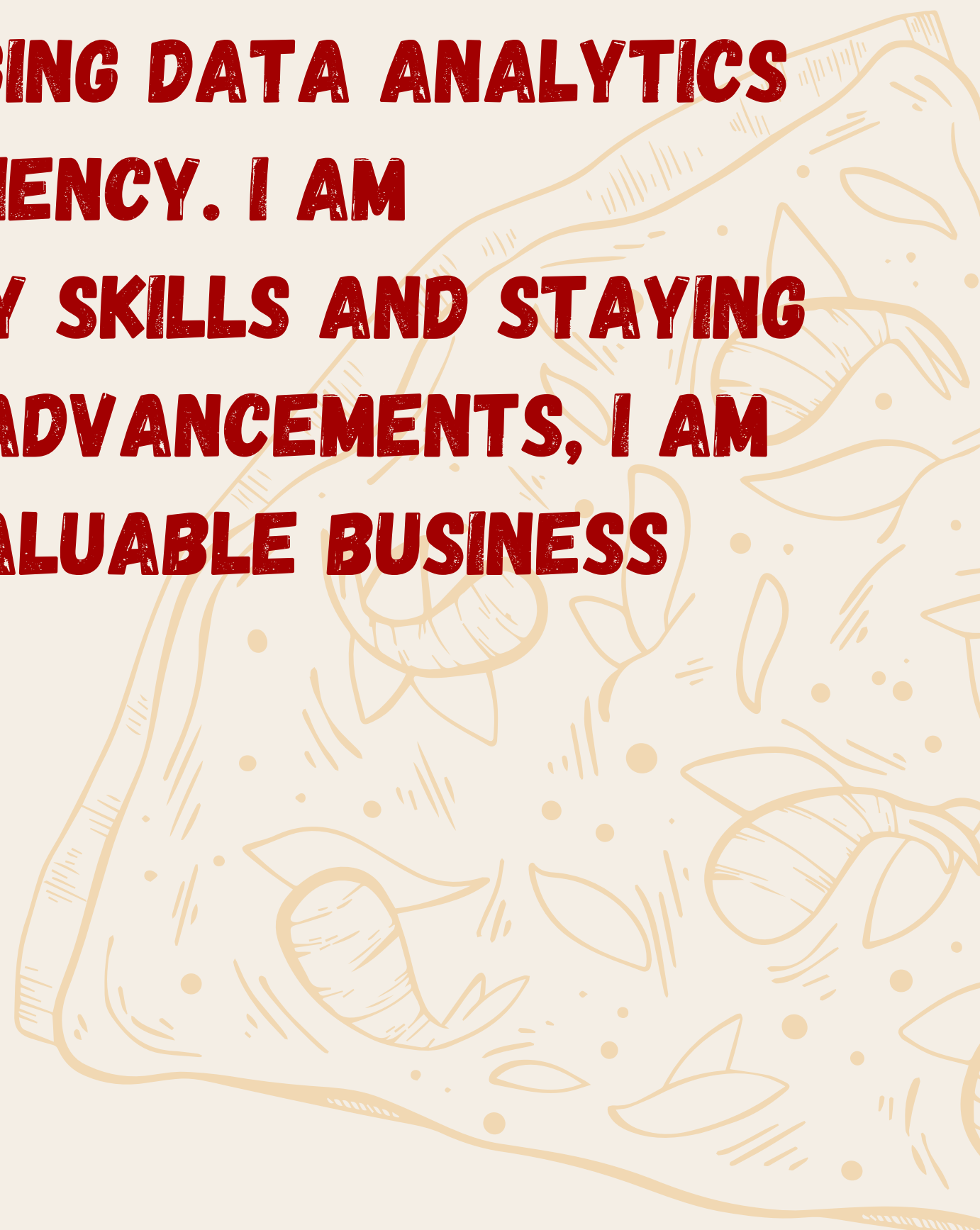
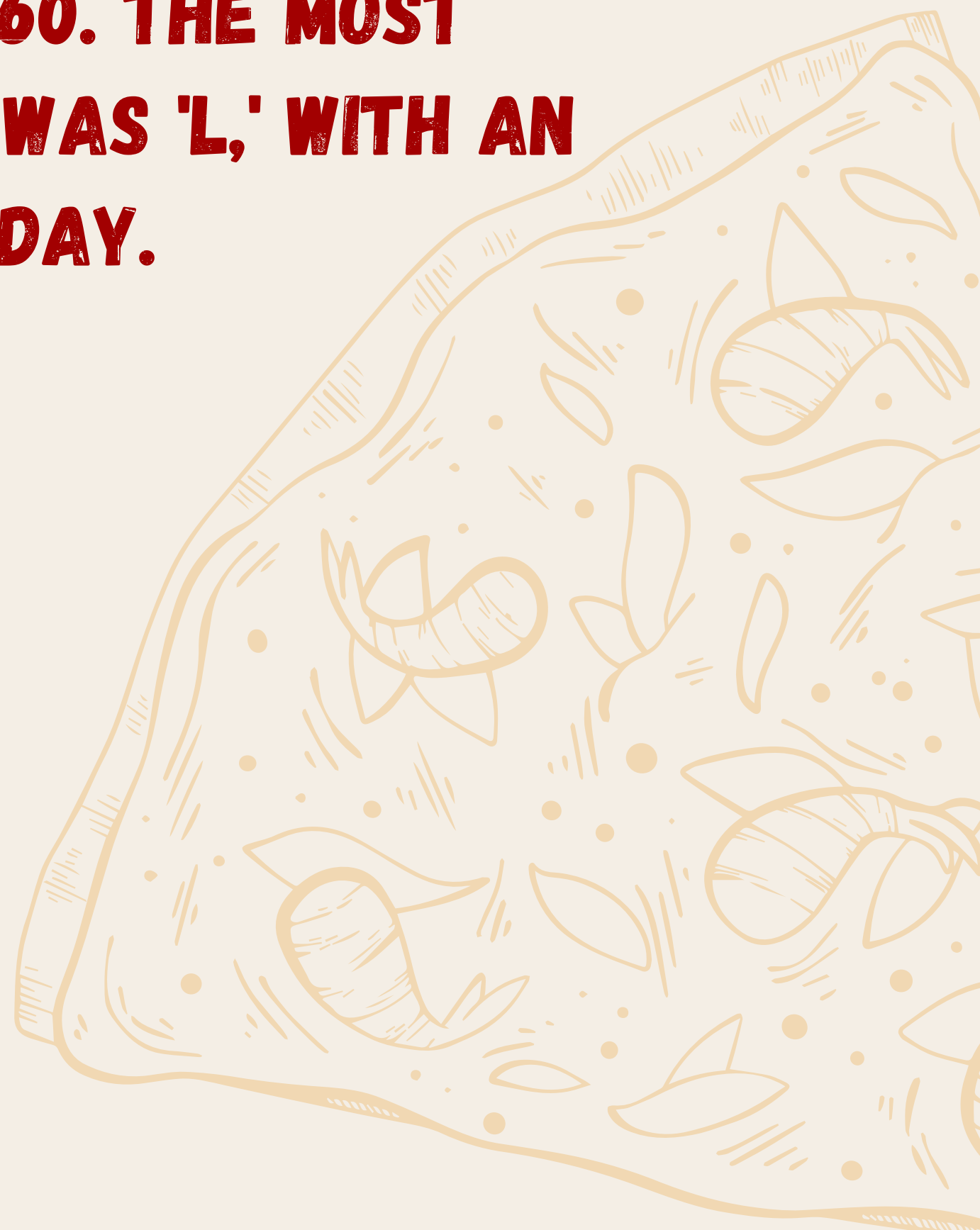


I AM A SKILLED DATA ANALYST PROFICIENT IN EXCEL, POWER BI, SQL, AND PYTHON. WITH A PROVEN TRACK RECORD OF TRANSFORMING COMPLEX DATA INTO ACTIONABLE INSIGHTS, I HELP ORGANIZATIONS MAKE INFORMED DECISIONS. EXPERIENCED IN ANALYZING LARGE DATASETS AND CREATING COMPELLING DASHBOARDS, I AM PASSIONATE ABOUT LEVERAGING DATA ANALYTICS TO DRIVE GROWTH AND EFFICIENCY. I AM CONTINUOUSLY ENHANCING MY SKILLS AND STAYING UPDATED WITH THE LATEST ADVANCEMENTS, I AM DEDICATED TO DELIVERING VALUABLE BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE.



IN THIS PROJECT, I ANALYZED PIZZA SALES DATA TO GAIN INSIGHTS INTO REVENUE TRENDS BY DAY, PIZZA TYPES, AND FLAVORS USING SQL QUERIES. THE ANALYSIS UTILIZED FOUR DATASETS: PIZZAS, PIZZA_TYPES, ORDERS, AND ORDER_DETAILS. KEY FINDINGS INCLUDE A TOTAL OF 21,350 ORDERS WITH A TOTAL REVENUE OF \$8,127,860. THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED WAS 'L,' WITH AN AVERAGE OF 138 ORDERS PER DAY.



DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES
BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY.

```
SELECT  
    COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders  
FROM  
    orders;
```

Result Grid	
	total_orders
▶	21350

CALCULATED TOTAL REVUENE

```
SELECT
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
          2)
FROM
    order_details
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id;
```

Result Grid				Filter Rows:	
	ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price), 2)				
▶	817860.05				



HIGHEST PRICE OF PIZZA

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid			Filter Results	
	name	price		
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95		

MOST COMMON SIZE PIZZA ORDERED

```
SELECT
    quantity, COUNT(order_details_id)
FROM
    order_details
GROUP BY quantity;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	
	quantity	COUNT(order_details_id)		
▶	1	47693		
	2	903		
	3	21		
	4	3		



MOST COMMOMN SIZE PIZZA ORDERED

```
SELECT
  pizzas.size,
  COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM
  pizzas
  JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```

Result Grid			Filter	
	size	order_count		
▶	L	18526		
	M	15385		
	S	14137		
	XL	544		
	XXL	28		



LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITIES.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

Result Grid					Filter Rows:	
	name	quantity				
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453				
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432				
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422				
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418				
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371				

JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY ORDERED.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```

Result Grid |   Filter F

	category	quantity
▶	Classic	14888
	Supreme	11987
	Veggie	11649
	Chicken	11050

DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY.



```
SELECT
    HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count
FROM
    orders
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

Result Grid				Filter F
	hour	order_count		
	11	1231		
	12	2520		
	13	2455		
	14	1472		
	15	1468		
	16	1920		
	17	2336		
	18	2399		
	19	2009		
	20	1642		
	21	1198		
	22	663		



JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE – CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS.

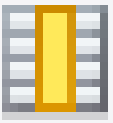

```
SELECT
    category, COUNT(name)
FROM
    pizza_types
GROUP BY category;
```

Result Grid |   Filter Rows:

	category	COUNT(name)
▶	Chicken	6
	Classic	8
	Supreme	9
	Veggie	9

GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE
-- NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY.



```
SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) as avg_pizza_ordered_per_day
FROM
    (SELECT
        orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
    FROM
        orders
    JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
    GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

Result Grid |   Filter Rows:

	avg_pizza_ordered_per_day
▶	138

DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

Result Grid   Filter Rows: <input data-bbox="1310 1623 1570 1706" type="text"/>		
	name	revenue
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5

CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPE TO TOTAL REVENUE.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) /
    (SELECT SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price)
    FROM order_details
    JOIN pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id) * 100,
    2) AS revenue_percentage
FROM
    pizza_types
JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY revenue_percentage DESC;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	category	revenue_percentage	
▶	Classic	26.91	
	Supreme	25.46	
	Chicken	23.96	
	Veggie	23.68	

ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME.

```
select order_date,  
sum(revenue) over(order by order_date) as cum_revenue  
from  
(select orders.order_date,  
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue  
from order_details join pizzas  
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
join orders  
on orders.order_id = order_details.order_id  
group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	order_date	cum_revenue	
▶	2015-01-01	2713.85000000000004	
	2015-01-02	5445.75	
	2015-01-03	8108.15	
	2015-01-04	9863.6	
	2015-01-05	11929.55	
	2015-01-06	14358.5	
	2015-01-07	16560.7	
	2015-01-08	19399.05	
	2015-01-09	21526.4	
	2015-01-10	23990.3500000000002	
	2015-01-11	25862.65	
	2015-01-12	27781.7	



DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY.

```
select name, revenue from
(select category, name, revenue,
rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rn
from
(select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
sum(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue
from pizza_types join pizzas
on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
join order_details
on order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) as a) as b
where rn <=3;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	revenue	
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5	
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5	
	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25	
	The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75	
	The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25	
	The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75	
	The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5	
	The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.700000000065	
	The Mexicana Pizza	26780.75	
	The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5	

THANK YOU FOR YOUR TIME AND ATTENTION.

<https://www.linkedin.com/in/asifshigri/>

<https://medium.com/@asifshigri>

<https://linktr.ee/asifshigri>

<https://github.com/asifshigri12>

<https://www.kaggle.com/asifshigri12>

