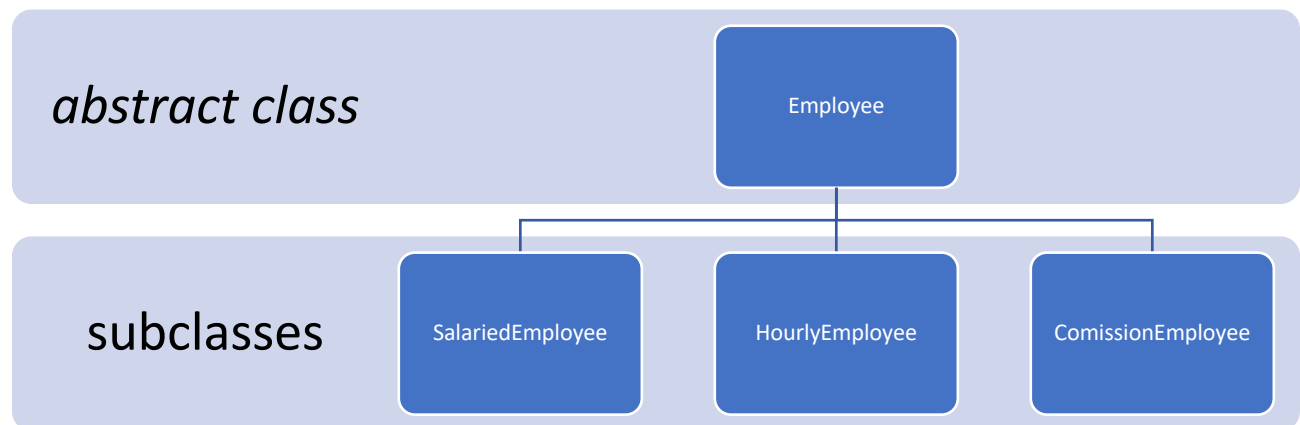


Overview:

Congratulations you have been promoted to Lead Software Engineer in your company! Your first task in your new position is to develop a new payroll system. As an experienced software engineer you immediately realize that there are three main types of employees that your system must account for: 1) Salaried, 2) Hourly, and 3) Commission-Based.

Based on the above you came up with the below class hierarchy. *Employee* must be an **abstract class** while *SalariedEmployee*, *HourlyEmployee*, and *ComissionEmployee* will be **subclasses** that extend *Employee*.



Part 01 (/20 marks)

Implement the UML diagram on page 4. Each class is graded out of 5 marks based on correctness and completeness.

Note: The implementation details for the *toString()* and *earnings()* methods can be found in Table 1 on page 2.

A series of helpful hints/clarification for each class follow:

Employee

- *earnings* is an abstract method
- *managedBy* - a reference to who the employee works for (**default is themselves**)
- *numEmployee* is a static property, representing number of employees in the system
- *count* is a static method, that returns the number of employees in the system
- *equals(Object obj)* should only return true when both employees have the same SIN

SalariedEmployee

- Inherits from *Employee*
- *weeklySalary* is the salary per week received

<p><i>ComissionEmployee</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inherits from <i>Employee</i> <i>comissionRate</i> is rate of pay per sales dollar (i.e. 10% commission is 0.1) <i>grossSales</i> is the amount sold by employee This class has a copy constructor
<p><i>HourlyEmployee</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Inherits from <i>Employee</i> <i>hourlyRate</i> is the pay per hour <i>hours</i> is number of hours per week worked

	earnings()	toString()
Employee	<i>abstract</i>	Name: <i>lastname, firstName</i> SIN: xxxxx
SalariedEmployee	Employee's weekly salary.	Type: Salaried Name: <i>lastname, firstName</i> SIN: xxxxx Weekly Salary: <i>\$weeklySalary</i>
HourlyEmployee	Employee's hourly rate multiplied by number of hours for hours 0-40. Any time in <u>excess</u> of 40 hours is payed at time-and-a-half ($\text{hourlyRate} * 1.5$)	Type: Hourly Name: <i>lastname, firstName</i> SIN: xxxxx Hourly Rate: <i>\$hourlyRate</i> Hours Worked: <i>hours</i>
ComissionEmployee	Employee's commission rate multiplied by gross sales made by the employee.	Type: Commission Name: <i>lastname, firstName</i> SIN: xxxxx Gross Sales <i>\$grossSales</i> Commission Rate: <i>comissionRate</i>

Table 1: earnings() and toString() implementation details

Part 02 (/10 marks)

Create a main program called *payrollTester*. In the program create the following employees:

Type	Name	SIN	Managed By	Other Information
Salaried	Joe Francis	123456789		Weekly salary: \$2500
Salaried	Samantha Hughes	444555666	Joe Francis	Weekly salary: \$1400
Hourly	Kim Adams	888999000	Joe Francis	Hourly rate: \$18.50 Hours worked: 42
Commission	Ryan Goodall	111222333	Samantha Hughes	Commission rate: 15% Gross sales: \$9000

Add the newly created employees to an array or ArrayList<...> object. Next, iterate/loop through the employees in the structure and display output similar to the following:

Type: Salaried
Name: Francis, Joe
SIN: 123456789
Weekly Salary: \$2500
TOTAL: \$2500

Type: Salaried
Name: Hughes, Samantha
SIN: 444555666
Weekly Salary: \$1400
TOTAL: \$1400

Type: Hourly
Name: Adams, Kim
SIN: 888999000
Hourly Rate: \$18.50
Hours Worked: 42
TOTAL: \$795.50

Type: Commission
Name: Goodall, Ryan
SIN: 111222333
Gross Sales \$9000
Commission Rate: 0.10
TOTAL: \$900

SUMMARY STATISTICS
Highest Paid Employee: Francis, Joe
Lowest Paid Employee: Kim, Adams
Number of salaried employees: 2

Number of Hourly employees: 1
Number of Commission employees: 1
Total for Pay Period: \$5595.50

UML Notations:

- * Access Modifiers
(- Private, # Protected, + Public)
- * Anything underlined is **STATIC**
(includes methods and fields)
- * Anything in *italics* is **ABSTRACT**
(includes methods and classes)
- NOTE:** The line between the **ABSTRACT Employee** class and itself is there because an *Employee* manages other *Employees* (see **managedBy** field)

