

Sparse matrices are those **matrices that have the majority of their elements equal to zero**. In other words, the sparse matrix can be defined as the matrix that has a greater number of zero elements than the non-zero elements.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void main ()
```

```
{
```

```
    int matrix[10][10];
```

```
    int i, j, m, n;
```

```
    int sparse_counter = 0;
```

```
    printf("Enter the order of the matrix \n");
```

```
    scanf("%d %d", &m, &n);
```

```
    printf("Enter the elements of the matrix \n");
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < m; ++i)
```

```
    {
```

```
        for (j = 0; j < n; ++j)
```

```
        {
```

```
            scanf("%d", &matrix[i][j]);
```

```
            if (matrix[i][j] == 0)
```

```
            {
```

```
                ++sparse_counter;
```

```
            }
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    if (sparse_counter > ((m * n) / 2))
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("The given matrix is Sparse Matrix !!! \n");
```

```
}  
else  
    printf("The given matrix is not a Sparse Matrix \n");  
    printf("There are %d number of Zeros.", sparse_counter);  
}
```