame ten 'wh-'questions.

Bangalore is the capital of Karnataka state. It has very pleasant climate. It is also known as the Garden City. It is famous for its silk industry. It is also important for industries like manufacturing aeroplanes, the wheel and axle plant of the railways, telephone apparatus and electrical appliances. Hindustan Machine Tools factory manufactures HMT watches in Bangalore. The electronics industry is also well-developed in Bangalore. Besides these, there are a large number of cottage industries that deal with handloom, silk, ivory, sandalwood, soap, oil and perfumes. The Indian Space Research Organization was set up here. Bangalore also has several important educational centres like IIM, IISC, etc. It is now known as Bengaluru.

## 15. Read the following news report and answer the following questions.

With 'Krishiraja', a portable device made from bicycle parts, Gopal Bhise has made ploughing feasible for poor farmers. One may often come across stories, pictures, or videos that depict farm hands labouring to till their fields in the country's hinterlands using a heavy, unwieldy wooden plough. To many of us it is just a piece

of news, a sad irony that India no longer shines in villages, but not for Gopal Bhise, a small farmer from Jalgaon District, Maharashtra. Bhise owns some land but is so poor that he cannot afford a pair of plough animals or rent a tractor.

One day on his way to the field, Bhise happened to see a grocer transporting four big sacks of flour on a bicycle. He realised that though the activity appeared tedious, the grocer would have saved the cost of cartage, and he thought, "Why should i not modify the bicycle for the purpose of farm operations?" Bhise set to work on this idea, and after a lot of trial and error, he came out with an implement-fashioned out of the front axle, wheel and handlebar of a standard bicycle-that could be used by marginal farmers to execute functions carried out by bullocks or tractors. People would laugh at him but he persisted in believing in his idea. Perseverance paid off and his portable implement, christened 'Krishiraja' was received very well in the local market and has won him the National Innovation Award.

He has made more than two hundred devices so far. The 'Krishiraja' currently sells for Rs 1200 a piece. There are over 200 farmers who use Bhise's multipurpose bicycle weeder/hoe, who vouch for its success. "It was my frustration at the plight of poor farmers like me that made me develop this device. For us a bicycle is more affordable than a pair of bullocks", says Bhise. With the help of GIAN (Grassroots Innovation Augmentation Network), his innovation has been transformed into a motorised device.

- a. What made Bhise develop the implement?
- b. In what way is Bhise's innovation useful?
- c. Why do you think Bhise has been awarded the prestigious National Innovation Award?
- d. How did Bhise make his innovation?
- e. What is innovation?

# MAULANA AZAD NATIONAL URDU UNIVERSITY Programme: DIPLOMA IN ALL (NON-CBCS)

I-Semester Examinations (December-2019)

Paper No: C/EC/CM/IT-101

Paper Title: ENGLISH

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

نوف: Batch 2016 کے طلبا کے لئے حصہ اول (10×1=10) اور Old Batch کے طلبا کے لئے حصہ اول (20=2×10)

PART-A

10X1 = 10

Answer all questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Write the synonym of the word given in the first column.

Quiet	Noisy	Silent	Loud	Dirty
Award	Hotel	Hospital	Great	Prize
Walk	Stroll	Jump	Legs	Fly
Cry	Weep	Laugh	Eye	Tears

2. Write the antonym of the word given in the first column.

	<u>b'</u>			
Arrival	Target	Target Travel Re		Departure
Deep	Long	High	Tall	Shallow
Mad	Insane	Unmad	Sane	Sad
Accept	Take	Find	Refuse	Announce

3. Write suitable words for the following prefixes.

Prefix	word
ant-	
de-	
re-	
un-	

4. Write suitable words for the following suffixes.

Suffix	word
-ism	
-logy	
-ful	
-ly	

- 5. Make negative sentences for the following.
  - a. I like sweets.
  - b. She reads well.
- 6. Make meaningful sentences with the cues.
  - a. She/go/to bed. (= She is sleeping now.)
  - b. They/win/the cup. (= It is raining now.)

- 7. Change the following sentences into simple past negative.
  - a. They were helpful.
  - b. The room was clean.
- 8. Write the correct form of the verb given in the brackets.
  - a. One morning I (was sitting/sat) on a bench in a park, when many children (sitting/were sitting) on the grass. Some of them (ate/were eating) apples while the rest of them (were having/was having) bananas.
- 9. Imagine you are going on a tour starting tomorrow. Write sentences (in future tense) using the clues given.
  - a. Go to Agra spend 3 days.
  - b. Fly to Mumbai back to Agra.
- 10. Write 2 sentences for the given pattern.
  - a. S + V + SC

#### PART - B

5X6 = 30

Answer any 5 questions. Each question carries SIX marks.

- 11. Write a paragraph describing a supermarket. (200 words)
- 12. Change the verbs given in brackets into passive in the story.

  Maharana Pratap ........ (defeat) in Haldighat battle. His children ..... (bring up) in the jungles. The Rana and his family ...... (take away) in baskets and ...... (hide) in tin mines. They ......(look after) and ......(feed) by the faithful bhils.
- 13. Write sentences stating the location of any SIX places using a preposition in each sentence.

Bank Parking area				Shopping complex		Cinema	
Railway s	tation	Hotel			Florist	Tea stall	
Church	Bus		Lodge	Main			
	stand		Cloak room	Road			
	Ţ		Main F	Road			

- 14. Change the given sentences into questions using do/does.
  - a. You sing.
  - b. We go to the movies often.
  - c. He loves cooking,
  - d. She visits her parents regularly.
  - e. He speaks English.
  - f. You admire Gandhi.
- 15. Change the given sentences into questions using did.
  - a. He enjoyed the party.
  - b. She slept late.
  - c. They ate the food.
  - d. We went to a movie yesterday.
  - e. You sent a message.
  - f. They read a lot.

16. Frame Wh-questions for the following statements.

1. He met an old friend at the market.	a. Whom?
	b.Where?
2. Tagore got the Nobel prize in 1913.	a. When?
	b. Who?
<ol><li>Ravi is going to market.</li></ol>	a. Where?
	b. Who?

## 4. Read the following passage and frame six Wh-questions.

Jagadish Chandra Bose was born on November 30, 1858. He was a famous scientist. He established that plants have life. He invented an instrument called 'Cresco graph'. He worked in Germany for many years. He gave a series of lectures in India and abroad to raise funds for the research institute.

## 5. Correct the following sentences.

- a. Ravi raised slowly the hand.
- b. I was went to school last year.
- c. She asked me where am i going?
- d. There was many flowers in the garden.
- e. I know were to go.
- f. My mother maked a cake for his birthday.

### PART-C

3X10 = 30

Answer any 3 questions. Each question carries TEN marks.

- 6. Write an essay on the need for learning English. (500 words)
- 7. What information do you find in a dictionary? (500 words)
- 8. Write the procedure you have followed while conducting an experiment in your Physics laboratory. Use passive voice wherever possible. (500 words)
- 9. Write the correct sentences for the following.
  - a. One of my friend is going to Delhi.
  - b. We drank coffee just now.
  - c. He came lately to the meeting.
  - d. This is the horse who won the race.
  - e. He prefers coffee than tea.
  - f. Anil is more cleverer than Karuna.
  - g. He looks happily today.
  - h. She is sick and she can run fast.
  - i. Work hard, then you will not pass.
  - j. It is interesting place.

# 10. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow:

Eating vegetables raw usually means that you get the nutrients, but old people and children or those suffering from certain stomach disorders, may not be able to digest them easily. Carrots are best eaten lightly cooked. Cooking breaks down the tough cellular walls, making beta-carotene more available for absorption by the body.

Carrots are an excellent source of beta-carotene, the plant form of Vitamin A. One of the first symptoms of rarely occurring Vitamin A deficiency is "night blindness" – the inability of the eyes to adjust to dim lighting or darkness. Vitamin A.

combines with a protein in the retina to form visual purple, a substance in the eye which is needed for night vision. If you are deficient in Vitamin A, just one carrot a day should be enough to improve your night vision.

Artificial supplements are no substitute are no substitute for good eating habits and most people will meet all their vitamin and mineral requirements by following a balanced diet. However a few people do need supplements. Pregnant women need folic acid; the elderly might require vitamin D and iron; and people with osteoporosis are often prescribed extra calcium.

- a. How should vegetables be eaten?
- b. Deficiency of Vitamin A causes.....
- c. According to the writer, Carrots.....
- d. How does a person get the nutrients?
- e. How can we avoid "night blindness"?