REASONING

Directions (1 - 5): Study the following information to answer the given questions:

In a certain code

'share market doing well' is written as 'va jo ba ma',

'learn to share stuff' is written as 'si pa la va',

'well known to market' is written as 'si nu ma jo' and 'stuff the whole market' is written as 'fi ma pa do'.

- 1. What is the code for 'whole' ?
 - (1) pa

(2) fi

(3) ma

(4) do

(5) Either 'fi' or 'do'

- 2. What is the code for 'market'?
 - (1) va

(2) jo

(3) bar

(4) ma

- (5) Cannot be determined
- 3. What does the code 'ba' stand for?
 - (1) well
 - (2) share
 - (3) doing
 - (4) whole
 - (5) Either ' market' or 'doing '
- 4. Which of the following represents 'well known share'?
 - (1) jo nu pa (2) va nu fi
 - (3) nu va jo (4) va jo qo
 - (5) jo ma la
- 5. Which of the following may represent 'learn to excel'?
 - (1) zi si la
 - (2) la si pa
 - (3) la zi qo
 - (4) si fi qo
 - (5) si la do
- 6. Which of the following will come in place of the question mark (?) according to English alphabetical series ?

EFZ HIX LMU QRQ ?

(1) WXM .

(2) UVL

(3) WYL

(4) XYM

(5) WXL

7. If each alphabet in the word ADVICES is arranged in alphabetical order from left to right and then each vowel of the word thus formed is changed to the next letter in the English alphabetical series and each consonant is changed to the previous letter in the English alphabetical series, which of the following will be third from the left?

(1)J

(2) C (4) F

(3) D

- (5) R
- 8. How many meaningful English words can be formed with the letters ICNH using all the letters but each letter only once in each word?
 - (I) None
 - (2) One
 - (3) Two
 - (4) Three
 - (5) More than three

Directions (9 - 10): Read the following information carefully and answer the questions which follow:

Point H is 6m towards the East of Point G. Point R is 8m North of Point G. Point Q is exactly midway between Point R and Point G. Point K is 10m the South of Point Q. Point L is 3m towards the East of Point Q. Point S is exactly midway between Point G and Point H.

9. If a person walks 4m towards the South from Point L, takes a right turn and walks for another 3m, which of the following Points would he reach?

· (1) Q

- (2) G

(3) K

(4) H

(5) Cannot be determined

10. If a person walks 8m towards North from Point S, which of the following points would he cross and how far will he be from Point R?

(1) G. 4m

(2) H. 3m

(3) L, 6m

(4) L. 3m

(5) G. 8m

Directions (11-15): In each question/group of questions below are two/three statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the two/three given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

Give answer (1) if only conclusion I follows.

Give answer (2) if only conclusion II follows.

Give answer (3) if either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.

Give answer (4) if neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows.

Give answer (5) if both conclusion I and conclusion II follow.

11. Statements :

Some symbols are figures.
All icons are figures.

Conclusions:

- All symbols being icons is a possibility.
- Atleast some icons are symbols.

12. Statements :

All alphabets are digits.

No digit is a letter.

Conclusions:

- No letter is a number.
- II. Atleast some alphabets are letters.

13. Statements :

No mail is a post. No post is a dispatch.

Conclusions:

- I. No mail is a dispatch.
- II. Atleast some dispatches are

Directions (14 - 15): Statements :

Some shields are trophies. All trophies are cups. No cup is a medal.

14. Conclusions:

- I. No trophy is a medal.
- II. All shields being medals is a possibility.

15, Conclusions:

- 1. No medal is a shield.
- II. Atleast some cups are shields.

Directions (16 - 20) : Study the following information to answer the given questions:

A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are seated in a straight line facing North but not necessarily in the same order. B sits third to left of E. Neither B nor E sits at an extreme end of the line. Only one person sits between E and G. G is not an immediate neighbour of B. C sits third to the right of A. A is not an immediate neighbour of B. Only one person sits between H and D. C is not an immediate neighbour of H.

- 16. Who amongst the following sits exactly between E and G?
 - (1) H

(2) D

(3) F

(4) C

(5) None of these

- 17. What is the position of F with respect to D?
 - (1) Third to the left
 - (2) Fourth to the right
 - (3) Second to the right
 - (4) Second to the left
 - (5) Immediate left
- 18. Which of the following pairs represents persons seated at the two extreme ends of the line?
 - (1) D. A

(2) H. G

(3) A. G

(4) F. D

(5) C. D

- 19. How many persons are seated between A and H?
 - (1) One

(2) Two

(3) Three

- (4) Four
- (5) More than four
- 20. Which of the following is true with respect to the given arrangement?
 - (1) Two people sit to the left of C
 - (2) A sits second to right of B
 - (3) E and C are immediate neighbours of each other
 - (4) Only one person to the right of H
 - (5) None is true

Directions (21 - 25) : Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

- J. K. L. M. N. O. P and Q are sitting around a ciruclar table facing the centre but not necessarily in the same order.
 - . N sits third to right of K. Only one person sits between N and J
 - P sits second to right of L. L is not an immediate neighbour of N.
 - O sits second to left of Q. Q is not an immediate neighbour of L.
 - 21. Who amongst the following sits exactly between N and J?
 - (1) M

(2) P

(3) Q

(4) O

- (5) Cannot be determined 22. What is the position of L with respect to K in the above ar-
 - (1) Third to the left

rangement?

- (2) Immediate left
- (3) Fifth to the right
- (4) Immediate right
- (5) Second to the left
- 23. Who amongst the following represent the immediate neighbours of O?
 - (1) P, K

(2) N. J

(3) M, J

(4) N. P

(5) L. K

24. What will come in place of the question mark according to the above seating arrangement?

O'JK"N?

(1) L

(2) P

- (3) Q (4) 0
- (5) M
- 25. Who sits second to the left of M?
 - (1) K (2) Q
 - (3)J(4) 0
 - (5) P

Directions (26 - 30) : Each of the questions below consists of a question and two statements numbered I and II given below it. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Read both the statements and

Give answer (1) if the data in Statement I alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in Statement II alone are not sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer (2) if the data in Statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in Statement I alone are not sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer (3) if the data either in Statement I alone or in Statement II alone are sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer (4) if the data in neither the Statement I nor Statement II is sufficient to answer the question.

Give answer (5) if the data in both the Statements I and II together are necessary to answer the question.

- 26. Among A. B. C. D and E. each having a different height, who is the second tallest?
 - (I). E is taller than only C and D. B is taller than A
 - (II) Two people are shorter as well as taller than E. B is taller than A. A is not the shortest.
- 27. How many daughters does A have?
 - (I) B is the son of A. A is the only daughter of K. A has only one brother.
 - (II) C, the cousin of B is the only grand-daughter of K.

- 28. Amongst ten children standing in a row and facing North, what is Akash's position from the right end of the line?
 - (I) Ravi is fifth from the left. Three students are standing between Ravi and Akash.
 - (II) Niharika is standing to the immediate right of Akash. Niharika is not standing at any of the extreme ends of the line.
- 29. Among four friends P. Q. R and S. each sitting around a circular table, facing outside (i.e. opposite to the centre), who sits to the immediate left of Q?
 - (I) P sits to the immediate left of S. Only one person sits between P and R.
 - (II) R and Q are immediate neighbours of each other. Only one person sits be-. tween Q and S.
- 30. How many kilometres did Karen drive? (The number of kilometres driven was a multiple of ten)
 - (I) Karen's friend correctly remembers that Karen drove more than 50 kms but less than 120 kms.
 - (II) Karen correctly remembers that she drove less than 100 kms but more than 30 kms. She also correctly remembers that the number of kms that she drove was a multiple of three.

Directions (31 - 35) : In these questions, relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. The statements are followed by two conclusions.

Give answer (1) if only Conclusion I is true

Give answer (2) if only Conclusion II is true

Give answer (3) if either Conclusion I or II is true

Give answer (4) if neither Conclusion I nor II is true

Give answer (5) if both Conclusions I and II are true

Directions (31-32): Statements :

A > S < T : P < S > C

31. Conclusions:

- .. P≤A
- II. T>C
- 32. Conclusions:
 - I. T≥P
 - II. C < A
- 33. Statements:

 $X < Y = Z \ge W; Z < V$

Conclusions:

- I. V > X
- II. W > V

Directions (34-35):

Statements :

 $F \ge G = H \le I; G > T : E \le H$

- 34. Conclusions:
 - T ≤ I
 - II. T≥F
- 35. Conclusions:
 - I. F≥E
 - II. I < E
- 36. How many such pairs of letters are there in the word WEBCAST, each of which has as many letters between them in the word fin both forward and backward Directionss) as they have between them in the English alphabetical series?
 - (1) None
- (2) One
- (3) Two
- (4) Three
- (5) More than three
- 37. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on the English alphabetical series and so form a group Which is the one that does not belong to that group?
 - (1) JK
- (2) ST
- (3) PQ
- (4) FG
- (5) BC

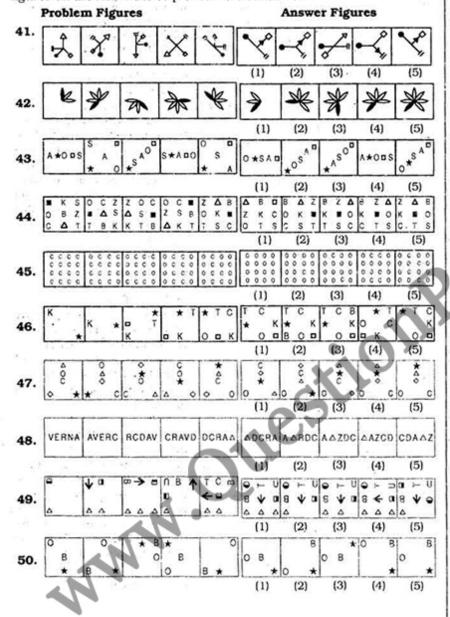
Directions (38 - 40) : Read the following information carefully and answer the questions which follow:

T, V, W, X, Y and Z live on different floors in the same building having six floors numbered one to six (the ground floor is numbered 1, the floor above it, number 2 and so on and the topmost floor is numbered 6).

There are two floors above the floor on which X lives. T lives on an aren aurabered floor. Only two page ple live between the floors on which r and Y live V lives on a floor in: rediately above the floor on writer Z lives.

- 38. Who amongst the following lives on the ground floor (i.e. the floor numbered 1)?
 - (2) Y (1) W
 - (4) T (3)Z
 - (5) Cannot be determined
- 39. On which of the fellowing floors does W live?
 - (1) 2nd
- (2) 5th
- (3) 6th
- (4) 3rd
- (5) Cannot be determined
- 40. Who amongst the following lives on the floor exactly between the floors on which X and V live?
 - (1).Y
- (2) Z
- (3) W
- (4) T
- (5) Cannot be determined

Directionss (41 - 50): In each of the questions given below which one of the five answer figures on the right should come after the problem figures on the left, if the sequence were continued?



NUMERICAL ABILITY

Directions (51 - 55) : What will come in palce of the question mark (?) in the following questions?

51. 36.7 % of 1760 - 22.2 % of 675 $=(?)^2+12.07$

(2)22

(4)28

52. $(73)^2 - 6205 \div 17 = (?)^2 \div 1243$

(2) (69)2

(4)69

$$(3) - 1$$

54.
$$\sqrt{(1.6)^2 \times 5 + 1.6 \times (8)^3 - 103} = (?)^3$$

(2)81

(4)'27

(5) None of these

51.
$$(0.17 \times 10)^5 \div (2.89)^5 \times (4.913)^7 = (1.7)^{7+15}$$

(1) 5

(3)6 (4).1

(5) None of these

Directions (56 - 60) : What approximate value will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question? (You are not expected to calculate the exact value)

56.
$$(47.1)^2 - (7.9)^2 - (12.01)^2 = ?$$

(1) 2010

(2) 2070

(3)2160

(4)2280

(5)2340

57.
$$\sqrt{5667} \times \sqrt{3321} + \sqrt{7440} = \sqrt{?}$$

(1) 2530

(2)2680

(3)2780

(4)2120

(5)2260

58. $(458+343) \times 123 \div 191 + 324 = ?$

(1) 920

(2)780

(3)700

(4)840

(5)650

59. 87% of 3981 - 725.14 = ? + 45% of 2789

(1) 1360

(2)1780

(3)1480

(4) 1860

(5) 1660

AN (05 A)2 . 06	3.01 × 29 = ? - 677
(1) 0300	(0) 21 10
(1) 2300	(2) 21 10 (4) 24 10
(5) 2490	(4) 2410
	(61 - 65) : What
	ce of the question
will come in pia	following number
series?	following frumber
	87 842 553 (?)
(1) 866 (3) 856	(4) 867
(5) None of	these
	3 122.5 188.5 (?)
	(2) 271
(3) 267	(4) 278.5
(5) None of	
	770 1082 926 (?)
(1) 1022	(2) 1004 (4) 842
(5) None of	
	173.5 212 239.5
(?)	100.004
(1) 256 (3) 262	(2) 264
(3) 262	(4) 258
(5) None of	
65. 9 65 2	
(1) 920	(2) 1486 (4) 1484
(5) None o	s (66 - 70) : In the
	ons three equations
numbered I II o	nd III are given. You
hours to colve a	If the equations ei-
ther together or	separately, or two
together and or	e separately, or by
any other meth	
Give answer	
	x> y = z
	x ≥ y < z
(3)	x < y > z

15	(1) 866	(2) 877
	(3) 856	(4) 867
	(5) None o	
62.		73 122.5 188.5 (?)
	(1) 267.5	
	(3) 267	(4) 278.5
	(5) None o	f these
83.		770 1082 926 (?)
٠.	(1) 1022	(2) 1004
	(3) 848	(4) 842
	(5) None o	
₿4 .		173.5 212 239.5
	(?)	
	(1)256	(2) 264
	(3) 262	(4) 258
Č.,	(5) None	
de		217 513 (?)
00.		
	(1) 926	(2) 1486
	(3) 1001	(4) 1484
٠.	(5) None (of these
ñ	Direction	s (66 - 70) : In the
ollo	wing ouest	ions three equations
ממוני	hered I II	and III are given. You
unti	to colve	It the emptions of
SAC	to solve a	all the equations ei-
ner	together o	r separately, or two
		ne separately, or by
ny	other meth	od and
G	ive answer	If .
•	(1)	x>y=z
-((2)	x≥y <z< td=""></z<>
	(3)	x < y > z
	(4)	x=y>2
	(5)	x = y = z or if none
	(0)	of the above rela-
	1 1	
		Albanhin to actah
		tionship is estab-
	- 1	tionship is estab- lished
	La.	lished
66	. I. x = (1	lished
66	I. x = (1	lished 6) $\frac{1}{2} \times (216)\frac{1}{3}$
66	11. x+3y	hished $8)\frac{1}{2} \times (216)\frac{1}{3}$ 4 = 96
66	11. x+3y	lished 6) $\frac{1}{2} \times (216)\frac{1}{3}$
	II. x+3y	lished $8)\frac{1}{2} \times (216)\frac{1}{3}$ = 96 y + z = 112
	II. x+3y III. 2x+2 II. 12x=	lished $8)\frac{1}{2} \times (216)\frac{1}{3}$ x = 96 xy + z = 112 $(8)^2 + \sqrt{64}$
	11. $x + 3y$ 111. $2x + 2$ 1. $12x =$ 11. $8y^2 =$	lished $6)\frac{1}{2} \times (216)\frac{1}{3}$ $4 = 96$ $4y + z = 112$ $(8)^2 + \sqrt{64}$ $240 \div 32 + (4)^2$
	11. $x + 3y$ 111. $2x + 2$ 1. $12x =$ 11. $8y^2 =$	lished $8)\frac{1}{2} \times (216)\frac{1}{3}$ x = 96 xy + z = 112 $(8)^2 + \sqrt{64}$
67	ii. $x + 3y$ iii. $2x + 2$ iii. $2x = 2x $	lished $6)\frac{1}{2} \times (216)\frac{1}{3}$ $= 96$ $2y + z = 112$ $(8)^{2} + \sqrt{64}$ $240 \div 32 + (4)^{2}$ $\cdot 8z) = 1088$
67	11. x+3y 111.2x+2 11. 12x= 11. 8y²= 111. 8(9z+ 11. x+y:	lished $6)\frac{1}{2} \times (216)\frac{1}{3}$ $= 96$ $2y + z = 112$ $(8)^{2} + \sqrt{64}$ $240 \div 32 + (4)^{2}$ $8z) = 1088$ $= 36$
67	11. $x + 3y$ 111. $2x + 2$ 11. $12x =$ 11. $8y^2 =$ 111. $8(9x +$ 11. $x + y =$ 11. $x - y =$	lished $8)\frac{1}{2} \times (216)\frac{1}{3}$ $= 96$ $4y + z = 112$ $(8)^{2} + \sqrt{64}$ $240 + 32 + (4)^{2}$ $8z) = 1088$ $= 36$
67	11. $x + 3y$ 111. $2x + 2$ 11. $12x =$ 11. $8y^2 =$ 111. $8(9x +$ 11. $x + y =$ 111. $x + y =$ 111. $x + y =$ 111. $x + y =$	lished $8)\frac{1}{2} \times (216)\frac{1}{3}$ $= 96$ $4y + z = 112$ $(8)^{2} + \sqrt{64}$ $240 + 32 + (4)^{2}$ $8z) = 1088$ $= 36$ $= 0$ $z = 50$
67	11. $x + 3y$ 11. $2x + 2$ 11. $12x =$ 11. $8y^2 =$ 11. $8(9x +$ 11. $x + y =$ 11. $x - y =$ 11. $x + y =$	lished $8)\frac{1}{2} \times (216)\frac{1}{3}$ $4 = 96$ $4y + z = 112$ $(8)^{2} + \sqrt{64}$ $240 + 32 + (4)^{2}$ $8z) = 1088$ $= 36$ $= 0$ $z = 50$ $4y + 3z = 61$
67	11. $x + 3y$ 11. $2x + 2$ 11. $12x =$ 11. $8y^2 =$ 11. $8(9z +$ 11. $x + y =$ 11. $x + y =$	lished $8)\frac{1}{2} \times (216)\frac{1}{3}$ $= 96$ $2y + z = 112$ $(8)^2 + \sqrt{64}$ $240 + 32 + (4)^2$ $8z) = 1088$ $= 36$ $= 0$ $z = 50$ $3y + 3z = 61$ $+ 2z = 24$
67	11. $x + 3y$ 11. $2x + 2$ 11. $12x =$ 11. $8y^2 =$ 11. $8(9z +$ 11. $x + y =$ 11. $x + y =$	lished $8)\frac{1}{2} \times (216)\frac{1}{3}$ $4 = 96$ $4y + z = 112$ $(8)^{2} + \sqrt{64}$ $240 + 32 + (4)^{2}$ $8z) = 1088$ $= 36$ $= 0$ $z = 50$ $4y + 3z = 61$

```
70. I. 3x + 5y = 59
    II. 2x + 3y = 37
    III.8z = 14 + 6z
71. Cost of nine pencils is equal
    to the cost of four pens. Cost
    of thirteen pencils and six
    pens is ₹159. What is the
    cost of twenty one pencils and
    seventeen pens together?
    (1) ₹345.50 (2) ₹354.50
                  (4) ₹355
    (3) ₹342
    (5) None of these
72. The average marks obtained by
    Sunny in seven subjects are
    75. If after re-evaluation av-
    erage marks in all the seven
    subjects changed to 82. How
    many marks were increased
    over all?
                  (2)59
    (1)48
    (3)57
                  (4)49
    (5) None of these
73. What value will be obtained if
    five-ninth of sixty percent of
    cube of eighteen is added to
    forty percent of square of
    twenty five?
                  (2)2186
     (1)2216
    (3) 2194
                  (4) 2212
     (5) None of these
```

74. Ramesh is five years older than Suresh. Respective ratio between Suresh's age and Madan's age is 3:8. Raju is 8 years younger than Madan. Raju's present age is 48 years. What is Ramesh's present age?

(1) 16 years (2) 21 years (3) 26 years

(4) Cannot be determined (5) None of these

75. A vendor sells deodorants at the rate of ₹ 160. The profit is 15% of the selling price. He also sells tale powder at the rate of ₹90 each. The profit of talc powder is 12% of its selling price. What amount of profit will he earn in three days if he sells 4 deogorants and 5 tale powder per day?

(1) ₹520

(4) ₹450 (3) ₹540

(2) ₹480

(5) None of these

76. The length of a rectangle is twenty five percent more than its breadth. The area of the rectangle is 1620 sq. cm. What is the area of a square whose side is half the length of the rectangle?

(1) 506.25 sq. cm.

(2) 512.75 sq. cm.

(3) 515.25 sq. cm.

(4) 509.75 sq. cm.

(5) None of these

Two angles of a triangle are in the ratio 2:3. Remaining angle is the largest angle which is twice the smallest angle of the triangle. What is the measure of larger angle of a parallelogram if the largest angle of the triangle is equal to smaller . angle of the parallelogram?

 $(1) 100^{\circ}$ (2) 110°

(3) 120°.

(4) Cannot be determined

(5) None of these

In a test, minimum passing. percentage for girls and boys are 45% and 60% respectively. A boy scored 767 marks and failed by 313 marks. What are the minimum passing marks for girls ?

> (2)920(1)910(3)840(4) 810

(5) None of these

79. Train- A crossed a stationary train in 39 seconds. It also crossed a man standing on a platform in 19 seconds. The length of the train - A is 456 metre. What is the length of the stationary train?

(1) 460 metre (2) 480 metre

(3) 490 metre

(4) Cannot be determined

(5) None of these

80. In a metro train there are 600 passengers out of which 34 percent are females. Fare of each male is \$20 and each female's fare is 25 percent less than each male. What is the total revenue generated by all the passengers together?

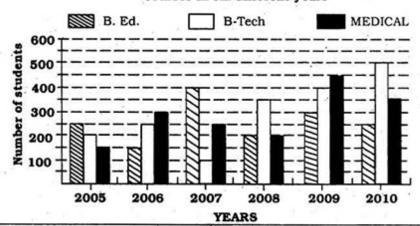
(2) ₹10,980 (1) ₹ 10,880

(4) ₹10,680 (3) ₹10,740

(5) None of these

Directions (81 - 85): Study the following graph carefully to answer the questions that follow:

Number of students enrolled in three different courses in six different years



- 81. Number of students enrolled in B.Ed. in the years 2005 and 2009 together was approximately what percentage of the total number of students enrolled in Medical over all the years together?
 - (1) 32
- (2) 37 (4) 46
- (3) 42 (5) 29

- 82. What was the average number of the students enrolled in B. Tech. over all the years together?
 - gether? (1) 400
- (2) 1600
- (3) 1800
- (4) 900
- (5) None of these

- 83. What was the respective ratio between the number of students enrolled in Medical in the year 2010 and the number of students enrolled in B.Ed. in the year 2007?
 - (1)7:8
- (2)8:5
- (3)5:8
- (4) 7:9
- (5) None of these
- 84. In which year was the difference between the students enrolled in B.Ed. and B-Tech third highest?
 - (1)2005
- (2) 2006
- (3)2008
- (4) 2009
- (5)2010
- 85. What was the percentage increase in number of students enrolle in B-Tech in the year 2008 as compared to previous year?
 - (1) 150
 - (2)250
 - (3)450
 - (4) 350
 - (5) None of these.

Directions (86 - 90): Study the table carefully to answer the questions that follow:

Number of Officers and Clerks (in Hundreds) from five different districts in six different banks

	A THE RESERVE			6	Districts					
Banks	District-P		District-9		District-R		District-S		District-T	
	Officers	Clerks	Officers	Clerks	Officers	Clerks	Officers	Clerks	Officers	Clerks
Bank.A	3.6	13.6	6.2	12.1	7.5	34.5	6.4	21.4	3.5	9.6
Bank.B	5.6	16.2	4.9	10.2	10.9	23.3	4.4	22.3	6.5	16.6
Bank.C	7.3	31.9	4.8	14.2	15.8	40.9	4.5	33.3	2.9	12.4
Bank.D	8.4	35.6	12.3	35.4	16.6	45.2	7.3	35.4	9.4	25.7
Bank.E	2.4	9.9	4.5	15.9	12.7	26.6	12.4	35.2	6.9	21.5
Bank.F	1.3	14.3	5.8	14.4	13.7	24.2	15.2	29.4	10.8	32.8

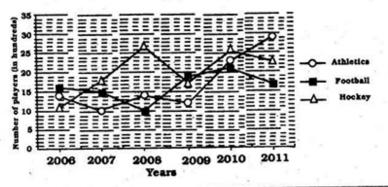
- 86. Twenty six percent of the number of officers in Bank - A from District - T is female. What is the number of male officers in Bank - A from District - T?
 - (1)336
- (2)332
- (3)248
- (4)259
- (5) None of these
- 87. What is the respective ratio between the number of clerks in Bank E from District Q and the number of officers in Bank C from District S?

- (1) 51:16
- (2) 53:15
- (3)43:16
- (4) 53:16
- (5) None of these
- 88. Total number of officers in Bank - C and Bank - F from District - P together is approximately what percentage of the number of clerks in Bank - B from district - S?
 - (1)29
- (2) 23 (4) 49
- (3)45
- (5)39

- 89. In which Bank from District -R is the difference between the number of officers and clerks second lowest?
 - (1) Bank A (2) Bank B
 - (3) Bank C (4) Bank D
 - (5) Bank E
- 90. What is the average number of officers in Bank - D from all the districts together?
 - (1) 400
- (2)700
- (3) 800
- (4) 900
- (5) None of these

Directions (91 - 95): Study the following graph carefully to answer the questions that follow:

Number of players (in hundreds) who participated in a sports event in three different sports in six different years



- 91. What was the difference between the number of players who participated in athletics in the year 2010 and the number of players who participated in Hockey in the year 2009?
 - (1) 660 (3) 580
- (2) 600 (4) 700
- (5) None of these
- 92. If 23 percent of the players participated in athletics in the year 2006 found positive in doping test, what was the number of players who participated in athletics in the year 2006 found negative in doping test?
 - (1) 1078
- (2) 1048
- (3) 1026 (4) 1064
- (5) None of these
- 93. What was the approximate average number of players participated in hockey over all the years together?

- (1) 2034 (2) 2104 (3) 2046 (4) 2146 (5) 2004
- 94. Total number of players who participated in all the sports together in the year 2007 was approximately what percentage of the total number of players who participated in football over all the years together?
 - (1) 49
- (2)51
- (3) 35 (5) 31
- (4) 44
- 95. What was the percent decrease in number of players who participated in football in the year 2008 as compared to previous
 - year? .
- (2)44
- (3)48
- (4)52
- (5) 33 .

Directions (96 - 100): Study the following table carefully and answer the questions that follow:

Yearly Fees (in thousands of Rs.) of five different courses in five different years

COURSES							
YEARS	мва	BCA	B.8c.	BBA	B.A.		
2006	9.4	6.8	2.5	6.3	1.2		
2007	12.3	8.8	5.4	7.6	3.8		
2008	14.5	12.4	5.6	10.2	5.4		
2009	19.8	14.8	7.5	12.4	8.5		
2010	24.6	18.6	10.2	14.9	9.4		

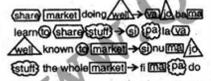
- 96. What was the difference between the total yearly fee for all the courses together in the year 2009 and the yearly fees of MBA course in the year 2008?
 - (1) ₹4,85,000 (2) ₹48,200
 - (3) ₹4,82,000 (4) ₹48,500
 - (5) None of these
- 97. Total yearly fees of BA course over all the years together was approximately what percentage of total yearly fees of BCA course in the years 2008, 2009 and 2010 together?
 - (1)76
- (2)72
- (3) 58
- (4) 62
- (5) 68
- 98. What was the percent increase in yearly fees of B.Sc. in the year 2010 as compared to the previous year?
 - (1)46
- (2) 38 (4) 36
- (3)42
- (5) None of these
- 99. What was the average yearly fee of MBA course over all the years together?
 - (1) ₹16420 (2) ₹15640
 - (3) ₹16120 (4) ₹15440
 - (5) None of these
- 100. If twenty five percent of the yearly fees were reduced for BCA course in the year 2009, what was the rectified yearly fee for BCA course in the year 2009?
 - (1) ₹12,100 (2) ₹11,200
 - (3) ₹11,010 (4) ₹12,110
 - (5) None of these

ANSWERS

- (-)			
1.(5)	2.(4)	3.(3)	4.(3)
5.(1)	6.(5)	7.(2)	8.(2)
9.(2)	10.(4)	11.(5)	12.(1)
13.(4)	14.(1)	15.(2)	16.(1)
17.(1)	18.(3)	19.(5)	20.(4)
21.(3)	22.(2)	23.(4)	24.(5)
25.(2)	26.(3)	27.(5)	28.(4)
29.(1)	30.(4)	31.(5)	32.(2)
33.(1)	34.(4)	35.(1)	36.(4)
37.(2)	38.(3)	39.(2)	40.(1)
41.(2)	42.(5)	43.(2)	44.(4)
45.(3)	46.(1)	47.(4)	48.(3)
49.(1)	50.(5)	51.(2)	52. (5)
53. (5)	54.(5)	55.(4)	56.(1)
57.(1)	58.(4)	59.(3)	60.(2)
61.(5)	62.(2)	63.(2)	64.(4)
65.(3)	66.(4)	67.(2)	68.(4)
69.(3)	70.(1)	71.(5)	72.(4)
73.(3)	74.(3)	75.(4)	76.(1)
77.(1)	78.(4)	79.(2)	80.(2)
81.(1)	82.(5)	83.(1)	84.(3)
85.(2)	86.(4)	87.(2)	88.(5)
89.(2)	90.(5)	91.(2)	92.(1)
93.(1)	94.(4)	95.(5)	96.(4)
97.(4)	98.(4)	99.(3)	100.(5)

EXPLANATIONS

(1-5):

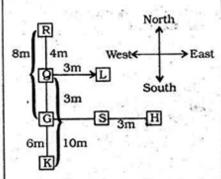


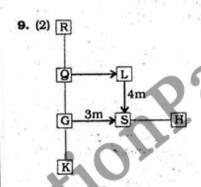
- 1. (5) The code for 'whole' is either 'fi' or 'do'.
- 2. (4) market ⇒ ma
- 3. (3) ba ⇒ doing
- (3) well ⇒ jo; known ⇒ nu; share ⇒ va
- (1) Learn ⇒ la; to ⇒ si; excel
 ⇒ zi
- 6. (5) $E^{\pm 3} + H^{\pm 4} + L^{\pm 5} + Q^{\pm 6} + W$ $F^{\pm 3} + L^{\pm 4} + M^{\pm 5} + R^{\pm 6} + X$ $Z^{-2} + X^{-3} + U^{-4} + Q^{-5} + L$

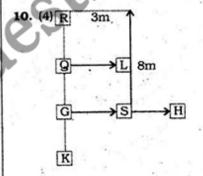
7. (2)
A D V ! C E S
A C D E
$$\downarrow$$

+1 -1 -1 +1 +1 +1 -1 -1
B B C F J R 'U

(2) Meaningful Word ⇒ CHIN
 (9-10):





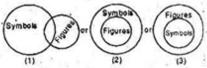


(11-15):

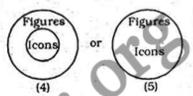
- (i) All icon are figures → Universal Affirmative (A-type).
- (ii) Some symbols are figures → Particular Affirmative (I-type).
- (iii) No mail is a post → Universal Negative (E-type).
- (iv) Some mails are not posts → Particular Negative (O-type).
- 11. (5) All icons are figures.

Some figures are symbols.
A + I ⇒ No Conclusion

Venn-diagrams
Some symbols are figures.



All icons are figures.



If we combine the diagrams (3) and (5), then it can be said that "All symbols being icons is a possibility".

For the same reason, Conclusion II also follows.

12. (1) All numbers are alphabets.

All alphabets are digits.

A + A ⇒ A-type of Conclusion "All numbers are digits".

All alphabets are digits.

No digit is a letter.

A + E ⇒ E-type of Conclusion

"No alphabet is a letter".

All numbers are digits.

No digit is a letter.

A + E ⇒ E-type of Conclusion
"No number is a letter"

Conclusion I is Converse of it.

13. (4) Both the Premises are Universal Negative (E-type). No

Conclusion follows from the two negative premises.

(14-15):

Some shields are trophies.

All tropies are cups.

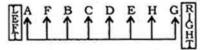
I + A ⇒ I-type of Conclusion
"Some shields are cups. (P)

All trophies are cups.

No cup is a medal.

- A + E ⇒ E-type of Conclusion
 "No trophy is a medal." (Q)
- (1) Conclusion (Q) is Conclusion I.
- (2) Conclusion (P) is Converse of Conclusion II.

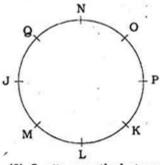
(16-20):



- (1) H sits exactly between E and G.
- 17. (1) F is third to the left of D.
- (3) A and G are seated at the two extreme ends of the line.
- (5) Five persons F, B, C, D and E - are seated between A and H.
- (4) There are three persons to the left of C.

A sits second to the left B. E is second to the right of C. Only G is to the right of H.

(21-25):

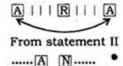


- 21. (3) Q sits exactly between N and J.
- 22. (2) L is to the immediate left of K.
- (4) N and P are immediate neighbours of O.
- 24. (5) 0^{+3} , J^{+3} , K^{+3} , N^{+3} , M
- (2) Q sits second to the left of M.
- 26. (3) From statement I

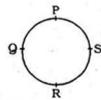
 B > A > E > C, D

 From statement II

 B > A > E > C, D
- 27. (5) From both the statements A has no daughter.
- 28. (4) From statement I

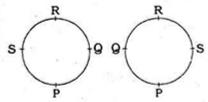


29. (1) From statement I



R sits to the immediate left of Q.

From statement II



30. (4) From statement I Karen drove 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 or 110 km.

> From statement II Karen drove 60 or 90 km.

(31-32):

A≥S<T A≥S≥P A≥S>C P≤S<T C<S<T

31. (5) Conclusions

I. P ≤ A : True
II. P > C : True

32. (2) Conclusions

I. T≥P: Not True
II. C < A: True</p>

33. (1) $X < Y = Z \ge W$ X < Y = Z < V

 $V > Y = Z \ge W$

Conclusions

I. V > X : True
II. W > V : Not True

(34-35):

 $F \ge G = H \le I$ $F \ge G = H > T$ $T < G = H \le I$ $F \ge G = H \ge E$

 $E \le G = H \le I$

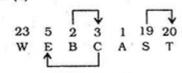
34. (4) Conclusions

I. $T \le I$: Not True II. $T \ge F$: Not True

35, (1) Conclusions

I. F ≥ E : True
 II. I < E : Not True

36. (4)



37. (2) $\stackrel{10}{J} \stackrel{+1}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{11}{K}$; $\stackrel{19}{S} \stackrel{+1}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{20}{T}$; $\stackrel{16}{P} \stackrel{+1}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{17}{Q}$; $\stackrel{6}{F} \stackrel{+1}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{7}{G}$; $\stackrel{2}{B} \stackrel{+1}{\longrightarrow} \stackrel{3}{C}$

(38-40)

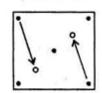
6	T
5	w
4	X
_3	Y
2	V
L	Z

- 38. (3) Z lives on the Ground Floor.
- 39. (2) W lives on 5th numbered floor.
- (1) Y lives on the floor exactly between the floors on which X and V live.
- 41. (2) In the subsequent figures the design(↑) rotates through 45° and 135° clockwise alternately; the design(↑) rotates through 45° clockwise, the design (↑) rotates through 90° and 180° clockwise alternately while the design (↑) rotates respectively through 45°, 90°, 135°, 180°, 225°...... anticlockwise.
- 42. (5) From Problem Figure (1) to
 (2) the design rotates through
 135° anticlockwise and two
 leaflets are added; from Problem Figure (3) to (4) the design rotates through 45° anticlockwise and two leaflets
 are added. Therefore, from
 Problem Figure (5) to Answer
 Figure, the design would rotate through 90° anticlockwise and two leaflets would be
 added.
- 43. (2) The following changes occur from Problem Figure (1) to (2) and from Problem Figure (2) to (3):

(1) to (2)

(2) to (3)





Similar changes would occur from Problem Figure (4) to (5) and from Problem Figure (5) to Answer Figure.

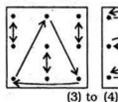
44. (4) The following changes occur in the subsequent figures:

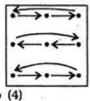
(1) to (2)

(2) to (3)

(4) to (5)

(5) to (6)







45. (3) In the subsequent figures respectively two and four designs are converted into circles alternately.

46. (1) From Problem Figure (1) to (2) the designs move one-half step in anticlockwise Directions. Similar changes would occur from Problem Figure (3) to (4) and from Problem Figure (5) to Answer Figure.

47. (4) The following changes occur in the subsequent figures: (1) to (2)

(5) to (6)

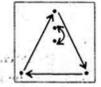
(2) to (3)

(4) to (5)





(3) to (4)



48. (3) The following changes occur in the subsequent figures:

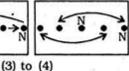
(1) to (2)

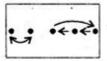
(2) to (3)

(4) to (5)

(5) to (6)







49. (1) In the subsequent figures respectively one, two and three triangle(s) are there at the bottom position. In each subsequent figure one design is added at the upper left corner and the designs rotate. through 90° anticlockwise and move clockwise.

50. (5) In the subsequent figures the asterisk moves one-half and one and a half steps in anticlockwise Directions alternately; the design (B) moves along the diagonal while the circle moves respectively onehalf, one, one and a half, two, two and a half steps in clockwise Directions.

1760×36.7 675×22.2 51. (2) 100 100 $= ?^2 + 12.07$ 645.92 - 149.85 = ?2 + 12.07 $496.07 = ?^2 + 12.07$ \Rightarrow ?2 = 496.07 - 12.07 = 484 ∴ ? = √484 = 22

52. (5)
$$(73)^2 - \frac{6205}{17} = ?^2 + 1243$$

⇒ $73^2 - 365 = ?^2 + 1243$
⇒ $73(73 - 5) = ?^2 + 1243$
⇒ $73 \times 68 = ?^2 + 1243$
⇒ $4964 = ?^2 + 1243$
⇒ $?^2 = 4964 - 1243 = 3721$
∴ $? = \sqrt{3721} = 61$

53. (5)
$$5 + \frac{2}{7} - 12 + 6 + \frac{1}{8}$$

= $? -\frac{17}{28}$
 $\Rightarrow -1 + \left(\frac{2}{7} + \frac{1}{8} + \frac{17}{28}\right) = ?$

$$\Rightarrow ? = -1 + \left(\frac{16 + 7 + 34}{56}\right)$$
$$= -1 + \frac{57}{56} = -1 + 1 + \frac{1}{56} = \frac{1}{56}$$

$$7^3 = \sqrt{2.56 \times 5 + 1.6 \times 512 - 103}$$
$$= \sqrt{12.8 + 819.2 - 103} = \sqrt{729} = 27$$

∴?= ₹27 = 3

55. (4) $(1.7)^5 \div ((1.7)^2)^5 \times ((1.7)^3)^7$ $=(1.7)^{7+15}$ $\Rightarrow (1.7)^5 \div (1.7)^{10} \times (1.7)^{21}$ $= (1.7)^{2*15}$

 $\Rightarrow (1.7)^{5-10+21} = (1.7)^{7+15}$ $\Rightarrow (1.7)^{16} = (1.7)^{7+15}$

$$(a^{m})^{n} = a^{mn};$$

$$a^{m} \times a^{n} = a^{m+n};$$

$$a^{m} + a^{n} = a^{m-n}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 ? + 15 = 16
 \Rightarrow ? = 16 - 15 = 1

56. (1)
$$? = (47)^2 - (8)^2 - (12)^2$$

= 2209 - 64 - 144 = 2001

Required answer = 2010

57. (1)

$$\sqrt{?} = \sqrt{5667} \times \sqrt{3321} + \sqrt{7440}$$

 $\approx \sqrt{5700} \times \sqrt{3300} + \sqrt{7400}$

58. (4) ? =
$$(458 + 343) \times 123 \div 191$$

+ 324
= $801 \times 123 \div 191 + 324$
= $\frac{800 \times 123}{190} + 324 \approx 840$

59. (3)
$$\frac{4000 \times 87}{100} - 725$$

60. (2)
$$(36)^2 \div 26 \times 29 \approx ? - 677$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{36 \times 36 \times 29}{26} \approx ?-677$$

61. (5) The pattern is: 621 + 187 = 808808 - 221 (=187 + 34) = 587 587 + 255 (= 221 + 34) = 842

- 62. (2) The pattern is : 23.5 + 16.5 = 40 $40 + 2 \times 16.5 = 40 + 33 = 73$ $73 + 3 \times 16.5 = 73 + 49.5$ = 122.5 $122.5 + 4 \times 16.5 = 122.5 +$ 66 = 188.5 $188.5 + 5 \times 16.5 = 188.5 +$ 82.5 = |271|
- 63. (2) The pattern is : 146+ 1248 = 1394 $1394 - (1248 \div 2)$ = 1394 - 624 = 770 770 + (624 + 2) = 770 + 312= 10821082 - (312 + 2) = 1082 -156 = 926926 + (156 + 2) = 926 + 78= 1004
- 64. (4) The pattern is : 122 - 55.5 = 66.5173.5 - 122 = 51.5(=66.5 - 15)212 - 173.5 = 38.5 (± 51.5 - 13) 239.5 - 212 = 27.5 (=38.5-11)

- 65. (3) The pattern is : $2^3 + 1 = 8 + 1 = 9$ $4^3 + 1 = 64 + 1 = 65$ $6^3 + 1 = 216 + 1 = 217$ 83 + 1 = 512 + 1 = 513 $10^3 + 1 = 1000 + 1 = 1001$
- 66. (4) 1. $x = (16)^{\frac{1}{2}} \times (216)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

=
$$(4^2)^2 \times (6^3)^3 = 4 \times 6 = 24$$

II. $x + 3y = 96$
 $\Rightarrow 24 + 3y = 96$
 $\Rightarrow 3y = 96 - 24 = 72$
 $\Rightarrow y = 72 \div 3 = 24$
III. $2x + 2y + z = 112$
 $\Rightarrow 2 \times 24 + 2 \times 24 + z = 112$
 $\Rightarrow 48 + 48 + z = 112$
 $\Rightarrow z = 112 - 96 = 16$
 $\therefore x = y > z$

67. (2) I.
$$12x = 64 + 8 = 72$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{72}{12} = 6$$

II.
$$8y^2 = 240 + 32 + 16 = 288$$

$$\Rightarrow y^2 = \frac{288}{8} = 36$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \sqrt{36} = \pm 6$$
III. $8(9z + 8z) = 1088$

$$\Rightarrow 17z = \frac{1088}{8} = 136$$

$$\Rightarrow z = \frac{136}{17} = 8$$

$$\therefore x \ge y < z$$
(4) By equations I and II, $2x = 36 \Rightarrow x = 18 = y$

68. (4) By equations I and II,

$$2x = 36 \Rightarrow x = 18 = y$$

From equation III,
 $x + 2z = 50$
 $\Rightarrow 18 + 2z = 50$
 $\Rightarrow 2z = 50 - 18 = 32$
 $\Rightarrow z = 16$
 $\therefore x = y > z$

69. (3) By equation I - equation $II \times 3$.

$$3x + 4y + 3z = 61$$

 $3x + 3y + 6z = 72$

y - 3z = -11By equation II x 2 - equation_III, 2x + 2y + 4z = 48

$$2x + 2y + z = 30$$

$$3z = 18 \Rightarrow z = 6$$

from equation IV. $y-18=-11 \Rightarrow y=18-11=7$ From equation II.

$$x+y+2z=24$$

$$\Rightarrow x+7+2\times6=24$$

$$\Rightarrow x+19=24$$

 $\Rightarrow x = 24 - 19 = 5$

: x < y > z

 (1) By equation I × 2 - equation II x 3.

$$6x + 10y = 118$$

 $6x + 9y = 111$

From equation II, $2x + 3 \times 7 = 37$ $\Rightarrow 2x = 37 - 21 = 16$

 $\Rightarrow x=8$ From equation III, 8z - 6z = 14

 $\Rightarrow 2z = 14 \Rightarrow z = 7$

x > y = z

71. (5) 9 pencils ≡ 4 pens 13 pencils + 6 pens

 $\equiv \frac{53}{2}$ pencils 21 pencils + 7 pens $=\frac{147}{4}$ pencils pencils ≡ Rs. 159 : 147 pencils 159×2×147

72. (4) Increased marks $= 82 \times 7 - 75 \times 7$ $= 7 (82 - 75) = 7 \times 7 = 49$

73. (3) Required value

$$= (18)^3 \times \frac{60}{100} \times \frac{5}{9} + (25)^2 \times \frac{40}{100}$$
$$= 1944 + 250 = 2194$$

74. (3) Raju's present age = 48 years Madan's present age = 48 + 8 = 56 years Suresh: Madan = 3:8

.. Suresh's present age

=
$$\frac{3}{8} \times 56 = 21$$
 years
 \therefore Ramesh's present age

= 21 + 5 = 26 years

75. (4) Profit on a deodorant

$$= \frac{160 \times 15}{100} = \text{Rs.}24$$

Profit on a talc powder

$$= \frac{90 \times 12}{100} = \text{Rs. } 10.80$$

Earned profit in three days $= Rs. 3 (4 \times 24 + 5 \times 10.80)$ = Rs. 3 (96 + 54) = Rs. 450

76. (1) If the breadth of rectangle

be x cm, then length = $\frac{5x}{4}$ cm

$$\therefore \frac{5x}{4} \times x = 1620$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 = \frac{1620 \times 4}{5} = 1296$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{1296} = 36 \text{ cm}$$

$$\therefore \text{ Length of rectangle}$$

$$=\frac{5\times36}{4}=45\,\text{cm}$$

- \therefore Side of square = $\frac{45}{2}$ cm.
- .. Area of square

$$=\frac{45}{2}\times\frac{45}{2}=506.25$$
 sq.cm

- 77. (1) Ratio of angles of triangle = 2:3:4
 - $2x + 3x + 4x = 180^{\circ}$
 - $\Rightarrow 9x = 180^{\circ} \Rightarrow x = 20$
 - : Largest angle $= 4 \times 20 = 80^{\circ}$
 - .. Required angle of parallel-
 - $= 180 80 = 100^{\circ}$
- 78. (4) If the total maximum marks be x, then

$$\frac{x \times 60}{100} = 767 + 313 = 1080$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{1080 \times 100}{60} = 1800$$

.. Required answer = 45% of

$$=\frac{1800\times45}{100}=810$$

79. (2) If the length of train B be x metre, then speed of train

$$=\frac{456+x}{39}=\frac{456}{19}=24$$

- \Rightarrow 456 + x = 39 × 24 = 936
- $\Rightarrow x = 936 456 = 480 \text{ metre}$
- 80. (2) Number of females

$$=\frac{600\times34}{100}=204$$

Fare of a woman

$$=\frac{20\times75}{100}=Rs.15$$

Number of males

= 600 - 204 = 396 Total revenue generated

 $= Rs. (204 \times 15 + 396 \times 20)$

- = Rs. (3060 + 7920)
- = Rs. 10980
- 81. (1) Number of students enrolled in Medical = 1700
 - .. Required percentage

$$=\frac{250+300}{1700}\times100$$
$$=\frac{550}{1700}=32$$

$$=\frac{550}{17}=32$$

82. (5) Required average

$$=\frac{1800}{6}=300$$

- 83. (1) Required ratio
 - = 350:400 = 7:8
- (3) It is obvious from the graph.
- 85. (2) Percentage increase

$$=\frac{350-100}{100}\times100=250$$

86. (4) Required number of male officers

$$=\frac{350\times74}{100}=259$$

- 87. (2) Required ratio
 - = 1590:450
 - = 53:15

88. (5) Required percentage

$$=\frac{7.3+1.3}{22.3}\times100$$

$$=\frac{8.6}{22.3} \times 100 \approx 39$$

89. (2) Difference between the number of officers and clerks:

Bank-A \Rightarrow 34.5 - 7.5 = 27 hundreds Bank-B => 23.3 - 10.9= 12.4 hun-

dreds Bank-C ⇒ 40.9 - 15.8 = 25.1 hundreds

Bank-D \Rightarrow 45.2 - 16.6 = 28.6 hun-

Bank-E ⇒ 26.6 - 12.7 = 13.9 hundreds

Bank-F \Rightarrow 24.2 - 13.7 = 10.5 hundreds

(5) Required average

$$=\frac{(8.4+12.3+16.6+7.3+9.4)\times100}{5}$$

$$=\frac{5400}{5}=1080$$

- 91. (2) Required difference
 - = 2300 1700 = 600
- 92. (1) Number of hockey players found negative in doping test

$$=\frac{1400\times77}{100}=1078$$

93. (1) Required average

$$=\frac{12200}{6} \approx 2034$$

94. (4) Total number of football players

 $17) \times 100 = 9800$

Required percentage

$$=\frac{(10+15+18)100}{9800}\times100$$

$$=\frac{43}{98}\times100=44$$

95. (5) Percentage decrease

$$= \frac{(15-10)}{15} \times 100$$
$$= \frac{100}{3} = 33\frac{1}{3} \approx 33$$

- 96. (4) Required difference
 - = Rs. (19.8 + 14.8 + 7.5 + 12.4)
 - + 8.5 14.5) thousand
 - = Rs. 48500
- 97. (4) Total yearly fees of BA
 - = Rs. (1.2 + 3.8 + 5.4 + 8.5 +
 - 9.4) thousand
 - = Rs. 28.3 thousand

Total yearly fees of BCA course in the years 2008, 2009 and 2010 together

- = Rs. (12.4 + 14.8 + 18.6) thousand
- = Rs. 45.8 thousand

$$=\frac{28.3}{45.8}\times100\approx62$$

98. (4) Required percentage increase

$$= \frac{10.2 - 7.5}{7.5} \times 100$$
$$= \frac{270}{7.5} = 36$$

99. (3) Required average

$$=\frac{80.6\times1000}{5}$$
 = Rs. 16120

100. (5) Rectified yearly fees for BCA course in 2009

$$=\frac{14.8\times1000\times75}{100}=Rs.11100$$

000