

Serverless Image Processing Pipeline

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Architecture Overview

- 📁 **Raw Images S3 Bucket** – Stores original uploaded images
- ⚡ **AWS Lambda** – Resizes and watermarks images
- 📁 **Processed Images S3 Bucket** – Stores processed images
- 🗄️ **DynamoDB** – Stores metadata (filename, size, timestamp)
- 🌐 **CloudFront** – Distributes processed images globally
- ✋ **API Gateway** – Optional trigger for manual processing

Architecture Diagram

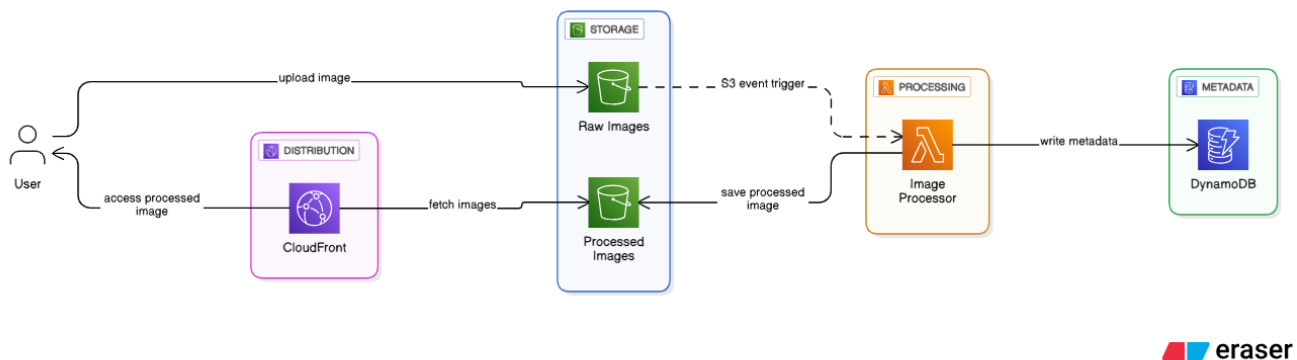


Figure 1: Serverless Image Processing Pipeline In AWS

Implementation Steps

1. Create S3 Buckets

- **raw-image-bucket** for source Bucket and **processed-image-bucket** for Destination Bucket
- **Enable** Block All Public Access
- Configure bucket policies in destination bucket for CloudFront(OAI) access

2. Create DynamoDB Table

- go to Aws console → Search DynamoDB → Create Table
- Table name: ImageMetadata
- Partition key: filename (String)
- Create Table

3. IAM Role Configuration

Component	Purpose
Go to AWS Console	Search IAM ROLE → Create Role
Attached Policies	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• AmazonS3FullAccess (read/write both buckets)• AmazonDynamoDBFullAccess (metadata storage)• CloudWatchLogsFullAccess (debugging)
Role Name	LambdaImageProcessingRole
Critical Need	Without this role, Lambda cannot access S3, DynamoDB, or logs

3. Lambda Function Setup

- Go to AWS Console → Search Lambda → Create Lambda
- Name: `ImageProcessingFunction`
- Select Runtime: Python 3.12
- Execution role: `LambdaImageProcessingRole`
- Scroll down in Lambda Function Attach Pillow Layer (ARN for us-east-1):

```
arn:aws:lambda:us-east-1:770693421928:layer:Klayers-p312-Pillow:6
```

- Attach a Python Code in Lambda Code Section
- Go to Test Section In Lambda Function And add a Json Policy and the click Test.

4. Configure Triggers & Distribution

- S3 Event Trigger: PUT on `raw-image-bucket`
- `raw-image-bucket` = your source bucket name
- `processed-image-bucket` = your destination bucket name

5. Configure CloudFront

- Go to Aws Console → Search CloudFront → Create distribution
- Attach a distributiton name
- Select Origin of Destination Bucket: `processed-image-bucket.s3.amazonaws.com`
- Set Redirect HTTP to HTTPS
- Create Distribution Go to S3 destination Bucket and Upload an `index.html` file in the destination bucket for testing

Testing Pipeline

1. Upload `photo.jpg` to raw bucket
2. Lambda processes → creates `processed-photo.jpg`
3. Metadata stored in DynamoDB
4. Access via CloudFront URL

✅ **Result:** Fully functional serverless pipeline with automatic resizing, watermarking, metadata storage and global distribution.