### B. Sc (HON'S) IN CSE, THIRD YEAR, FIFTH SEMESTER **EXAMINATION, 2020**

#### PERIPHERAL AND INTERFACING

[According to the New Syllabus]

# Subject Code: CSE-530201 Time—3 hours Full marks—80

[]	V.B. Th	e figures in the right margin indicate full marks. Answer any <b>four</b> ques	tions.] Marks
.//	Carol	Describe the basic peripheral and interfacing technique with necessary diagram.	5
	JB)	Write down the differences between synchronous and asynchronous transmission.	5
	(c)	Explain RS-232C serial interfacing technique with proper diagram.	5
	(d)	Describe the data transmission modes based on direction.	5
Z.	(A)	What is DMA? Why does the DMA generally have priority over the CPU in the case of accessing memory?	4
	(J)	Draw the block diagram showing how a DMA controller operates in a microcomputer system.	6
	50	Differentiate between LCD and LED.	4
/	/ (d)	Explain the full step operation of a stepper motor. How it is interfaced to a microprocessor?	6
3.	(d)	What is a scanner? Explain various types of scanners.	6
	(6)	Write down the difference between OMR and OCR.	4
	(f)	What is interrupt? Explain different types of interrupt.	5
	(S)	Define digitizer. Describe the operation of digitizer.	5
4.	/(a)	Describe the basic components of CRT.	6
e	(b)	List out the benefits of LCD over CRT display.	4
	(c)	With a neat diagram explain the working of magnetic hard disk controller.	6
	(d)	What are the differences between active and passive matrix?	4
5.	(a)	Describe the operation principle of Laser Printer.	6
	(b)	Explain the major components of 8251 USART.	4
	(c)	What are the advantages of impact printer over non-impact printers?	. 6
	(d)	What is the concept of NULL modem?	4
6.	Write	e short notes on any four of the following:	5×4=20
	(a)	GPIB bus system	
	<i>(b)</i>	DTE and DCE	
	(c)	PCI bus	
	(d)	Raster scan	
	(e)	HPIB	
	<i>(f)</i>	Plotter.	

## B.Sc (HON'S) IN CSE, THIRD YEAR, FIFTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2020

## DATA AND TELECOMMUNICATION

[According to the New Syllabus]

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Suhi	ant	Code		CCE	520	202
Bub	ect	Code	:	Cor-	.53I	1203

Time—3 hours

Full marks—80

[N.	B. The	e figures in the right margin indicate full marks. Answer any <b>four</b> ques	tions.]
X.	(d)		Marks
/	(b)	What is meant by data communication? Explain its characteristics. State the difference between TCP/IP with OSI reference model.	5
	(0)	Describe the transmission modes in computer networks with diagram.	5 5
	(d)	Describe the layer of OSI reference model.	5
7.	(g).	Write down the physical description, application and	6
//	E	transmission characteristics of optical fiber.	O
	(b)	What is noise? Describe different types of noise.	1+3=4
'/	(d)	What is data transmission? Explain different types of data transmission.	1+5=6
	(9)	Define unguided media. Write down the differences between Radio Waves and Microwaves.	1+3=4
3.	(a)	Briefly explain ASK, FSK and PSK techniques with principal advantages and disadvantages.	6
	<i>(b)</i>	What is bit rate and baud rate? A signal is carrying four bits in	2+2=4
		each signal element. If 1000 signal elements are sent per second.	2.2
	( )	find the bit rate and baud rate?	
	(c)	Describe data encoding and modulation techniques with figures.	5
	(d)	Explain Pulse Code Modulation (PCM) technique with diagram.	5
4.	(a)	What is CRC? Explain Module 2 Arithmetic and Polynomials with example.	1+5=6
	<i>(b)</i>	What is bit stuffing? Suppose the data is	1+4=5
		11111111111111111111111111111111111111	
	. \	after applying bit stuffing in HDLC?	
	(c)	Write down the differences between stop and wait protocol and	4
	(1)	sliding window protocol.	5
~	(d)	Describe null modem with figure.	5
/s	(a)	What is multiplexing? Describe how FDM combines multiple	1+5=6
	(IA)	signals into one. Compare between the features of FDM and TDM.	4
19	(c)	Explain Time Division Multiplexing (TDM) technique.	4
7.	(c),	A multiplexer combines four 100Kbps channel using a time slot	
N		at 2 bits. Show the output with four arbitrary inputs:	
1		What is frame rate?	
		(ii) What is frame duration?	
	1	(iii) What is bit rate?	
		(iv) What is bit duration?	
8.	Wri	tte snort notes (any lour).	$5 \times 4 = 20$
	(6)	VSAT (6) SONET (6) ATM Network	
	1(d)	X·25 Protocol (e) ARQ (f) RS232.	
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### B.Sc (HON'S) IN CSE, THIRD YEAR, FIFTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2020 OPERATING SYSTEM

[According to the New Syllabus]

Subject Code: CSE-530205

Time—3 hours

Full marks—80

## [N.B. The figures in the right margin indicate full marks. Answer any four questions.]

(a) Describe operating system. Write down the main components of 1+4=5 an operating system. Briefly describe about the symmetric and asymmetric multi-5 processing. (c) Define system call. Mention major categories of system calls 5 with examples. What are the operations of different process states? Explain with 5 diagram. Define logical address, physical address and virtual address. 4 Why are segmentation and paging sometimes combined into one 6 scheme? Discuss about client server communication via Remote 5 Procedure Calls (RPC). (d) Mention important features of command line interface (CLI) and 5 graphical user interface (GUI). Describe CPU scheduling criteria. (b) Distinguish between preemptive and non-preemptive CPU scheduling. Consider the set of 5 processes whose arrival times and burst 12

Process ID Arrival Time Burst Time								
Process ID	Arrival Time	Burst Time						
P <sub>1</sub>	3	1						
P <sub>2</sub>	. 1	4						
P <sub>3</sub>	4	2						
P <sub>4</sub>	0	6						
P <sub>5</sub>	2	3						

Calculate the average waiting time and turn around times for these processes with SJF, preemptive SJF and RR scheduling. (Quantum time = 1 ms)

[Please turn over



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times are given below:

					· Jan							
												Marks
4.		example	s of c	deadlo	ock.						t two real	3
	(b)	Briefly e	xpla	in fou	r neces	sary	cond	itions for	dead	lock.		5
	(c)	What is situation	infin	ite bl	ocking' †	? Но	w ca	n overco	me fr	om th	is type of	4
	(d)	Consider	the	follov	ving sn	apsh	ot of	a system	:			8
			ocatio			Max			vailab	le		
		A	В	C	Α	В	C	Α	В	C		
		$P_o: 0$	1	0	7	5	3	3	3	2		en e
		$P_1: 2$	0	0	3	2	2					
•		$P_2: 3$	0	2	9	0	2					
		$P_3: 2$	1	1	2	2	2 .					
		$P_4: 0$	0	2	4	3	3			** **		
		(i) Dete	rmin	a the	need m	natri	<b>Y</b>					
		(ii) Is th										
		(iii) If a	reat	iest f	rom pr	oces	$SS P_A$	arrives f	for (0	, 1,	l) can be	
					nted im							
5.	(a)								Expla	in the	e demand	6
٥.		paging s	yster	n.								
	(b)	Conside	r the	follov	wing pa	ige r	eferer	ice string	:		2 (	9
		1, 2, 3	, 4,	2, 1,	5, 6,	2,	1, 2,	3, 7, 6,	3, 2,	1, 2	, 3, 6.	
		How ma	ny p	age fa	aults w	ould	occui	for the f	follow	ing re	eplacement	
		algorithm	ns, a	ssumi	ing fou	r fra	mes a	re availat	ole?			4
				lacen								
		(ii) Opti										
		(iii) LRU	rep	lacem	ent.	?	Decci	ihe the	action	s tak	en by the	5
	(c)	operating	g sys	tem.					18			
16	(4)	What are	the	differ	ent file	allo	ocatio	n method	s? Br	efly e	explain.	6
	7(3)	Define fi	ile. V	Vhat a	re the	attril	outes	of a file?				5
٠,	16							s method				5
	(d)	Describe	the	basic	directo	ry o	perati	ons.				4
Dec.	1			Marie .								

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## B.Sc. (HON'S.) IN CSE, THIRD YEAR, FIFTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION, 2020

**ECONOMICS** 

[According to the New Syllabus]

Subject Code: CSE-530207

Time—3 hours

Full marks-80

[N.B. The figures in the right margin indicate full marks. Answer any four questions.]

		Joseph Communicate full marks. Answer any lour ques	-
_	1		Marks
1.		Define Economics. Discuss the scope of economics.	6
/		Differentiate between microeconomics and macroeconomics.	5
		what are the factors of production?	5
		What is meant by budget constraint?	4
<b>Z</b> .	(0)	Explain the law of diminishing marginal utility with exceptions.	6
/	(D)	No cost is fixed in the long run"—Explain it.	4
		Define isoquants and state its properties.	5
Δ	(9)	Define total product, average product and marginal product.	5
/3.	-(gl)	The following are the demand and supply functions:	15
	/.	$Q_d = 60 - 3P, Q_s = 20 + P$	
		Determine equilibrium price and quantity in a perfectly	
	/	competitive market mathematically and graphically	
		(1) Determine $E_d$ and $E_s$ from the above equation.	
		(iti) What will be the effect on the market equilibrium if the	
		government imposes a tax of Tk. 4 on each unit of the output?	
		(W) what will be the effect on the market equilibrium if the	
	ak	government gives a subsidy of 1k, 2 on each unit of the output?	
	(b)	what is short run average cost? Why is average cost curve	5
~	(	generally 0 snaped?	
/A.,	(a)	Define the market. Explain the different forms of market.	6
	(0)	What is market equilibrium? Explain the market equilibrium with	7
	(cx	the help of demand and supply curve.	
	9	What do you mean by returns to scale? Explain and graphically show the points of optimum production of applicable	7
		show the points of optimum production of constant, increasing and decreasing return to scale.	
5.	(a)	Explain why the marginal cost curve cuts average cost curve and	
٠.	(4)	variable cost curve at their minimum values.	6
	(b)	What is production function?	•
	(c)	How price and output are determined in monopolistic competition?	3
	(d)	What are the determinants of price elasticity of demand?	6
6.	(a)	What do you mean by marginal rate of substitution?	3
,	(b)	Explain the teams $E_d = 1$ , $E_d > 1$ and $E_d < 1$ .	4
		What is hudget line? Draw a hudget line continued	4
	(c)	What is budget line? Draw a budget line from an imaginary budget equation.	5
	(d)	Define demand. Draw an individual demand curve from the law of	
	(4)	demand.	7

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